

**BANGLADESH-INDIA FRIENDSHIP
POWER COMPANY (PVT.) LIMITED,
BANGLADESH**

**2x660MW MAITREE SUPER THERMAL POWER
PROJECT, RAMPAL, BANGLADESH**

**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
HYDRAULIC MOBILE CRANE**

SPECIFICATION NO.: PE-TS-421-563-A501 Rev 0



**BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS LIMITED
POWER SECTOR
PROJECT ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT
NOIDA, INDIA**

	PROJECT TITLE	SPECIFICATION No: PE-TS-421-563-A501	
	<u>2x660MW MAITREE SUPER THERMAL POWER PROJECT, RAMPAL, BANGLADESH</u>	PACKAGE: HYDRAULIC MOBILE CRANE	
		REV. 00	DATE: APR 2020

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SECTION-I**SPECIFIC TECHNICAL REQUIREMENT****SUB-SECTION IA****SPECIFIC TECHNICAL REQUIREMENT
(MECHANICAL)**

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1.0 INTENT OF SPECIFICATION

- 1.1. The specification includes, but not limited to SUPPLY PART & SERVICES PART comprising of design (i.e. preparation and submission of drawing /documents including "As Built" drawings and O&M manuals), engineering, manufacture, fabrication, assembly, inspection / testing at vendor's & sub-vendor's works, painting, maintenance tools & tackles (as applicable), fill of lubricants & consumables till warranty period, along with spares for erection, start up and commissioning as required, operational (initial) spares, forwarding, sea-worthy packing, shipment and delivery as specified in BHEL NIT, supervision of crane assembly and training of customer O&M staff, load testing, travel charge etc. for project and package specified above complete with all accessories for the total scope defined as per BHEL NIT & tender technical specification, amendment & agreements till placement of order in line with drawings/ documents/ test procedures approved by BHEL/ Customer for HYDRAULIC MOBILE CRANE as per details in different sections / volumes of this specification.
- 1.2. The contractor shall be responsible for providing all material, equipment & services, which are required to fulfil the intent of ensuring operability, maintainability, reliability and complete safety of the complete work covered under this specification, irrespective of whether it has been specifically listed herein or not. Omission of specific reference to any component / accessory necessary for proper performance of the equipment shall not relieve the contractor of the responsibility of providing such facilities to complete the supply of HYDRAULIC MOBILE CRANE.
- 1.3. It is not the intent to specify herein all the details of design and manufacture. However, the equipment shall conform in all respects to high standards of design, engineering and workmanship and shall be capable of performing the required duties in a manner acceptable to purchaser who will interpret the meaning of drawings and specifications and shall be entitled to reject any work or material which in his judgement is not in full accordance herewith.
- 1.4. The extent of supply under the contract includes all items shown in the drawings, notwithstanding the fact that such items may have been omitted from the specification or schedules. Similarly, the extent of supply also includes all items mentioned in the specification and /or schedules, notwithstanding the fact that such items may have been omitted in the drawing.
- 1.5. The general term and conditions, instructions to tenderer and other attachment referred to elsewhere are made part of the tender specification. The equipment materials and works covered by this specification is subject to compliance to all attachments referred to in the specification. The bidder shall be responsible for and governed by all requirements stipulated herein.
- 1.6. While all efforts have been made to make the specification requirement complete & unambiguous, it shall be bidders' responsibility to ask for missing information, ensure completeness of specification, to bring out any contradictory

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/ conflicting requirement in different sections of the specification and within a section itself to the notice of BHEL and to seek any clarification on specification requirement in the format enclosed under Sec-III of the specification within 10 days of receipt of technical specification. In absence of any such clarifications, in case of any contradictory requirement, the more stringent requirement as per interpretation of Purchaser/Customer shall prevail and shall be complied by the bidder without any commercial implication on account of the same. Further in case of any missing information in the specification not brought out by the prospective bidders as part of pre-bid clarification, the same shall be furnished by Purchaser/ Customer as and when brought to their notice either by the bidder or by purchaser/ customer themselves. However, such requirements shall be binding on the successful bidder without any commercial & delivery implication.

- 1.7. The bidder's offer shall not carry any sections like clarification, interpretations and /or assumptions.
- 1.8. Deviations, if any, should be very clearly brought out clause by clause in the enclosed schedule; otherwise, it will be presumed that the vendor's offer is strictly in line with NIT specification. If there are no deviations from the tender document, bidder shall indicate 'NO DEVIATION' in the deviation schedule.
- 1.9. In the event of any conflict between the requirements of two clauses of this specification documents or requirements of different codes and standards specified, more stringent requirement as per the interpretation of the owner shall apply.
- 1.10. In case all above requirements are not complied with, the offer may be considered as incomplete and would become liable for rejection.
- 1.11. Unless specified otherwise, all through the specification, the word contractor shall have same meaning as successful bidder /vendor and Customer/ Purchaser/Employer will mean BHEL and /or Customer including their consultant as interpreted by BHEL in the relevant context.
- 1.12. Apart from specific design requirement, design of various systems/ Sub-systems and all equipment will also strictly meet the stipulations of part B0 of customer technical specification.

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A.0.0 SCOPE OF WORK

1.0.0 SUPPLIES

Equipment to be furnished by the bidder for HYDRAULIC MOBILE CRANE with accessories as per the details given in data sheet A. Any equipment / accessories not specified in the specification but required to make the crane unit complete and efficient shall also be under the bidder's scope of work.

1.1.1 Compliance with this specification shall not relieve the bidder of the responsibility of furnishing material and workmanship to meet the specified working/duty conditions and relevant Standards/Codes.

1.1.2 Maintenance Tools and Tackles

A complete unused new set of special purpose tools, tackles and accessories along with detailed instructions and maintenance manual shall be supplied. Each tool and wrench shall be stamped so as to be identified easy for its use. The tools shall be supplied in steel toolbox and with a copy of instruction manual. The items supplied shall be of the best quality and specially protected against rusting in tropical climate.

Note: - The crane shall be supplied with one set of tool and tackles with O&M manual in the toolbox separately. Supplier to furnish list of tools& tackles along with the offer in the attached format at Annexure V

1.1.3 Erection and commissioning spares

One set of erection and commissioning spares, as deemed necessary by the bidder for commissioning of the crane shall be supplied along with the crane. List of these commissioning spares shall be furnished by the bidder along with their offer in the attached format at Annexure VI

1.1.4 Mandatory Spares – Not Applicable

1.1.5 Operation & maintenance spares (Initial spares)-

Bidder shall supply operation and maintenance spares as per list attached hereunder. Spares and quantities mentioned in this list are minimum. Any additional spare and/or quantities of the spares mentioned here, as deemed necessary by the bidder for proper operation & maintenance (preventive as well as break-down) of the crane shall be supplied by the bidder. List of the same shall be furnished by the bidder along with their offer.

Sl.no	Description	Total quantity required	Unit
1	2	3	4
1	Hydraulic element	1	set
2	O ring	1	set
3	Strainer	1	set
4	Oil filter	2	nos.
5	Filter element	2	nos.

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6	Fuel element	1	no.
7	Switches	1	set
8	Toggle switch	1	set
9	Cartridge	1	set
10	Rubber cap	1	set
11	Grommet	1	set
12	Accelerator assembly	1	set
13	Thermo switch	1	no.
14	Gauge	1	no.
15	Pressure switch	1	no.
16	Oil alarm	1	no.
17	Indicator(s)	1	set
18	Horn	1	no.
19	Battery relay	1	set
20	safety relay	1	set
21	Light assembly	1	set
22	swing lamp assembly	1	set
23	Pressure sensor	1	no.
24	switch assembly	1	set
25	limit switch	1	no.
26	fuse	1	set
27	wiper blade	1	set
28	hose	1	no.
29	clamp	1	set
30	bearing	1	set
31	bushing	1	set
32	V belt	1	set
33	guide	1	set
34	inlet vallve	1	set
35	exhaust valve	1	set
36	Cylinder o ring	1	set
37	seal valve stem	1	no.
38	Nozzle tip	1	set
39	Thermo stat kit	1	set
40	Gasket kit	1	set
41	Any other item required for 2 years of operation		

1.1.6 Consumables

Bidder shall supply all the consumables including lubricating oil, engine oil, coolant etc. as required for standard lubrication/service schedule of the crane, till the warranty period. For this purpose, bidder is advised to calculate at their end, the total requirement of consumables till the warranty period of the crane and quote the prices accordingly. Further, considering the fact that these consumables have certain shelf life, these consumables shall be supplied to

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site as and when required at site, as per lubrication/ service schedule and not with the first consignment. Thus, the crane along with accessories as per requirements of this tender, shall be supplied with only first fill of lubricants in first consignment and consumables shall be supplied as per the lubrication/service schedule of the crane in multiple consignments, till the warranty of the crane.

1.2.0 Services to be provided by the bidder

- a. Design, engineering with associated documentation,
- b. Supervision of crane assembly at site
- c. Training of customer O&M staff,
- d. Load testing of crane at site
- e. Bidder's scope of work also includes arranging clearance from the concerned government body/authority as and when required
- f. Temporary registration (if applicable) and on road insurance & vehicle insurance for 01 year will be the responsibility of the bidder

Note: Dead load for load testing of the crane, mobile crane and labour required for shifting of loads & assembly of the crane shall be supplied by BHEL. However, bidder shall arrange operator of the crane during assembly and load testing of the crane.

Site Visits for SERVICES:

Bidder to consider cost of supervision of crane assembly at site and training of customer O&M staff for 5 days for each hydraulic mobile crane including accommodation, food, local conveyance, air ticket, etc. For details refer price schedule.

1.2.2 Document approval by customer under Approval category or information category shall not absolve the vendor of their contractual obligations of completing the work as per specification requirement. Any deviation from specified requirement shall be reported by the vendor in writing and require written approval. Unless any change in specified requirement has been brought out by the vendor during detail engineering in writing while submitting the document to customer for approval, approved document (with implicit deviation) will not be cited as a reason for not following the specification requirement. In case vendor submits revised drawing after approval of the corresponding drawing, any delay in approval of revised drawing shall be to vendor's account and shall not be used as a reason for extension in contract completion.

1.2.3 Packing, forwarding and transportation as per NIT conditions

1.3.0. Inspection and Testing

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Refer “QUALITY ASSURANCE AND INSPECTION REQUIREMENT” section in section I, sub-section IA of technical specification

- 1.4.0. Drawing / design document for submission: Drawing/ design documents to be submitted as per list & submission schedule attached as Annexure-III, Section IA.

Any other design document/ drawing as required by customer/ BHEL shall be submitted by bidder during detail engineering without any implication.

- 1.5.0 Number of drawing and documents for submission

The number of prints / copies required for various drawing and documents are listed in Annexure-III, Section IA of this specification.

- 2.0.0. Deviations

If the bid submitted has got any deviation from the technical stipulations in the tender document, bidder shall tabulate the same appropriately in the “Schedule of Deviations- Cost of withdrawal” as attached along with General Condition of contracts (GCC) furnishing full particular of such deviations along with cost of withdrawal of deviation. Unpriced schedule of this schedule shall be submitted along with technical offer. Unpriced format should contain “QUOTED” / “NIL” / “NA” against each deviation. Deviations are to be furnished with mention to specific clause number. Reasons / explanations for such deviations shall be furnished. If there are no deviations from the tender document, bidder shall furnish NO DEVIATION CERTIFICATE regarding the same. Priced copy of same shall be submitted along with price schedule.

- 3.0.0. Makes of Sub - Vendor items

List of makes of bought out items for hydraulic mobile crane shall be furnished by bidder to BHEL with complete vendor's details, in such manner that the proposals may be approved by customer (BIFPCL) prior to award of contract by BHEL. Bidder may suggest sub vendors to meet the International Standards as applicable for the manufacturing and supply of the respective component during detail engineering which shall be subject to customer approval. Non-approval of any make proposed by bidder shall not have any impact on manufacturing, delivery schedule and cost of the hydraulic mobile crane.

- 6.0.0 INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED BY BIDDER ALONG WITH OFFER

- 6.1.0 Bidder shall submit only the documents indicated at Section III, Sub Section IIIA of this specification along with the bid.

- 7.0.0 Packing -Refer Annexure-IV, Section IA

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QUALITY ASSURANCE AND INSPECTION REQUIREMENT

MANUFACTURER'S LOGO	MANUFACTURER'S NAME AND ADDRESS	MANUFACTURING QUALITY PLAN										PROJECT :					
		ITEM : HYDRAULIC MOBILE CRANE SUB - SYSTEM :		Q.P.NO : PE-QP-XXX-563-A501 REV. : 0 DATE : PAGE : 1 OF 3		ACCEPTANCE NORMS		REFERENCE DOCUMENT		FORMAT OF RECORD		AGENCY		REMARKS			
SL.NO.	COMPONENTS/ OPERATIONS	CHARACTERISTICS	CLASS	TYPE OF CHECK	QUANTUM OF CHECK	REFERENCE DOCUMENT	ACCEPTANCE NORMS	FORMAT OF RECORD	AGENCY	REMARKS							
1	RAW MATERIAL																
1.1	HOIST GEAR BOX WITH ROPE DRUM	PHYSICAL APPEARANCE	MA	VISUAL	SAMPLE	SAMPLE	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET	TC	P	V							
1.2	WIRE ROPE	MECHANICAL PROPERTIES	MA	ULTIMATE TENSILE STRENGTH	SAMPLE	SAMPLE	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET	TC	P	V							
1.3	BEARINGS	PHYSICAL APPEARANCE	MA	VISUAL	SAMPLE	SAMPLE	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET	TC	P	V							
2	IN PROCESS INSPECTION																
2.1	BOOM, CHESSES, MAIN FRAME	DPT OF WELD JOINT	MA	DPT	100%	100%	ASTM E 165	IR	P	V							
2.2	STRUCTURE	DIMENSION	MA	MEASUREMENT	100%	100%	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET		P	V							
2.3	HOOK	PROOF LOAD TEST	MA	MECHANICAL TEST	100%	100%	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET	TC	P	V							
		INTERNAL DEFECTS	MA	UT	100%	100%	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET	UT REPORT	P	V							
		SURFACE DEFECTS BEFORE AND AFTER PROOF LOAD TEST	CR	DPT ON MACHINED SURFACE	100%	100%	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET	IR	P	V							
MANUFACTURER/ SUB-SUPPLIER		LEGEND :										DOC NO :		RE		CAT	
SIGNATURE		* RECORDS, IDENTIFIED WITH "TICK(✓)" SHALL BE ESSENTIALLY INCLUDED BY SUPPLIER IN QA DOCUMENTATION. ** M: SUPPLIER/MANUFACTURER/SUB-SUPPLIER										APPROVED BY		APPROVAL SEAL			

MANUFACTURER'S NAME AND ADDRESS		MANUFACTURING QUALITY PLAN										PROJECT : PACKAGE : HYDRAULIC MOBILE CRANE CONTRACT NO. : MAIN SUPPLIER : BHEL			
ITEM : SUB - SYSTEM :		HYDRAULIC MOBILE CRANE HYDRAULIC MOBILE CRANE		Q.P.NO : REV. : 0 DATE : PAGE : 2 OF 3		REFERENCE DOCUMENT		ACCEPTANCE NORMS		FORMAT OF RECORD		AGENCY		REMARKS	
SL.NO.	COMPONENTS/ OPERATIONS	CHARACTERISTICS	CLASS	TYPE OF CHECK	QUANTUM OF CHECK	REFERENCE DOCUMENT	ACCEPTANCE NORMS	FORMAT OF RECORD	AGENCY	REMARKS	AGENCY	REMARKS	AGENCY	REMARKS	AGENCY
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10**	11	12	13	14	15	16
2.4	HYDRAULIC HOSES	PRESSURE TEST & PROOF PRESSURE TEST	MA	VISUAL AND PROOF TEST	ONE/LOT	OEM SPECIFICATION SHEET	OEM SPECIFICATION SHEET	MTC	P	V	V	V			
2.5	ENGINE	DYNO METER TESTING	MA	VISUAL ,BHP AT RATED RPM (WITH 5% TOLERANCE)	100%	MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA	MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA	IR	P	V	V	V			
2.6	HYDRAULIC CYLINDERS	PRESSURE TEST & PROOF PRESSURE TEST	MA	VISUAL AND STROKE	ONE/LOT	OEM SPECIFICATION SHEET	OEM SPECIFICATION SHEET	IR	P	V	V	V			
2.7	ASSEMBLY OF CRANE	ACTUAL FUNCTIONS	MA	ACTUAL /VISUAL	100%	MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA	MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA	IR	P	V	V	V			
				LEGEND :		FOR CUSTOMER USE		RE		CAT					
				* RECORDS, IDENTIFIED WITH "TICK"(✓) SHALL BE ESSENTIALLY INCLUDED BY SUPPLIER IN QA DOCUMENTATION.				DOC NO :							
				** M: SUPPLIER/MANUFACTURER/SUB-SUPPLIER				REVIEWED BY		APPROVED BY		APPROVAL SEAL			

MANUFACTURER'S NAME CTURER AND ADDRESS 'S LOGO		MANUFACTURING QUALITY PLAN										PROJECT	
ITEM : SUB - SYSTEM :		HYDRAULIC MOBILE CRANE HYDRAULIC MOBILE CRANE		QIP.NO : REV. : DATE : PAGE :		PE-QP-XXX-563-A501 0 3 OF 3		ACCEPTANCE NORMS		FORMAT OF RECORD		REMARKS	
SL.NO.	COMPONENTS/ OPERATIONS	CHARACTERISTICS	CLASS	TYPE OF CHECK	QUANTUM OF CHECK	C/N	REFERENCE DOCUMENT	9	10**	11	12	13	14
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10**	11	12	13	14
3.1	FINAL INSPECTION ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	ACTUAL FUNCTIONS	MA	VISUAL	100%	100%	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET	IR	✓	P	W	W	
3.2	HYDRAULIC SYSTEM	PHYSICAL WORKING	CR	VISUAL, PRESSURE, LEAKAGE	100%	100%	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET	IR	✓	P	W	W	
3.3	LOAD TESTING	AS PER LOAD CHART	CR	ACTUAL LOAD TESTING	100%	100%	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET	IR	✓	P	W	W	
3.4	OVER LOAD TESTING	SAFETY SYSTEM	CR	ACTUAL LOAD TESTING	100%	100%	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET	IR	✓	P	W	W	
3.5	CRANE PERFORMANCE TEST	PHYSICAL WORKING	CR	VISUAL	100%	100%	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET	IR	✓	P	W	W	
3.6	PAINTING	THICKNESS AND UNIFORMITY	CR	VISUAL	100%	100%	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET	IR	✓	P	W	V	
3.7	LUBRICATION	PHYSICAL	CR	GREASING OIL FILLING /LEAKAGE/FILLING	100%	100%	AS PER MANUFACTURER STANDARD /APPROVED DATA SHEET	IR	✓	P	W	V	
		LEGEND :											
				* RECORDS, IDENTIFIED WITH "TICK"(✓) SHALL BE ESSENTIALLY INCLUDED BY SUPPLIER IN QA DOCUMENTATION, ** M: SUPPLIER/MANUFACTURER/SUB-SUPPLIER									
MANUFACTURER/ SUB-SUPPLIER		MAIN - SUPPLIER		FOR CUSTOMER USE									
SIGNATURE				DOC NO :									
				RE : CAT									
				APPROVED BY									
				APPROVAL SEAL									

** Packing shall be witnessed by BHEL/ Third party inspection agency during inspection.

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CUSTOMER SPECIFICATION

B0

General Technical Specification



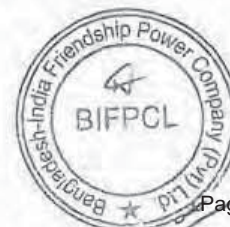
as *SB*



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B0.1 Subject of Specification

The Joint Venture of Bangladesh-India Friendship Power Corporation (pvt) Ltd (BIFPCL) intends to construct a 2x 660 MWe, gross coal fired power plant (the Plant, the Maitree-STPP Project or the Project) in the district of Khulna for which BIFPCL firms as Employer, utilizing high availability, high efficiency steam cycle technology.

Two power units with steam generator, steam turbine generator and ancillary systems shall be proposed in a technology that enables the Contractor to guarantee a high net efficiency while achieving a high reliability (certain restrictions regarding the technology and the design parameters apply, as detailed herein). A second phase of the same capacity is foreseen as a future possibility, however, this Specification deals only with 2 x 660 MW_{e, gross} unless otherwise and expressly stated.

The Plant shall be built on a "green field" basis. It shall be conceptualized in accordance with the above criteria, the thermodynamic cycle adopted must be capable of working successfully over prolonged periods and the system shall be able to withstand severe shocks when connected to the Grid as specified in this **Section B0**. The steam cycle shall operate with once-through technology at supercritical.

The Plant shall be based on supercritical technology. The main steam (MS) pressure at turbine inlet shall be in the range of 250 to 270 bar(g). The MS temperature at turbine inlet shall be in the range of 568 to 600 °C. The reheat steam (RH) temperature at turbine inlet shall be chosen by the Bidder/Contractor accordingly. That means, a proposed plant with a MS pressure at turbine inlet between 250 and 270 bar(g) and MS/RH temperature at turbine inlet upto 600°C/600° will be acceptable.

The Plant shall be suitable to be operated with the specified fuel. Only proven equipment and materials shall be used.

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B0.2.4 Site conditions

The following information on local conditions is investigated or compiled by the Employer. The Contractor is hereby in no way relieved from his duties of carrying out all investigations required for satisfactory performance of his works. The Contractor shall perform his own Site visits and investigations, prior to Contract award in order to familiarize him with the existing conditions of the Site and the surrounding area.

Location, accessibility and present condition of the Site

The site for the Maitree-STPP Project is geographically located between 22° 37'0'' N to 22°34'30''N and 89°32'0''E to 89°34'5''E, approximately 14 km northeast of the Mongla Port and 14 km northwest of the Sundarbans, is infringed by the Passur and Moidara Rivers to the west and south east respectively. The project requires an area of approximately 500 acres.

The topographical survey indicates a natural ground level of +1.15 to + 1.35 meters above sea level. A severe cyclone in 2009 raised the level to 4.47 meters and it was decided to raise the Plant level to +5.00 meters.

Politically, the site is located in Rampal Upazila of the Bagherat District in the Rajnagar Union

Currently, the Site is accessible by boat only.

The nearest inland port is Mongla port at around 14km direct distance.

The proposed Khan Jahan Ali Airport is located at a distance of approximately 12 km from the project site.



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Seismic zone

Attention shall be paid to seismic parameters. Related to soil type as identified to Soil Investigation Report, the effect of local soils on earthquake ground motion shall be determined.

For site class “S1” and “S”, as expected for the Project, site specific studies shall be carried out to determine the design acceleration response spectrum. During field study minimum the following tests shall be executed:

- Seismic cross hole test; and
- Seismic refraction test.

Based on these results a site specific Response Spectra shall be established. Peak spectral acceleration shall be determined, but shall be not less than 0.12g, as mentioned in BNBC 2012, Table 2.5.2.

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Design ambient conditions for Electrical Systems

- Maximum design temperature (outdoor) 45°C
- Maximum daily average ambient shade temperature 38°C
- Maximum monthly average temperature (in the shade) 34.6°C
- Maximum annual average temperature (in the shade) 27.3°C
- Maximum design temperature of the electrical equipment installed indoors in air conditioned rooms 40°C
- Maximum design temperature of the electrical equipment installed indoors non in air conditioned rooms 45°C
- Minimum design temperature 0°C

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Wind data

The project region is characterized by southerly winds from the Bay of Bengal during the Monsoon Season and north-westerly winds from the Himalayas during the Winter Season. During the Summer Season, the wind blows from south-southwest to north-northeast. The annual average wind speed amounts to 1.7 meter/second and the wind rose for the entire year is shown in Figure 5.5.

The wind load calculation for the buildings and structures shall be as per Bangladesh National Building Code -2012, Part 6, Chapter 2.4.

Basic wind Speed, V, shall be taken as 73 m/s, Three-second gust at 10 m above ground in exposure C, having a return period of 50 years.
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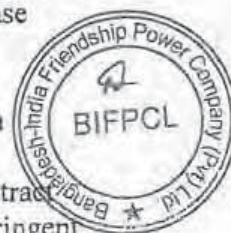
B0.2.7 Design requirements

This specification entails a functional technical specification (FTS). Hence, the Contractor is given as much freedom as possible in designing the main Plant components, characteristics and design data according to the Contractor's experiences and good engineering practice. One main acceptance requirement is that the Contractor's proposed design work shall be based on a very good reference basis. Prototype equipment and/or design features will not be accepted. All parts and equipment shall be arranged in such a manner as to facilitate surveillance by the operator and for ease maintenance, operation and control.

In the event of contradictions or discrepancies within B0 or between requirements in B0 and stipulations other parts of the Technical Specifications these shall be clarified by mutual consent before Contractor signature. In case contradictions have been not clarified the more stringent requirements shall apply.

The main design features (basic design reports, drawings, PFD, P&IDs, design data etc.) and the main vendors and subcontractors shall be subject to the approval by the Employer.

The main equipment/system subcontractors for: steam generator, steam turbine, main transformers, flue gas desulphurization plant shall be firm with the tender. Bidder's/Contractor's sub-suppliers and vendors shall



comply with Provennes Criteria as stipulated elsewhere in the bidding document.

The Employer has the right to refuse design features and vendors or subcontractors, if the Contractor cannot verify the reliability of the suggested design, vendor or subcontractor.

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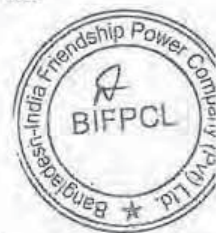
The Plant is expected to operate in base-load mode with high plant load factor. The design lifetime of the Plant shall be of not less than 30 years of operation or 200,000 full load operating hours, whichever is longer. The Plant and all its auxiliaries shall be designed to operate for the complete lifetime under the site conditions as described in **Section B0** and dedicated other part of this FTS.

All Plant equipment and material must be suitable for the range of ambient site conditions. In particular the saline atmosphere has to be considered.

The thermodynamic process of the Plant is to be optimized by the Contractor according to the proposed equipment. An economic optimal balance between investment, maintenance and operation expenses and Plant availability (planned and unplanned outages) shall be proposed.

The Contractor shall ensure a design of the Plant to achieve an average target availability of 90 % (regarding the definition and calculation of the availability please refer to Chapter B0.2.9.5). The Contractor shall accordingly provide for all systems:

- sufficient redundancies
- sufficient storage capacity
- appropriate adjustment of control parameters, and
- shall provide an appropriate spare part concept/proposal as further described under Chapter B0.3.7.



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- d) distribution utilities, and
- e) any other entity (e.g. owners of HVDC converter, large furnaces, etc.) with a User System connected to the Grid.

Power Quality Standards (Section 17.2)

Power Quality Problems (Section 17.2.1)

For the purpose of this Article, Power Quality shall be defined as the quality of the voltage, including its frequency and the resulting current that are measured in the Grid during normal conditions.

A Power Quality problem exists when at least one of the following conditions is present and significantly affects the normal operation of the System:

- a) The System Frequency has deviated from the nominal value of 50 Hz.
- b) Voltage magnitudes are outside their allowable range of variation.
- c) Harmonic Frequencies are present in the System
- d) There is imbalance in the magnitude of the phase voltages.
- e) The phase displacement between the voltages is not equal to 120 degrees.
- f) Voltage Fluctuations cause Flicker that is outside the allowable Flicker Severity limits, or
- g) High-frequency Over-voltages are present in the Grid.

Frequency Variations (Section 17.2.2)

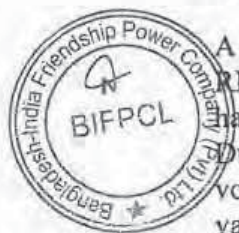
The nominal fundamental frequency shall be 50 Hz. The control of System frequency shall be the responsibility of the System Operator. The System Operator shall maintain the fundamental frequency within the limits of 49.0 Hz and 51.0 Hz during normal conditions.

Voltage Variations Section 17.2.3)

For the purpose of this Section, Voltage Variation shall be defined as the deviation of the root-mean-square (RMS) value of the voltage from its nominal value, expressed in percent. Voltage Variation will either be of short duration or long duration.

A Short Duration Voltage Variation shall be defined as a variation of the RMS value of the voltage from nominal voltage for a time greater than one-half cycle of the power frequency but not exceeding one minute. A Short Duration Voltage Variation is a Voltage Swell if the RMS value of the voltage increases to between 110 percent and 180 percent of the nominal value. A Short Duration Voltage Variation is a Voltage Sag (or Voltage Dip) if the RMS value of the voltage decreases to between 10 percent and 90 percent of the nominal value.

A Long Duration Voltage Variation shall be defined as a variation of the RMS value of the voltage from nominal voltage for a time greater than one minute. A Long Duration Voltage Variation is an Under-voltage if the RMS value of the voltage is less than or equal to 90 percent of the nominal voltage. A Long Duration Voltage Variation is an Overvoltage if the RMS



The stack height shall follow the requirements of the Environment Conservation Rules, 1997 of Bangladesh.

Water pollution

Permissible emission limits for aqueous discharges into the river via the Plant Water Discharge System shall comply with the Waste Water Effluent Standards, see Technical Schedule of **Section B0** and IFC EHSG - TPP - Table 5 - Effluent Guidelines. If there are differences in effluent limits in the two guidelines the more stringent limit should be applied. But limit of TDS with 2100 ppm shall not be followed.

The findings of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) shall be used for Plant design.

Other waste water which is not allowed to be discharged to the requirements waste water treatment plant will have to be disposed externally.

Soil contamination

The Plant should be designed, operated and maintained in such a way to prevent any soil contamination by oil and chemical spillage during subsequent operation and maintenance of the Plant.

Permissible noise levels

The Plant shall be designed and constructed inter alia in accordance with IFC Environmental, Health and Safety Guideline Thermal Power Plants (EHSG-TPP) to reduce the operating noise level as much as possible. No individual within the boundary of the Site shall be exposed to a noise level exceeding the limits stated in the EHSG-TPP and "The Sound Pollution (Control) Rules, 2006".

Far field noise under normal operation of the Plant measured along the Site boundary of the Plant towards the Township shall not exceed 50 dB(A) during daytime and 40 dB(A) during night-time.

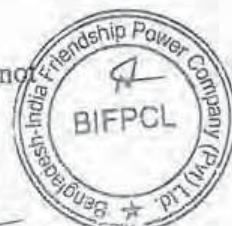
For any other point of the Site boundary of the Plant the noise pressure level shall not exceed 60 dB(A) during daytime and 50 dB(A) during night-time. Day time is defined from 6:00 am to 9:00 pm. Night time is defined from 9:00 pm to 6:00 am.

During the engineering phase the Contractor shall award an independent Third Party to conduct noise propagation calculation to prove that the permissible noise levels at the Plant boundary are met.

In addition the statutory requirements of Bangladesh shall be followed as far as stricter as the other standards, such as EHSG-TPP.

Furthermore the following maximum noise pressure levels shall be not exceeded:

dB(A)



- At 1 m horizontal distance from equipment/enclosures and 1.5 m above operating floor 85
- Within turbine building 90 (Note 1 & 2)
- Steam generator 90 (Note 1)
- Within central control rooms in power plants 55.

Notes:

1. At normal operation
2. Generally at maximum 88 dB(A), exceptions are the turbine stop valve and control valves 95 dB(A) and turbine drive boiler feed pumps 97 dB(A).
3. Noise level from non continuous operating valves (like pressure control valve, water separator drain control valve, etc.) shall be limited to 90 dB(A).
4. The noise level for safety valves including ERV shall be limited to 115dBA for the safety valves provided with silencer as per OSHA standard. Noise level around Mill will be 90 dBA.
5. Noise level at the boundary fence as specified must be complied with.

High noise areas (areas with noise levels >85 dB(A)), which require that personal noise protecting gear shall be used when working in such high noise areas, shall be marked.

Electromagnetic Field (EMF)

In accordance with the EHSG-TPP the occupational EMF exposure shall be prevented or minimized.

All technical measures and the required equipment necessary to fulfil the EHSG-TPP shall be provided by the Contractor. Inter alia areas with expected elevated EMF levels shall be identified and marked.

Fire and explosion, electrical and chemical hazards

In accordance with the EHSG-TPP all technical measures to prevent, minimize and control physical, electrical and chemical hazards shall be include in the Contractor's scope of services and supplies.

- B0.2.14** Provenness Criteria for Critical Equipments and Sub-systems shall be as per Annexure-I of B0 (Refer Amendment no.05 to Bidding Documents).

B0.3 Supplies and Services**B0.3.1 General**

The scope of this specification covers all supplies and services required for meeting the purpose of the Plant, even if these are not expressly mentioned in the following.

Furthermore, all other required engineering and other services to meet the purpose of the Project and the agreed project time schedule shall be executed by the Contractor.

B0.3.3 Deputation of Engineers during the Warranty Period

At least seven (7) English speaking graduate engineers, (3 operation experts, 1 Turbine & auxiliary expert, 1 Boiler & auxiliary expert, 1 for I&C, 1 for Generator and Switchyard area expert), with adequate knowledge and at least fifteen years of relevant experience of pulverised coal fired power plant of 500 MW and above unit size including two years of relevant experience in power plant of same type and technology being offered here from the Contractor, shall be permanently at site during the Warranty Period that means two months prior to PAC of first unit of the Plant upto end of warranty period of second unit. They shall be competent to advise and lead the Employer's staff on all aspects of engineering, operation and maintenance.

B0.3.4 Common equipment and services

The following supplies and services are to be included in the corresponding Section prices:

B0.3.4.1 General

- Material and personnel costs for tests and inspections which are mandated in legislation

Employer/employer representative/TPA will be responsible for their respective expenses in connection with inspection, examination and testing.

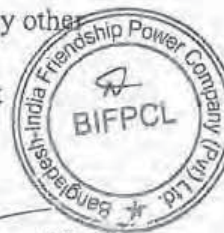
- Material and personnel costs for site inspections
- Declaration of conformity with requirements from Bangladesh and markings for all machines
- Engineering design of complete supplied equipment including interface coordination
- All as-built documents (on data carriers; data formats as requested by the Employer)
- Quality control plan and safety plan
- Complete documentation as set out in the tender specification
- Operating manual (5 hardcopies and 3 electronic copies)
- Detailed operating and maintenance instructions/manual (5 hardcopies and 3 electronic copies)
- A maintenance program for all equipment of the Plant instructions (5 hardcopies and 3 electronic copies)



- For all documents softcopy format shall be searchable pdf, however in addition all drawings, diagrams like P&IDs shall be supplied in ACAD or other editable format, and all lists in Excel format.
- All insurances, such as, but not limited to:
- transport insurance, incl. marine cargo insurance
- installation all risks,
- third party liability,
- automobile liability,
- M.V. Policy for: motor vehicles, private cars & commercial vehicles,
- CPM policy for heavy construction equipment,
- Workmen's Compensation,
- Employer's liability,
- Group personal insurance, for contractor's & subcontractor's employees.

B0.3.4.2 Mechanical

- All necessary pipelines, valves, actuators
- All required line warm-up systems
- All connection and adaptation works for tie-in into general supply systems
- All necessary vents, drains and rinsing connections as well as tundishes with covers, as far as possible aggregated to common groups of on operating level
- All connection elements, screws, bolts, nuts, including gaskets and seals as necessary
- All temporary installations required for tie-in measures including post-weld heat treatment complete etc.
- All temporary pipework as required during connection measures
- Check of required existing structures, plant components and systems and their rehabilitation where they lie within the scope of supply, or definition of required measures in good time if they lie outside of the scope of supply
- All necessary support structures, hangers etc.
- All necessary base frames, mounting plates, grouted in parts, rag bolts, covers etc.
- All required steel parts embedded in concrete
- All couplings and coupling guards for electric motors and other drives
- All necessary lifting equipment and hoists (hooks and provisions for chain blocks to be provided for repair work where loads exceed 50 kg, hoists to be provided for repair work where loads exceed 200 kg, and electrical operated hoist for loads exceeding 2,500 kg)
- Required safety equipment, pressure relief valves etc.
- All thermal and noise insulation including cladding as well as any other noise attenuation measures
- Stairways, ladders, platforms, galleries and walkways to all plant components, including escape routes as necessary



- All necessary steel structures, stairs, ladders on platforms weather protection
- All required ventilation or air conditioning equipment for safe operation of mechanical and electrical equipment, to be supplied
- All necessary corrosion protection measures for plant components and equipment stored or mounted on site up to the time of reliability test run
- Complete primer and top coatings conforming to colour code, clarified with the Employer
- Necessary noise abatements measures
- All required freeze protection and electric trace heating for outdoor installations
- Complete labelling of all plant components according to the Employers system and in plain language
- All fire protection measures
- All necessary lubrication systems
- Initial lubricant filling and sufficient lubricants for commissioning and reliability test run, minimization of lubricant types by screening and coordination with the Employer
- Water and demineralised water for pre-commissioning and commissioning activities,
- Provision of all connections and temporary pipework for acid cleaning, steam purging of the live steam line and flushing / cleaning of systems as necessary
- Flushing of all other lines including disposal of the effluents; protection with wood and/or plastic at all instrumentation and appendages to be installed during construction
- All standard accessories and auxiliary equipment which normally form part of the scope of supplies
- All necessary tests, inspections and works acceptances as well as all certificates and reports of these
- Exchange of filter elements following reliability test run
- Removal of temporary strainers
- Valve trims for purging and subsequent exchange
- Removal of any unused material
- Scaffolding for all work above ground level
- Necessary connection points for on line condition-based monitoring equipment.



B0.3.4.3 Substation control and monitoring system

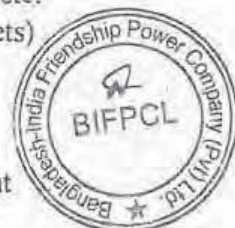
At least but not limited to:

- all field equipment such as bay control units, bay protection equipments (described under chapter "Substation Control and Monitoring System) to be installed at the substation. The field equipment for the substation shall be interconnected by separate IEC 61850 fiber optic station busses in ring configurations. (The use of an IEC 61850 optical fiber link is required for all connections of equipments which directly interact with the station bus (the switches). In the particular case where, for example, the IEDs are wired to the BCU and only the latter is connected to the station bus, electrical links (preferably IEC 61850) are allowed for wiring connection of the IEDs with the BCU but an IEC 61850 optical fiber link between BCU and switches is required.
- all equipment to control and monitor the auxiliary equipment of the substation connected to the SCMS by redundant fiber optic links
- common bay unit / station computers
- operator and engineering workstations with TFT monitors and printers to be installed at the substation control room
- all equipment necessary for the implementation of an OPC server/client architecture between the substation and the Power Plant control rooms in order to allow the supervision and monitoring of the substation from the Power Plant DCS facilities. The OPC-server configuration shall be redundant
- Maintenance / service laptop which shall also be used for protection and disturbance analysis by respective log-in.
- data communication gateway to the National Load Dispatch Center (NLDC),
- energy meters for active energy (kWh) with accuracy of 0.2 S and for reactive energy (kVarh) with an accuracy of 0.5 S for tariff metering shall be provided for each outgoing line.

B0.3.4.4 Electrical



- All necessary electrical drives
- Complete installation material, that is wiring, cabling and piping material, all needed fastenings, conduits, brackets and other supports
- All required junction boxes and cubicles
- All field control boxes
- All cubicles, junction boxes, marshalling racks, terminal boxes, etc.
- Complete labelling of electrical equipment (also inside of cabinets)
- Lightning protection
- Electrical earthing of the equipment
- Cable and cable trays
- All necessary cables and wires for power, AC and DC instrument transformers, control, measuring, signals, etc.



- All necessary number plates for identifying the cables (numbering code to be determined)
- All necessary fixing materials
- All necessary fire protection materials for making good the cable openings through walls and ceilings as well as between switchgear and control, measuring, recording and switchgear cubicles, operating panels and desks, etc.,
- All necessary plastic protecting tubes for the cable runs
- All necessary materials for laying the cables in the ground
- All necessary cable connections including compression cable lugs, fixing and clamping materials, etc.
- All necessary cable sealing ends and cable connecting sleeves including fixing materials
- All necessary compression connectors.

B0.3.4.5 Instrumentation and Control

- All necessary control systems and auxiliaries
- All measurements and field control loops (thermometers, pressure gauges, transmitters, sensors, analyzers, local regulating devices, etc.) as well as all instruments for reliability test and checks for the duration of the performance tests
- Other special instruments/ systems like acoustic steam leak detection system (ASLD), acoustic pyrometer, communication systems, ambient air quality monitoring system (AAQMS), effluent quality monitoring system (EQMS)
- Complete installation material, that is wiring, cabling and piping material, all needed fastenings, conduits, brackets and other supports
- All required junction boxes and cubicles
- All field control boxes
- All instruments mounted on instrumentation racks
- All cubicles, junction boxes, marshalling racks, terminal boxes, etc.
- Signal exchange between local control system and DCS as well with instruments/control systems of other lots
- Complete labelling of I&C-equipment (also inside of control cabinets)
- Lightning protection
- Electrical earthing of the equipment
- Clarification of all logic interconnections: sequence, interlocking, protection, safeguarding for coordinated operation/start-up/shut down of individual items of equipment
- Cable and cable trays
- All necessary cables and wires for power, AC and DC instrument transformers, control, measuring, signals, etc.
- All necessary number plates for identifying the cables (numbering code to be determined)
- All necessary fixing materials



- All necessary fire protection materials for making good the cable openings through walls and ceilings as well as between switchgear and control, measuring, recording and switchgear cubicles, operating panels and desks, etc.
- All necessary plastic protecting tubes for the cable runs
- All necessary materials for laying the cables in the ground
- All necessary cable connections including compression cable lugs, fixing and clamping materials, etc.
- All necessary cable sealing ends and cable connecting sleeves including fixing materials.

B0.3.4.6 Civil

- All necessary surveying works including all soil investigations required for safe and reliable design and construction
- Preparation of site, demolition works, removal of underground obstacles
- Earthworks, drainage, excavation and refilling works
- Piling of structures to prevent subsidence
- Concrete and reinforced concrete works, masonry and earthing
- Concreting of maintenance platforms and lay-down areas
- Water proofing works for pressing and non-pressing water
- Fire protection during construction
- Roofing; non asbestos
- Plumbing
- Facade works/glazing works; non asbestos
- Non-load bearing walls/installation partitions/dry construction works
- Metalwork and blacksmith work/raised flooring/doors and gates/sheet metal work
- Flooring work
- Fire protection with plumbing; fire protector
- Painting/varnishing
- Craneway works
- Room air conditioning systems, where required, e.g. control cubicle rooms, etc.
- Potable water, service water and waste water
- Housekeeping during construction
- Staff facilities during construction
- Transport of all dumping material to dump locations
- Performance and interpretation of soil bearing tests
- Temporary fencing of construction site
- Site offices for Employer and Employer's representatives
- The Contractor's site office
- Landscaping of areas required under this contract.



B0.3.5 Packaging and transportation

- Suitable packaging and transportation of the entire scope of supplies,
- free construction site, on-site transportation and temporary storage including inspections and, if necessary, ensuring the prerequisites for transportation
- Disposal of packing and transportation material
- Customs clearance
- Crane or hoisting facilities at seaport and site
- Transportation to site
- Unloading at site.

B0.3.6 Erection, commissioning and testing

- Complete erection of the scope of supply up to operational readiness: This includes mobilization and provision of the required supervisory staff, skilled and unskilled personnel, as well as of installation scaffolding, cranes, hoists, equipment and materials, personnel accommodation, prescribed tests and inspections.
- Commissioning and optimization of all plant components as well as conducting all necessary measurements.
- Supervision of erection, commissioning and Reliability Test Run of complete supplied equipment.
- All testing as specified.

B0.3.7 Training

The Contractor shall provide comprehensive training for Employer's engineering, operating and maintenance staff (Employer's staff) covering all aspects of the Power Plant equipment and systems and operation and maintenance.

The Contractor shall train, instruct and supervise the Employer's staff to an adequate standard of knowledge and capability for good trouble shooting, repair and of the plant equipment as well as to an adequate standard for safe and efficient commercial operation of the Plant.

The training shall at least include:

- ~~training at manufacturer's works during the assembly of the major plant items~~
- classroom and hands on training
- on the job training during erection, commissioning and reliability test run; and
- simulator training.

The Contractor shall submit the training plan for the classroom, on the job and simulator training including schedule, place, content of lectures etc. for



the Employer's approval no less than six (6) months in advance to the cold commissioning.

Post training assessment shall be carried out and documented. In case the results of the training are below the expectations, which have been agreed upon by both Contractor and Employer before training, the respective training modules shall be repeated in an improved way and the related cost for the repeated training shall be borne by the Contractor. In case the results are below expectations (to be agreed upon by both Contractor and Employer before training) the respective training modules shall be repeated in an improved way.

B0.3.8 Spare parts, tools, appliances, and consumables

B0.3.8.1 Spare parts

Reference is made to Amendment No 3 and Annexure I to Amendment No.3 (both already published on BIFPCL's Website).

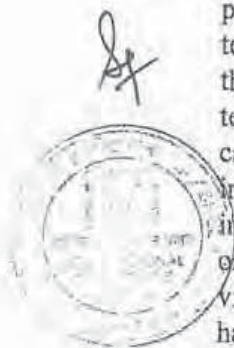
B0.3.8.2 Tools and appliances

The following tools and appliances shall be supplied under this Contract for use by the Employer:

- a. two (2) sets of all special tools and gauges required for the operation and maintenance of the Plant
- b. one (1) set of special lifting and handling appliances required for the operation and maintenance of the Plant
- c. suitable storage bins/racks/shelves for the above.
- d. Standard tools according to the relevant Technical Schedules.



For I&C e.g. following special tools and gauges shall be provided (including but not limited): pressure calibrator, portable pressure source, calibration pressure pump, deadweight testers, precision pressure gauges, manometers, temperature baths/calibrator, multimeters, RTD simulator/tester, thermocouple calibrator precision source and simulation equipment, direct temperature indicating meter, standard pH-tester, multi function process calibrator, loop calibrator, voltage/current/temperature reference generator, intrinsic safe multifunction calibrator, depth gauge, feeler gauge, dial indicators, portable handheld tachometers, double channel digital storage oscilloscope, conductivity meter, electronic stethoscope, general purpose vibration meters, hand-held IR thermometers, humidity & moisture meters, hazardous and toxic leak detectors, field meters (leak and emission detectors), laser distance meters, US distance estimators, US handheld flow meters, US handheld level meters, portable sound level meter, anemometer, barometer, stop watch, standard technician tools etc.



One set of tool shall be handed over in new condition and one set shall be used by the Contractor for erection/commissioning.

Each tool or appliance is to be clearly marked with its size and/or purpose.

The tools and appliances supplied may have been used for erection and commissioning purposes by the Contractor, but shall be handed over in good working order.

Each set of tools and appliances under category (a) and (d) shall be suitably arranged in fitted boxes of mild steel construction, the number of boxes being determined in relation to the layout of the Plant and equipment in question. If the weight of any box and its contents should be such that it cannot conveniently be carried, it shall be supported on steerable rubber-tired wheels.

Each cabinet and box shall be painted, fitted with a lock and clearly marked in white letters with the name of the item of equipment for which the tools and appliances contained are intended.

Suitable storage racks shall be provided for all portable lifting tackle in this contract.

Suitable lifting lugs, ears or ring bolts, or tapped holes for lifting rings shall be provided on all equipment items where the weight exceeds 15 kg.

All lifting tackle shall be stamped with a unique identification number and safe working load. A test certificate from an approved authority shall be supplied for each item of lifting tackle.

The Contractor shall provide a schedule of all lifting tackle and tools and appliances being supplied, for the approval of the Employer/Engineer.

The Contractor shall provide all runway beams, trolleys, lifting blocks, special slings etc. necessary for the safe and efficient handling and maintenance of the works. Particular attention shall be paid to high level equipment such as deaerators. Electrically operated hoists and runway trolleys shall be provided for all lifts in excess of 2.5 tons.

The tools and appliances with the appropriate storage racks, cabinets and boxes shall be handed over to the Employer at the time of taking over of the unit.

Where the Contract includes site erection, any special tools or appliances required solely for erection shall be provided by the Contractor for his own use and shall remain the property of the Contractor.

One set of tools shall be handed over in new condition and one set shall be used by the Bidder/Contractor for erection/commissioning.

For handling of the generator stator the following alternative is also acceptable: Tandem/combined operation of two turbine hall EOT cranes for which the necessary arrangements shall be provided. In such case the combined capacity of two EOT cranes shall not be less than the 105% of weight of generator stator, including the weight of lifting beam with swiveling equipment and slings. Main Turbine hall building civil and structural design shall be done accordingly.

Special lifting and handling appliances may be used by the Contractor for erection and commissioning, but shall be refurbished by the Contractor and shall be handed over to the Employer as per in new condition.

B0.3.8.3 Consumables

The Contractor shall supply all chemicals, reagents, resins, lubricants, grease, filters and consumable items for operation up to COD including top up requirement at the time of issuance of PAC/ declaration of COD. All lubricants proposed for the Plant operation shall be suitable for all operating and environmental conditions that will be met on site consistent with good maintenance procedures as instructed in the maintenance manuals.

All types of chemicals, consumables, lubricants and grease shall be readily obtainable locally and a number of different types shall be kept to a minimum. For each type and grade of lubricant recommended, the Contractor shall list at least three equivalent lubricants manufactured by alternative companies.

The Contractor shall submit to the Employer the list and schedule of lubricants, greases, chemicals and consumables items including items qualities and quantities required per month of the Plant operation for the Employer's approval eighteen (18) months prior scheduled COD of the 1st Unit.

B0.3.9 Documentation

B0.3.9.1 Documentation with tender

General

- If a consortial bid is submitted, documents on the consortial agreement
- Description of options and alternatives offered
- Completely filled in price-, guarantee-, time-, and data schedules of the specification
- List of proposed makes and vendors
- Reference lists for delivery and installation of plants of similar type and size with separate references for the steam generator and steam turbine operating at same or similar parameters
- Requirements of grid code which cannot be met (if any)

- Description of means to accomplish primary frequency control according to grid code
- Description of means to accomplish secondary frequency control according to grid code
- Time schedule engineering for deliveries, erection/installation, commissioning and reliability test run
- Complete description of the Plant offered including description of the process and the equipment
- Layout drawings of the Plant
- Dimensioned drawings and sectional views of the principal plant components including materials
- Schematics of the principal plant systems
- General descriptions of individual systems and descriptions of operation including description of start-up, shutdown and emergency shutdown procedures
- All other documents necessary for comprehension of the offered plants and equipment
- Documents on the quality assurance system, including Quality Assurance Plan (The Quality Assurance Plan shall meet the requirements of ISO 9001:2000 and cover all activities under this FTS.)
- Training program and schedule for Employer's personnel
- Space requirement for lay down area, construction site and equipment
- List of personnel including qualification to operate the Plant and to perform day-to-day maintenance
- Initial Spare Part List as described under B03.7
- Equipment maintenance schedules for reliable centered maintenance.

Mechanical

- Process flow diagram of all systems
- Performance diagrams of main pumps and fans
- Plant and major equipment start-up curves for cold (all material on ambient temperature), warm and hot start up to MCR
- Water and waste water mass balances.

Steam Generator

Description for the equipment offered, giving information about:

- general outline of installation
- main control loops
- description of boiler protection system
- graphs showing the performance characteristic versus the load (flue gas temperatures, steam temperatures etc., including h-p-diagram)
- correction curves for ambient conditions and fuel variations
- material diagram showing material, dimensions, highest flue gas temperature and highest steam temperature, design material temperature and maximum admissible material temperature and design pressure for components of the steam/water system



B0.3.9.2 Documentation after Award of Contract

The documents required for design, construction, installation, operation and maintenance of the entire Plant shall be submitted by the Contractor in good time so as to permit the Plant as a whole to be erected in compliance with the specified time table.

All documents, including the installation and operation and maintenance manuals as well as the related software shall be in fluent, legible English. In addition, operation and maintenance manuals shall be translated into Bangla and provided as paper copies and in electronic format.

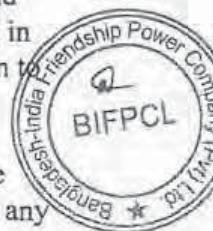
The Contractor shall list all the drawings and submission schedule for the Employer's approval. Only the most important documents are listed below. These documents shall be submitted sufficiently in advance, so that corrections and amendments desired by the Employer as well as resubmission of the documents will not result in any delays with respect to the guaranteed time schedule. The Employer reserves the right to request from the Contractor additional drawings, documents, etc. as may be required for proper understanding and definition of the design and engineering of the Plant.

The overall responsibility with regard to completeness, correctness and suitability for the permit application process remains with the Contractor. In no case any comment, correction, amendment and approval (if any) by the Employer shall relieve the Contractor from this responsibility.

The drawings and documents to be submitted during this stage are listed in the various Sections and comprise the following. They shall be submitted within the specified time scale calculated in weeks after Award of Contract. Details shall be agreed according to the approval procedure for drawings and documents above.

The Contractor may propose modifications to the list as given below, in order to ensure timely completion of permit application documents and performance of the works according to the project's requirements and in accordance with the specified project time schedule. Any modification to this list shall be submitted for Employer's review and approval.

The Employer reserves the right to require detailed information on the progress of drawing and document preparation from the Contractor at any time during this stage.



		Weeks after Contract Award	
Document	Purpose	Preliminary	Final
• General			
• Current list of drawings		4	every 1 month
• Complete list of documents		4	every 1 month

		Weeks after Contract Award	
Document	Purpose	Preliminary	Final
with proposed submission deadlines			
• Progress reports	I		every 1 month
• Erection and installation progress reports	I	-	every 1 month after start of site activities
• Quality assurance procedure and program	A	with Bid	24
• structure of Contractors QA&QC manpower at site	A	with Bid	24
• Indicative field quality plan for civil works	A	with Bid	24
• Plant layout		with Bid	16
• List of subcontractors/manufacturers	A	with Bid	12
• Proposed inspection and testing programs	A	12	24
• Noise propagation calculations	A	-	24
• Detailed program for commissioning	A	24	6 months ahead start pre-commissioning
• Studies / surveys regarding water intake and water discharge	A	12	24
• Detailed program of Reliability Test Run	A	24	6 months ahead start Reliability Test Run
• Detailed program of Performance Tests	A	24	6 months ahead start Reliability Test Run
• Testing documents/Report of results of all tests	A	2 weeks after test	6 months ahead start Reliability Test Run
• Training program	A	-	6 months ahead of pre-commissioning
• As-built-documentation including drawings of all equipment	A	-	1 month after COD of the 1 st Unit
• Declaration of conformance with all local regulations	I	-	latest with start of pre-commissioning
• Spare part lists	A	with Bid	18 months ahead of COD of 1 st Unit
• Time scheduling	A	with Bid	every 1 month
• Overall time schedule for design, manufacture, supply, assembly, erection and commissioning broken down for the principal plant components and all	A	with Bid	every 1 month

Document	Purpose	Weeks after Contract Award	
		Preliminary	Final
construction works, stating dates for completion of any preparatory work from others which may be necessary			
• Detailed erection, installation and commissioning schedule	A	12	2 months ahead of erection / pre-commissioning
• Mechanical Engineering			
• Arrangement drawings of principal components with ducts and platform layout	A	with Bid	12
• Arrangement drawings of auxiliary equipment (cubicles, etc.)	A	12	24
• Process flow diagrams	A	with Bid	12
• Piping and Instrumentation schematics and isometric drawings, including list of pipelines and valves, stating materials, nominal diameters and pressure, dimensions, insulation thickness of all pipes	A	8	24
• Plans of main pipelines including location of cable routes	A	8	24
• Characteristics of pumps, fans etc.	I	16	24
• Details of required auxiliary energy sources and consumables (e.g. electricity, steam, chemicals, instrumentation, air, working air) with condition data, required quantities and consumption values	I	16	24
• Water and waste water balances	A	with Bid	36
• Thermodynamic diagrams / heat balance diagrams	I	with Bid	24
• Start-up and shutdown diagrams with descriptions (cold, warm, hot)	A	with Bid	2 months before pre-commissioning
• Sectional and detail drawings of all components including materials	I	16	36
• Lifting plan for all lifting operations (repair, maintenance, etc.)	I	24	36
• Limits of coal and high speed diesel properties	I	-	with Bid



Document	Purpose	Weeks after Contract Award	
		Preliminary	Final
• Design calculations of pumps, isolations, piping, etc.	I	12	36
• Water hammer calculation of plant water and cooling water system	I	8	12
• Hydraulic model test procedure of plant water and cooling water systems; institute to perform the tests	A	4	8
• Hydraulic model tests reports of plant water and cooling water systems	A	-	12
• Cooling Tower Recirculation Study	I	-	12
• Sedimentation Study	A	-	12
• Pulverizer performance diagram with pulverizer turn-down range	A	with Bid	12
• Material diagrams for pressure part	A	with Bid	24
• Reference lists with information on successful operating years for: - steam turbines - steam generators - pulverizers - firing systems / burners	A		with Bid
• System description of firing system	A	with Bid	24
• Final correction curves for Plant and equipment performance tests acc. to ASME PTC46 etc.	A	-	with Bid
Electrical Engineering			
• Electrical single line diagrams	A	with Bid	12
• List of motors and consumers	I	8	every 1 month, final after erection completion
• Electrical equipment sizing calculations (generator main connection, transformers, emergency diesel generators, safe AC and DC power supply, power cables, etc.)	A	12	24
• Cable list	I	16	every 1 month, final after erection completion
• Standard circuit diagrams for all different kinds of electrical	A	12	24



Document	Purpose	Weeks after Contract Award	
		Preliminary	Final
consumers			
• Performance diagram (circle diagrams) of generator	I	with Bid	12
• Circuit diagrams for all individual electrical equipment	I	12	24
• Lists of equipment and devices	I	12	24
• Earthing and lightning plans with calculations	A	12	24
• Lightning protection plans with details of measuring locations and reports of measurements taken following commissioning		12	24
• EMC concept with coordinated overvoltage protection	I	12	16
• Arrangement drawings for switchgear and battery rooms, station service transformers, cable floors, etc.	A	12	24
• Diagram showing power output of plant generator and related transformer vs. ambient temperature from +20 °C to +40 °C	A	with Bid	12
• Block diagram generator/unit protection	A	12	24
• Block diagram AVQC for the generator	A	12	24
• Line plans of fire alarm system if applicable	A	12	24
• Arrangement drawings showing exact location of fire alarm devices if applicable	I	12	24
• Power and lighting installation plans including related calculation	I	16	24
• General arrangement drawings of the required cable trays, cable laying plans	I	12	24
• Dimensional drawings and erection drawings for generator, transformers, switchgear etc., including frontal and plan views	I	12	24
• Dimensional drawings of generator auxiliary equipment	I	12	16
• Dimensional drawings of switching cubicles, generator leads and star point cubicles, voltage regulation cubicles, excitation cubicles, generator circuit breakers, including	I	12	24



Document	Purpose	Weeks after Contract Award	
		Preliminary	Final
equipment configuration			
• Calculation of mechanical stresses of switchgear rooms due to arcing faults	I	12	16
• Short circuit calculation and determination of protection relay settings for generator protection, 400/230 substation and auxiliary electrical supplies under consideration of protection of the entire system	A	12	24
• Protection and metering diagram for unit protection, start-up/stand by transformer protection, 400/230 kV GIS protection	A	16	24
• Load flow, system transient stability and motor start-up study	A	16	24
• Information for electrical system study by PGCB (see relevant part in Section B0)	I	8	16
• Generator charts and exciter characteristics	I	12	16
Instrumentation and Control Engineering			
• Control system architecture showing all components and design concept redundancy	A	with Bid	24
• Operation and control philosophy	A	8	16
• Design concept earthing	A	16	24
• Design concept explosion protection	A	16	24
• List of packaged systems (Black Boxes)	A	with Bid	24
• Layout drawings central control room showing spatial distribution of desks and panels (3 D view)	A	with Bid (2D only)	24
• Layout of electronic rooms showing spatial distribution of cubicles and racks	A	16	24
• Description for all functional group controls, functional schematics (both in machine language and according to ISA-standard)	A	16	24
• DCS/PLC interface	A	16	24



Document	Purpose	Weeks after Contract Award	
		Preliminary	Final
documentation, I/O point assignment			
• Engineering drawings of control valves, control dampers together with their actuators, orifices, nozzles, venturi nozzles	I	16	24
• External connection diagrams, terminal connection diagrams combined schematic and circuit diagrams	I	16	24
• Communication systems	A	16	24
• As Built software programs for DCS, PLC or other systems	I		1 month after COD of the 1 st Unit
• Instrument list	A	16	24
• Cable routing plan	I	16	24
• Civil Engineering			
• 3D model of the complete Plant incl. all civil structures, all mechanical equipment, piping > 50mm, electrical equipment e.g. cable trays, HVAC, etc.	I	16	24
• 3D model clash checking and walk through	A	3 weeks after 3D model distribution	3 weeks after 3D model distribution
• General layout plan of the Plant site including all buildings and outdoor installations, roads etc. prepared on the basis of the topographical survey of the site	A	with Bid	12
• Detailed civil arrangement drawings of all buildings and structures, including plan-views and Sections (scale 1 : 100)	A	with Bid	12
• Architectural views (all sides) for all buildings of the Plant	A	4	12
• Arrangement drawings for external systems including all supply and disposal facilities, roads with manoeuvring areas; outdoor facilities (sewage, drainage, ducts and trenches, fencing and gates; tank farm, outdoor foundations etc.	A	4	24
• Detailed drawings and documents			
• Detailed foundation drawings	I	4	12



Document	Purpose	Weeks after Contract Award	
		Preliminary	Final
for all buildings and structures (A. E., turbine, boiler and stack foundations etc.)			
• Detailed structural drawings for all buildings and structures (concrete and steel structures)	I	8	24
• Detailed architectural drawings	I	8	24
• Room books including external and internal finishes windows, doors, sanitarries wall cladding, roof etc.	A	8	24
• Detailed drawings for all internal services and installation works (HVAC; water, sewage, drainage, lighting)	I	8	24
• Detailed drawings with embedded parts, anchors, plates, fixings etc.		8	24
• Detailed drawings for outdoor installations and services (sewage, drainage; water, ducts, trenches, culverts, pipes, cable routes, manholes, pits etc.)	A	8	24
• Detailed drawings for roads including accesses, footpaths, fencing/gates, landscaping, bridges, pipe racks		8	24
• Checked and approved statical and dynamical analysis prepared for all buildings and structures of the Plant	I	8	24
• Detailed constructive description of individual buildings with regard to the structural design (structural systems, foundations etc.)	I	8	24
• Sectional elevations and roof plan	I	4	24
• Underground services and ducts with equipment appertaining to the services	I	8	24
• Principal details and Sections for traffic areas, especially for ramps and retaining walls	I	8	24
• Structural drawings pertaining to river water outfall and intake facilities	A	8	24
• Foundation drawings and other underground concrete works	I	4	24



Document	Purpose	Weeks after Contract Award	
		Preliminary	Final
• Permit application documents			
• Documentation for operating permits	A	4	12
• Documentation for other permits	A	4	12
• Other documentation			
• Schedules of workshop tests	I	-	1 month ahead of test
• Quality assurance manuals	I	16	24
• Manual of Codes and Standards	I	16	24
• Operating manual	A	6 months ahead of pre-commissioning	1 month after COD of the 1 st Unit
• operating procedures and instructions of the Plant with description of all systems, processes and functional groups			
• as built documentation			
• general and individual control concept description			
• Plant and equipment protection and signal processing description with all alarm and trip signal settings			
• all operating conditions including electrical grid supply and connection conditions			
• Service and maintenance manual	A	6 months ahead of pre-commissioning	1 month after COD of the 1 st Unit
• maintenance procedures and instructions with description of all equipment and facilities			
• Equipment data sheets			

Purpose: A : for Approval
I : for Information



B0.3.9.3 Data and simulation models

The Tenderer shall submit the data of the Plant for transmission simulation to PGCB according to the Bangladesh Grid Code however minimum following data:

Components	Data	Value of data
Generator step-up transformer	Rating	MVA
	High voltage	kV
	High voltage connection	
	Low voltage	kV
	Low voltage connection	

Due dates

30 days after the Commercial
Operation Date of the First
Unit

Type of data to be submitted

Registered Data

B0.3.9.4 Requirements for documentation

Unless agreed otherwise, five (5) hard copies and three (3) sets of electronic copies of all documents are to be submitted in the English language. In addition, operation and maintenance manuals shall be translated into Bangla and provided as paper copies and in electronic format. Electronic Copies shall be submitted in primary original data format (e.g. DOC, XLS, DWG) as well as in a printable non-proprietary document format (e.g. PDF). Especially P&IDs shall be submitted as DWG files and PDF files.

The Contractor shall provide, install, operate and maintain a web based electronic data room / data server. The format and filing system shall be mutually agreed between Employer and Contractor.

All documentation shall comply with uniform documentation instructions according to Employer's requirements. Detailed requirements for documentation will be determined during contract execution by the Employer.

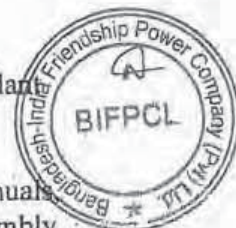
Contractor shall comply with Employer's directive concerning documentation requirements for implementation in an automated plant operation system.

The final documentation including but not limited to operating manuals, maintenance and service manuals, component documentation, assembly documentation, drawings and listing, etc. shall be submitted in the English language. In addition, operation and maintenance manuals shall be translated into Bangla and provided as paper copies and in electronic format.

Contractor shall also integrate and submit all the above data for each Unit into the PSS@E load flow raw data file ("raw data") and PSS@E dynamic raw data file ("dyr data") which are ready to be used for studies on operation and planning of the Grid System by PGCB using PSS@E (to be confirm by PGCB/BIFPCL)

Data for each Unit shall also include reactive power capability curve of the Facility, written in the format compatible to PSS@E activity GCAP. For this purpose, at least 10 (ten) pairs of data on the generator reactive power capability curve shall be provided for each Unit.

The final requirements for Transmission lines and Interconnecting Facilities documentation will be subjected to PGCB's approval which will be made known during execution stage.



B0.3.9.5 Approval procedure for drawings and documents

The Employer reserves the right to ask the Contractor to submit drawings and other documents for approval to the Employer or to its representative.

Before submittal of any such drawing or other document, the Contractor shall submit a detailed list comprising all drawings or other documents the Contractor will produce. Based on this list the Employer will decide which drawings or other documents will have to be submitted for approval, information or other purpose.

The documents for approval are primarily basic documents and all documents that are required to check that Contractual and operational requirements are met. It is expected that in total approximately 600 to 800 documents will be for approval.

When submitting drawings or other documents for approval, including any prepared by subcontractors, the Contractor shall certify in each case that he has examined such drawings or documents and that they comply with the requirements of the Contract.

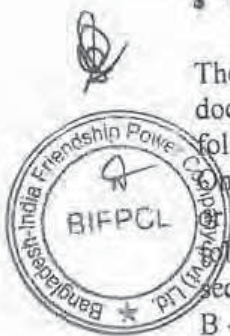
The Contractor is requested to provide Third Party Verification of structural documents, e.g. structural analysis, drawings and connecting details prior to submission for approval. These documents must contain all information necessary for the execution of the works.

Approval of a drawing or other document will imply that:

- They have been examined and appear to be in accordance with the basic design concept of the project and meet the requirements of the specification.
- They have been examined in relation to compatibility of the items and equipment with the specification and respect of interconnections with other items, equipment or systems.
- The Contractor is not relieved of his responsibility under the Contract.

The Contractor is to arrange for the revision history of drawings and other documents as follows. The first revision shall be indexed by the letter "A" followed up by the respective letter in alphabetical order.

Once the drawing or document is approved for construction by the Employer or its representative the document shall be indexed with the number "0" followed up by the respective number in chronological order. Hence, the sequence of the revision index of a design document shall be as follows: A - B - C - [...] - 0 - 1 - 2 - [...]. Each revision is to be listed in the revision history with the respective date and a short description of the modification(s). In addition, all modification(s) shall be highlighted and/or marked up as specific and detailed as possible.



Furthermore, each drawing/document shall be indicated with a unique document number according to the following standard:

Maitree – Unit – KKS – DCC – 12345 – XYZ – REV

Where:

Maitree	Project-Denomination
Unit -	00 (for common), 01 (for unit 1), 02 (for unit 2)
KKS -	Function Key as per KKS system (1 to 3 letters)
DCC -	DCC code according to EN/IEC 61355
12345 -	Document number
XYZ -	Sub-/Contractor number
REV -	Revision index

For each comment, the Employer will allocate a priority in the TCS (Technical Comment Sheet). The priorities range from 1 to 3 as follows:

1	-	High Priority
2	-	Medium Priority
3	-	Low Priority

The TCSs are to be named with the above described identification key and the supplementary ending "... - RI" ("Revision Income") for TCSs being sent from the Contractor to the Employer and "... - RO" ("Revision Outcome") vice versa.

The Contractor shall be responsible for any discrepancies, errors or omissions in the drawings and other documents supplied by him, whether such drawings or other documents have been approved or not.

B0.3.9.5.1 Documents which require Approval from Grid Operator/BPDB

Documents especially test procedures and protocols, which are due to approval by the grid operator or BPDB required following specific times for submittal and approval.

B0.3.9.5.1.1 Testing Procedure and Protocols

At least one hundred and twenty (120) Days before the scheduled commencement of the testing and Commissioning of the Plant, the Contractor shall, upon request from BPDB, submit to BPDB detailed procedures and protocols to be used during the corresponding testing. BPDB shall have the opportunity to provide written comments, if any, on the proposed procedure and protocols within thirty (30) Days of receipt from the Contractor of said documentation. If BPDB fails to submit written comments to the Contractor within the thirty (30) Days stipulated above, it shall be deemed to have accepted the detailed procedure and protocols provided by the Contractor.



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On receipt of such comments, if any, the Contractor shall review and submit the final procedure and protocols, to be used for testing not later than sixty (60) Days prior to the scheduled commencement of the respective testing and Commissioning:

- a. if BPDB fails to submit written comments to the Contractor within the thirty (30) Days stipulated above, it shall be deemed to have accepted the detailed procedure and protocols provided by the Contractor; and 35
- b. if the Parties fail to reach agreement on the procedures and protocols within sixty (60) Days prior to the scheduled commencement of the respective testing and Commissioning,

the matter may be referred to the Engineer by either Party, and the Engineer shall make the decision on the protocol and procedures within the five (5) Days of the matter being referred to it, and such decision shall be binding on the Parties.

B0.3.9.5.1.2 Start-up and Test Schedules

At least ninety (90) Days before the scheduled commencement of testing and commissioning of the First Generating Unit or the Plant, as the case may be, the intended Start-Up and test schedule for such unit.

B0.3.9.5.1.3 Operating Procedures

- a. Not later than one hundred and twenty (120) Days before the then prevailing Scheduled Initial Operations Date, the Contractor shall, upon request from BPDB, provide BPDB with draft operating procedures dealing with all operation interfaces between BPDB and the Contractor including, but not limited to:

- method of Day-to-Day communication
- key personnel list
- clearances and switching practices
- outage scheduling
- capacity and energy reporting
- operating log; and
- reactive power support

which shall be consistent with this Agreement, the designs of the Facility (including the Metering System), the Technical Limits and Prudent Utility Practices (together, the "Operating Procedures").

- b. Within thirty (30) Days after BPDB's receipt of the draft Operating Procedures, BPDB shall notify the Company of any requested deletions, amendments or additions.



- c. The Company shall make any deletions, amendments or additions that BPDB reasonably requests unless they would be inconsistent with this Agreement, the Technical Limits, the designs of the Facility (including the Metering System), or Prudent Utility Practices and provide such revised draft to BPDB, which shall be treated as final Operating Procedure, not later than thirty (30) Days before the then prevailing Scheduled Commercial Operations Date.
- d. Not Used
- e. Either Party may, from time to time, request revisions to the Operating Procedures subject to agreement from the other Party.

B0.3.9.6 Quality control procedure

A comprehensive **quality control procedure / quality assurance programme** for all aspects of the works shall be prepared by the Contractor and shall be submitted to the Employer for approval.

The Contractor shall adopt suitable quality assurance programme (QAP) to ensure that the equipments and services under the scope of Contract whether manufactured or performed within Contractor's works or at his subcontractor's premises or at the site or at any other place of work are in accordance with the specifications. Such QAP shall be outlined by the Contractor and shall be finally accepted by the Employer or his authorized representative after discussions before the start of work. The QAP shall be generally in line with ISO Systems.

The quality assurance program shall consist at least of the following:

- testing during manufacturing
 - workshop inspections and testing
 - factory acceptance tests (FAT)
- testing at site
 - construction inspections and testing
 - erection / mechanical completion
 - pre-commissioning and commissioning tests (cold and hot commissioning)
 - optimization of overall Plant
 - final inspection and testing
 - Bench mark testing
- completion test
 - performance tests
 - reliability test run.



An outline of the proposed comprehensive quality assurance programme is to be provided with the Tender and is subject to review by the Employer.

The Contractor shall provide complete laboratory facilities and staff to perform the required tests. The facilities could be fully or partially on site. Arrangements could be made with an experienced testing laboratory to support the site laboratory, all subject to the approval of the Employer.

Only approved fully qualified and experienced staff shall carry out the quality control all in accordance with the approved quality control procedure.

The Contractor shall appoint a dedicated, experienced and competent QA&QC in-charge at site, preferably directly reporting to the project manager, supported as necessary by experienced personnel, to ensure the effective implementation of the approved QAP. An indicative structure of Contractors QA&QC manpower required to be deployed at site shall be submitted with the Tender.

The results of the tests shall be made available to the Employer within 24 hours of obtaining the relevant test results. Acceptance of the relevant part of the work shall be subject to the performed tests showing satisfactory results. Individual construction completion certificates shall be issued by the Contractor to certify the readiness for equipment erection (see Section B0).

The Employer may instruct tests at no cost provided either the overall frequency governed by the specification is not exceeded and the notification given to the Contractor is equal to that currently being provided by the Contractor for his normal testing in formality and warning, or the Employer has due cause to suspect a change in the quality, such concern having been advised to the Contractor. The Employer may instruct sampling, testing or both which satisfy only some or none of the above criteria.

The Employer shall have the right to carry out independent inspections and testing either using his own resources or those of a third party. Should the Employer require the results to determine the conformance with the specification then he shall notify and inform the Contractor.

As far as is practicable the Employer shall have free access to the site, fabrication areas and suppliers work at all times without notice. Should he discover unsatisfactory work then he will invite a formal joint inspection. Either after such an inspection or if the Contractor declines the invitation the Employer shall issue instructions with regard to the faults and their reparation.

Should any materials, items or complete parts of the works fail to comply with the requirements of this specification when tested in accordance with this Section the Employer may reject such materials or items, or condemn complete parts of the works, and demand of the Contractor such replacement or modification as may be necessary to ensure their compliance.



Should modification or adjustment be deemed a satisfactory alternative to demolition and /or removal, the Contractor shall submit full details in writing such modifications to the Employer for approval, and should such approval be forthcoming carry them out without undue delay.

If however, the Contractor is required to demolish and /or remove any such items or materials this shall be carried out quickly and with as little disruption to the works as possible.

No claims of any sort whatsoever will be entertained arising from the rejection of any part of the works through failure to meet this specification, and repairs, demolitions, removals, additional testing etc. Such modifications, removal, demolitions etc, shall be entirely at the expense of the Contractor. No extension of the Contract period shall be granted for such a reason.

If for any reason materials or other items are received or made on site before approval of them has been granted, these shall be transported, handled and stored separately or labelled in such a way in order to, wherever possible, prevent them being incorporated into the works or, should such prevention not be possible, to accurately define the part(s) of the works in which such materials or items were used.

Approvals previously granted for any materials etc. shall be withdrawn if they are not properly transported, handled or stored and otherwise protected against weather or contaminants which may adversely affect their properties and subsequent performance. The Contractor has the option of removing such materials or having them retested for approval.

The Contractor shall submit to Employer, the quality plans and field welding schedules (for field weld of pressure parts only), along with test procedures and WPS endorsed by designer wherever applicable, for checks to be done during manufacturing and erection, for review and approval by Employer.

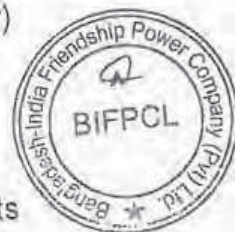
~~B0.3.10 Options and Alternatives~~

~~B0.3.10.1 Option 3.1: Absorber made of concrete (Optional Offer)~~

Refer to Amendment No. 1, B3.

~~B0.3.10.2 Option 3.2: Combined Limestone System for Both Units (Optional Offer)~~

Refer to Amendment No. 1, B3.



Designation	Category	Interface / Terminal Points
TP20	Construction Power	per section B7.1.1. Cables and raceways are out of Bidder's/Contractor's scope of supply, however, sufficient free space to be considered by the Bidder/Contractor for later installation of associated cables and raceways towards township area. 2 terminals at 33 KV line at the border of the Power Plant Site Construction Power (Please refer to Section V.TS.B9.B9.4.2.1) Power supply for construction purposes will be provided at 33 KV voltage (2 no. of lines). The same will be extended to the Contractor for him to develop 33/11 KV sub-stations and construction power supply comprising of • Two (2) 33/11 KV step-down transformers • Two (2) 11 KV switchgears • 11 KV main ring design according to plant layout, construction requirement and schedule • 11 KV / 6 V step-down transformers (number and sizes as required according to plant layout, construction requirement) • Two (2) 11 KV feeders (minimum 630 A) for usage of the Employer For improved reliability these feeders shall be connected to separate 11 KV bus systems at 33/11 KV sub-stations. The electricity prices/power tariffs for the case of 33 KV voltage level are defined in the Annex C Further preliminary details regarding provided construction power system are shown in Annex C

Construction Water:

As described under Section B9 the supply of construction water is in the scope of Bidder/Contractor. It is not allowed to use ground water. For construction water shall be used only river water suitably treated for his purposes.

B0.4.2 Interfaces to electricity dispatcher

Communication, control, monitoring and voice channels will be provided between the Facility and BPDB's National/ Regional Control Center by BPDB. The Contractor shall provide interconnection within the Facility for all such communication circuits/ channels.

Metering devices of electrical signals such as frequency, voltage, active power, reactive power, and energy shall be provided:

- i for the power unit for tariff metering at the switchyard
- ii for the power unit and additional the Plant for internal balancing purposes at all switchgears and all generators.

The final number and type of metering device, their accuracy and signal interface requirements shall be according to the Employer's requirements (see **Part B10** and **Annex E**) and the requirements of the relevant grid code.

B0.5 Technical Schedules

B0/TS	Design Conditions
	Design Data
	List of Major Equipment and Service Suppliers
	Guarantees

B0.6 General Technical Requirements

B0.6.1 General requirements

The following directions, information and technical requirements for design, engineering, manufacturing, procurement, construction, commissioning, start-up and testing shall be observed as far as they are applicable for the equipment to be delivered. The requirements stated in this Section of General Technical Requirements are valid for all sections of the specification, except only where additional and/or special requirements are specified.

In case of a contradiction between different Sections of this specification or mentioned standards, the more stringent requirements shall be applicable to Contractor.

Any changes on the design of any part of the Plant, which may become necessary after signing of the Contract, have to be submitted by the Contractor in writing to the Employer for approval, being sufficiently substantiated and justified.

The Plant shall be new and clean, and designed, manufactured and arranged so that it will have a functional design and a pleasant appearance. All parts of the Plant shall be arranged in such a manner as to facilitate surveillance by the operator and to ease maintenance, operation and control.

The parts of the Plant shall be designed and arranged so that they can be easily inspected, cleaned, erected and dismantled without necessitating large scale dismantling of other parts of the Plant. They shall be designed,

manufactured and put into operation in accordance with the latest recognized rules of workmanship, modern engineering practice and with good standards of prudence applicable to the international electricity generation industry which would have been expected to accomplish the desired result at the lowest reasonable cost consistent with reliability, safety and expedition.

The regulations, standards and guidelines listed in the Specification as well as all applicable laws and governmental decrees, regulations, orders, etc. shall be observed in the design, calculation, manufacture, erection, installation, testing, commissioning and start-up of all parts of the Plant.

The following shall be considered in the design and engineering of the Plant facilities:

- All parts of the Plant shall be suitable in every respect for continuous operation at maximum output as well as part loads and expected transient operating conditions peculiar to the site and shall be able to safely withstand the stresses arising from the operating conditions without any reduction in its planned life.
- The Contractor shall familiarize himself with the conditions on site.
- Suitable and automatically acting protection and safety measures shall be provided for automatic load reduction or shut down of equipment in case of abnormal operating conditions.
- Switchover to stand-by units shall be automatically, as far as required for continuous Plant operation without interruption of Plant operation.
- In case of equipment and/or system shut down process conditioned drainage of components (such as pipelines, tanks, etc.) shall be performed automatically from the control room.
- Minor equipment which, in case of failure would cause a failure of a power generation unit and/or the Plant is to be provided with a stand-by facility in order to ensure further operation of the power generation unit or the Plant.
- All live, moving and rotating parts shall be provided with appropriate effective protection in order to avoid danger to the operating staff. All metal parts shall be electrically grounded.
- All equipment shall be designed to ensure start-up from any condition, i.e. from long term shut-down, cold, warm or hot condition without necessitating special or preparatory measures.
- The project language shall be English.

B0.6.2 Standards and codes

The work must be performed according to the most recent relevant codes, standards, accident prevention regulations and local rules and legal regulations.



All materials and equipment supplied and all work carried out as well as calculation sheets, drawings, quality and class of goods, methods of inspection, specific design features of equipment and parts and acceptances of partial plants shall comply in every respect with the applicable standards, codes and regulations to be chosen from the following:

- | | |
|---|--------|
| • American Association of State Highway and transportation Officials | AASHTO |
| • American Concrete Institute | ACI |
| • American Gear Manufacturers Association | AGMA |
| • American Institute of Steel Construction | AISC |
| • American Iron & Steel Institute | AISI |
| • American Moving and Conditioning Association | AMCA |
| • American National Standards Institute | ANSI |
| • American Petroleum Institute | API |
| • American Public Health Association | APHA |
| • American Society for Testing and Materials | ASTM |
| • American Society of Civil Engineers | ASCE |
| • American Society of Heating, Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Engineers | ASHRAE |
| • American Society of Mechanical Engineers | ASME |
| • American Water Works Association | AWWA |
| • American Welding Society | AWS |
| • American Wire Gauge | AWG |
| • Anti-Friction Bearing Manufactures Association | AFBMA |
| • Architectural Institute of Japan | AIJ |
| • Association Francaise de Normalisation | AFNOR |
| • British Standards Institute | BS |
| • Chlorine Institute | CI |
| • Crane Manufacturers Association of America | CMAA |
| • Deutsches Institut für Normung | DIN |
| • Diesel Engine Manufacturers Association | DEMA |
| • European Norm | EN |
| • Expansion Joint Manufacturer Association | EJMA |
| • Fédération Européenne de Manutention | FEM |
| • Heat Exchanger Institute | HEI |
| • Hydraulic Institute | HI |
| • Illuminated Engineers Society | IES |
| • Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers | IEEE |
| • Instrument Society of America | ISA |
| • Insulated Power Cable Engineers Association | IPCEA |
| • International Electrotechnical Commission | IEC |
| • International Standards Organization | ISO |
| • Japanese Architectural Standard Specification | JASS |



• Japanese Electrical Manufacturers Association	JEMA
• Japanese Electrotechnical Institute	JEC
• Japanese Industrial Standards	JIS
• Manufacturers Standardization Society	MSS
• National Association of Corrosion Engineers	NACE
• National Electrical Code (USA)	NEC
• National Electrical Manufacturer's Association (USA)	NEMA
• National Electrical Safety Code	NESC
• National Fire Protection Association	NFPA
• National Structural Code for Building	NSCB
• Occupation Safety and Health Administration	OSHA
• Portland Cement Association	PCA
• Properties of Water and Steam	IFC
• Scientific Apparatus Manufacturers Association	SAMA
• Society of Automotive Engineers	ASE
• Standards of Japanese Electrotechnical Committee	JEC
• Steel Structures Painting Council	SSPC
• Technische Vereinigung der Grosskraftwerksbetreiber	VGB
• Tubular Exchanger Manufacturers Association	TEMA
• Underwriters Laboratory	UL
• Uniform Building Code	UBC
• Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker	VDE
• Verein Deutscher Ingenieure	VDI
• Vereinigung Deutscher Elektrizitätswerke (Association of German Power Plants)	VDEW
• Water Pollution Control Federation	WPCF

Generally, all internationally and nationally recognized standards as above will be applied, except if specific standards called for by:

- Occupational Safety Board of Bangladesh
- Department of Inspection for Factories and Establishments, Bangladesh
- Department of Environment, Bangladesh
- Bangladesh Power Development Board
- Bangladesh Energy Regulatory Commission
- Ministry of Power, Energy and Mineral Resources
- Bangladesh Fire Service and Civil Defence Ministry
- All relevant Bangladesh National Statutory Regulations
- Bangladesh National Building Code
- Bangladesh Standards
- Local Authorities.



All steam boilers and unfired pressure vessels together with associated pipework and fittings shall comply with the Bangladesh Boiler Act, 1923 with amendments.

All pressure parts shall be designed in accordance with applicable ASME codes.

All services, supplies and works shall comply with the requirements of the relevant laws of Bangladesh and the IFC/World Bank Group Standards and Guidelines in their latest edition, including but not limited to:

- Environmental Conservation Rules
- Bangladesh Energy Regulatory Commission Act;
- BERC Licensing Regulation
- BERC Technical Quality Standards;
- Bangladesh National Building Code;
- other applicable laws in Bangladesh;
- IFC Performance Standards on Environmental and Social Sustainability;
- IFC / World Bank Group Environmental, Health and Safety (EHS) General Guidelines ;
- IFC / World Bank Group EHS Guidelines for Thermal Power Plants;
- IFC / World Bank Group EHS Guidelines for Electric Power Transmission and Distribution.

It is the Contractor's responsibility to provide sufficient evidence that any national or other standard the Contractor proposes (other than those mentioned above) will ensure an equivalent or higher standard.

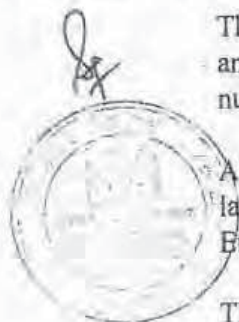
Immediately after effective date of the Contract the Contractor shall supply an indexed list of all standards, codes and associated standards referred to, to which the work is to be performed. A copy of all applied standards shall be forwarded to the Employer. The Contractor shall supply preferably two (2) searchable softcopies, else two (2) hardcopies each.

B0.6.3 Plant and equipment identification

The Contractor shall apply a plant identification system showing the name and number of each item of Plant and its respective arrangement drawing number and add any additional items necessary to fully identify the Plant.

All design submissions shall include a detailed labelling list indicating the label text, size of the lettering and fixing details for the approval of the Employer or its representative.

The identification and numbering of equipment, systems, items, etc. of supply, as well as of all documents and drawings shall be in accordance with



the VGB guideline RDS-PP (Reference Designation System for Power Plants - KKS system).

There is to be only one approved description for any one item of Plant and this must be used consistently for Plant, electrical and instrumentation designations throughout.

The Contractor shall supply all labels (Plant and Equipment Identification Plates), nameplates, manufacturer's equipment nameplate, instruction and warning plates necessary for the identification and safe operation of the Plant, and all inscriptions shall be in the English language and Bangla language.

All labels, nameplates, instruction and warning plates shall be securely fixed to items of Plant and equipment with stainless steel rivets, plated self-tapping screws or other approved means. The use of adhesives will not be permitted.

Nameplates for Plant and equipment identification and record purposes shall be manufactured from stainless steel or aluminium with a mat or satin finish, and engraved with black lettering of a size which is legible from the working position.

Warning plates shall be manufactured from stainless steel or aluminium, engraved red lettering on a white background and sited in the position where they afford maximum safety of personnel.

All equipment within panels and desks shall be individually identified by satin or mat finish stainless steel or aluminium labels.

Each circuit breaker panel, electrical control panel, relay panel, etc. shall have a circuit designation label on the front as well as on the rear panels engraved with black lettering in accordance with the circuit designation system. Circuit designations must be precise and convey complete information. There should be no doubt whatsoever for the operation as to which area of the Plant a particular feeder is supplying with power. Labels such as interconnector 1 or feeder 2 are not acceptable. Corridor type panels shall in addition have circuit designation labels within the panels.

Pipework systems shall be identified with a colour identification systems in conformity with the colours according to the Employer's specification, with colours at the nameplates and, if necessary by colour bands and with KKS numbering and plain language. The direction of flow shall be shown.

Each valve/instrument shall be fitted with a stainless steel or aluminium nameplate indicating the valve/instrument service and reference number in accordance with the approved equipment coding system.

Where possible valve nameplates shall be circular and shall be fitted under the handwheel captive nut. They have to be of such a diameter that there is no danger for persons operating the valve or that they do not prevent lock-off of this valve; on check valves and small valves the Contractor may provide rectangular nameplates fitted to brackets on the valve or attached to a wall or steelwork in a convenient position adjacent to the valve.

B0.6.4 Marking and labelling

Each crate or package is to contain a packing list in a waterproof envelope. All items of material are to be clearly marked for easy identification against the packing list.

All cases, packages, etc. are to be clearly marked on the outside to indicate the total weight, where the weight is bearing and the correct position of the slings and are to bear an identification mark relating them to the appropriate shipping documents.

All stencil marks on the outside of cases are either to be made in waterproof material or protected by shellac or varnish to prevent obliteration in transit.

B0.6.5 Corrosion protection, coating and galvanizing

This specification shall be used for the corrosion protection of steel structures, components, pipings and equipment in general which are installed in confined areas (indoors) or outdoors.

Surface preparation, as well as protective coatings and coating systems are based on this specification in order to assure that structural parts of different suppliers will get a corrosion protection of similar and high quality.

Coating material shall only be supplied by manufacturers with international experience and their products can be obtained internationally.

Regarding maintenance work (storage), application and supervision of coating work, choice of coating suppliers should be minimized. At any rate, similar parts of structures/components (such as structural steel, containers, piping, etc.) shall only be coated with products of one individual manufacturer.

The materials and equipment used, the methods of application and the quality of work shall at all times be subject to the inspection and approval of the Employer or his Representative.

To mitigate crevice corrosion, the designs and construction of structures and equipment shall ensure that no collection of water occurs in crevices which could lead to crevice corrosion.

It is the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that, for all supplied equipment (including that from sub suppliers):

- The protection system is perfectly suitable for the Site conditions and for the specific purpose.
- The shop paints provide a sufficient protection during transport, storage and erection.
- The shop paints are suitable for handling and erection conditions (slinging, Site welding works etc.) and are compatible with the Site finishing coats
- All necessary precautions are taken in order to prevent damage to paints during storage, handling, welding.
- The necessary repairs are carefully executed as soon as possible.
- The colour RAL number of the finishing coat has been approved by the Employer, including identification code for piping.
- Standardised equipment will be painted according to the manufacturer's standard.
- All corrosion protection and coating on site shall be done in a workshop specifically for the purpose of the application of corrosion protection and coating.

Codes and standards

Applicable standards are:

- Product data of coating manufacturer
- DIN 2403 Indication of pipe-lines according to flowing material
- DIN 4762 Surface roughness
- ISO 8503 Surface roughness
- DIN 8201 Part 1-9 tight blasting agents
- DIN 50976 Corrosion protection, hot dip batch galvanizing of single parts, requirements and testing
- DIN 55928 Part 1-9 corrosion protection of structural steel work through protective coatings and topcoats
- ISO 8501 Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and associated products
- ISO 12944 Paints and varnishes – corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems
- RAL Colour card
- ISO 8501-1 Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products
- SSPC Vol. 1 and 2 Steel structure painting council

Surface preparation and cleaning of surfaces in the shop

Prior to blasting, areas have to be cleaned from oil, grease, paint residues, splatters, welding splashes and welding slag using a suitable aqueous degreaser, or solvent for more severe grease contamination. The cleaning should be to provide a "water break free surface".

Sharp edges have to be rounded off.

Contaminations caused by salts, acids and alkali solutions shall be eliminated by rinsing with water up to a pH value of 6-8. Soluble salt contamination is to be tested using the Weber Reilly test method (or similar approved) and pH is to be tested using universal indicator paper strips prior to continuation with the blasting.

The preparation of substrates shall be carried out on the basis of the specifications of ISO 12944 part 4 and ISO 8501. The preparation of steel before application of paint and related products shall be in line with ISO 11124 for metallic blast cleaning abrasives and ISO 11126 for non-metallic blast cleaning abrasives. No recycled blast grit may be utilised.

After blasting, an anchor profile of 25 - 50 µm shall be achieved. Blasted surfaces have to be provided with a prime coat of the approved coating system immediately within 4 hours of blasting. All blasting and priming must take place outside of the high humidity periods of the day (i.e. maximum relative humidity of 80%).

Cleaning to be performed on site

Steel work protected by shop primer after arrival on site must be cleaned of salt, sand, oil, etc. before the first coat of paint is applied on site. Shop primer damaged during transport must be rectified by blast-cleaning and coating before application of the site coats.

Wood surfaces shall be sanded clean. All nail holes shall be puttied and sanded before priming, unless the specific coating system allows for coating onto damp concrete, in which case only with approval from the Employer.

If a protective coating of concrete is required, concrete shall be allowed to cure before painting.

Transport and erection damages, as well as damages which result out of additional welding have to be repaired as soon as possible. The damaged areas have to be derusted with rotating or steel brushes, abrasive wheels, and abrasive blasting according to DIN ISO 8501-1.

Cleaning of prime and intermediate coats (if required)

To prevent contamination by mineral oil products, areas with prime and intermediate coat have to be treated with suitable cleaning agent. Cleaning has to be done free of residues, e.g. with alkaline detergents and thorough washing done with fresh water. Rusty spots have to be removed according to required purity. Metallic areas which are provided with temporary corrosion protection have to be cleaned. No oxidation products shall remain on the surface. Further care shall be taken that on hot components, no destructive or reaction products will be released when heating which could injure insulation.

Application procedure

When using the provided coating material, strict adherence to all application instructions given in product data of coating manufacturer is necessary. To obtain the maximum performance, technical data as well as application instructions for the individual coating material have to be strictly followed. For a multi-layer coating system each layer has to have a different colour shade in order to clearly identify number of coats applied. The last finish coat has to be applied in the specified colour shade.

All paintings shall be performed according to ISO 12944. The durability of all paintings shall be "high" which corresponds to 15 years.

The interval between applying the different coats has to follow according to supplier's precautions. Each layer has to be cleaned and released from spray dust before the next layer will be applied. Prior to applying a further layer, the last one has to be repaired. All coatings have to be applied without retarding.

Following application procedures are allowed:

- prime coats by airless spray
areas like disconnections, angles, corners, etc. which are difficult to be reached can be applied by brush or roller
- repair of prime coat by brush
- finish coats
 - at works by airless spray, roller or brush
 - at site by roller or brush or airless spray.



When applying coating systems by roller, rollers have to be of kind and quality which make an appropriate application possible.

Control areas in accordance with the coating supplier's instructions have to be applied. For this procedure, a schedule for control areas has to be prepared by the Contractor and coating supplier which corresponds with the requirements of the warranty agreement.

Number and performance of the control areas have to be done in accordance with ISO 12944 part 7 and have to be documented in writing.

No application shall take place either in the condition of the relative humidity not within the given limit or in case of poor weather conditions such as fog, dust, rain, snow, hail or when it can be assumed that such conditions of poor weather will arise within 2 hours after application.

Temperature of the coated parts has always to be above 5 °C and 3 K above dew point.

All specified dry film thicknesses (DFT) are minimum thicknesses.

Welding seams executed at site have to be taped with an adhesive tape of about 30-50 mm after surface preparation (blasting or manual derusting) and prior to application in the manufacturing plant and to be coated with stripping coat.

Chequered plates, nap plates, etc. have not to be covered with adhesive tape, but have to be coated with stripping coat in a dry film thickness of at least 150 μm .

Edging lines on steel structure have to be taped prior to application and after blasting in sufficient width or have to be protected with varnish before application. Thickness of prime coat may be 50 μm maximum.

During repairing works at site on shop-primed structures, it is important that different coats will have different colour shades. Numbers of layers have to be the same as the original coating system to be used.

Application of temporary primer on structures which have to be insulated has to be in accordance with a sufficient corrosion protection for the period of storage respectively erection time.

Galvanizing

Galvanizing work shall conform in all respects to ISO 1461 or equivalent standards and shall be performed by the hot dip process unless otherwise specified.

It is essential that details of steel members and assemblies which are to be hot-dip galvanized should be designed to suit the requirements of the process. They should be in accordance with ISO 12944.

Vent holes and drain holes shall be provided to avoid high internal pressures and air locks during immersion and to ensure that molten zinc is not retained in pockets during withdrawal.

Careful cleaning of welds is necessary before welded assemblies are dipped. All defects of the steel surface including cracks, surface laminations, laps and folds shall be removed in accordance with BS 4360. All drilling, cutting, welding, forming and final fabrication of unit members and assemblies shall be completed, where feasible, before the structures are galvanized.

The minimum coating thickness shall be as specified in Table 1 of BS 729. Structural steel items shall be first grit-blasted to BS 4232, second quality, (Sa 2 1/2) or pickled in a bath, and the minimum average coating weight on steel Sections 5 mm thick and over shall be 900 g/m^2 , on steel Sections 2 - 5 mm thick 600 g/m^2 .

Galvanized contact surfaces to be joined by high-tensile friction-grip bolts shall be roughened before assembly so that the required slip factor is achieved. Care shall be taken to ensure that the roughening is confined to the area of the mating faces.

Protected slings must be used for off-loading and erection. Galvanized work, which is to be stored at the works or on site shall be stacked so as to provide adequate ventilation for all surfaces to avoid wet storage staining (white rust).

Small areas of the galvanized coating damaged in any way shall be restored by:

- cleaning the area of any weld slag and thorough wire brushing to give a clean surface
- The application of two coats of zinc-rich paint, or the application of a low melting point zinc alloy repair rod or powder to the damaged area, which is heated to 300 °C or the treatment with suitable cold galvanizing paint, such as ORAPI n.z.a.b 706. All zinc rich paint used for such repairs must contain a minimum of 81% by mass of zinc in the dry film.

Connections between galvanized surfaces and copper, copper alloy or aluminium surfaces shall be protected by suitable tape wrapping.



Coating Systems System-No.	Surface location	Temp. °C	Surface preparation	Coating systems	No. of coats	Generic type	Dry film thickness (DFT) per coat µm	Total DFT µm
1	Structural steel works, piping, vessels, tanks INDOOR	up to 120	SA 2.5	Primer Finish	1 1	Zinc-Epoxy Epoxy High Solid	80 80	80 160
2	Structural steel works, piping, vessels, tanks OUTDOOR	up to 120	SA 2.5	Primer Intermediate Finish	1 2 1	Zinc-Epoxy Epoxy High Solid 2 Comp. Polyurethane	80 160 50	80 160 290
3	Piping, tanks, etc. INDOOR and OUTDOOR Insulated	up to 120	SA 2.5	Primer	1	Zinc-Epoxy	50	50
4	Pumps, motors, other equipment OUTDOOR	up to 120	SA 2.5	Primer Intermediate Finish	1 1 1	Zinc-Epoxy Epoxy High Solid 2 Comp. Polyurethane	80 100 50	80 110 240
5	Pumps, motors, other equipment INDOOR	up to 120	SA 2.5	Primer Finish	1 2	Zinc-Epoxy Epoxy High Solid	80 50	80 180
6	Piping, reactors OUTDOOR Insulated	> 120	SA 2.5	Primer	1	Zinc Ethylsilicate	75	75
7	Stacks OUTDOOR	< 120	SA 2.5	Primer Finish	1 2	Zinc Ethylsilicate Silicone Acrylic	75 50	75 100 175



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Coating Systems							
System-No	Surface location	Temp. °C	Surface preparation	Coating systems	No. of coats	Generic type	Total DFT μm
8	Steel surfaces Uninsulated	200-450	SA 2.5	Primer Finish	1 2	Zinc Ethylsilicate Silicone Aluminium	75 50 125
9	Galvanized surfaces	up to 120	Mechanical cleaning from contaminants and zinc salts by means of washing or steam jetting or sweep-blasting with fine sand	When Finish Coat is required, such as sea climate with chloride exposure	1	Epoxy High Solid*	125
10	Steel surfaces permanently in contact with water, also river water splash zone	Medium temp. °C up to 60	SA 2.5	Primer and Finish Coating One	1	Glassflake reinforced High Solid Epoxy	500
11	Plant / Cooling water pipes	GRP, or steel lined concrete pipes with cathodic protection and coating according to AWWA C 203					

* Additional 1 x Finish Coat 2-Comp. Polyurethane, 50 μm , when exposed to UV or weathering conditions and colour retention is required.

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B0.6.6 Vibration

Steam turbine generator

The steam turbine and generator have to be statically and dynamically balanced in the workshop such that the following levels of vibrations can be achieved:

- For the steam turbine and the generator the vibration level, measured on the rotating parts at each main bearing shall not exceed the upper limit of the zone "A" as defined in ISO 7919 at steady conditions.
- For the steam turbine and the generator, the vibration level, measured on the rotating parts at each main bearing shall not exceed the upper limit of zone "B" as defined in ISO 7919 for transient operation at rated speed.
- In no case (except alarm condition), the vibrations measured on the rotating parts shall exceed 0.5 of the minimal clearance of the bearings, for the measurements installed near the bearings. This requirement is valid for all speed ranges and load conditions. If conflicts exist between the different specifications, the more restrictive value shall be applied.

The location of sensor element shall be according established standards and generally recognised codes of practice.

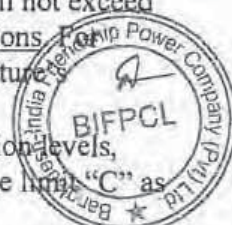
Other rotating equipment

Unless otherwise stated or agreed by the Employer all rotating equipment must have statically and dynamically balanced in the workshop such that the following levels of vibrations can be achieved:

- For large rotating equipment (boiler feedwater pumps, main cooling water pumps, fans (PAFs, FDFs, IDFs), condensate pumps, etc.) the vibration levels, measured on the non-rotating parts, shall not exceed the upper limit of zone "A" as defined in ISO 10816 at steady conditions. For other areas e.g. min flow or run out flow, zone limit "B" shall be maintained.
- For standard pumps, other rotating equipment and reciprocating pumps, the vibration levels, measured on the non-rotating parts, shall not exceed the zone limit "B" as defined in ISO 10816 at steady conditions. For equipment which is not covered by ISO 10816, the manufacturer's standard shall be applied.
- For all rotating equipment at transient conditions, the vibration levels, measured on the non-rotating parts, shall not exceed the zone limit "C" as defined in ISO 10816.

For all motors, the vibration levels, measured on the non-rotating parts, shall not exceed the limit as described in the relevant Sections for MV and LV motors.

The vibrations measured on the rotating parts may not exceed 0.5 of the minimal clearance of the bearings. This requirement is valid for all speed ranges and load conditions. If conflicts exist between the different specifications, the more restrictive value must be applied.



Whenever necessary, equipment shall be put on vibration dampers.

Vibration Monitoring System

Vibration shall be measured at large rotating or reciprocating machinery for protection and predictive maintenance. This includes the turbine, the generator, large rotating equipment (boiler feedwater pumps, main cooling water pumps, fans (PAFs, FDFs, IDFs), condensate pumps, etc.).

Suitable indications shall be provided in the control room for each measurement point and the measurement shall be suitably alarmed where high vibration levels may cause possible damage or affect the safety of the Plant. All the vibration signals, unprocessed, which are present on the machine as well the result of the VMS shall be available in the PADO as well as in DCS.

The vibration monitoring system (VMS) shall be reliable, accurate, easy to maintain, and suitable for use in such ambient conditions appertaining to the intended plant installation. Vibration monitoring signals for trip commands, protection functions or process interlocks shall be hardwired. The VMS shall comprise all the necessary hardware and software modules and shall be configured according the design and the needs of the specific installation and technology.

Standardization and interchangeability of components shall be implemented where feasible.

The following features and requirements shall be considered for the vibration and displacement monitoring system:

- self-checking and single fault tolerant system
- modular and reliable system
- 2 out of 3 voting, if signals shall be used for trips (shaft vibration measurement shall be as per ISO 7919-2)
- hardwired or redundant serial communication have to be foreseen
- All buffered outputs signals shall be passed through to the analysis system as unprocessed (raw) input signals.



The following criteria shall be used as a guideline for rotating machinery such as steam turbine, generator, blowers and fans, mills and main feed water pumps as well as other main pumps, in order to ascertain the monitoring points, principles of what signal shall be measured, what is displayed, and what mechanical conditions entail alarm and/or trip status:

- non-contacting proximity probes shall be provided unless otherwise specified for measuring rotor shaft vibration and axial position,
- vibration measurements shall be in displacement microns peak to peak,

- in cases which, because of process conditions, accessibility or non-critical service, may entail the use of machine casing mounted vibration transmitters, the transmitters shall be of the "acceleration" type incorporating a filter network, if necessary along with integration in the monitor unit for vibration read-out in velocity mm/sec RMS. For alarm only, one transducer may be used. For alarm and trip conditions 3 transmitters shall be used with a voting system (i.e. one high reading out of three = alarm, two out of three = trip). Contacting type of equipment shall meet the requirements of ISO 2954,
- velocity type transmitters shall be used as an alternative to velocimeters when machine rotational speed and generated vibration frequency conditions dictate,
- individual read-out of all channels shall be provided in HMI as well as in the vibration monitoring module. Display shall be by means of a multi-point indicator and digital selector,
- facilities for trend monitoring using trend functions of the DCS shall be provided on the turbo-generator bearings as an aid for predictive maintenance purposes,
- vibration parameters of the turbine shall also be fed in the turbine control system
- buffered signals at the monitor shall be a requirement to enable external data acquisition, if such is necessary,
- facilities shall be provided for the calibration of the instrumentation system.

Further requirements on the analysis functions of the VMS are given in Section B8.

B0.6.7 Standardization of makes

The works shall be designed to facilitate access and facility for inspection, cleaning, maintenance and repair. Continuity of supply is a prime concern. The design shall incorporate every reasonable precaution and provision for the safety of all those concerned in the operation and maintenance of the works. The Plant shall be designed to operate satisfactorily under all variations of load, pressure, and temperature.

Corresponding parts throughout shall be made to gauge and be interchangeable wherever possible.

No prototype will be permitted. Continuity of operation and lowest maintenance requirements are of prime concern. The design shall incorporate every reasonable precaution and provision for the safety of all those concerned in the operation and maintenance of the equipment and plant.

The equipment must be standardized as much as possible.



All equipment performing similar duties shall be of the same type and manufacture in order to limit the stock of spare parts required and maintain uniformity of plant and equipment to be installed. Especially the number of types and manufacturers of actuators, valves and instruments shall be reduced to a minimum.

If a piece of equipment is present several times, then all of these pieces shall be identical. All their constituting parts must be exchangeable between them.

The Employer reserves the right to advise the Contractor of preferred type and manufacture to secure the above-mentioned requirements.

Bidder's/Contractor's sub-suppliers and vendors shall comply with Provennes Criteria as stipulated elsewhere in the bidding document.

Throughout the Power Plant metric units, scales and measures shall be used; this applies especially to all fittings.

B0.6.8 Accessibility

The Contractor shall supply and erect sufficiently large safe platforms, galleries, stairways or ladders and access ways necessary for providing safe and easy access to all the plant items for operation and maintenance. The Contractor shall ensure that the whole of the access ways is of uniform design and pattern throughout the works.

The design of all stairways, access ways etc. shall conform to the requirements of the relevant chapters is **Section B0**.

B0.6.9 Signs & colour code

General

Safety colours, safety symbols and safety signs must comply in construction, geometrical form, colour and meaning with the ISO 3864.

Signs for plant identification during the erection period must be to Employer's approval.

The signs should be of a material which is weather-resistant and of sufficient durability for the conditions prevailing on site.

Mounting and installation

The positions for the signs must be chosen so that they are within the field of vision of the persons to whom they apply. The signs should be permanently attached. Temporarily dangerous areas (e.g. construction sites, assembly areas) may also be marked by movable signs. The safety signs



must be mounted or installed in such a manner that there is no possibility of misunderstanding.

Information signs

Information signs should supply the necessary information to acquaint personnel with the physical arrangement and structure of site, buildings and equipment, e.g. floor numbers, load-carrying capacities including marking of floor areas, working loads of cranes, lifting gear and lifts, room identification, etc. The routing of underground pipes and cables is to be indicated by substantial marker blocks showing the relevant identification numbers.

In the choice of information signs in situations not covered by ISO Draft Recommendation 507 the possibility of using pictograms should be considered. Pictograms are particularly suitable for the identification of rooms, areas and buildings in the non-technical areas of the Plant, sanitary and amenities buildings, etc.

Emergency signs

In the event of accidents, all necessary information should be available immediately to those affected. Thus, a sufficient number of signs of appropriate size should be installed, e.g. escape routes (including marking of floor areas), emergency exits, fire alarms, fire extinguishers, instructions for special fire-extinguishing agents, warnings against fire-extinguishing agents (CO₂), first aid equipment, first aid points, accident reporting points, telephones, etc.

Mandatory signs

Signs indicating obligatory actions must be provided installed wherever certain action is necessary, e.g. do not obstruct the entrance; keep right, etc. Signs should also indicate when the wearing of protective clothing and equipment is necessary and obligatory, e.g., protective goggles, protective clothing, helmets, head guards, breathing equipment, ear muffs, etc.

Warning Signs

Warning signs should refer to the existence or possible existence of danger, e.g., flammable substances, explosive substances, corrosive or noxious substances, suspended loads, general danger, width/height restriction, steps, risk of trapping, slipping, falling, etc.

In addition to warning signs, appropriate black-yellow strip markings should also be used where necessary.

Equipment and Piping Colour Code

For colour code for all equipment and piping see table below, for any other items Employer's approval shall be obtained. For safety issues relevant standards and regulations shall prevail in case of discrepancy. Final colour selection is to be discussed and approved by Employer.



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Colour Code (based on DIN 2403:2007-05 & DIN 5381)

Medium	Base	RAL	Band/ Ring	RAL	Let- tering	RAL
Flammable liquids and solids e.g. high speed diesel, lube oil, seal oil, hydraulic oil, coal	Signal Brown	8002	Signal Red	3001	Signal White	9003
Flammable gases e.g. hydrogen	Signal Yellow	1003	Signal Red	3001	Signal Black	9004
Non-flammable liquids and solids e.g. ash	Signal Brown	8002	Signal Black	9004	Signal White	9003
Non-flammable gases e.g. nitrogen, carbon dioxide	Signal Yellow	1003	Signal Black	9004	Signal Black	9004
Fire fighting, e.g. fire fighting water	Signal Red	3001			Signal White	9003
Water e.g. Service, drain, condensate feed, water cooling, closed cooling water except fire fighting water	Signal Green	6032			Signal White	9003
Steam e.g. main steam, HRH, CRH, aux. steam	Signal Red	3001			Signal White	9003
Acids e.g. HCl, ferrous sulphate	Signal Orange	2010			Signal Black	9004
Alkali, e.g. ammonia, caustic	Signal Violet	4008			Signal White	9003
Air e.g. station air, service air, instrument air	Signal White	9003			Signal Black	9004
Oxygen	Signal Blue	5005			Signal White	9003
Driven machines (e.g. fans and pumps) including motor, Vents, drains, vacuum	Follow medium color					
Structural steel, steel skids for equipment	Window Grey RAL 7040					

Safety caution, e.g. fall or trip hazards, handrails, head room clearance

Alternating stripes Signal Yellow RAL 1003 / Signal Black RAL 9004

Panels, cubicles, junction boxes

Light Grey RAL 7035

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B0.6.10 Units of measurement

The Contract shall be conducted in the Systems International d'Units (SI) system of units in accordance with the provisions of ISO 31 and ISO 1000.

In all correspondence, technical schedules, drawings and instrument scales, the following units shall be used:

Quantity	Name of Unit	Symbol
Length	Millimeter	mm
Mass	Kilogram	kg
Time	Second	s
Temperature	Degree Celsius	°C
Temperature Difference	Kelvin	K
Electric Current	Ampere	A
Luminous Intensity	Candela	cd
Area	Square meter	m ²
Volume	Cubic meter Liter	m ³ l
Force	Newton	N
Pressure	Bar	bar
Pressure below 1 bar	Millibar	mbar
Stress	Newton per square millimeter	N/mm ²
Velocity	Meter per second	m/s
Rotational speed	Revolutions per minute	rpm
Flow	Cubic meter per day Cubic meter per hour Kilogram per hour Liter per second metric ton per hour	m ³ /d m ³ /h kg/h l/s t/h
	For gaseous substance: standard cubic meter per hour	Nm ³ /h
Density	Kilogram per cubic meter Kilogram per standard cubic meter	kg/m ³ kg/Nm ³
Torque, moment of force	Newton meter	Nm
Moment of inertia (mr ²)	Kilogram square meter	kgm ²
Work, energy or heat	Joule	J
Heat capacity, entropy	Joule per Kelvin	J/K
Specific heat capacity, specific entropy	Joule per kilogram Kelvin	J/kgK
Calorific value	Joule per cubic meter Joule per gram	J/m ³ J/g

Quantity	Name of Unit	Symbol
Power, radiant flux	Watt	W
Heat release rate	Watt per square meter	W/m ²
Thermal conductivity	Watt per meter Kelvin	W/mK
Dynamic viscosity	Newton second per square meter	Ns/m ²
Kinematic viscosity	Meter squared per second	m ² /s
Surface tension	Newton per meter	N/m
Concentration	Parts per million	ppm
Electrical conductivity	Microsiemens per meter at 25 °C	μS/m
Frequency	Hertz	Hz
Electric charge	Coulomb	C
Electric potential	Volt	V
Electric field strength	Volt per meter	V/m
Electric capacitance	Farad	F
Electric resistance	Ohm	Ω
Conductance	Siemens	S
Magnetic flux	Weber	Wb
Magnetic flux density	Tesla	T
Magnetic field strength	Ampere per meter	A/m
Luminous flux	Lumen	lm
Illuminance	Lux	lx
Thermal resistivity	Kelvin meter per Watt	Km/W
Energy	Kilowatt hour	kWh

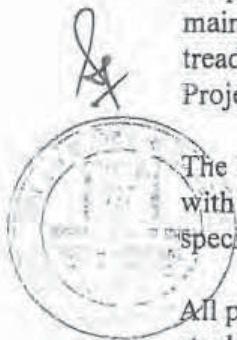
For the thermodynamic properties of steam and water, "The IAPWS Industrial Formulation 1997 for the Thermodynamic Properties of Water and Steam" or the latest version thereof shall be used.

B0.6.11 Ways, stairs, ladders, balustrades

The Contractor shall supply all platforms, galleries and stairways necessary for providing safe and proper access to the Plant for operation and efficient maintenance. The Contractor shall ensure that the type of flooring, stair treads and handrails conform to a uniform pattern throughout the whole Project.

The loads for the design of platforms, galleries etc. shall be in accordance with the Section 'Design Loads' of the special civil part of these specifications.

All platforms, galleries, stairways and hand railing shall be of galvanized steel unless otherwise specified.



All platforms and galleries shall be designed with a minimum headroom clearance of 2200 mm and shall have a minimum width of 1500 mm clear passageway and shall be enclosed by hand-railing on both sides. Ladders are only to be provided as an extra means of escape.

All aspects of platforms, stairways, ladders and other access ways shall comply with the requirements of applicable DIN standards, BNBC or equivalent.

B0.6.12 Hazardous areas, fire fighting & prevention systems

Hazardous areas

The Contractor shall take full account of any special requirements concerning the nature, handling and storage of all fuels, flammable gases and chemicals etc., and provide plant, equipment, buildings and other services accordingly, including all facilities to ensure the safety of the operating and maintenance personnel.

The Contractor shall provide drawings to define all the hazardous zones taking account of all sources of hazards under normal and abnormal operating conditions (regardless of whether or not these areas are specifically listed in the specification). The zoning philosophy shall be subject to the approval of the Employer. All equipment necessary for mounting in these areas shall meet the requirements of BS 5345 or equivalent.

In particular, equipment directly concerned with Plant which may give rise to a hazardous situation shall be designed to IEC 60079 Zone 1 or 2 requirements with electrical connection safety barriers or intrinsically safe equipment equivalent to VDE 0171 Type Exi. Where required by the Employer/Engineer, certification shall be provided to confirm the suitability of the equipment and devices.

The Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring that all electrical equipment installed in any hazardous zone is designed and tested to suit the relevant zone classification and shall be to the approval of the Employer. Cables shall not be laid in trenches etc. with fuel pipe work.

All electrical equipment part of a following system installed in hazardous areas shall be of flame/explosion proof type:

- fuel oil handling systems
- burner operating floors
- turbine lubrication oil tank area
- generator sealing oil tank area
- diesel generator area
- hydrogen bottle house
- others required by the above standards.



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All equipment offered for use in the above areas shall have the necessary certification by the appropriate National Certification Bureau and its proposed application shall fully comply with all conditions of the certificate.

At least all electrical equipment part of the systems in hazardous area as stipulated in the specification shall be of flame/explosion proof type. For other systems the approach as described by the Bidder/Contractor can be applicable.

All electrical equipment associated with any part of a system within the following areas shall be of dust explosion proof type:

- station bunker rooms,
- conveyor transfer towers,
- 3 meters radius from coal feeders, pulverizers and the center point of pulverized fuel pipes.

Fire Fighting & Prevention Systems See Section B12.

B0.6.13 Maintenance isolation

All major equipment shall be arranged to facilitate safe isolation from all hazards for maintenance purposes. In addition all valves must be capable of being locked either in the open or closed position by means of a chain and padlock.

Non return valves are not acceptable as a means of isolation.

B0.6.14 Materials

B0.6.14.1 General material requirements

All materials shall be new and of the best quality for use in the conditions and the variations in river water quality (refer to **Part C Annexes**), the temperature and pressure that will be encountered in service without undue distortion or deterioration or the setting up of undue strains in any part that might affect the efficiency and reliability of the Plant.

All materials shall correspond either to the approved standards and the respective code number or to exact analysis data, and full information concerning properties and applied heat, chemical and mechanical treatment shall be submitted.

Special attention must be paid to eliminating the possibility of corrosion resulting from galvanic effects. Design, selection of materials and all methods of erection shall be such as to keep these effects to a minimum.

Materials complying with codes and standards listed below shall be used for the design and construction work.

Unless the materials meet these codes and standards the equivalent ASME/ASTM standard shall be used.

Materials and standards

(A)	a.	Structural Steel Built-up Members	DIN EN 10 027-1 Formerly DIN 17 100 and EN 10 025	all steel brands S235 and S355 Formerly St. USt 8, RS137-2, St37-3, St52-3, or Fe360B, BFU, BFN, C & D, and Fe 510
	b.	Structural Steel Hot Rolled Members	DIN 1024 Series DIN 1025 Series DIN 1026 Series DIN 1027 Series DIN 1028 Series	all steel brands S235 and S355, Formerly St. USt 8, RS137-2, St37-3 and St52-3, or Fe 360B, BFU, BFN, C & D, and Fe 510
			DIN 1029 Series	
	c.	Structural Steel Tubes	DIN EN 10 210-1, 2	S235 and S355
	d.	Crane rail	DIN 4132	
(B)	a.	Bolts and Anchor Bolts	DIN ISO 898, DIN 18 800-1	4.6 ($f_y \geq 240 \text{ N/mm}^2$) 5.6 ($f_y \geq 300 \text{ N/mm}^2$)
	b.	High Strength Bolts	DIN ISO 898, DIN 18 800-1	8.8 ($f_y \geq 640 \text{ N/mm}^2$) 10.9 ($f_y \geq 900 \text{ N/mm}^2$)
	c.	Stud Bolts	DIN 32 500, Part 1 & DIN 18 800-1 DIN 32 500, Part 3 & DIN 18 800-1	4.8 ($f_y \geq 320 \text{ N/mm}^2$) St 37-3 per DIN 17 100, ($f_y \geq 350 \text{ N/mm}^2$)
(C)		Electrodes for Arc Welding	DIN 1913/ DIN EN 499	
(D)		Ordinary Portland Cement	DIN 1164-1 / 1164-2 EN 197-1	
(E)		Reinforcing Bars	DIN 488-2 / 488-4	

Material properties and allowable strengths

- Concrete steel reinforcement
 - High yield steel deformed bars, types as per DIN 488-2
 - The max. bar length shall be 12 m.



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- **Concrete steel fabric reinforcement**
Reinforcement quality
Wire of grade 500 ($f_y = 500 \text{ N/mm}^2$) as per DIN 488
Welding of reinforcement as per DIN 4099.
- **Fabric types**
Preferred range of designated fabric types: see part 4 of DIN 488.
- **Concrete grade and specified strength**
Concrete for blinding grade C12/15 as per DIN 1045. Min. thickness of blinding = 75 mm.
Concrete for all other structures grade 25/30 as per DIN 1045.
All concrete grade 30/37 or higher as well as special qualities, like waterproofed concrete, have to be mixed in accordance with a special design concept, approved by a third party assessment.
- **Concrete cover to reinforcement bars**
The minimum concrete cover for durability to any reinforcing bar shall be in accordance with ZTV-K, Section 6.

Concrete grade 25/30 as per DIN 1045 are minimum requirements, if not mentioned otherwise.

Note:

- a) Cover noted is to the outside bar regardless of whether it is main or secondary reinforcement.
- b) For concrete exposed to brackish water, brine and seawater splashing a special design concept is required.
- c) For water or liquid retaining structures, the cover should be reviewed in conjunction with design, to limit the allowable crack widths.
Linings could also need to be applied.

Structural steel

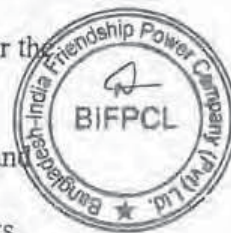
DIN 18800 / DIN 18801 / DIN 18807 shall be followed.

For all above mentioned material standards, the equivalent standards as per BS, ASME/ASTM are also accepted.

B0.6.14.2 Specific requirements for high temp./high pressure part materials

The purpose of this part is to provide the additional requirements for the purchase, manufacturing and fabrication of:

- austenitic stainless steels used for high temperature superheater and reheater tubing,
- ferritic/ martensitic steels used for high temperature pressure parts.



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All manufacturers and suppliers of the base metals, from raw materials until finished products, shall be ISO 9001:2000 certified for the duration of the contract or being renewed during the duration of the contract as appropriate.

Only seamless tubes and pipes are acceptable for power piping. For low pressure systems (< 6 bar (g)) welded pipes will be accepted. Welded pipes may be used for sizes above DN500 if the design pressure and design temperature are such that it calls for pressure rating of ASME 300 class or below. The fittings shall correspond to ASTM A234 with Grade corresponding to the pipe material. The welded pipes provided shall be of certified source.

All materials and manufacturing procedures shall be certified by an independent 3rd party. The approval shall be part of the quality documentation.

The use of SA213-T24 material for membrane walls is not accepted.

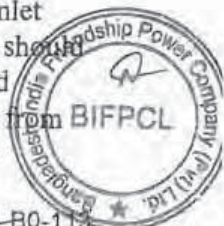
The material SA213-T23 is known for cracking sensitivity. It shall be demonstrated and documented in the final data package that all such materials are free from any cracks and that all hardness values are within the required limits.

For SA213-T23 the Contractor must provide a detailed procedure for the calculation, design, purchase, manufacturing, erection, cleaning and pressure testing of this material. The relevant ASME code cases must be respected.

For SA213 T91 and SA335 P91 the latest stress values and the latest information according to ASME code cases must be used. Also the EPRI „Guidelines and Specifications for High-Reliability Fossil Power Plants Best Practice Guideline for Manufacturing and Construction of Grade 91 Steel Components“ shall be respected.

Bidder/Contractor at his sole discretion may use ASME SA-335, P-92 or approved equivalent material for superheater/reheater headers and interconnecting piping, i.e. for the components which are outside the flue gas path. However, use of T92 material for boiler tubes is not permitted.

In case it is proposed by the Bidder/Contractor to use ASTM-A-335, P-92 or equivalent material, Bidder/Contractor shall furnish a certificate of provenness of the material certifying the usage and satisfactory performance of the proposed material in main steam/hot reheat piping for a reference plant (or applicable unit of reference plant) having rated main steam and/or hot reheat steam temperature at turbine inlet at least equal to or higher than the rated main steam and/or hot reheat steam temperature at turbine inlet envisaged by the Bidder/Contractor. Such reference plant(s) (or unit) should have been executed by the Bidder/Contractor himself or by others and should have been under operation for at least 50,000 hours or 6 years from date of commissioning of the applicable unit (of the reference plant).



Maximum allowable stress values for ASME SA-335; P-92 or approved equivalent material as per code shall be reduced by 10% for calculating the thickness of pressure parts.

For SA335 P92 the Contractor shall provide a detailed procedure for the calculation, design, purchase, manufacturing, erection, cleaning and pressure testing of this material. The relevant ASME code cases must be respected. SA213-T92 may be used for header nipples outside of the flue gas pass, while meeting the above mentioned requirements for quality control.

The details on preheating for welding and PWHT shall be stated in detail. Special consideration shall be given to record the metal temperatures during manufacturing, erection and operation.

In case of any repair of any of such materials at site the 3rd party engineer must be involved concerning the proposed repair method.

B0.6.15 Pre-service cleaning and protection of plant equipment

This clause covers mechanical and pre-service cleaning and protection of the plant items and equipment at the Manufacturer's workshop and at site that are not subsequently to be painted.

Cleaning of fabricated component items shall be carried out after fabrication and final heat treatment or welding at manufacturers' works or at site, as appropriate.

In the event of the surfaces not being cleaned to the Employer's satisfaction, such parts of the cleaning procedures or agreed alternatives as are deemed necessary to overcome the deficiencies shall be carried out at the Contractor's sole expense.

Mechanical cleaning as opposed to alternative chemical cleaning is the preferred method for workshop cleaning except where this is precluded by design or access considerations.

Machined surfaces shall be protected during the cleaning operations. For recleaning small areas, hand cleaning by wire brushing may be permitted. Wire brushes used on austenitic materials shall have austenitic steel bristles.

Austenitic stainless steels, copper and aluminium alloys, cast iron, bimetallic and metallic/plastic items, and components fabricated by spot welding or riveting shall not be chemically cleaned. All weld areas shall be suitably stress-relieved before chemical cleaning.

At an appropriate time, the Contractor shall submit drawings of temporary pipework necessary to carry out the pre-service cleaning simultaneously with a list of works to be carried out on the pipelines, heaters, feedwater

tanks, vessels etc. to connect the temporary pipework with the parts of equipment to be cleaned.

Further, the Contractor shall submit at the same time the basic draft of the cleaning procedure and of the treatment of wastes.

Not less than six months prior to the commencement of any site cleaning, the Contractor has to submit programs covering all procedures, lists of chemicals, calculations which quote the velocities, temperatures hand-pipework forces and movements imposed during site cleaning.

All necessary equipment, provisions, chemicals etc. are to be provided by the Contractor.

All tests, analyses, etc. as required are to be performed by the Contractor.

Besides this, the Contractor shall take over all responsibility for the treatment and disposal of wastes according to the local law and to the satisfaction of the Employer.

The date at which cleaning of plant equipment will be carried out at site shall be notified to the Employer at least 20 days in advance.

The Contractor shall take all necessary precautions to ensure that the internal surfaces of all plant are kept clean and free from injurious matter during erection.

When all plant has been erected and lagged or at such other time as may be agreed with the Employer for sub-assemblies, the installation shall undergo a procedure for site cleaning proposed by the Contractor and subject to the approval of the Employer.

B0.6.16 Welding

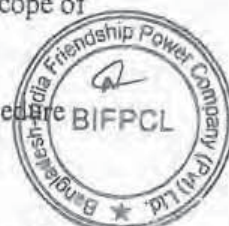
All pressure part welding must follow the requirements of ASME and connected standards.

Welding work and related heat treatment as well as inspections and test shall be performed in accordance with the specific and approved welding procedure specifications (WPS) and the respective material specifications.

WPS shall be prepared in accordance with relevant ASME standards, endorsed by 3rd party / inspector and submitted to the Employer.

Welding plans have to be prepared by every manufacturer for his scope of work.

No welding shall be undertaken until the applicable WPS and Procedure Qualification Record (PQR) are approved by the Employer.



The PQR shall be qualified in accordance with relevant ASME standard. Welding procedures must be qualified by a qualified independent testing authority engaged by the manufacturer.

Welding procedures shall be qualified in accordance with the requirements of the construction code/specification for the Item of plant concerned and in the case of critical plant items the tests shall be witnessed by an internationally recognized inspection authority.

Welders shall be qualified in accordance with the requirements of the construction code/specification for the Item of plant concerned for all types/positions of welding he may perform.

Welder tests shall be carried out in accordance with the approved standards within Contractor's scope. Test results are available for review in the work-shops.

If at any time in the opinion of the Employer the work of any welder appears questionable, such welder is required to pass additional qualification tests to determine his ability to perform the type of work on which he is engaged. Any welder failing the retest may, at the discretion of the Employer be disqualified from further welding on items under this Contract.

The 2 first production welds of every welder shall be 100% examined by volumetric NDE and only when the results are acceptable, shall the welder be released for production welding.

A system of positively identifying the work of each welder shall be maintained and any welder whose work is the subject of multiple rejections shall be required to undergo a requalification test. Any welder failing the retest may, at the discretion of the Employer's Representative be disqualified from further welding on items under this contract.

Welded fabrications shall be stress relieved when specified by the applicable standard or for dimensional stabilization prior to machining.

Copies of temperature charts referenced with load items shall be included in the test certification supplied for the relevant items.

All welds shall be visually examined and shall be of smooth contour, free from cracks, undercut and other significant defects. Wherever possible the interior of tubes etc. shall be examined using a suitable optical device where necessary. The manufacturer shall make every effort to avoid any contamination of the tube interior during the manufacturing process. To ensure the tubes are free from obstruction and debris the tubes shall be cleared with a sponge being blown through.

Fillet welds shall be checked for size using suitable gauges which shall be available for use on request by the Employer's Representative during an inspection visit.

For single side butt welds, all root passes shall be welded using a TIG welding process.

Preheating shall be in accordance with the applicable WPS and the respective material specification. The preheat temperature shall be in function of welding process, wall thickness, type of welding consumables, ambient temperature and climatic conditions

Welding performed outside a workshop is authorised if an approved wind and rain protection (welding bay) is installed around the working place. Anyway, when ambient temperatures falls below 5°C, preheat is required for all ferritic materials and thicknesses. Gas burners or oxy-fuel torches can be used for pre-heating. Preheat shall be maintained over a distance of not less than 4 times the nominal thickness with a minimum of 75mm on either side of the weld. If the material required pre-heating, the same pre-heating shall be done for oxy-fuel or plasma cutting.

Welding consumables such as TIG-rods, electrodes, wires shall be clearly marked in order to avoid any mix-up of material grades. Positive Material Identification to be carried out on where a doubt for mix-up exists.

Any post welding heat treatment (PWHT) shall be performed in accordance with an approved procedure. The procedure shall describe the method, the heat treatment parameters (e.g. holding temperature and time, heating/cooling rates, heated/insulated band...), the number and location of thermocouples, records and calibration. The procedure shall be available on Site and or in the workshops.

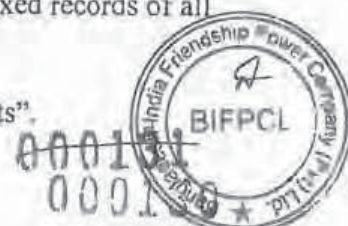
Before welding and/or heat treating valves, valve-manufacturer instructions shall be taken into consideration.

In the case of sensitive materials, grinding of the welds or other grinding work may only be carried out with special grinding wheels so as to avoid overheating or an increase in the hardness of the material.

Welding defects of all kinds must be documented and be available to the Employer on Site or in the workshop.

The Contractor maintains and makes available to the Employer or his representative, both at works and Site, adequately indexed records of all welds, weld inspections, weld controls and repair.

Please refer also to Section B0 for "Manufacturing tests".



Additional welding requirements for welding of civil steel structures are stated under **Section B9**.

B0.6.17 Mechanical equipment

B0.6.17.1 Pumps

General

All pumps shall be designed for continuous operation unless otherwise specified.

Pumps shall be installed in positions convenient for operation and servicing. Where multiple pump installations are required, each pump and its associated equipment shall be arranged in such a manner as to permit easy access for operation, maintenance and pump removal without interrupting plant operation.

Pumps installed for parallel operation or as stand-by sets are to be of identical design, i.e. interchangeable.

Lifting lugs and eyes and other special tackle shall be provided as necessary to permit easy handling of the pump and its components.

General design and construction

All pumps shall be designed to withstand a test pressure of 1.5 times the maximum possible pump shutoff pressure under maximum suction pressure conditions. If a pump can operate at sub-atmospheric suction conditions, the entire pump shall be designed for full vacuum.

All pump shafts shall be of ample size to transmit the maximum possible output from the prime mover. The pump shaft and coupling are to be so dimensioned that the maximum permissible torque of the shaft is higher than the maximum transmissible torque of the coupling. Directly coupled pumps shall be used preferably.

Renewable wear rings shall be provided at points of running clearance and shall be made from appropriate materials.

All pumps and accessories in contact with the pumped fluid shall be constructed of materials specifically designed for the conditions and nature of the pumped fluid, and be resistant to erosion and corrosion.

Product water flushing lines and drains are to be supplied for each pump handling the prevailing river water to avoid corrosion if the pump is in operation for extended periods.

The pump glands or mechanical seals shall be so arranged that repackaging or fitting of replacement seals can be carried out with the minimum of disruption to plant operation. In case of operating under vacuum conditions liquid sealing is to be provided.

The pump casing shall preferably be split for ease of maintenance and be designed such that the impeller and shaft are capable of being withdrawn from the casing without disturbing any of the main pipework and valves carrying the pumped fluid. In general, all horizontal pumps with draw-out-rotors are to be fitted with a coupling to facilitate disassembly without removing the motor. Pull-out design of the shaft shall be applied to vertical wet pit and dry pit pumps as well.

Each horizontal pump shall be mounted with its drive on a common base plate of rigid construction. Vertical pumps are to be provided with foundation frames. In case of submersible pumps suitable frames shall be provided in the pump sump. It shall however be possible to remove these pumps without entering the sump.

Pumps must be carefully set to ensure that the net positive suction head available under all operating conditions will be adequate for the type of pump employed. The NPSH values are to be referred to the least favourable operating conditions - lowest atmospheric pressure, lowest level of water on the suction side of the pump, and highest temperature of the pumped fluid. An adequate safety margin of normally greater than 1 m to the max NPSH required shall be provided unless and otherwise specified for specific pump. Pumps shall operate smoothly throughout the speed range up to their operating speeds. The first coupled critical speed must be at least 20% higher than the maximum operating speed. The determination of the shaft diameter and the distance between two consecutive bearings must include a sufficiently large safety margin to satisfy this condition.

Where necessary, the pumps are to be fitted with devices to ensure a minimum throughput.

Bearings

For large pumps the bearings shall be of automatic oil lubricated sleeve type, unless otherwise specified. Bearings on vertical shaft pumps shall be so spaced to prevent shaft whipping or vibration under any mode of operation. Vibration sensors and temperature measurements incl. temperature transmitters for continuous monitoring shall be provided for large pumps.

Bearings housings on horizontal shaft pumps shall be designed to enable the bearings to be replaced without removing the pump or motor from its mounting. Bearing housings on horizontal shaft pumps shall be effectively protected against the ingress of water, pumped fluid and dust by suitable nonferrous deflectors.



All bearing oil wells shall be fitted with visual oil level indicators. Non-pressure-oil lubricated bearings shall be equipped with constant level oilers.

Pumps characteristics

When several pumps are installed for the same service, they shall be suitable for unrestricted parallel operation.

The pump flow/head characteristics shall be such that within the operation range the head will continuously increase with decreasing flow, maximum head (shut off head) being at least 10% higher than the duty point head.

Unless otherwise specified all pumps shall be capable of operating at 110% of the rated capacity at the rated delivery head. Maximum size impellers for the pump body in question shall not be quoted for. By installation of a new impeller a head increase of 5% minimum shall be possible. The performance of the drive motor is to be determined according to the above mentioned technical requirements and to the requirements as specified in the electrical part.

Fittings

All pumps shall be installed with isolating valves, a non-return valve and suction and discharge pressure gauges unless otherwise stated. Accessible couplings shall be supplied with removable type guards.

Coupling halves shall be machine matched to ensure accurate alignment. Couplings as well as gears must have a rated capacity of at least 120% of the maximum potential power transmission requirement.

All pumps other than submersible pumps shall have temporary strainers fitted in the suction pipework during all initial running and commissioning phases. Permanent strainers shall be provided where specified.

Venting valves shall be fitted to all pumps at suitable points on the pump casing unless the pump is self-venting, due to the arrangement of the suction and discharge nozzles. Drainage facilities shall be provided on the pump casing or adjacent pipework to facilitate the dismantling of pumps.

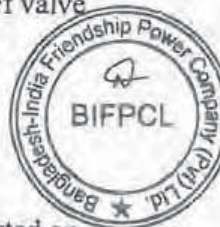
All positive displacement pumps shall be fitted with a discharge relief valve capable of passing the maximum pump delivery flow.

B0.6.17.2 Piping and accessories

Design criteria

The pipework shall be designed, fabricated, erected, inspected and tested on the basis of the applicable standards and codes, and the additional requirements as set out below.

For the plant water and cooling water system GRP is preferred, Bona-Pipe and coated carbon steel is acceptable. For saline water and the water treatment systems LPP piping will be accepted also. If a carbon steel system is offered, a cathodic protection system shall be employed for inside and



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outside. For steel underground piping where cathodic protection is not feasible coal tar epoxy coating shall be applied. For painting and coating see chapter painting specification. A sufficient corrosion allowance shall be considered.

Plant water and cooling water piping system: If these pipes are buried cathodic protection system shall be employed for inside and outside. Further communicating lines (from above ground to underground and vice versa) will have to be provided with respective insulation joints. In any case protection against corrosion must be provided. GRP or other appropriate material is required.

Screening channel in the plant water pumping station as well as other equipment installed in pumping stations: In case all piping of mild steel is used require cathodic protection.

GRP piping shall be laid under the responsibility and supervision of the GRP pipe manufacturer.

The maximum flow velocities for the individual media must not be exceeded at maximum throughput (unless expressly specified in the documents or proven by the Contractor):

Type of Pipework	Max. Velocity
Steam lines:	
High-pressure live steam lines (PN $\geq$ 63)	60 m/s
HP / LP turbine bypass lines	100 m/s
Intermediate-pressure steam lines (PN 25/40)	40 m/s
Low-pressure steam lines above 5 bar	35 m/s
Low-pressure steam lines < 5 bar	25 m/s
Vacuum lines	80 m/s
Saturated steam lines	20 m/s
BFP drive turbine exhaust	80 m/s
Water lines (Feedwater, Plant water / cooling water, condensate etc.):	
Feedwater suction lines	0.5-2.5 m/s**
Feedwater discharge lines	3-5 m/s
Other suction lines	1.5 m/s
Other discharge lines	3.0 m/s
River water lines	3.0 m/s
Fuel lines	

Fuel oil / LDO suction lines



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Type of Pipework	Max. Velocity
Fuel/oil / LDO discharge	2.0 m/s
Air Lines:	
Compressed air lines	15.0 m/s
Combustion air lines	20 m/s
flue gas lines	18 m/s

** The design and routing of the feedwater suction lines must be optimized considering the allowable velocity of depressurization caused by load changes.

The maximum velocity for the LP extraction shall not exceed 60 m/s. For those media/systems where no maximum velocity is given in the specification, the maximum velocity shall be proposed by the Contractor and is subject to approval by BIFPCL during the basic/detailed engineering.

In addition pressure drop criteria shall govern the sizing of the key lines.

Nominal diameters (DN), nominal pressure (PN) and wall thicknesses shall be standardized.

Nominal diameters of < DN 25 shall not be used for pipe lines except for instrument lines, chemical dosing and analysis lines.

For the design of safety valves installed downstream of reducing stations, high pressure bypass valves or equivalent control valves, the maximum throughput of the fully open reducing or bypass valve including injection water quantity is to be taken as the basis for calculation. All cross Sections and lines for safety devices that protect against excess pressure (safety valves, rupture discs and similar items) must be designed to ensure the necessary blow-off rate and fault free functioning.

The design pressure is equal to the response pressure of the devices protecting the piping. In the case of pump discharge lines a pressure corresponding to 1.1 times of the shut-off head of the pump at the ambient temperature is to be taken as the minimum design pressure. The plant water and cooling water systems must be designed according to the water hammer calculation.

The design temperature is the highest possible fluid temperature occurring in the length of line concerned. Possible tolerances of the temperature control system and any temperature allowances provided by the requirements of the standards shall be considered.

For live steam lines the design pressure of the boiler shall be taken as the design pressure of these lines up to the inlet of the turbine main stop valves. In addition to the required wall thickness in accordance with calculations, corrosion allowance of 3 mm shall be added for unprotected carbon steel, 1.5 mm for alloy steel and 0.5 mm by stainless steel.

For the cold reheat piping downstream of the connection to the HP bypass exhaust, the selection of the design temperature shall also consider the case that the HP bypass station is operated for limited period without spray injection. The Contractor shall prove both operating cases: Operation of HP bypass with spray attemperation and without spray attemperation (limited time period). Both cases shall not lead to any damage to the cold reheat piping and downstream pressure part.

For the piping systems with a nominal pressure specified as $PN > 40$ as in DIN 2401 or equivalent and for vacuum systems, the drainage and ventilation facilities shall be fitted with double valves.

All vents, drains or dump points with more than 10 bar/100 °C operating pressure/temperature shall lead to the flash tanks and into funnels at visible points with covers.

Guidelines for the design and construction of pipework and accessories

- Design and construction of all parts of the power piping shall be according ASME B31.1 (Power Piping).
- Other piping and accessories should correspond to the present state of the art and shall be based on the latest standards and medium properties.
- The pipework and its accessories shall be designed and arranged so that all parts subject to operation and maintenance can be operated, inspected, maintained and replaced without difficulty and with a minimum of effort. All important parts must be accessible.
- Provisions to allow for isolation and for access must be foreseen on all parts subject to acceptance by the local authorities.
- None of the forces and moments transmitted by the pipes to connected machines, apparatus and other components must exceed the maximum permissible values, given by the manufacturers of these items. Attachments to turbine foundations shall be carried out only as agreed with the turbine manufacturer.
- All steam traps shall be provided with a bypass and lines which open to a funnel.
- As far as expansion joints and other parts of pipework are concerned it shall be borne in mind that differential settlement can occur. The reaction forces and moments of the piping system to be withstood by fixed points, walls, foundations and other civil structures shall be reduced to the utmost minimum by suitable means (e.g. expansion joints shall be provided where required).
- The pipe support structures shall be designed to minimize heat transfer.
- The installed pipework with its supports and other components shall not obstruct gangways (min. 1500 mm wide), maintenance, escape routes etc. Overhead piping shall have a minimum vertical clearance of 2.3 meters, 8 meters above main access roads and 6 meters above any other roadways.
- Pipe spools for HP steam, feedwater piping and all steel pipes $\geq DN 400$ shall be cleaned internally prior to delivery by shot blasting at the



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workshop with iron particles to SA2 1/2 or by acid cleaning, and shall be properly protected against corrosion.

- Pipe ends and branch connections of underground piping shall be sealed temporarily during installation if the connecting pipe is not immediately installed.
- The Contractor shall submit a detailed description of proposed steam blowing and other cleaning procedures for all pipelines, and no part of this work shall be started until these procedures have been approved by the Employer. Temporary silencers shall be provided for this.
- The cleaning of water - steam system shall comply to VGB R513e „Internal Cleaning of Water-Tube Steam Generating Plants and Associated Pipework“
- The Employer reserves the right to require the Contractor to modify any of his cleaning procedures if found necessary to obtain acceptable results. The Contractor shall furnish, install and dismantle all temporary pipes, hangers, anchors, etc. required for cleaning all piping systems.
- To the extent that hot fluids can accumulate in pipe Sections isolated for maintenance purposes (including control valves with injection water), drains with hand-operated shut-off valves are to be provided for the safety of the personnel (block and bleed systems). Furthermore the Contractor shall safeguard the piping systems against over-pressurization caused by thermal expansion of blocked-in fluids by adequate means.

Welding

- All welding shall be carried out according to relevant standards. The welding procedures of the Contractor shall be supplied before execution of welding works to the Employer for approval. For quality reasons as many welds as possible are to be carried out in the workshop.
- Welding ends of all piping must be carefully prepared before welding. The type of butt welding ends of valves, control devices, orifices, etc. shall be specified by the Contractor and must be given to the manufacturers of these components in due time prior to their start of work if necessary/postweld heating treatment. If there are differences in the wall thickness and/or different materials of piping and valves with butt-welding ends, the necessary transition pieces must be provided by the manufacturer of the valves.
- Socket welds are not permitted for lines above DN 50, for corrosive media lines or for lubricating oil lines.
- After completion of the weld joint, the welder must mark with indelible crayon his identity number and the last two digits of the year in which the work was completed on the pipes. The Contractor shall keep a record of welders.
- Testing of piping and welding shall be as per ASME standard. Minimum requirements for testing of welds are specified in Section B0.7.2.2.

Welding tests.



Piping

- The Contractor shall provide suitable thimbles and flashing where pipelines pass through floors and walls. Floor thimbles shall be installed to provide 90 mm projection above the finished floor surface.
- A stress analysis shall be performed for all piping systems $DN \geq 50$ with an operating temperature $\geq 100^\circ C$.
- For cross country low pressure piping with a straight length of more than 200 m a stress analysis shall also be conducted.
- The piping stress and flexibility analysis shall be based on the relevant standards. Recalculation must be taken into consideration as built condition, actual weight and dimensions.
- Tubes, pipes, bends and fittings shall be produced and tested in accordance with the applicable international standards (ASME/ASTM, EN, etc.).
- All pipe lengths under this package, including piping where alloy steel is used shall be subjected to 100 % ultrasonic examination as per material specification standard with acceptable notch depth of 5% of the selected wall thickness (1.5mm maximum) except for the following piping system: LP piping not under "ASME B31.1 Power Piping" for not dangerous and not explosive media.

Noise abatement measures

The Contractor shall take all necessary measures to limit noise in accordance with the requirements. On no account shall the sound level exceed the values as mentioned under the relevant subsection.

If this requirement cannot be met by adequate construction of the pipework and valves concerned, sound absorbing housing or insulation have to be provided. Where pipework and valves are installed outdoors, the above mentioned requirement may be fulfilled, if necessary, by providing silencers at the safety valve outlets and at the blowing out lines.

Pipe supporting elements

As used herein, the term "hangers and supports" shall include all hanger assemblies, support assemblies, constant support hangers, anchors, guides, sway braces, vibration dampers, trays, brackets, attachments, miscellaneous structural steel and other items required to support the piping in a proper manner.

For supporting points up to 25% variation and 40 mm movement variable spring supports shall be selected.

Constant support type spring assemblies shall be provided at all locations where it is necessary to avoid transfer of stress from that support to another support or to an equipment terminal, and at other support locations where vertical movements of the piping are too large to be properly handled by variable support springs. Constant support spring assemblies shall be of a design that will compensate for the normal variation in the supporting force of the helical coil springs, thus providing constant supporting force through-



out a total travel range which shall be at least 20 mm greater than the actual maximum movement of the piping.

Constant support assemblies shall be equipped with a means of locking the spring(s) against movement during erection, hydrostatic testing etc. The use of counterweights in substitution for support spring assemblies will not be permitted.

Support spring assemblies shall be of the enclosed spring type, and shall have an embossed on factory load indication scale showing the hot (operating) and cold (ambient) positions. Each spring assembly shall incorporate an adjustable hanger rod coupling to permit load adjustment. All support springs shall be designed to permit at least $\pm 10\%$ field load deviation from the factory calibrated load.

The supporting force provided by variable support type spring assemblies shall not change by more than 20% between the cold and hot positions, and supports of this type shall not be used at any point where such a change in supporting force cannot be safely permitted. Variable support spring assemblies shall incorporate springs with maximum working range length in order to reduce the overall length of the assembly.

All pipe hangers and support stands shall be attached to the piping and structural supports such that they will be vertical when the piping is at hot operating condition. So far as practicable, hangers and supports shall be of the same type and component assembly.

All hangers shall be carefully adjusted. After Plant start-up checks shall confirm that all hangers and supports are in the correct position.

The Contractor shall prepare a complete documentation of all pipe hangers and supporting elements. These documents shall contain the following information:

- loads, forces and moments, and their directions at all supports, hangers at normal operating conditions, etc.
- magnitude and directions of the movements at the loading points
- measurements of the loading points referred to the axes of the buildings
- item No. of the supports, hangers etc. according to the piping group
- material specification for the supporting parts.

Trace heating

Trace heating shall be provided for fuel oil pipes and other pipes as required. Electric type trace heating is preferred. The referenced Site Conditions as well as media properties shall be base for the design.

Protection of buried pipework systems

All buried pipework of steel or cast iron or other materials prone to corrosion shall be protected from corrosion by cathodic protection.



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The design of the cathodic protection system(s) shall be executed by a specialist and authorized company. The designed cathodic protection shall be a completely functioning system in all respects according to the state of the art and shall also include the appropriate equipment for measurements.

For the plant water and cooling water piping system only: If these pipes are buried cathodic protection system shall be employed for inside and outside. Further communicating lines (from above ground to underground and vice versa) will have to be provided with respective insulation joints. In any case protection against corrosion must be provided. GRP or other appropriate material is required.

B0.6.17.3 Valves, steam traps, condensate drainers, safety valves

The Contractor shall design and supply all valves and their accessories required for the safe, efficient and sound operation and maintenance of the Plant based on the appropriate standards. They shall comply as a minimum with the design criteria of the relevant piping.

For reasons of Plant standardization, the Contractor shall co-ordinate types and makes of all valves in his supply and that of his sub-suppliers.

Design, construction, fabrication and testing of the valves shall be in accordance with the ASME B16.34. The stipulations of this Section will take precedence if these are more stringent than the approved standards.

All valves shall be suitable for the media and for the service conditions and those performing similar duties shall be interchangeable.

Acceptance certificates for valves shall follow EN 10204 or approved equivalent codes.

The following types of valves are recommended:

- | | |
|---|---|
| • globe valves | up to and including DN 50 |
| • gate valves | DN 65 and above |
| • butterfly valves | DN 400 and above as metal seated type for LP steam and exhaust steam (DN 65 and above as soft seated type for waterlines (cooling water, process water etc., operating temp. max. 180 °C) |
| • lift check valves | up to and including DN 50 |
| • swing check valves | DN 65 and above |
| • Ball valves | DN 25 and above. |
| (fuel oil, natural gas, compressed air) | |

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DN means 'diameter nominal'.

In vacuum service and wherever otherwise necessary to prevent the entry of air, valves shall be provided with suitable sealing facilities. Where applicable, the valves must be suitable for outdoor installation under consideration of the special climatic and environmental conditions of the site.

Unless otherwise agreed, all valves shall be fitted with the spindle in upright position.

All valves shall be positioned so as to be readily accessible for operation and maintenance from permanent floors, catwalks or platforms. Where required, valve spindles shall be lengthened to have the hand-wheel at a height approximately 1 meter above the operation level. All underground valves shall be installed in concrete culverts.

All valves shall be closed in a clockwise direction when looking at the face of the handwheel. The valves shall have rising spindles and non rising handwheels. Plastic valve handwheels will not be accepted.

HP- and large size gate valves to be opened under differential pressure shall be equipped with pressure equalizing valves (globe valves).

All valves shall be fitted with indicators to determine the valve position. In the case of valves fitted with extended spindles, indicators shall be fitted both to the extended spindle and to the valve spindle.

All globe valves shall be equipped with throttling cones with parabolic characteristic.

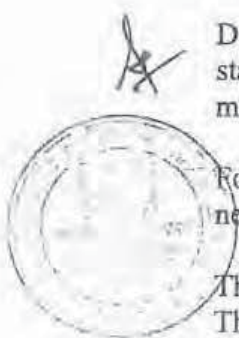
In general, LP safety valves, butterfly valves, ball valves and orifices as well as all control valves shall be flanged. All valves including valves as mentioned above for steam, feedwater and condensate, HP safety valves (inlet side) shall have welded ends, corresponding to the connected pipes. Also all valves on heater drains and vents and in vacuum systems shall be welded.

Design of valves and materials used must comply with the relevant standards. They must be chosen in accordance with the requirements to be met and to corresponding pipework.

For limiting handwheel forces, for control and operation purposes it may be necessary to install gears and drives.

The maximum handwheel force of 500 N must not be exceeded.

The Contractor shall furnish and install steam traps at each low point. Each steam trap installation shall include a permanent strainer of 20 x 20 mesh



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