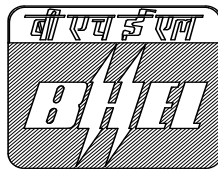


BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS LTD

**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-601-001



JULY, 2008

**PROJECT ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT
POWER PROJECT ENGINEERING INSTITUTE,
HRD & ESI COMPLEX,
PLOT NO.: 25, SECTOR-16A,
NODIA, - 201 301, (UP)**



**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-601-001		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	1	OF	11

**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY**

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 This specification covers the technical requirements for carrying out “**Topographical Survey and Allied Works**” for the entire area/areas indicated for locating the power plant and its other systems. The work shall be executed in accordance with the specification and good standard of practice necessary to fulfil the objectives of the survey work strictly in accordance with the instruction and satisfaction of the engineer-in-charge.

2.0 SCOPE

2.1 The scope of work includes the following.

2.1.1 Carrying out topographical survey and preparation of plans (maps) and report of the entire area/areas indicated for locating the power plant and its other systems.

2.1.2 Carrying out bench mark (GTS / any other reference bench mark approved by the engineer-in-charge) to site/sites under survey by parallel levelling, establishing and constructing bench mark, grid and reference pillars in the field.

2.1.3 Spot level survey of the entire area/areas at specified intervals and development of contours.

2.1.4 Carrying out cross-section of canal/nallah as specified in the schedule of quantities by taking spot levels at 5m interval or less depending upon the site conditions and instructions of the engineer-in-charge.

2.1.5 Providing survey instruments, construction equipments, tools & plants, materials, labours, qualified surveyors, clearance of jungles, cutting of trees, earth work, scaffoldings, transport, supervision by competent engineers/surveyors, testing of materials, full insurance and all other incidental items as may be necessary for successful completion of the surveying , mapping and construction works etc.



**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-601-001		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	2	OF	11

2.1.6 Furnishing all field data and drawings on CD apart from hard copies.

2.1.7 Furnishing survey report as described in details in the succeeding paragraphs is also included in the scope of work.

3.0 TENDER DRAWING

3.1 The enclosed Topographical Survey Layout DWG No. PE-DG-F99-601-001 indicate the tentative location of the area/areas to be surveyed for locating the project. The location/area(s) indicated in the drawing is subject to change that may be necessary during actual execution of the work. The work shall be carried out as per the instructions of the engineer-in-charge.

3.2 The bidder must visit the site prior to submitting his quotations to acquaint himself fully with the nature, type, scope of work and involvement therein. The rates quoted shall remain firm during the entire period of execution till completion of the work and any additional claim for lack of knowledge shall not be entertained.

4.0 SPECIFICATION

4.1 The work shall be executed according to the specification and good standard of practice necessary to fulfil the objectives of the survey work strictly in accordance with the instruction and satisfaction of the engineer-in-charge.

4.2 The specification shall be read in conjunction with the description of items in the schedule of quantities. The bidder shall refer to the employer for any discrepancy which may exist between the drawings, specification and corresponding items of the schedule for clarification before submission of quotation and the employer's decision as to the clarity of the point raised shall be final and binding on the bidder.

4.3 The work at site shall be carried out under the full time supervision by a qualified engineer or a senior surveyor. The engineer or senior surveyor shall be responsible for and capable of co-ordinating the work of the surveying teams, setting out the work accurately, identifying immediately and positively the type of instruments to be deployed and the



**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-601-001		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	3	OF	11

methodology of surveying to achieve speed and accuracy in the work and shall be fully conversant with the theory and techniques of traversing, triangulation, spot levelling survey work etc covered by this contract.

4.4 The contractor shall be responsible for the proper execution of the work to such lines and grades as specified in the specification, drawings or as directed by the engineer-in-charge from time to time.

4.5 After arrival of the instruments to site, these shall not be moved out of the site by the contractor without the prior written permission and approval of the engineer-in-charge. In case the instruments are moved out of the site without the prior written permission and approval, the engineer-in-charge/owner reserves the right to deduct from the contractor's bill(s) the amount as considered reasonable and or to withheld the payments for the work done. The decision of the engineer-in-charge in this regard shall be final and binding on the contractor.

5.0 CARRYING OUT AND SETTING UP OF BENCH MARK & REFERENCE PILLARS

5.1 The contractor shall carry out bench mark by fly-levelling from the nearest GTS bench mark or available source as approved by the engineer-in-charge and establish the same on a permanent bench mark to be constructed as per **Fig.1** at a convenient location(s) at site as per the instructions of the engineer-in-charge. All subsequent transfer of levels shall be carried out with respect to this bench mark.

5.2 The work shall also include constructing permanent reference pillars as per **Fig.2** at suitable locations as approved by the engineer-in-charge. These reference pillars shall be labelled permanently with their respective co-ordinates and reduced levels for future use. The bench mark and reference pillars shall be shown on the survey drawings.

5.3 The fly levelling should be carried out using two good quality levels simultaneously. The levelling instruments should always be kept free of collimation error which should be checked and adjusted before start of the work every day. A record of adjustments should be kept in the field book.



**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-601-001		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	4	OF	11

5.4 While carrying bench mark to the project site, levels shall be established on the permanent objects like culverts etc at least on one object in every 500m along the route with adequate description about the objects and levels to be mentioned in the level book/survey report to facilitate locating these objects later on. The route for transferring levels shall follow the existing roads as far as possible and this route shall require the approval of the engineer-in-charge before the commencement of work.

5.5 Closing error in levelling should be limited to $12 \sqrt{L}$ mm, where L is the length of the route in km.

5.6 Payment shall be made on the basis of shortest length of the said route measured between the original reference bench mark and the bench mark to be established at site.

6.0 TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY AND MAPPING

6.1 Positions both in plan and elevation of all natural and artificial features of the area like waterways, railway tracks, trees, cultivation, houses/any structure, fences, pucca and kutcha roads including culverts and crossings, foot tracks, other permanent objects like telephone posts and transmission towers etc are to be established and subsequently be shown on survey maps by means of conventional symbols (preferably symbols of Survey of India maps). All earth deposits, depressions, hills and valleys within the area/areas are to be surveyed and plotted on maps by contours. Necessary levelling work of the entire area/ areas are to be surveyed and plotted on maps by establishing horizontal location so that location and sketching of contours for the area/ areas can be done at specified intervals and in specified scales on maps. In case of steep slopes and dense jungle etc where gridding is not possible, the method of survey, contour intervals etc shall be decided by the engineer-in-charge at site. Any unusual condition or formations on the ground, location of rock outcrops and springs/falls etc shall also be noted and plotted on the maps.

6.2 The field work shall be done with total station equipment in the following steps.

- i) Establishing horizontal and vertical controls and locating reference grids and bench mark in the area.



**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-601-001		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	5	OF	11

ii) Surveying for establishing spot levels and plotting contours.

iii) Surveying for locating natural and man made details as described earlier.

6.3 The grids for the survey work shall be established in N-S & E-W direction corresponding to magnetic north or the plant north as directed by the engineer-in-charge.

7.0 TRAVERSING

7.1 Triangulation or traversing or a combination of both shall be adopted for the purpose of establishing horizontal control and in order to determine the exact relationship between various existing points on the ground so that surveys required under the present scope of work and in future may be co-related and tied together.

7.2 Total intelligent station instruments should be deployed to achieve the specified accuracy of the work. Proper precautions for avoiding graduation errors, instrumental and personal errors should be scrupulously observed.

7.3 From main traverse/triangulation station, subsidiary stations shall be established at suitable interval to cover the entire area. Level of these stations shall be based on the bench mark established in the survey area. Occupying the main & subsidiary stations, all major details shall be surveyed by total station equipment. Further classification of details if necessary shall be carried out by plane table method.

7.4 The closing error in traverse shall not exceed one in twenty five thousand (1 in 25000) in terms of length or $L\sqrt{N}$ seconds (total in angular measurement) whichever is less (where L is the least count of the instrument and N is the number of stations).

8.0 CONTOURING

8.1 Contractor shall carry out spot level surveying at an interval of 15m for contouring the area/areas. Levels shall also be taken on all traverse stations and on salient points located at random over the area (ground points). Contours are to be interpolated at 0.5m intervals after the above



**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-601-001		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	6	OF	11

points are plotted. The contours shall not be just interpolated but properly surveyed on the ground so that features falling between the two successive levels are also picked up. Sufficient points properly distributed over the entire area shall be located and levels taken so that accurate contouring can be done. At places of sharp curvature or abrupt change in direction and elevation, points selected shall be close to each other. Salient points on ridge lines and valley lines shall also be measured.

- 8.2 Cross-section of canal/nallah if any shall be prepared by taking spot levels at 5m interval or less depending upon the site conditions and instructions of the engineer-in-charge. For contouring within reservoirs /ponds sounding technique shall be adopted.
- 8.3 Levelling operation shall always start from main/subsidiary stations whose levels are based on the bench mark established in the survey area and end on the same.
- 8.4 Closing error in levelling shall not exceed the limit mentioned in clause 5.5.

9.0 CONSTRUCTION OF BENCH MARK, REFERENCE & GRID PILLARS

- 9.1 Bench marks shall be constructed as per the sketch at **Fig - 1** for each isolated area as per the directions of the engineer-in-charge. The reduced level of the top of hemispherical ball and co-ordinates with respect to survey grid shall be engraved clearly on the top of the bench mark pillar. The top surface of MS plate alongwith the hemispherical ball shall be painted with anticorrosive paint.
- 9.2 There shall be one reference pillar constructed within one meter of each bench mark pillar as per the sketch at **Fig - 2**. The relation of these pillars with respect to the bench mark pillar and survey grids should be established and indicated in the drawings. The reduced levels and co-ordinates should be transferred & punched on the top of the steel plate of reference pillars. The top surface of MS plate shall be painted with anticorrosive paint.



**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-601-001		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	7	OF	11

9.3 Grid pillars as per the enclosed sketch at **Fig - 2** shall be constructed at the intersection of the 200m grid lines which should be established at site in N-S and E-W direction corresponding to magnetic north or plant north or as directed by the engineer-in-charge and their co-ordinates with reference to the survey grids shall be engraved on the top of the pillars. The top surface of MS plate shall be painted with anticorrosive paint. The pillars should be white washed.

9.4 The payment shall be made on the number of bench mark and reference/grid pillars actually constructed at site as per the directions of the engineer-in-charge.

10.0 PROGRESS REPORT

10.1 The contractor shall prepare and submit progress report in three copies every week to the engineer-in-charge without fail indicating status of setting out of the grids, total area surveyed, grid pillars constructed, methodology adopted for surveying and instruments deployed including staff working on the site and difficulties encountered during execution of the work etc.

10.2 The submission of such reports and review thereof by the engineer-in-charge shall not be deemed to absolve the contractor of his responsibility of timely completion of the assignment as per the time schedule indicated.

11.0 PREPARATION & SUBMISSION OF SURVEY MAPS

11.1 The contractor shall submit survey maps of the site in 1:1000 scale indicating grid lines and contour lines, demarcating all permanent features like roads, railways, waterways, buildings, power lines, natural streams, trees etc. Project area should have two originals, one showing spot levels and contours (with contour line interval of 0.5m) with grid lines and other with grid lines, contour lines and permanent features.

11.2 All the maps should be prepared in digitised forms using Inkjet/Pen plotter and standard computer software like Autocad - 12/13/14 or auto civil on standard A-0 size polyester base film. The block of name plate of all the drawings should be as per BHEL standard.



**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-601-001		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	8	OF	11

11.3 The contractor shall submit three copies of all the maps for review and approval of the engineer-in-charge. After approval, 6(six) prints of all the final maps alongwith a set of the originals on polyester base film and a CD shall be submitted. Copies of the maps shall be submitted in proper flappers and original polyester base drawings should be handed over in proper card board covers indicating index of drawings.

11.4 Payment shall be made on the area actually surveyed as covered by the plan.

12.0 SUBMISSION OF FIELD DATA AND REPORT

12.1 Contractor shall submit all data pertaining to the survey in original to the engineer-in-charge.

12.2 All field data shall be submitted to the engineer-in-charge from time to time as per progress of the work.

12.3 Three copies of draft report shall be submitted on the completion of the field work for review and approval of the engineer-in-charge. The report should give the introduction of the site, methodology adopted for surveying the areas, calculation of errors, transfer of bench mark and any other calculation required for surveying and preparation of the survey maps.

12.4 Details of trees with their name, numbers and girths shall also form part of the survey report.

12.5 The survey report should also cover the following.

- General site observation such as location of access roads, river and nallah courses, irrigation canals etc.
- Presence of any well and /or tube well in the site and water level in them shall also be indicated.
- Whether there is any rock outcrops in the site.
- Existing drainage pattern of the site, possibility of water logging and high flood level of the area.

12.6 Final survey report shall be submitted in 6 copies of standard A4 size sheets properly bound and printed using good quality paper and material.



**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-601-001		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	9	OF	11

13.0 CLEARANCE OF JUNGLES AND CUTTING OF TREES

Clearance of jungles and cutting of trees as required to facilitate the survey work also form part of the contract. Necessary permission of concerned public bodies shall be secured by the owner. The contractor shall ensure that minimum amount of jungles are cleared and trees are properly cut under the direction of public bodies. The trees and jungles as cleared shall be stacked and handed over to the engineer-in-charge/owner. No extra payment is admissible under this account.

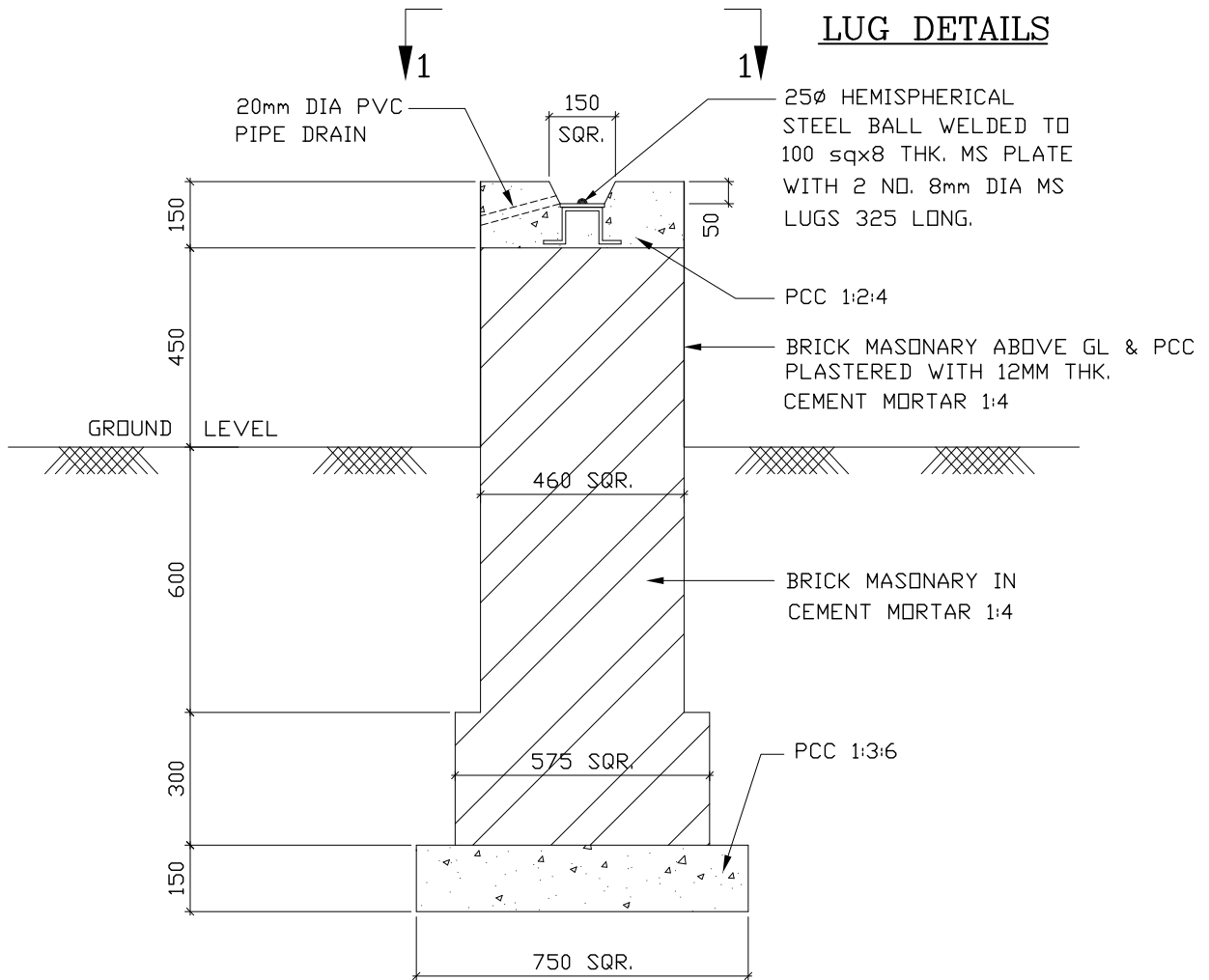
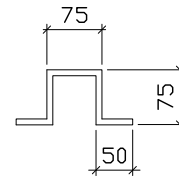
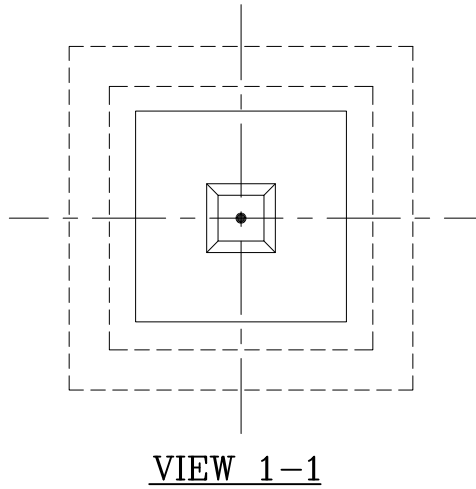
14.0 INSPECTION

The contractor shall make all arrangements of men, material, instruments, surveyors, necessary records and field data etc at the work site for checking of the work to the satisfaction of the engineer-in-charge or his authorised representative during the progress and on successful completion of the work. The contractor shall intimate well in advance before final decamping from work site so that the final work can be inspected by the engineer-in-charge. This will form a part of acceptance of the work for release of payments.



**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-601-001			
VOLUME II			
SECTION D			
REV. NO.	00	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	10	OF	11



**FIG. 1
BENCH MARK PILLAR**

NOTES

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM
2. ALL MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP SHALL BE AS PER SPECIFICATION & RELEVANT IS CODES

DATE 05.07.2008

PREPARED BY: DS

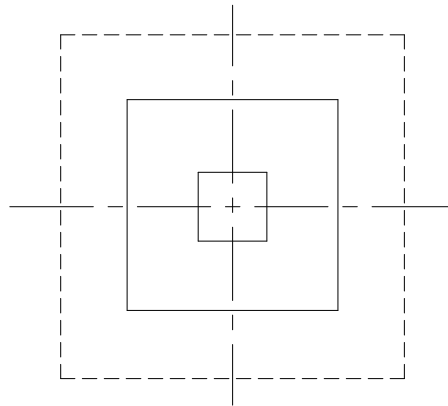
CHECKED BY: CPK

APPROVED BY: KD

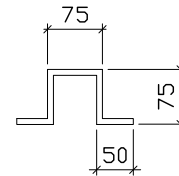


**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

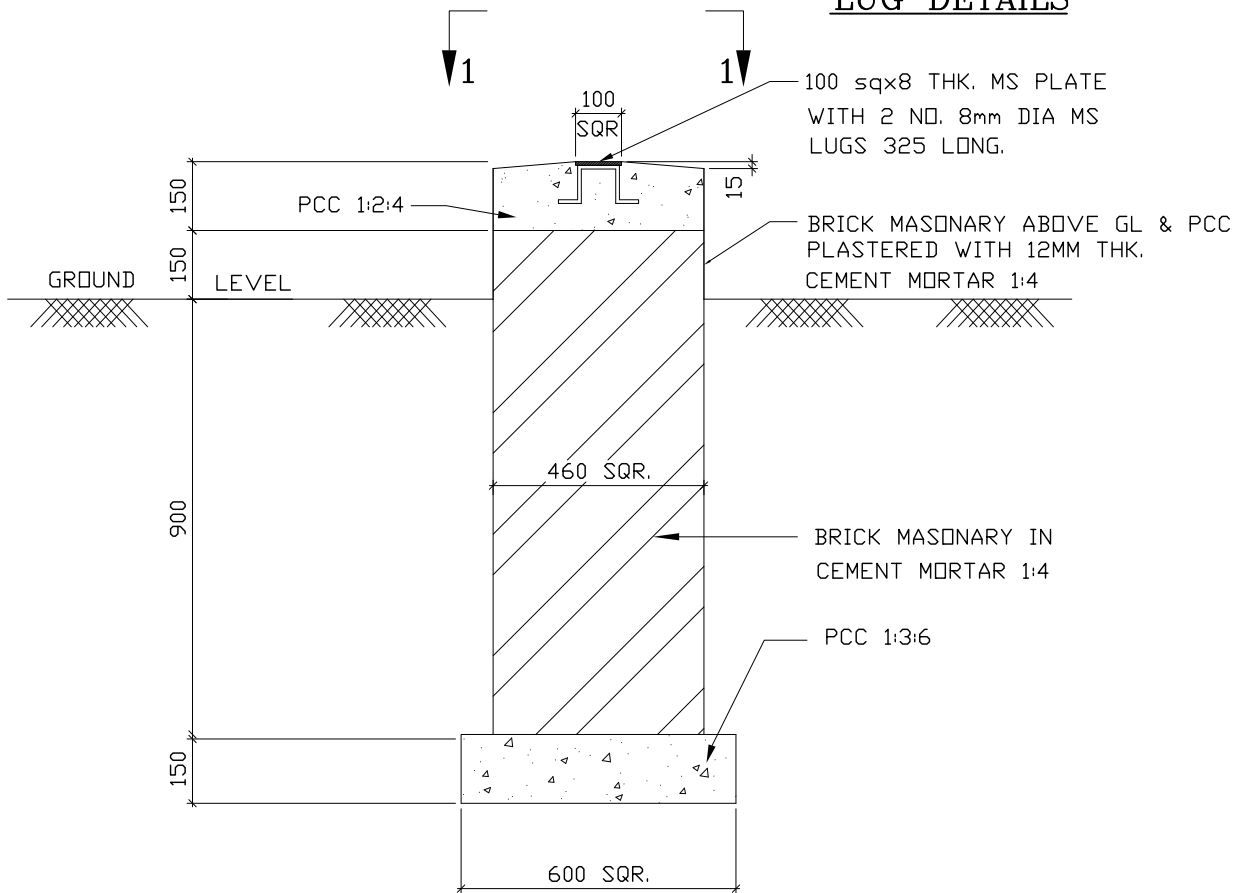
SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-601-001	
VOLUME II	
SECTION D	
REV. NO. 00	DATE 05.07.2008
SHEET 11	OF 11



VIEW 1-1



LUG DETAILS



NOTES

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM
2. ALL MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP SHALL BE AS PER SPECIFICATION & RELEVANT IS CODES

DATE 05.07.2008

PREPARED BY: DS

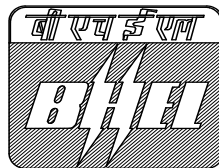
CHECKED BY: CPK

APPROVED BY: KD

BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS LTD

**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-601-001



July, 2008

**PROJECT ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT
POWER PROJECT ENGINEERING INSTITUTE,
HRD & ESI COMPLEX,
PLOT NO.: 25, SECTOR-16A,
NODIA, - 201 301, (UP)**



**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-601-001

VOLUME III

SECTION

REV.NO. 0 DATE-05/07/2008

SHEET 1 OF 3

**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES
FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY**

NOTES:

1. The item of work in the schedule of quantities describes the work very briefly. Details of items shall be read in conjunction with the corresponding specification, drawings and other tender terms. For each item in the schedule of quantities, the bidder's rate shall include all the activities covered in the description of the items as well as for all necessary operations in detail described in the technical specification.
2. The bidder shall quote for finished items of work and shall provide all necessary power, water, instruments, fuel, tools and plants, tackles, materials, transport, labour, supervision and maintenance till handing over, repairs, rectifications, safety and security of their workmen and equipments including insurance etc.
3. The unit rates quoted shall include minor details which are obviously and fairly intended and which may not have been included in these documents but are essential for the satisfactory completion of the work.
4. Quantities of the various items mentioned in the schedule of quantities are approximate and may vary upto any extent or be deleted altogether and new items may be added. The contractor shall carry out all the works upto a variation of $\pm 25\%$ (plus or minus twenty five percent) on the tendered value of the contract and all tendered rates shall remain firm within this limit.
5. Rates shall be quoted in both figures and words in clear legible writing. No overwriting is allowed. All scoring and cancellations should be countersigned by the bidder. In case of illegibility, the interpretation of the engineer-in-charge shall be the final and binding on the contractor.
6. Engineer-in-charge's decision regarding clarification of items in the schedule with respect to other sections of the contract shall be final and binding on the contractor.



**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-601-001

VOLUME III

SECTION

REV.NO. 0 DATE-05/07/2008

SHEET 2 OF 3

7. The bidder shall submit a scheme showing the arrangement and equipment proposed to be used for conducting the work along with the rates.
8. Contractor shall make his own arrangement for water, electricity, accommodation, access to site and the cost of all such works shall be considered to be included in his quoted price.



**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES FOR
TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-601-001

VOLUME III

SECTION

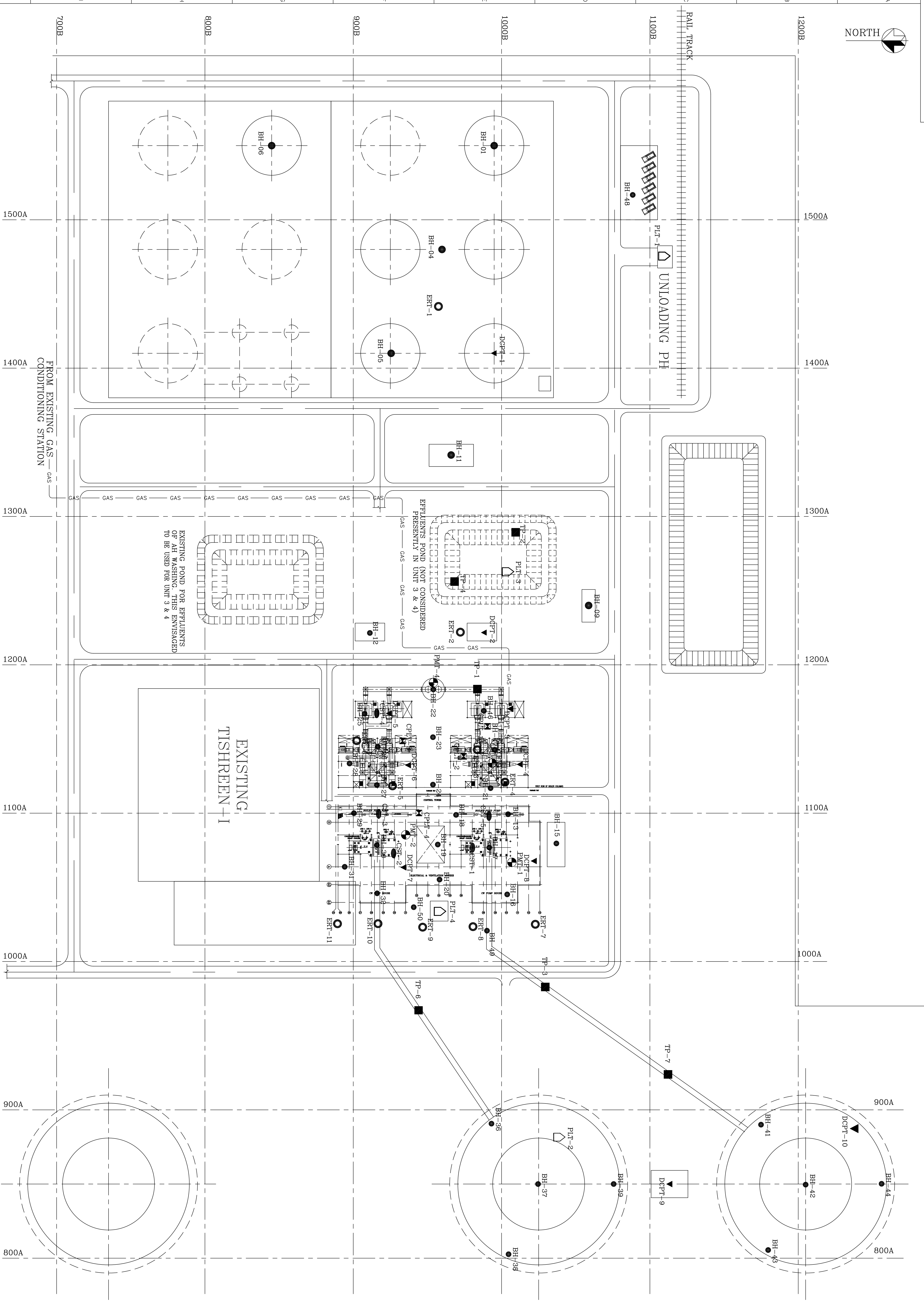
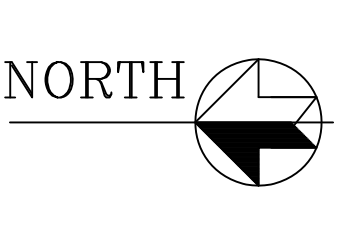
REV.NO. 0 DATE-05/07/2008

SHEET 3 OF 3

SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES

SL. NO	ITEM	UNIT	QTY.	RATE (INR)	AMOUNT (INR)
1	Carrying out bench mark from the nearest GTS bench mark or any other available source as approved by the engineer-in-charge to different locations in the project area including clearing of jungles and/or cutting trees and any other works required for completion of the said item etc all complete as per specification and instructions of the engineer-in-charge. (Construction of bench mark pillar to be paid separately)	km	5		
2	Carrying out topographical survey of plant and allied areas showing all permanent & general features and detailed contour survey by taking spot levels at 15m interval, carrying out cross section of canal/nallah by taking spot levels at 5m interval or less including clearance of jungles and cutting of trees etc which are interfering with the survey works and any other field works necessary for the completion of the said item, preparation and submission of all plans (maps), reports, CDs and originals etc all complete as per specification and instructions of the engineer-in-charge.	Hectare	32		
3	Construction of bench mark pillar/reference pillar/grid pillar at different locations including clearing of jungles, excavation, supply of materials, pillar marking, backfilling, white washing, painting on MS plate etc all complete as per specification, drawings and instructions of the engineer-in-charge. a) Bench mark pillar b) Grid/reference pillar	Each Each	2 22		

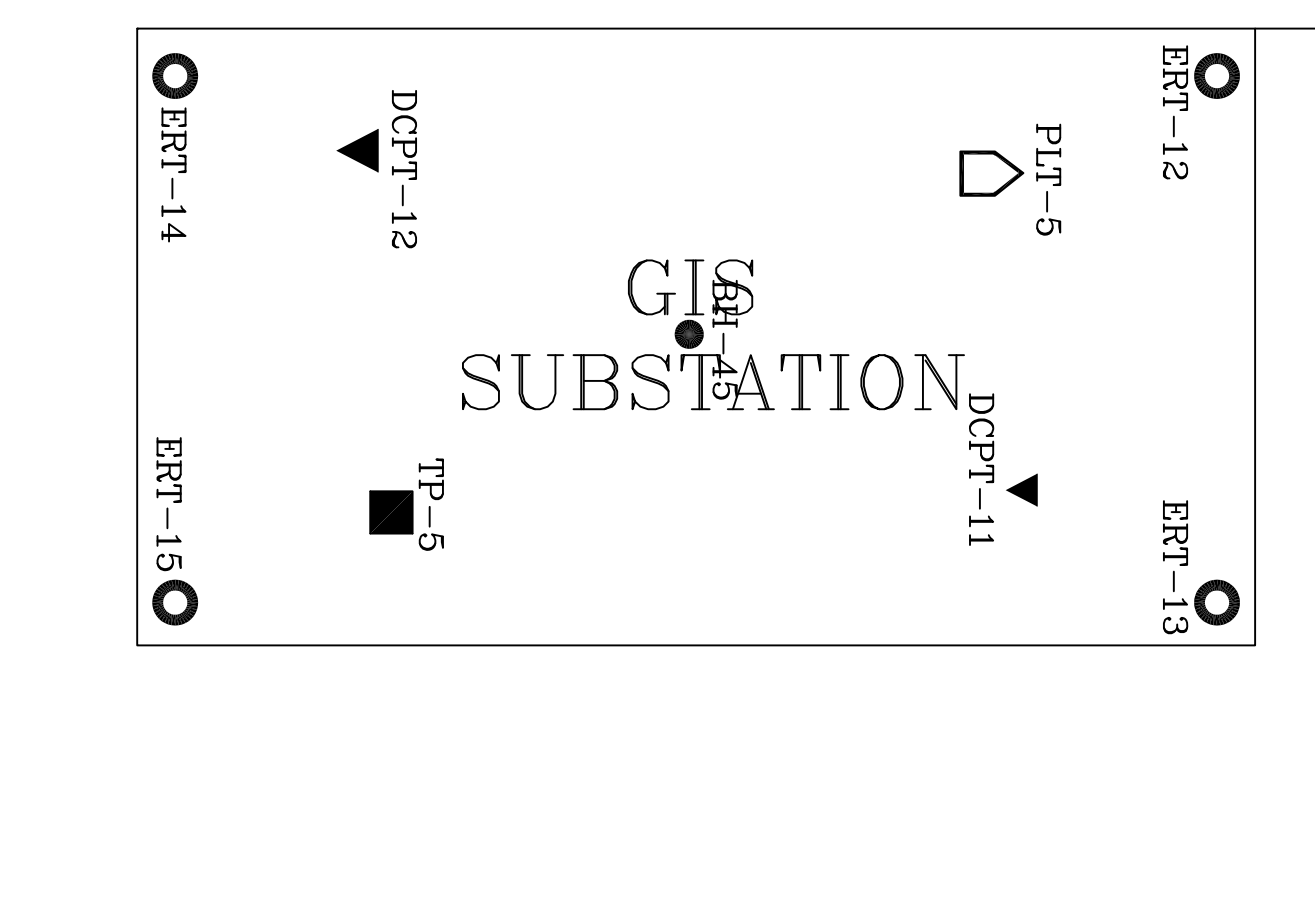
TOTAL



MARKING	CO-ORDINATES	DEPTH (M)
TP-1	A-1183 B-984	4.0
TP-2	A-1289 B-1009	4.0
TP-3	A-983 B-1030	4.0
TP-4	A-1256 B-965	4.0
TP-5	A-697 B-923	4.0
TP-6	A-967 B-944	4.0
TP-7	A-924 B-1112	4.0

MARKING	CO-ORDINATES	DEPTH (M)
PLT-1	A-1158 B-990	2.5
PLT-2	A-1138 B-975	3.0
PLT-3	A-1149 B-933	2.5
PLT-4	A-1100 B-944	3.0

MARKING	CO-ORDINATES	DEPTH (M)
PLT-1	A-1474 B-1108	3.0
PLT-2	A-882 B-1038	3.0
PLT-3	A-1262 B-1003	2.5
PLT-4	A-1034 B-957	3.0
PLT-5	A-741 B-1000	2.5



MARKING	CO-ORDINATES	DEPTH (M)	NOTE
BH-1	A-1550	3.0	
BH-2	DELETED		
BH-3	DELETED		
BH-4	A-1480 B-960	2.5	
BH-5	A-1410 B-925	2.5	
BH-6	A-1550 B-845	3.0	
BH-7	DELETED		
BH-8	DELETED		
BH-9	A-1240 B-1059	3.0	
BH-10	DELETED		
BH-11	A-1341 B-966	3.0	
BH-12	A-1222 B-911	3.0	
BH-13	A-1099 B-1004	3.0	
BH-14	DELETED		
BH-15	A-1080 B-1037	3.0	
BH-16	A-1045 B-1004	3.0	
BH-17	A-1077 B-992	3.5	
BH-18	A-1099 B-969	3.0	
BH-19	A-1079 B-958	3.0	
BH-20	A-1055 B-958	3.0	
BH-21	A-1117 B-992	3.0	
BH-22	A-1183 B-954	3.5	
BH-23	A-1151 B-954	3.0	
BH-24	A-1119 B-954	3.0	
BH-25	A-1167 B-908	3.0	
BH-26	A-1145 B-917	3.5	
BH-27	A-1119 B-916	3.0	
BH-28	A-1133 B-887	3.0	
BH-29	A-1100 B-900	3.0	
BH-30	A-1078 B-916	3.5	
BH-31	A-1064 B-884	3.0	
BH-32	A-1046 B-916	3.0	
BH-33	DELETED		
BH-34	DELETED		
BH-35	B-993	3.0	
BH-36	A-891 B-993	3.0	
BH-37	A-850 B-1025	3.5	
BH-38	A-803 B-1005	3.0	
BH-39	A-850 B-1075	3.0	
BH-40	DELETED		
BH-41	A-890 B-1175	3.0	
BH-42	A-850 B-1205	3.5	
BH-43	A-805 B-1180	3.0	
BH-44	A-850 B-1236	3.0	
BH-45	A-720 B-961	3.0	
BH-46	A-1169 B-988	3.0	
BH-47	A-1143 B-995	3.5	
BH-48	A-1517 B-1068	2.0	
BH-49	A-1024 B-992	3.0	
BH-50	A-1037 B-943	3.0	

NOTES:-

- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN METERS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- BORE HOLE SHALL BE DRILLED UP TO THE DEPTH INDICATED AGAINST EACH BOREHOLE OR UP TO 5M IN ROCK WITH CONTINUOUS ROD OF 50% WHICHEVER IS EARLIER.
- BACKFILLING OF BORE HOLES AND PITS SHALL BE AS PER SPECIFICATION AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER-IN-CHARGE.
- GROUND WATER SAMPLE SHALL BE COLLECTED FROM BH-1, BH-9, BH-22, BH-30, BH-37, BH-42 & BH-47.
- STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (SPT) SHALL BE CONDUCTED AT EVERY 2M INTERVAL UP TO 10M DEPTH BELOW GROUND LEVEL AND AT EVERY 3M INTERVAL BEYOND 10M DEPTH. AT CHANGE OF STRATA, AT DEPTH WHEREVER UNDISTURBED SOIL SAMPLES COULD NOT BE COLLECTED & AS PER THE DIRECTION OF ENGINEER-IN-CHARGE. THE UNDISTURBED SOIL SAMPLES SHALL BE COLLECTED AT EVERY 2M INTERVAL UP TO 10M DEPTH BELOW GROUND LEVEL AND AT EVERY 3M INTERVAL BEYOND 10M DEPTH. THE STARTING DEPTH OF UDS SHALL BE 2M BELOW GROUND LEVEL.
- PRESSURE METER TEST SHALL BE CARRIED OUT AT 3M, 5M, 7M, 9M, 11M, 13M, 15M, 18M, 20M, 23M, 26M, 30M & 35M DEPTH BELOW GROUND LEVEL.
- CROSS HOLE SHEAR WAVE TEST SHALL BE CARRIED OUT AT 3M, 5M, 7M, 9M, 11M, 13M, 15M, 18M, 20M, 23M, 26M, 30M & 35M DEPTH BELOW GROUND LEVEL.
- ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY TEST SHALL BE CARRIED OUT BY WENNER'S METHOD.
- GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION SHALL BE CARRIED OUT AS PER SPECIFICATION NO. - FE-15-F99-602-C002.
- FIELD PENETRAILITY TEST SHALL BE CARRIED OUT AT BH-4, BH-9 & BH-11, BH-21 & BH-43 @ 1M & 3M DEPTH BELOW GROUND LEVEL.
- DO NOT SCALE THIS DRAWING.

SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC
 MINISTRY OF ELECTRICITY

TISHREEN THERMAL POWER PLANT EXTENSION
 2 x 220 MW STEAM GENERATORS

BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS LTD
 PROJECT ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT
 NEW DELHI

REV	DATE	BY	CHK	APPD
15.03.08	01	V.V.	DNK	

As per IS: 8000 (Part 1) & IS: 8000 (Part 2) by ISIRI/3 on 02/03/08

JOB NO.	P99
STATUS	CONTRACT
DISTRIBUTION	
TITLE	GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION LAYOUT
SCALE	AS SHOWN
SHEET	01
DRAWING NO.	PG-DG-P99-602-C002
DATE	15.03.08

MARKING	CO-ORDINATES	DEPTH (M)
ERT-1	A-1442 B-957	3.0
ERT-2	A-124 B-984	3.0
ERT-3	A-1121 B-1002	3.0
ERT-4	A-1118 B-926	3.0
ERT-5	A-1149 B-902	3.0
ERT-6	A-1025 B-1023	3.0
ERT-7	A-1023 B-947	3.0
ERT-8	A-1025 B-917	3.0
ERT-9	A-1025 B-889	3.0
ERT-10	A-754 B-1030	3.0
ERT-11	A-695 B-1030	3.0
ERT-12	A-655 B-995	3.0
ERT-13	A-655 B-995	3.0
ERT-14	A-655 B-995	3.0
ERT-15	A-655 B-995	3.0

MARKING	CO-ORDINATES	DEPTH (M)
CS1-1	A-1073 B-990	3.0
CS1-2	A-1073 B-927	3.0
CS1-3	A-1099 B-916	3.0
CS1-4	A-1167 B-916	3.0
CS1-5	A-1098 B-991	3.0

MARKING	CO-ORDINATES	DEPTH (M)
DCPT-1	A-1410 B-995	3.0
DCPT-2	A-1170/B-880 TO A-1170/B-1020	3.0
DCPT-3	A-1170/B-880 TO A-1140/B-1020	3.0
DCPT-4	A-1100/B-880 TO A-1100/B-1020	3.0
DCPT-5	A-1167 B-925	3.0
DCPT-6	A-1133 B-937	3.0
DCPT-7	A-1083 B-935	3.0
DCPT-8	A-1088 B-1020	3.0
DCPT-9	A-880 B-1113	3.0
DCPT-10	A-887 B-1238	3.0
DCPT-11	A-700 B-1005	3.0
DCPT-12	A-744 B-919	3.0

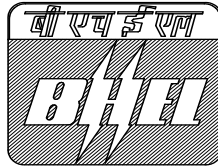
S.NO.	PROFILE
1	A-1190/B-920 TO A-1030/B-920
2	A-1190/B-995 TO A-1030/B-995
3	A-1170/B-880 TO A-1170/B-1020
4	A-1140/B-880 TO A-1140/B-1020
5	A-1100/B-880 TO A-1100/B-1020
6	A-1075/B-880 TO A-1075/B-1020

- LEGENDS:-**
- BORE HOLE (BH) - ●
 - DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION TEST (DCPT) - ▼
 - PLATE LOAD TEST (PLT) - ▽
 - ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY TEST (ERT) - ○
 - TRIAL PIT (TP) - ■
 - CYCLIC PLATE LOAD TEST (CPLT) - ⊠
 - PRESSURE METER TEST (PMT) - ●
 - CROSS HOLE SHEAR TEST - ●

BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS LTD

**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION
OF 2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002



JULY, 2008

**PROJECT ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT
POWER PROJECT ENGINEERING INSTITUTE,
HRD & ESI COMPLEX,
PLOT NO.: 25, SECTOR-16A,
NODIA, - 201 301, (UP)**



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-602-C002		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	1	OF	50

**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION**

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 This specification covers the technical requirements for a detailed “Geotechnical investigation and submission of a detailed geotechnical report”. The detailed geotechnical investigation shall be carried out onshore to provide the designer with sufficiently accurate information both general and specific about the substrata profile and relevant soil and rock parameters at site on the basis of which the foundation for various structures and equipments of the power station can be designed rationally. Such structures would include main power house, chimney, boiler foundation, turbo-generator foundation, foundation for vibratory equipments, deep pits, reservoir, ash pond, pipe supports and all other related structures of the power station etc. The above list is indicative and not exhaustive. The range of load intensities from the various structures are expected to be between 50 kN/sqm and 500 kN/sqm.

2.0 SCOPE

2.1 The work shall include mobilization of all necessary equipments, providing necessary engineering supervision and technical personnel, skilled and unskilled labours, arranging water for drilling etc as required to carry out the entire field as well as laboratory investigation, analysis and interpretation of test data collected and preparation of a geotechnical report. The entire field as well as laboratory investigation work shall be supervised by a graduate in civil engineering with atleast 5 years of site experience in respective areas of geotechnical investigation work. A geologist shall also be deputed at site during investigation whenever rock drilling is undertaken. The scheduling of laboratory tests, analysis and interpretation of test results, drafting of report and recommendations shall be carried out by a post graduate in geotechnical engineering with atleast 5 years of experience.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 2 OF 50

- 2.2 The contractor shall make his own arrangements for locating the co-ordinates and position of bore holes, trial pits and other field tests as per the drawings/sketches supplied to him and for determining the reduced levels at these locations with respect to a single bench mark indicated by the engineer-in-charge. Two established reference lines will be indicated to him. The contractor has to provide at the site all the required survey instruments to the satisfaction of the engineer-in-charge so that the work can be carried out accurately according to the specification and drawings.
- 2.3 All the field data shall be recorded in the proforma recommended in Indian Standard Codes and the field records shall be counter signed by the engineer-in-charge. The contractor shall submit two copies of the field borelogs to the engineer-in-charge soon after the completion of each bore hole. All the investigations are to be carried out by the contractor as per the priority requirements of the engineer-in-charge.
- 2.4 The contractor shall intimate the engineer-in-charge giving reasons if any additional specific tests he consider necessary to be carried out duly considering local sub-soil conditions before starting of such tests.
- 2.5 Whenever the contractor is unable to extract undisturbed samples he should immediately inform the engineer-in-charge. In such a case payment for boring charges shall be subject to the engineer-in-charge being satisfied that adequate effort has been made to extract undisturbed samples.
- 2.6 All the laboratory test data shall be recorded in the proforma recommended in the Indian Standard Codes and a copy of these shall be sent to the engineer-in-charge every week during the progress of laboratory testing. Whenever desired during the progress of work the owner/engineer-in-charge may be present at the laboratory where the contractor is arranging for execution of the laboratory tests.
- 2.7 The contractor shall interact with the engineer-in-charge to get acquainted with the different type of structures envisaged and in assessing the load intensities on the foundations for the various structures of the power project in order to enable him to make specific recommendation for the depth & type of foundation and the



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 3 OF 50

allowable bearing pressure. The contractor shall submit detailed geotechnical report after incorporating the comments (if any) on the draft report.

3.0 TENDER DRAWING

3.1 The enclosed Geotechnical Investigation Layout (**DRG.NO. PE-DG-F99-602-C002**) indicate the location of the bore holes and field tests/areas to be investigated for locating the project. The location, extent and depth of bore holes & field tests/area(s) indicated in the drawing is subject to change that may be necessary during actual execution of the work. No claim whatsoever shall be entertained for differences between the location, extent and depth/area(s) etc of soil tests indicated on the construction drawings and those shown on the tender drawings. The work shall be carried out as per the instructions of the engineer-in-charge.

3.2 The bidder must visit the site prior to submitting his quotations to acquaint himself fully with the nature, type, scope of work and involvement therein. The rates quoted shall remain firm during the entire period of execution till completion of the work and any additional claim for lack of knowledge shall not be entertained.

4.0 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

4.1 In areas which have already been developed, the contractor shall take advantage of existing local knowledge, record of trial pits, bore holes etc in the vicinity and the type of foundations adopted and behaviour of existing structures particularly those of similar nature to the ones proposed for this project.

4.2 The contractor shall make use of information gathered from quarries, unlined wells, cuttings from nearby areas etc. The general topography of the near by areas will often give some indication about the variation of the soil conditions which are likely to exist.

4.3 The contractor shall gather data regarding the removal of overburden by excavation, erosion or land slides in the areas which may give an idea of the amount of reconsolidation that the soil strata has



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 4 OF 50

undergone. Similarly data regarding recent fills shall also be studied to determine the characteristics of the fill as well as the original strata.

4.4 The water level in streams and water courses if any in the neighbourhood shall be noted. Reliable information regarding ground water level shall also be gathered from water level in the near by wells.

4.5 The contractor shall make enquiries and verify regarding earlier use of the site which can have important bearing on its suitability for the proposed structures. This is important particularly in areas where there have been underground works e.g. worked out ballast pits, quarries, old brick fields, mines, mineral workings etc. The possibility of damage to the structures, sewers, conduits and drainage system by subsidence shall also be investigated.

4.6 It is essential that the equipments/instruments are properly calibrated at the commencement of the work so that they represent true values and submit the test reports to the engineer-in-charge. If the engineer-in-charge so desires, the contractor shall arrange for having the instruments tested in presence of the engineer at an approved laboratory at the contractor's cost and the test reports shall be submitted to the engineer-in-charge.

4.7 When blasting with explosives is involved, agency/contractor shall arrange statutory clearances and also the portable magazine for storing/carrying the explosives.

5.0 CODES AND STANDARDS

5.1 All standards, specification and codes of practice referred to herein shall be the latest editions including all applicable official amendments and revisions.

5.2 In case of conflict between this specification and those (IS codes and standards etc) referred to herein the former shall prevail.

5.3 All work shall be carried out as per the specification and the following standards and codes.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 5 OF 50

- IS: 1080 Code of practice for design and construction of simple spread foundations
- IS: 1498 Classification and identification of soils for general engineering purposes
- IS: 1888 Method of load test on soils
- IS: 1892 Code of practice for subsurface Investigation for foundation
- IS: 1904 Code of practice for design and construction of foundations in soils: General requirements
- IS: 2131 Method of standard penetration test for soils
- IS: 2132 Code of practice for thin walled tube sampling of soils
- IS: 2470 Code of practice for design and construction of septic tanks Part-I
- IS: 2720 Method of test for soils (Relevant parts)
- IS: 2809 Glossary of terms and symbols relating to soil engineering
- IS: 2810 Glossary of terms relating to soil dynamics
- IS: 2911 Code of practice for design and construction of pile foundations (Relevant parts)
- IS: 2950 Code of practice for design and construction of raft Part- I foundation
- IS: 3025 Methods of sampling and testing (Physical and chemical) for water used in Industry
- IS: 3043 Code of practice for earthing
- IS: 4078 Code of practice for indexing and storage of drill cores



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 6 OF 50

- IS: 4434 Code of practice for in-situ vane shear test for soils
- IS: 4453 Code of practice for exploration by pits, trenches, drifts and shafts
- IS: 4464 Code of practice for presentation of drilling information and core description in foundation investigation
- IS: 4968 Method for subsurface sounding for soils- Dynamic Part -II method using cone and bentonite slurry
- IS: 4968 Method for subsurface sounding for soils-Static cone Part-III penetration test
- IS: 5249 Method of test for determination of in-situ dynamic properties of soil
- IS: 5313 Guide for core drilling observations
- IS: 5529 Code of practice for in-situ permeability test – Test in Part-I overburden
- IS: 5529 Code of practice for in-situ permeability test - Test in bed Part-II rock
- IS: 6065 Recommendation for the preparation of geological and geotechnical maps for river valley project
- IS: 6403 Code of practice for determination of allowable bearing pressure on shallow foundation
- IS: 6926 Code of practice for diamond core drilling for site investigation of river valley projects
- IS: 6935 Method of determination of water level in a bore hole
- IS: 6955 Code of practice of subsurface exploration for earth and rockfill dams



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 7 OF 50

IS: 7422 Symbols and abbreviations for use in geological maps, sections and subsurface exploratory logs (Relevant parts)

IS: 8009 Code of practice for calculation of settlement of
Part-I foundation subjected to symmetrical vertical loads -
Shallow foundations

IS: 8009 Code of practice for calculation of settlement of
Part-II foundation subjected to symmetrical vertical loads –
Deep foundations

IS: 8763 Guide for undisturbed sampling of sands

IS: 8764 Method for determination of point load strength index of
rocks

IS: 9143 Method for the determination of unconfined compressive
strength of rock materials

IS: 9179 Method for preparation of rock specimen for laboratory
testing

IS: 9198 Compaction rammer for soil testing

IS: 9214 Determination of modulus of sub-grade reaction in field

IS: 9259 Specifications for liquid limit apparatus

IS: 9640 Specifications for split spoon sampler

IS: 9669 Specifications for CBR mould and its accessories

IS: 10050 Method for determination of slake durability index of
rocks

IS: 10060 Code of practice for subsurface investigation for power
house sites

IS: 10074 Specification for compaction mould assembly for light
and heavy compaction



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-602-C002		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	8	OF	50

IS: 10108 Code of practice for sampling by thin wall sampler with stationary piston

IS: 10589 Equipment for determination of subsurface sounding of soils

IS: 10837 Specifications of moulds for determination of relative density and its accessories

IS: 11229 Specifications for shear box testing of soils

IS: 11315 Description of discontinuities in rock mass - Core Part-II recovery and rock quality

IS: 12070 Code of practice for design and construction of shallow foundations on rocks

IS:13372 Seismic testing of rock mass – Code of practice (Part I & II)

6.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION - SOIL

6.1 Boring

6.1.1 General Requirements

a) Bore holes shall be drilled at specified locations to obtain information about the sub-soil profile, its nature, strength and to collect soil samples for strata identification and conducting laboratory tests. The minimum diameter of the bore hole shall be 150 mm and boring shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of IS: 1892 and as per this specification.

b) All bore holes shall extend up to the depths shown on the construction drawings or as directed by the engineer-in-charge. If the strata with standard penetration test (SPT) 'N' value greater than 100 with characteristics of rock is met with earlier, the bore hole shall be advanced further by chiselling. Chiselling shall be continued for a maximum depth of 20cm or upto 2 hours whichever is earlier.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 9 OF 50

During chiselling rock fragments/rock cores shall be collected. Identification of rock strata shall be on the basis of visual examination of SPT sample and rock fragments. After it is established that rock is met with, the borehole shall be advanced further by drilling in rock as specified in clause 7.0 and cores shall be collected. When the bore hole is terminated in soil strata, an additional standard penetration test shall be carried out at the termination depth.

c) Casing pipe shall be used in the borehole to support its sides when side fall is suspected to occur inside the borehole. When casing pipe is used, it shall be ensured that its bottom end is at all times 15 cm above the bottom of the bore hole. In case of cohesionless soils the advancement of the casing pipe shall be such that it does not disturb the soil to be tested or sampled. The casing shall be advanced by slowly turning the casing pipe and not by driving.

d) In-situ tests and collection of undisturbed samples (UDS) shall be carried out at regular intervals and at change of strata or as decided by the engineer-in-charge. Representative disturbed and undisturbed samples shall be preserved for conducting various tests in the laboratory. Water table in the borehole shall be carefully recorded and reported. No water/drilling mud shall be added while boring above ground water table. For cohesionless soil below water table, the water level in the borehole shall all times be maintained at slightly above the water table.

e) The bore hole shall be cleaned using suitable tools up to the depth of testing or sampling ensuring that there is minimum disturbance of soil at the bottom of the bore hole. The process of jetting through an open tube sampler shall not be permitted. In cohesive soils, the borehole may be cleaned using a bailer with a flap valve. Gentle circulation of drilling fluid shall be done when rotary mud circulation boring is adopted.

f) On completion of the borehole, the portion drilled in soil shall be backfilled with sand unless otherwise directed by the engineer-in-charge.

g) Wash boring shall not be adopted.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 10 OF 50

6.1.2 Auger Boring

Auger boring can be adopted in soft to stiff cohesive soils above water table. Augers shall be of helical or post hole type which may be manually or power operated. While boring care shall be taken to minimise the disturbance to the deposits below the bottom of the borehole. The cuttings brought up by the auger shall be carefully examined in the field and the description of all the strata shall be duly recorded in the field borelog as per IS:1498. No water shall be used while auger boring.

6.1.3 Shell and Auger Boring

Shell and Auger boring can be used in all types of soil free from boulders. For cohesionless soil below ground water table, the water level in the bore hole shall always be maintained at or above the ground water level. The use of chisel bit shall be permitted in hard strata with SPT-N value greater than 100. Chisel bits may also be used to extend the borehole through local obstruction such as old construction, boulders, rocky formations etc. All other requirements in clause 6.1.2 shall apply for this type of boring also.

6.1.4 Percussion Drilling

This method can be adopted in soil with gravel and boulders when the boring has to be done at a faster rate. This method consists of breaking of the strata by repeated blows from a chisel or drilling bit and bailing out the debris at intervals by adding water into the bore hole. This method is not suitable for careful and very reliable sampling operation because of the disturbance caused during boring. This method shall not be adopted unless otherwise specified or permitted by the engineer-in-charge.

6.1.5 Rotary Mud Circulation Drilling

This method can be used in all types of soil below water table. In this method boring shall be done by rotating the bit fixed at the bottom of the drill rod. Proper care shall be taken to keep a firm contact between the bit and the bottom of the borehole. Bentonite or mud



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 11 OF 50

laden fluids shall be used as the drilling fluid to serve as the protective surface inside the borehole.

6.2 Standard Penetration Test (SPT)

This test shall be conducted in all types of soil deposits met within the bore hole to find the variation in the soil stratification by correlating with the number of blows required for unit penetration of a standard penetrometer. This test shall be conducted at every 2m intervals upto 10m depth below ground level and at every 3m interval beyond 10m depth, at every change of strata, at depths wherever undisturbed soil samples could not be collected and as per the directions of the engineer-in-charge. The starting depth of performing SPT shall be either 1m depth below ground level. This depth shall be staggered in alternate boreholes. The depth interval between the top level of standard penetration test and to that of (next) undisturbed sampling shall not be less than 1m. The specification for equipments and other accessories, procedure for conducting the test, presentation of test results and collection of disturbed soil samples etc shall conform to IS: 2131.

This test shall be carried out by driving a standard split spoon sampler in the borehole by means of a 650 N hammer having a free fall of 0.75m. The sampler shall be driven using the hammer for 450 mm penetration. While driving, the number of blows for every 150 mm penetration and the penetration for every 50 blows shall be recorded. The number of blows for the last 300 mm drive shall be reported as 'N' value. This test shall be discontinued when the blow count is equal to 100 and the penetration shall be recorded. Refusal shall be considered to be met with when the blow count is equal to 100. At the location where the test is discontinued, the penetration and the corresponding number of blows shall be reported. Sufficient quantity of disturbed soil samples shall be collected from the split spoon sampler for identification and laboratory testing. The samples shall be visually classified & recorded at the site and shall be properly preserved and labelled for future identification & testing.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-602-C002		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	12	OF	50

6.3 Sampling

6.3.1 General

a) Sufficient number of soil samples shall be collected for reliable estimation of soil properties. The samples collected shall be either disturbed or undisturbed. Disturbed soil samples shall be collected for field identification and conducting laboratory tests such as sieve analysis, index properties, specific gravity, chemical analysis etc. Undisturbed samples shall be collected to estimate physical, strength and settlement properties of the soil.

b) All the accessories required for sampling and the method of sampling shall conform to IS:2132. All disturbed and undisturbed samples collected in the field shall be classified at site as per IS: 1498.

c) All the samples shall be identified with date, bore hole or trial pit number, depth of sampling etc. It is also essential to mark an arrow pointing towards the top surface of the undisturbed sample as the soil was in-situ. Care shall be taken to keep the undisturbed soil samples and box samples vertically with the arrow directing upwards. The tube samples shall be properly trimmed at both ends and suitably sealed with molten paraffin wax at both ends immediately after extracting the samples from the bore hole/trial pit and suitably capped on both sides.

d) When the contractor fails to collect undisturbed soil sample at a specified depth, the borehole shall be advanced by 0.50m and shall be performed with a standard penetration test. The reason for not obtaining the undisturbed soil sample shall be indicated in the borelog.

e) Precaution shall be taken to ensure that there shall not be any change in moisture content and disturbance of the soil samples and they shall be placed in a temporary store at the end of the day's work. All the samples shall be kept over a bed of sand, jute bags, saw dust etc and covered over the top with similar material. The bed and top cover shall be kept moist till they are properly packed in wooden



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-602-C002		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	13	OF	50

boxes. The contractor shall be responsible for packing and transporting of all the samples from site to the laboratory within seven days after sampling with proper protection against loss and damage.

f) All the samples shall be suitably packed in wooden boxes using sand, saw dust etc all around the samples before transporting to the laboratory for testing.

6.3.2 Disturbed Samples

a) Disturbed soil samples shall be collected from cuttings and from split spoon sampler in boreholes at regular intervals to provide complete description of soil profile and its variation. The samples shall be immediately stored in airtight jars or polythene bags and labelled with borehole/trial pit number and depth.

b) In elevated areas, if superficial material is available in plenty, then bulk samples from a depth of about 0.5m below ground level shall be collected to establish all required properties to use it as a fill material. Disturbed samples weighing about 250N shall be collected at shallow depths and immediately stored in polythene bags as per IS: 1892. The bags shall be sealed properly and shall be kept in wooden boxes.

6.3.3 Undisturbed Samples

In each borehole undisturbed sample(UDS) shall be collected at regular intervals of 2m up to 10m depth below ground level and at every 3m interval beyond 10m depth and as directed by the engineer-in-charge. The starting depth of collecting UDS shall be 2m depth below ground level and as directed by the engineer-in-charge. The starting depth shall be staggered in alternate boreholes. Undisturbed samples shall be of 100mm diameter and 450mm length. Samples shall be collected in such a manner that the structure of soil and its moisture content do not get altered. The specification for the accessories required for sampling and the sampling procedure shall conform to IS:1892 and IS:2132. Undisturbed sampling in sand shall be done using compressed air technique as mentioned in IS:8763. Thin walled sampler shall be used to collect undisturbed samples by



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 14 OF 50

pushing the tube into the soil. The sampling tube shall have a smooth finish on both surfaces and minimum effective length of 450mm. The area ratio of sampling tubes shall be less than 12.5%. However in case of very stiff soils, area ratio upto 20% shall be permitted.

a) Undisturbed Sampling in Cohesive Soil

Undisturbed samples in soft to stiff cohesive soils shall be obtained using a thin walled sampler. In order to reduce wall friction, suitable precautions such as oiling the surfaces shall be taken. The bore hole shall be cleaned and the depth of sampling below ground level shall be noted. The sampler shall then be attached to the bottom of boring rods and lowered into the borehole. The sampler shall be pushed into the clay layer by hand or by jacking and soil sample of specified length shall be collected without disturbing the soil. The distance by which the sampler penetrates into the soil strata shall be checked. Care shall be taken to ensure that the sampler is not driven too far as this will compress the soil. The sampler shall be rotated to break the core at bottom of the sampler and then steadily drawn up.

b) Undisturbed Sampling Using Piston Sampler

Undisturbed samples in very loose saturated sandy & silty soils and very soft clays shall be obtained by using a piston sampler consisting of a sampling cylinder and piston system. In soft clays and silty clays with water standing in the casing pipe, piston sampler shall be used to collect undisturbed samples. During this method of sampling expert supervision is called for.

The interior surface of the sampler shall be smooth, clean and corrosion resistant. Its cutting edge and the ring seals shall be inspected for wear and rejected if worn. Check shall be done to ensure that the moving parts of the sampler function freely before the sampler is lowered into the borehole. While pushing the system into the soil and till the beginning of the sampling operations, the bottom of the piston shall be flushed with the cutting edge of the sampler. At the depth of sampling, the piston should be fixed relative to the ground and the sampler cylinder shall be independently pressed down smoothly and continuously into the ground. If an obstruction is met,



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 15 OF 50

the sampler shall be withdrawn and another sample be taken after the obstruction is removed.

Accurate measurements of the depth of sampling, height of sampler, stroke and length of sample recovery shall be noted and recorded. After the sampler is pushed to the required depth, both the sampler cylinder and the piston system shall be drawn up together ensuring that there shall not be any disturbance to the sample which shall then be protected from changes in moisture content.

c) Undisturbed Sampling in Cohesionless Soils

Undisturbed samples in cohesionless soils shall be obtained as per the procedure given in IS:8763. Compressed air sampler shall be used to take the samples of cohesionless soil below water table. Precautions shall be taken to clean the borehole before sampling. Thin walled tube samplers of 60mm internal diameter shall be used. The height and other dimensions of the sampler shall be recorded before use. Proper care shall be taken to maintain the water level in the bore hole slightly above the ground water table before and during sampling operations. Immediately after the sample is obtained, the ends of the sample shall be waxed and capped to avoid moisture content changes.

6.3.4 Relaxation During Sampling

a) The sampler shall be pushed into the soil and driving of sampler shall be resorted to only when it cannot be pushed into the soil. This shall be done only with the permission of the engineer-in-charge and all the details about the same shall be recorded in the bore logs.

b) In clays when 'N' value is greater than 50, the undisturbed sampling may be replaced by standard penetration test.

6.4 Ground Water

6.4.1 One of the following methods shall be adopted for determining the ground water table in bore holes as per IS:6935 and as per the instructions of the engineer-in-charge.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 16 OF 50

a) In permeable soils, the water level in borehole shall be allowed to stabilize after lowering it adequately by bailing. When water level inside the borehole is found to be stable, the depth of water level below ground level shall be measured. Stability of sides and bottom of the borehole shall be ensured at all times.

b) For both permeable and impermeable soils, the following method shall be suitable. The borehole shall be filled with water and then bailed out to various depths. Observation on the rise or fall of water level shall be made at each depth. The level at which neither a fall nor a rise is observed shall be considered as the water table elevation. This shall be established by three successive readings of water level taken at an interval of two hours.

6.4.2 In case any variation in the ground water level is observed in any specific boreholes then the water level in these bore holes shall be recorded daily during the course of field investigation. Levels in nearby wells, streams etc if any shall also be noted whenever these readings are taken. If so called for, observation wells shall be drilled for the purpose of long term studies on the fluctuation in ground water levels and pressure. Either stand pipe or piezometer shall be installed at the specified depths in the selected previously drilled bore holes or specially drilled bore holes for this purpose as per the specification and instructions of the engineer-in-charge. Daily water level readings shall be recorded immediately following the installation upto the time of leaving the site. At the end of field work, these installations shall be handed over in satisfactory working condition to the engineer-in-charge without disturbing their position so that the owner can continue further observations.

6.4.3 Stand pipes and piezometers shall consist of 19mm internal diameter rigid unplasticised (UPVC) tubing. All the joints in the tubing shall be made of coupling sleeves. The top of UPVC tubing shall be enclosed in a 75mm diameter galvanised steel pipe of 1.5m length having a galvanised steel screw cap with well greased threads and the caps shall be tightened such that it would be impossible to loosen by hand. The lower end of the pipe shall have four legs of 6mm thick and 100mm long and welded to have projection of 25mm. The pipe shall be sealed into the ground with cement grout so that it does not rotate. The top end of the pipe shall project about 300mm above



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 17 OF 50

ground level unless otherwise specified by the engineer-in-charge. The perforated tubing for the porous element shall be surrounded by a response zone of well graded sand from 500mm below to 150mm above the lower end of the stand pipe or piezometer and the bore hole above the response zone shall be back filled with natural soil or well graded sand.

a) Stand pipe

Stand pipes shall be installed to measure the water level in soils with high permeability such as sand and gravel. The stand pipe shall consist of a perforated tubing attached to the bottom of the UPVC tubing. The perforated tube shall be 150mm long having perforations of diameter not greater than 1mm.

b) Piezometers

Piezometers shall be installed to measure the pore pressures in soil with medium to low permeability. Piezometer shall consist of a porous filter attached to the bottom of the UPVC tubing. The filter shall be 300mm in length and shall be placed in the bore hole and sealed at top and bottom by grouting. Hydraulic piezometers with double line are to be used to remove the air trapped in the system.

6.4.4 Sub-Soil Water Samples

a) Sub-soil water samples shall be collected for carrying out chemical analysis. Representative samples of ground water shall be collected when it is first encountered in boreholes before the addition of water to aid boring or drilling. Water samples shall not be collected when bentonite slurry or mud has been used for drilling operations. If water has been added for drilling purposes or if ground water has been diluted by surface rain water then the bore hole shall be dewatered and water be allowed to rise from which the sample may be taken.

b) The sampling apparatus shall be such that the water at the desired depth can be collected directly without any disturbance and any change in concentration of constituents like dissolved gases etc. Undue agitation shall be avoided. An ordinary suction pump with its



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-602-C002		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	18	OF	50

suction end inserted upto the required depth in the borehole shall be used for this purpose.

c) The sample shall be collected in a clean vessel and allowed to settle so that the supernatural liquid can be poured into a clean well rinsed glass or polythene bottle. Sufficient quantity and number of samples shall be collected to carry out the chemical analysis and sent to a laboratory in airtight bottles with proper labelling. Chemical analysis of water samples shall include determination of pH value, turbidity, sulphate, carbonate, nitrate & chloride contents, presence of organic matter and suspended solids etc.

d) In some cases constituents may be mixed and analysed later as specified in the specific test methods. Chemical preservatives may be added to the sample for cases as specified in the test method/IS codes. This shall only be done if analysis cannot be conducted within an hour of collection and shall have the prior written permission and approval of the engineer-in-charge.

6.5 In-situ Permeability Test

6.5.1 In-situ permeability test shall be conducted to determine the water percolation capacity of overburden soil. This test shall be performed inside the bore hole/trial pit at specified depths or in each layer or as per the directions of the engineer-in-charge. The type of test shall be either pump-in or pump-out test depending on the subsoil and ground water conditions. Pump-in test shall be conducted whether ground water in borehole exists or not. Pump-out test shall be conducted to obtain data for dewatering purposes when ground water is met in the borehole. The specification for equipments required for the test and the procedure of testing shall be in accordance with IS: 5529, Part-1. When it is required to carry out the permeability test for a particular section of the soil strata above ground water table, bentonite slurry shall not be used while boring.

6.5.2 Pump-in-Test

Pump-in test shall be conducted in the bore hole/trial pit by allowing water to percolate into the soil. Choice of the method of testing shall depend on the soil permeability and prevailing ground water level.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 19 OF 50

Only clear water shall be used for conducting the test. Before conducting the test, the borehole shall be cleaned as specified in clause 6.1.1 (e). Water shall be allowed to percolate through the test section for sufficient period of time to saturate the soil before starting the observation.

a) Constant Head Method (In Bore Hole)

This test shall be conducted in boreholes where soil has a high permeability. Water shall be allowed into the borehole through a metering system ensuring gravity flow at constant head so as to maintain a steady water level in the borehole. A reference mark shall be made at a convenient level which can be easily seen in the casing pipe to note down the fluctuations of water level. The fluctuations shall be counteracted by varying the quantity of water flowing into the borehole. The elevation of water shall be observed at every 5 minute interval. When three consecutive readings show constant value, the necessary observations such as flow rate, elevation of water surface above test depth, diameter of casing pipe etc shall be made and recorded as per the proforma recommended in IS: 5529, Part-1, Appendix-A.

b) Falling Head Method (In Bore Hole)

This method shall be adopted for soils of low permeability and which can stand without casing. The test section shall be sealed at the bottom of the borehole and a packer at the top of the test section. If the test has to be conducted at an intermediate section of a pre-bored hole then double packers shall be used. Access to the test section through the packer shall be by means of a pipe which shall extend above the ground level. Water shall be filled into the pipe upto the level marked just below the top of the pipe and water be allowed to drain into the test section. The water level in the pipe shall be recorded at regular intervals as mentioned in IS: 5529, Part-1, Appendix-B. The test shall be repeated till constant records of water level are achieved.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 20 OF 50

6.6 TRIAL PIT

6.6.1 Trial pits shall be of 3m x 3m size so as to permit easy access for visual examination of walls of the pit and to facilitate sampling and in-situ testing operations. Pits shall be excavated upto a maximum depth of 4m below ground level or as per the directions of the engineer-in-charge. Precautions shall be taken to ensure the stability of pit walls including provision of shoring if necessary as per IS: 4453. Precautions shall be taken to prevent surface water draining into the pit. Arrangements shall be made for dewatering if the pit is extended below water table. Trial pits shall be kept dry and a ladder shall be provided for easy access to the bottom of the pit. In-situ tests shall be conducted and undisturbed samples shall be collected immediately on reaching the specified depth so as to avoid substantial changes in moisture content of the subsoil. Arrangements shall be made for barriers, protective measures and lighting necessary for the period the pits remain open.

6.6.2 A note on the visual examination of soil strata shall be prepared. This should include the nature, colour, consistency and visual classification of the soil, thickness of soil strata, thickness of expansive soil & ground water table if any etc.

6.6.3 Undisturbed samples shall be collected at 1m, 2m, 3m depth and at the termination depth in all the pits.

a) Chunk Samples

In cohesive soils, undisturbed samples of regular shapes shall be collected. The samples shall be cut and trimmed to a size of 0.3m x 0.3m x 0.3m. A square area of 0.35m x 0.35m shall be marked at the centre of the levelled surface at the bottom of the pit. Without disturbing the soil inside the marked area, the soil around this marking shall be carefully removed upto a depth of 0.35m. The four vertical faces of the soil block protruding at the centre shall be trimmed slowly so that its size reduces to 0.3m x 0.3m. Wax paper cut to suitable size shall be wrapped uniformly and covered with two layers of thin cloth over all the five exposed surfaces of the soil block and sealed properly using molten wax. A firmly constructed wooden box of size 0.35m x 0.35m x 0.35m (internal dimensions)



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 21 OF 50

with the top and bottom open shall be placed around the soil block and held such that its top edge protrudes just above the surface of the block. The space between the soil block and the box shall be filled uniformly and tightly with moist saw dust. The top surface shall also be covered with saw dust before nailing the wooden lid to cover the box firmly taking care that the soil block is not disturbed. The area of contact between the bottom portion of the block and the ground shall be reduced slowly by removing soil in small quantities using small rods so that the block can be separated from the ground slowly without disturbance. After inverting the wooden box along with the soil block, the bottom portion shall be trimmed and covered with wax paper, cloth and to be sealed with molten wax. A wooden lid shall be nailed to the box after providing proper saw dust cushion below it. An arrow mark shall be made on the vertical face of the wooden box to indicate the top surface of the sample along with the location, date and depth of sampling.

b) Tube Samples

Undisturbed tube samples may also be obtained by means of 100mm diameter sampling tubes with a cutting edge. The sampler shall be slightly oiled or greased inside and outside to reduce friction. The sampler shall be pushed into the soil and while doing so soil around the tube shall be carefully removed. In case it is not possible to push the sampler it may be driven by light blows from a "monkey".

6.6.4 In case it is not possible to collect undisturbed samples in the pit, in-situ density of soil shall be determined by sand replacement method. The specification, equipments, accessories etc required for the test and the procedure of testing shall be in accordance with IS: 2720, Part-XXVIII. No separate payment shall be made for this test.

6.6.5 After the completion of the test, sampling and visual examination, the pit shall be suitably backfilled as directed by the engineer-in-charge. Unless otherwise specified excavated soil shall be used for this purpose.

6.7 Vane Shear Test



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 22 OF 50

Field vane shear test shall be performed inside the borehole to determine the shear strength of cohesive soils, especially of soft and sensitive clays which are highly susceptible to sampling disturbance. This test shall be conducted by advancing a four winged vane of suitable size (75mm or 100mm diameter as per the soil condition) into the soil upto desired depth and measuring the torque required to rotate the vane. The specification for equipments & accessories required, the test procedure and field observations etc shall be as per IS: 4434. This test may also be conducted by direct penetration from the ground surface. If the cuttings at the test depth in the bore hole show any presence of gravel, sand, shells, decomposed wood etc which are likely to influence the test results substantially, the test at that particular depth may be omitted with the permission of the engineer-in-charge. However the test shall be conducted at a depth where these obstructions cease to occur. On completion of the test the results shall be reported in an approved proforma as specified in IS: 4434, Appendix-A.

6.8 Static Cone Penetration Test

Static cone penetration test shall be conducted to know the soil stratification and to estimate the various physical and engineering properties of soil. The cone penetrometer shall be advanced by pushing and the static force required for unit penetration shall be determined. The test shall be conducted using a 200kN capacity mechanically operated equipment upto the specified depth or refusal whichever is earlier. For this test, 'refusal' means meeting a very hard strata which cannot be penetrated at the rate of at least 0.3cm/sec even when the equipment is loaded to its full capacity. The specification for the equipment and accessories required for performing the test, test procedure, field observation and reporting of results shall conform to IS : 4968, Part-III. At the ground level, preboring upto 0.5m depth shall be permitted if the overlying strata is very hard. No extra payment shall be made on account of this preboring. Continuous record of the penetration resistance shall be maintained.

6.9 Dynamic Cone Penetration Test

Dynamic cone penetration test shall be conducted using bentonite



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 23 OF 50

slurry by driving a standard size cone attached to the bottom of a string of drill rods. The test shall be conducted upto the specified depth or refusal whichever is earlier. Refusal shall be considered when the blow count exceeds 150 for 300mm penetration. The specification for the equipment and accessories required for performing the test, test procedure, field observations and reporting of results shall conform to IS:4968, Part-II. The driving system shall comprise of a 650N weight having a free fall of 0.75m. The cone shall be of 65mm diameter provided with vents for continuous flow of bentonite slurry through the cone and rods in order to avoid friction between the rods and soil. On completion of the test, the results shall be presented as a continuous record of number of blows required for every 300mm penetration of the cone into the soil in a suitable chart supplemented by a graphical plot.

6.10 Plate Load Test

- 6.10.1 Plate load test shall be conducted to determine the bearing capacity and load/settlement characteristics of soil at shallow depth by loading a plane and levelled steel plate kept at the desired depth and measuring the settlement under different loads until a desired settlement takes place or failure occurs. The specification for equipment and accessories required for conducting the test, the test procedure, field observations and reporting of results etc shall conform to IS: 1888. The location and depth of the test shall be as given in the drawing or as indicated by the engineer-in-charge. Undisturbed tube samples as specified in clause 6.6.3 (b) shall be collected at 1m and 2.5m depths from the ground level for carrying out laboratory tests.
- 6.10.2 The size of pit shall not be less than five times the plate size and the depth shall be as specified. All provisions regarding excavation and visual examination of pit under clause 6.6.1 and 6.6.2 shall apply here also.
- 6.10.3 If the ground water table is at a depth higher than the specified test depth, the ground water table shall be lowered and maintained at the test depth for the entire duration of the test. Dewatering shall be at the cost of the contractor.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 24 OF 50

6.10.4 Unless otherwise specified the reaction method of loading shall be adopted. Settlement shall be recorded from dial gauges placed at four diametrically opposite ends of the test plate. The test plate shall be of 600mm x 600mm size and atleast 25mm thick. The bottom of the pit shall be levelled before placing the plate in position for conducting the test.

6.10.5 A seating load of 7kN/sqm shall be applied and after the dial gauge readings are stabilized, the load shall be released and the initial readings of the dial gauges be recorded after they indicate constant reading. The load shall be increased in stages. These stages shall be 20, 40, 70, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 400, 500, 600 and 800kN per sqm or as directed by the engineer-in-charge. Under each loading stage, record of 'time vs settlement' shall be kept as specified in IS:1888.

6.10.6 In case of cohesive soils, each load increment shall be maintained until the settlement is less than 0.02mm/minute or 6 hours whichever is later. Dial gauge readings for settlement shall generally be taken at 1, 2.25, 4, 6.25, 9, 16, 25, 60, 90 and 120 minutes from the start of each stage of loading. Thereafter the readings shall be taken at hourly interval upto a further 4 hours and at two hours interval thereafter for another 6 hours.

6.10.7 Other than cohesive soils, each stage loading shall be maintained for a minimum duration of one hour or till the settlement rate reduces to 0.02mm/minute whichever is later. No extrapolation of settlement rate from periods less than one hour shall be permitted. The final loading shall be maintained for 24 hours. During unloading, reading of dial gauge shall be recorded for each stage of unloading.

6.10.8 Loading shall be carried out in stages as specified above till one of the following conditions occur.

a) Failure of soil under the plate i.e. the settlement of the plate at constant load becomes progressive and reaches a value of 40 mm or more.

b) Load intensity of 800 kN/sqm is reached without failure of the soil.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 25 OF 50

6.10.9 Backfilling of the pit shall be carried out as per the directions of the engineer-in-charge. Unless otherwise specified the excavated soil shall be used for this purpose.

6.11 Cyclic Plate Load Test

This test shall be carried out to determine the dynamic soil properties required for the analysis of foundation subjected to dynamic loads. This test shall be conducted on similar lines as the ordinary plate load test with an addition that unloading shall also be done before each stage of loading. Test set up, load increment and maximum load intensity etc shall be as per clause 6.10.

6.11.1 After each stage of loading, the load shall be removed in a minimum of two stages and as directed by the engineer-in-charge. After each stage of reduction of load, dial gauge readings and settlements shall be taken for atleast one hour until the readings stabilize. Thereafter the next loading stage shall commence. Recording and analysis of test data shall be as per IS: 5249.

6.12 Field California Bearing Ratio Test

This test shall be carried out to obtain the properties of soil required for the design of roads. The equipments and accessories required for carrying out the test, test procedure, recording of observations and presentation of results shall conform to IS: 2720 part XXXI. The test locations and depth shall be as specified in the drawings or as directed by the engineer-in-charge.

6.13 Electrical Resistivity Test

This test shall be conducted to determine the electrical resistivity of soil required for designing safety grounding system for the entire power plant area. The specification for the equipments and other accessories required for performing the test, test procedure and reporting of field observations shall conform to IS:3043. The test shall be conducted using Wenner's four electrode method as specified in IS:1892, Appendix-B2. Unless otherwise specified, at each test location the test shall be conducted along two perpendicular lines



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 26 OF 50

parallel to the co-ordinate axes. On each line a minimum of 8 to 10 readings shall be taken by changing the spacing of the electrodes from an initial small value of 0.5m upto a distance of 10m.

6.14 Seismic Refraction Test

6.14.1 This test shall be carried out to establish the rock and soil profiles of varying density. The dynamic shear modulus of the soil shall also be obtained from the results of this test. The specification for the equipments and other accessories, procedure for carrying out the test, recording and analysis of results and their presentation shall conform to IS: 1892.

6.14.2 This test shall be carried out by inducing shock waves into the soil by striking a plate placed on the ground surface with a hammer. The shock waves shall be picked up through geophones placed on the ground surface at regular intervals in line with the plate along a straight line. The time elapsed before the waves reach the geophones shall be recorded to an accuracy of one millisecond or better.

6.14.3 The distance between the shock point and the geophones shall be increased to cover a wider area. Alternatively, multiple geophones shall be used simultaneously using multiple channel seismograph to record the arrival time and intensity of waves reaching the geophones. The spacing of geophones shall be 5m. As the distance between geophones and the shock producing point are increased, the time lapse for the waves passing through different underlying strata and reaching the geophone shall be recorded. The wave forms shall be recorded for each test using multiple channel seismograph.

6.14.4 The test shall be conducted along traverses in two orthogonal directions as specified in the drawing or as directed by the engineer-in-charge. During testing, proper care shall be taken to avoid disturbance caused due to the movement of vehicles or other working operations around the test location. The type of wave (compression or shear) shall be analysed properly using the data recorded during the test.

6.15 Cross Hole Shear Test



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 27 OF 50

This test shall be generally carried out in accordance with IS: 13372 to establish the dynamic elastic properties of soil and rock. In this test, the seismic waves are to be picked up in two adjacent receiver boreholes. The spacing of boreholes shall be determined so as to obtain good results. The boreholes shall be uncased in the portion carrying the geophones. However it should be kept filled with water or drilling mud in order to ensure perfect contact between the borehole wall and the geophone. In case of cased hole preferably a low velocity material such as a high impact PVC should be used for casing and it is essential that it should be well grouted behind in order to make an intimate contact with the soil. The charge shall be installed within the depth as specified and the waves shall be picked up from the geophones installed at required depths in receiver boreholes. Knowing the travel time from shot hole to receiver hole and corresponding distance, the velocity of the waves is determined which enables to estimate dynamic elastic modulus, shear modulus and Poisson's ratio. In each receiver borehole multiple geophones shall be provided at 2m interval (with starting depth as 3m below ground level) to cover the depth and various strata as specified. Intensity of the waves shall be recorded by multiple channel seismograph.

6.16 Pressuremeter Test

6.16.1 This test shall be conducted in bore holes at desired depth to obtain the in-situ stress-strain characteristics and strength parameters of soil/rock layer by measuring the deformation of the probe at different pressures of the volumemeter. The location and depth of the test shall be as given in the drawing or as per the directions of the engineer-in-charge.

6.16.2 All precautions shall be taken to ensure a smooth bore hole of required diameter with minimum disturbance to the surrounding soil. In soft, loose and sensitive soils, the bore hole shall be predrilled deeper than the testing depth for enough so that the cuttings settling at the bottom of the bore hole shall not interfere with the test.

6.16.3 The equipment shall be calibrated for pressure losses (membrane correction/air calibration) and volume or radius changes (line



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 28 OF 50

calibration/thick wall rigid steel cylinder test) before starting of test and at regular intervals as per the manufacturer's specification.

6.16.4 Maximum value of pressure correction shall not be more than 50% of limit pressure. The total volume loses in the system shall not exceed 0.5% of the static probe volume per 100kPa. Volume correction may be neglected in soil if it is less than 0.1% of probe volume per 100 kPa.

6.16.5 The test shall be performed by expanding a cylindrical probe to obtain a pressure vs volume or pressure vs radius curve as specified in IS:1892. The probe may be of Ax, Bx or Nx size. However the size of the borehole shall be compatible to the size of pressuremeter probe. Hose pipe connecting the probe with the surface unit shall be of flexible tubing of single or coaxial type. The equipment should be able to reach a maximum pressure of 5000kPa for testing in soil and 8000kPa for testing in rock. The accuracy of measuring device shall be such that a change of 0.2% of static probe volume or 0.1% of probe radius is measurable as specified in IS:1892.

6.16.6 The probe shall be lowered down to the required depth as soon as the boring is completed so as to limit the expansion of soil due to release of stresses. The probe shall be held by a clamping device ensuring that it is not located at the interface of two different soil/rock layers.

6.16.7 The pressure shall be increased in at least 20 equal stages as directed by the engineer-in-charge. At each stage the pressure shall be maintained for a period of at least 60 seconds and volume reading shall be taken for 7 to 14 minutes. The volume of water sent into the probe during this period shall be measured upto an accuracy of 0.01cum. In case the water level in the volumemeter drops rapidly, it is necessary to close the volumemeter valve quickly so that the reservoir does not empty and allow air or gas into the tubing.

6.16.8 The test shall be carried out in stages till one of the following conditions occur.

- a) The volume of the probe is doubled
- b) Ultimate failure of soil/rock occurs



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-602-C002		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	29	OF	50

c) Load intensity of 5000kPa for soil and 8000kPa for rock is reached without failure.

6.16.9 If the shape of uncorrected pressure vs volume curve drastically varies from the ideal test curve, the test shall be repeated at no extra cost to the owner at a different depth as decided by the engineer-in-charge.

6.16.9 On completion of the test, all results mentioned in clause 9.2 shall be reported.

7.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION - ROCK

7.1 Rock Drilling

Drilling in rock shall be done at specified locations or as per the directions of the engineer-in-charge. Before commencing drilling, it shall be proved that characteristics of rock has been met with as mentioned in clause 6.1.1(b). The starting depth of drilling in rock as mentioned in clause 6.1.1(b) shall be certified by the engineer-in-charge. The portion drilled in rock shall be backfilled with 1part of cement : 3 part of sand (1:3) grout unless otherwise directed by the engineer-in-charge.

7.1.1 Equipment

a) Core drilling shall be done by rotary motion using diamond bit. The feed or thrust to the drilling bit shall be actuated by hydraulic system. The rotary core drilling equipment and procedure for drilling shall conform to IS: 6926. The equipment shall be provided with necessary facilities to regulate the spindle speed, bit pressure and water pressure during core drilling to get a good core recovery.

b) Drilling shall be carried out with Nx size diamond tipped drill bits or impregnated diamond bits depending on the type of rock encountered. Double tube swivel core barrel of Type B conforming to IS: 6926 shall be used to ensure a good core recovery and to pick



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 30 OF 50

up cores from all layers of rock. Suitable core catchers shall be used to ensure continuous and good core recovery.

7.1.2 Procedure

a) The drilling fluid shall be clean water. Circulation of drilling fluid shall be started before the core barrel reaches the bottom of the hole to prevent cuttings or sludge from entering the core barrel at the start of coring. Drilling fluid shall be circulated continuously down the hollow rods and the sludge conveying the rock cuttings to the surface shall be collected.

b) When drilling through soft/weathered/fractured rock, water circulation must be reduced so as to avoid shattering/breaking of core.

c) The rotational speed of the bit (spindle speed), the amount of downward pressure applied on the bit (bit pressure) and water pressure shall be suitably adjusted and properly monitored so that the core is collected with least disturbance and to avoid shearing of the core from its base. Bit speed, bit pressure, water pressure for the type of bit for various rock types shall be as per Appendix A of IS:6926.

d) No drill run shall exceed 0.75m in length. This can be increased to 1.5m provided the core recovery observed is more than 80% in two successive 0.75m drill runs and on approval from the engineer-in-charge. If the core recovery is less than 20% then SPT shall be performed before commencing the next drill run as explained in clause 6.2.

e) If at any time blocking of the bit or grinding of the core is observed, the core barrel shall be immediately withdrawn from the borehole regardless of the length of drill run completed.

7.1.3 Observations

a) The colour of return water at regular intervals, the depth at which any change of colour of return water is observed, the depth of



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-602-C002		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	31	OF	50

occurrence and amount of flow of hot water if encountered shall be recorded.

b) The depths through which a uniform rate of penetration was maintained, the depth at which a marked change in rate of penetration or sudden fall of drill rod occurs, the depth at which any blockage of drill bit causing core loss if any etc shall be recorded.

c) Any heavy vibration or torque noticed during drilling should be recorded together with the depth of occurrence.

d) Special conditions like the depth at which grouting was done during drilling, presence of artesian conditions, loss of drilling fluid, observation of gas discharge with return water etc shall also be observed and recorded.

e) During drilling operation, observation on return water, rate of penetration etc shall be recorded in a proforma as given in IS: 5313, Appendix-A.

7.1.4 Core Samples

a) Core samples shall be extracted by the application of a continuous pressure at one end of the core with the barrel held horizontally without vibration. Friable cores shall be extracted from the barrel directly into a suitable sized half round plastic channel section. Care shall be taken to maintain the direction of extrusion of sample same as that while coring to avoid stress reversal.

b) Immediately after withdrawal from the core barrel, the cores shall be placed in a tray and transferred into boxes specially prepared for the purpose. The boxes shall be made from seasoned timber or any other durable material and shall be indexed on top of the lid as per IS:4078. The cores shall be numbered serially and arranged in the boxes in a sequential order. The description of the core samples shall be recorded as per IS: 4464. Where no core is recovered, it shall be recorded as specified in the continuous record of core recovery and RQD in the corelog as per IS:11315, Part-II.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 32 OF 50

c) The basic information for the description of rocks shall cover
i) degree of weathering ii) discontinuity spacing iii) strength iv)
colour v) grain size vi) structural condition, the mineralogy of the
grains and cementing material vii) rock name, special features like
major joint planes, features/laminations, faults etc.

7.2 Standard Penetration Test

The relevant hardness of rocks shall be tested in boreholes after every drill run of 0.75m in rock if core recovery observed is less than 20% or as directed by the engineer-in-charge. The testing equipment and arrangement shall be conforming to IS: 2131. The number of blows for each 75mm penetration to a total penetration of 450mm shall be recorded. Penetration for every 50 blows shall be recorded and the test shall be stopped at a total of 100 blows.

7.3 Plate Load Test

The test shall be conducted as described under clause 6.10 for soil subject to the following changes.

The test plate shall be of size 45cm x 45cm and at least 25mm thick. The maximum load shall be 2500 kN/sqm to be applied in stages of 25, 50, 100,150,200, 300, 400, 600, 800, 1000, 1500, 2000 and 2500 kN per sqm. Under each load the time Vs settlement shall be recorded and plotted.

7.4 Pressuremeter Test

This test shall be conducted as described under clause 6.16 for soil subject to the following changes. The test shall be carried out till one of the following condition occurs.

- a) The volume of the probe is doubled
- b) Ultimate failure of rock
- c) Load intensity of 8000 kN/sqm is reached without failure.

7.5 Cross Hole Shear Test

This test shall be conducted as described under clause 6.15 for soil.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 33 OF 50

7.6 Permeability Test

Permeability test shall be conducted in bed rock inside the bore hole by pumping in water under pressure to determine the percolation capacity of the rock strata. This test shall be conducted in uncased and ungrouted sections of the drill hole. Clear and clean water shall be used for the purpose of both drilling and testing. The specification for the equipments and other accessories, test procedure etc shall conform to IS: 5529, part-II. The length of the test section shall be either 1.5m or 3m as per field conditions and as per the directions of the engineer-in-charge. The level of water table (if any) in the bore hole shall be recorded and the drill hole shall be cleaned before the start of the test. Depending upon the depth of the test section, single or double packer method shall be adopted. Care shall be taken to maintain water tightness of all the joints and connections during testing.

a) Single Packer method

This method shall be adopted when the bottom elevation of the test section is the same as the bottom of the drill hole. The packer shall be fixed at the top level of test section such that only the test section lies below the packer. Water shall then be pumped through a pipe into the test section under a required pressure and maintaining it till a constant quantity of water intake is observed. The amount of water percolating through the hole shall be recorded at every 5 minute interval. The test shall be repeated by increasing the pressure at regular intervals upto a pressure limit as specified in IS: 5529, part-II. The details and observations shall be recorded in a proforma as recommended in IS: 5529, part-II, Appendix-B.

b) Double Packer method

This method shall be adopted when the permeability of an isolated section inside a drill hole is to be determined. Packers shall be fixed both at the top and bottom of the test section such that their spacing is exactly equal to the length of the test section. The test shall then be conducted as specified in clause 7.6(a).



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 34 OF 50

8.0 LABORATORY INVESTIGATION

8.1 Essential Requirements

a) All laboratory tests shall be conducted in an approved laboratory using approved apparatus complying with the requirements and specifications of Indian standards or other approved standards for this class of work. It shall be checked that the apparatus are in good working condition before starting the laboratory tests. Calibration of all the instruments and their accessories shall be done carefully and precisely.

b) Depending on the type of sub strata encountered, appropriate laboratory tests shall be conducted on soil and rock samples collected in the field. Laboratory tests shall be scheduled and performed by a qualified and experienced personnel who are thoroughly conversant with the work. Tests indicated in the schedule of items shall be performed on soil, rock and water samples as per relevant IS codes. One copy of all the laboratory test data records shall be submitted to the owner progressively every week. Laboratory tests shall be carried out concurrently with field investigation since initial laboratory test results could be useful in planning the later part of field work. **A schedule of laboratory tests shall be established by the contractor and the same shall be submitted and got approved by the engineer-in-charge before starting of laboratory tests.**

c) All samples whether undisturbed or disturbed shall be extracted, prepared and examined by a competent personnel properly trained and experienced in soil sampling, examination, testing and in using the apparatus as per the specified standards.

d) Undisturbed soil samples retained in liners or seamless tube samplers shall be taken out without causing any disturbance to the samples using suitably designed extruder just prior to actual testing. If the extruder is horizontal, proper support shall be provided to prevent the sample from breaking. For screw type extruders the pushing head shall be free from the screw shaft so that no torque is applied to the soil sample in contact with the pushing head. For soft clay samples, the sample tube shall be cut by means of a high speed



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 35 OF 50

hacksaw to specified test length and placed over the mould before pushing the sample into it with a suitable piston.

e) While extracting a sample from a liner or tube care shall be taken to see that its direction of movement is the same as that during sampling to avoid stress reversal.

f) On all undisturbed soil samples tested for bulk density, water content, grain size distribution, liquid limit and plastic limit tests shall also be performed.

g) On all rock samples tested for unconfined compression test, bulk density and water content tests shall also be performed.

h) After completion of all tests, a summary of test results for each soil and rock sample shall be presented in a proforma as enclosed in **Annexure-A & B** respectively. Chemical test results on soil and water samples shall be furnished in a tabular form separately.

8.2 Tests

Tests as indicated in this specification and as called for by the engineer-in-charge shall be conducted. The tests shall include the following.

a) Tests on Undisturbed and Disturbed Soil Samples

- Visual and engineering classification
- Sieve analysis and hydrometer analysis
- Liquid, plastic and shrinkage limits
- Specific gravity
- Chemical analysis
- Swell pressure and free swell index determination
- Proctor compaction
- California bearing ratio



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 36 OF 50

b) Test on Undisturbed Soil Samples

- Bulk density and moisture content
- Relative density (for sand)
- Unconfined compression test
- Box shear test
- Triaxial shear tests (depending on the type of soil and field conditions on undisturbed or remoulded samples)
 - i) Unconsolidated undrained
 - ii) Consolidated undrained test with the measurement of pore water pressure
 - iii) Consolidated drained
 - One dimensional consolidation test

c) Test on Rock Samples

- Visual classification
- Water absorption, porosity and density
- Specific gravity
- Hardness
- Slake durability
- Unconfined compression test (both at saturated and at in-situ water content)
- Point load strength index
- Deformability test (both on saturated and dry samples)



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO.	PE-TS-F99-602-C002		
VOLUME	II		
SECTION	D		
REV. NO.	0	DATE	05.07.2008
SHEET	37	OF	50

c) Chemical Analysis of Sub-soil and Ground Water

8.3 Salient Test Requirements

a) Remoulded soil specimen whenever desired shall be fully reworked at field density and natural moisture content. For conducting CBR test and triaxial test for dyke/road material the sample shall be remoulded to 95% of standard proctor density.

b) Triaxial shear test shall be conducted on undisturbed soil samples saturated by the application of backpressure. Only if the water table is at sufficient depth such that chances of its rising to the base of the footing are meagre or nil, the triaxial tests shall be performed on the specimens at natural moisture content. Each test shall be carried out on a set of three test specimens from one sample at cell pressures equal to 100, 200 and 300kN/sqm or as required depending on the soil conditions.

c) Effective stress triaxial shear test shall be consolidated undrained with pore water pressure measurement. The test shall be conducted at cell pressures of 100, 200 and 300kN/sqm ensuring complete consolidation at each stage.

d) Direct shear test shall be conducted on undisturbed soil samples. The three normal vertical stresses for each test shall be 100, 200 and 300 kN/sqm or as required depending on the soil conditions.

e) Consolidation test shall have loading stages of 10, 25, 50, 75, 100, 200, 400 and 800 kN/sqm. Rebound curve shall be recorded for all the samples by unloading the specimen at the in-situ stress of the specimen. Additional rebound curves shall also be recorded whenever desired by the engineer-in-charge.

f) Chemical analysis of sub-soil shall include determination of pH value, carbonate, sulphate (both S03 and S04), chloride and nitrate contents, organic matter, salinity and any other chemicals harmful to



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 38 OF 50

the foundation material. The contents in soil shall be indicated as percentage.

g) Chemical analysis of sub-soil water sample shall include the determination of the properties such as colour, odour, turbidity, pH value and chemical contents such as carbonate, sulphate (both S03 and S04), chloride, nitrate, organic matter and any other chemicals harmful to the foundation material. The contents such as sulphate etc shall be indicated as ppm by weight.

h) The laboratory CBR test shall be performed on undisturbed or on remoulded sample as per the drawing or as directed by the engineer-in-charge in soaked and unsoaked conditions.

9.0 REPORT

9.1 General

a) On completion of all the field and laboratory works, the contractor shall submit a draft report containing geological information of the region, procedure adopted for investigation, field observations, summarised test data, conclusion and recommendations. The report shall include detailed borelogs, sub-soil sections, field test results, laboratory observations and test results in both tabular as well as graphical forms, practical and theoretical considerations for the interpretation of test results, the supporting calculations for the conclusions drawn etc. Initially, the contractor shall submit three copies of the report in draft form for the owner's review.

b) After review of the draft report, the employer's comments will be intimated to the contractor. The contractor shall incorporate the comments and after getting the amended draft report approved, five copies of the detailed final report shall be submitted alongwith one set of reproducible of the graphs, tables etc. Any expenditure on account of redrafting, finalising the report etc shall be deemed to have been included in the quoted rates.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 39 OF 50

c) The detailed final report based on field observations, in-situ and laboratory tests shall encompass theoretical as well as practical considerations for foundation of different type of structures envisaged in the area under investigation. The contractor shall acquaint himself about the type of structures, foundation loads and other information required from the engineer-in-charge.

9.2 Data to be Furnished

The report shall also include but not be limited to the following.

a) A plot plan showing the location and reduced levels of all field tests e.g. bore holes, trial pits, plate load tests etc properly drawn to scale and dimensioned with reference to the established grid lines.

b) Geological information of the area such as geomorphology, geological structure, lithology, stratigraphy and tectonic faults, seismicity of the region and site, core recovery and rock quality designation etc.

c) Past observations and historical data if available for the area or for other areas with similar soil profile for similar structures in the surrounding areas.

d) A true cross section of all individual boreholes and trial pits with reduced levels and co-ordinates showing the classification and thickness of individual stratum, position of ground water table, various in-situ tests conducted and samples collected at different depths and the rock stratum if met with.

e) A set of longitudinal and transverse soil/rock profiles connecting various bore holes in order to give a clear picture of the variation of the subsoil strata as per IS: 6065.

f) Water level contours and rock level contours

g) Plot of standard penetration test 'N' values (both uncorrected and corrected) with depth for identified areas.

h) Results of all field tests in tabular as well as in graphical forms.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 40 OF 50

i) Results of all laboratory tests summarised (i) for each sample as well as (ii) a consolidated table giving the layer-wise soil and rock properties . All the relevant charts, tables, graphs, figures, supporting calculations, conclusions and photographs of representative rock cores and trial pits shall be furnished.

j) For all triaxial shear tests, stress vs strain diagrams as well as Mohr's circle envelopes shall be furnished. If back pressure is applied for saturation, the magnitude of the same shall be indicated. The value of modulus of elasticity 'E' shall be furnished for all tests along with relevant calculations.

k) For all consolidation tests the following curves shall be furnished.

e vs log P
e vs P and

Compression vs log t or square root of t (depending upon shape of the plot for proper determination of coefficient of consolidation)

The point showing initial condition (e_0 , P_0) of the soil shall be marked on the curves.

l) Values of compression index, coefficient of volume compressibility etc shall be furnished. The procedure adopted for calculating the compression index from the field curve and settlement of soil strata shall be clearly specified. The time required for 50% and 90% primary consolidation along with secondary settlement if significant shall also be calculated.

m) For pressuremeter tests, the following shall be furnished.

Calibration record including description of membrane and sheath on probes, dimensions of thick walled cylinder, length of flexible tubing, calibration curves and temperature etc.

Drilling record including borehole number, method of making borehole, log with soil type and condition, depth of water table in the borehole, weather and temperature etc.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 41 OF 50

Test record including type of test, date and time, depth of centre point of probe, volume readings at 30 and 60 second elapsed time and corresponding pressure readings and notes on any deviation from standard test procedure etc.

Field pressuremeter, creep and air calibration curves indicating P_o , P_f and P_l . Corrected pressuremeter and creep curves indicating P_o , P_f , P_l along with calculation for the corrections.

n) Values of cohesion, angle of internal friction, pressuremeter modulus, shear modulus and co-efficient of sub-grade reaction along with sample calculations. Calculation for allowable bearing pressures and corresponding total settlements for shallow foundations and load carrying capacity calculation of piles in various modes etc.

o) Analysis and discussion of test results.

9.3 Recommendations

Recommendations shall be given areawise duly considering the type of soil/rock, structure, foundation type and ground water table etc in the area. The recommendations shall include but not be limited to the following.

a) Type of foundation to be adopted for various structures duly considering the sub strata characteristics, water table, total settlement permissible for the structures and equipments, minimum depth and width of foundation etc.

b) For shallow foundations the following shall be indicated with comprehensive supporting calculations.

i) Net safe bearing pressure for isolated square/rectangular footings and continuous strip footings of sizes 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5m at different founding depths of 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5m below ground level considering both shear failure and settlement criteria giving reasons for the type of shear failure adopted in the calculation.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 42 OF 50

ii) Net safe bearing pressure for raft foundation of widths greater than 6m at 2 , 3, 4 & 5m below ground level considering both shear failure and settlement criteria.

iii) Modulus of sub-grade reaction and modulus of elasticity from plate load test results along with time-settlement curves and load-settlement curves in both natural and log-log graph.

c) If piling is envisaged the following shall be furnished with comprehensive supporting calculations.

i) Type of pile and reasons for recommending the same duly considering the sub strata characteristics.

ii) Suitable founding strata for the pile.

iii) Estimated length of pile for 500 kN (400mm dia.), 750kN (450mm dia.), 1000kN (500mm dia.) and 4500kN (1070mm dia.) capacities. End bearing and frictional resistance shall be indicated separately. Safe lateral and tensile load carrying capacities of pile with supporting calculations.

iv) Magnitude of negative skin friction if any.

d) Coefficient of permeability of various sub-soil and rock strata based on in-situ permeability tests.

e) Cone resistance, frictional resistance, total resistance and settlement analysis for different size of foundations.

f) Electrical resistivity of sub-soil based on electrical resistivity tests including electrode spacing vs cumulative resistivity curves.

g) Dynamic soil properties such as dynamic shear modulus and Poisson's ratio etc from cross-hole shear and seismic refraction tests and coefficient of elastic uniform compression from cyclic plate load tests.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 43 OF 50

h) Suitability of the soil for construction of roads and embankments, their stable slopes for shallow and deep excavations, active and passive earth pressures, earth pressure at rest and modulus of elasticity as a function of depths for the design of underground structures etc.

i) Suitability of locally available soils at site for filling and back filling purposes.

j) If expansive soil is met with, then recommendation on removal or retainment of the same under the structures/roads etc shall be given. In the latter case, detailed specifications of any special treatment required including specification for materials to be used, construction method, equipments to be deployed etc shall be furnished.

k) Protective measures based on chemical nature of soil and ground water with due regard to the potential deleterious effects on concrete, steel and other building materials etc. Remedial measures for sulphate attack and acidity shall be dealt in detail.

l) Susceptibility of sub soil strata to liquefaction in the event of earthquake. If so, recommendation for remedial measures.

m) Identification of any other potential geotechnical problems & their remedial measures.

n) Description of measures required for erosion control.

o) Identification of corrective measures required for the improvement of sub surface conditions such as removal of poor sub soil/material and in-situ densification etc. If ground improvement is recommended then its detailed specification, specification for the materials to be used, construction method, equipments to be deployed etc shall be furnished.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 44 OF 50

10.0 RATES & MEASUREMENTS

10.1 RATES

a) The item of work in the schedule of quantities describes the work very briefly. The various items of the schedule of quantities shall be read in conjunction with the corresponding sections in the technical specification including amendments and additions if any. For each item in the schedule of quantities, the bidder's rates shall include all the activities covered in the description of the items as well as for all necessary operations in details described in the technical specification.

b) No claims shall be entertained if the details shown on the released for construction drawings differ in any way (e.g. location and depth of tests, number of tests etc) from those shown on the tender drawings.

c) The unit rates quoted shall include minor details which are obviously and fairly intended and which may not have been included in these documents but are essential for the satisfactory completion of the work.

d) The bidders quoted rates shall be inclusive of providing all equipments, men, materials, skilled and unskilled labours, making observations, establishing the ground level and coordinates at location of each bore hole, test pit etc by carrying levels from one established bench mark and distances from one set of grid lines furnished by the engineer-in-charge. Also no extra payments shall be made for conducting the standard penetration tests, collection, packing and transportation of all the samples and cores, recording of all results and submitting them in approved formats etc.

e) The quoted rates for trial pits/plate load tests/ cyclic plate load tests shall be inclusive of dewatering and backfilling etc.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 45 OF 50

f) The quoted rates for drilling in rock shall satisfy the requirements as furnished in specification.

g) The rates quoted for conducting pump out test shall be inclusive of boring a well of 400mm diameter, providing and installation of perforated GI/MS pipes and observation pipes etc .

h)The rates quoted for conducting cross hole shear test shall be inclusive of necessary boring, providing PVC pipes, grouting, geophones, backfilling the holes after completion of testing etc.

i)The rates quoted for laboratory tests shall include preparation of samples, performing tests, recording, analysis and submission of data etc.

j) The bidder shall submit a scheme showing the arrangement and equipment proposed to be used for conducting the site work along with rates. However the minimum number of staff and equipments to be deployed/mobilised for site works shall be as per **Annexure-C & D** respectively.

10.2 MEASUREMENTS

a) All measurements shall be in SI Units.

b) Length shall be measured in metres (m) correct to two places of decimals. Areas shall be worked out in square meters(Sqm) and volume in cubic meters(Cum) rounded off to two decimals.

c) Certain tests have to be conducted in the bore holes and trial pits etc. Such bore holes and trails pits etc shall be measured once only and not again just because the tests are conducted therein.

d) The depth of penetration due to SPT at the bottom of bore hole shall not be considered for the measurement of bore hole depth.

e) Pits shall be measured in Cum.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 46 OF 50

f) Coring in rock with diamond bit shall be measured in length(metre) correct to two places of decimal for the actual cored length satisfying the criteria of specification.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 47 OF 50

ANNEXURE-A

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS
ON SOIL SAMPLES

IN EXCEL SHEET



**TECNICAL SPECIFICATION FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002
 VOLUME II
 SECTION D
 REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008
 SHEET 47 OF 50

ANNEXURE - A SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS ON SOIL SAMPLES

BORE HOLE/ TRIAL PIT NO.	DEPTH (m)	TYPE OF SAMPLE	DENSITY (kN/Cum)		PARTICLE SIZE (%)				ATTERBERG'S LIMITS				SOIL		STRENGTH TEST			CONSOLIDATION TEST				SWELL TEST		COMPACTION TEST			REMARKS							
			BULK	DRY	(%)	GRAVEL	SAND	SILT	CLAY	LL	PL	PI	SL	IS CLASSIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	TYPE	C	ϕ	e_o	Pc	Cc	p	m_v	Cv	S.Pr		FSI	MDD	OMC	CBR	RELATIVE DENSITY	PERMEABILITY (m/hr)	

<p><u>For type of sample</u></p> <p>DS Disturbed soil sample UDS Undisturbed soil sample RMS Remoulded soil sample WS Water sample</p> <p><u>For strength test</u></p> <p>UCC Unconfined compression test VST Vane shear test Tuu Unconsolidated undrained triaxial test Tcu Consolidated Undrained Triaxial test with pore pressure Tcd Consolidated drained triaxial test (Note: Replace T by D for Direct Shear test)</p>	<p><u>For others tests</u></p> <p>LL Liquid Limit (%) PL Plastic Limit (%) PI Plasticity Index (%) SL Shrinkage limit (%) C Cohesion (kN/Sq.m) ϕ Angle of internal friction (degrees) S.Pr Swelling pressure (kN/Sq.m) FSI Free swell index (%) e_o Initial Void ratio Pc Preconsolidation pressure (kN/Sq.m) Cc Compression index</p>	<p>p Pressure range (kN/Sq.m) m_v Coefficient of volume compressibility (Sq.m/kN) Cv Coefficient of consolidation (Sq.m/hr) MDD Maximum Dry Density (kN/Cum) OMC Optimum moisture content (%) CBR California Bearing Ratio (%)</p>
--	---	--



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 48 OF 50

ANNEXURE-B

SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST RESULTS
ON ROCK CORE SAMPLES

BORE HOLE NO.	
DEPTH	
CORE PIECE NO.	
MOISTURE CONTENT	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	
HARDNESS	
POROSITY	
DRY DENSITY	
SLAKE DURABILITY	
POINT LOAD STRENGTH INDEX	
DEFORMABILITY (DRY /SATURATED)	
UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (INSITU/SATURATED)	
CORE DESCRIPTION	
REMARKS	



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 49 OF 50

ANNEXURE-C

MINIMUM STAFF TO BE DEPLOYED

<u>S.No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>No. of persons</u>
1.	Geotechnical Engineer	
2.	Engineering Geologist	
3.	Supervisor	
4.	Qualified Surveyor	
5.	Rig Operators	
6.	Mechanic	



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION

SPEC. NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME II

SECTION D

REV. NO. 0 DATE 05.07.2008

SHEET 50 OF 50

ANNEXURE-D

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS TO BE MOBILISED TO SITE (MINIMUM)

<u>S.No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Quantity</u>
1	Shell and auger boring set	
2.	Rotary core drilling unit (Hydraulic feed)	
3.	Static cone penetration test equipment - 20T capacity	
4.	Dynamic cone penetration test equipment	
5.	Plate load test set up	
6.	Field permeability test set up	
7.	Menard pressuremeter or equivalent set up with limit pressure of 80kg/sq.cm.	
8.	Seismic refraction test set up	
9.	Electrical resistivity test set up	

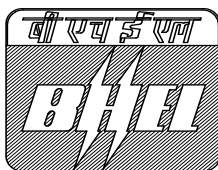
Note:

Additional equipments shall be mobilized if required as per the directions of the engineer-in-charge to match the work schedule.

BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS LTD

**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION
OF
2X220MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002



JULY, 2008

**PROJECT ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT
POWER PROJECT ENGINEERING INSTITUTE,
HRD & ESI COMPLEX,
PLOT NO.: 25, SECTOR-16A,
NODIA, - 201 301, (UP)**



**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME III

SECTION

REV.NO. 0 DATE-05/07/2008

SHEET 1 OF 7

**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION**

NOTES:

1. Details of items shall be read in conjunction with the corresponding specification, drawings and other tender terms.
2. The bidder shall quote for finished items of work and shall provide all necessary power, water, instruments, fuel, tools and plants, tackles, materials, transport, labour, supervision and maintenance till handing over, repairs, rectifications, safety and security of their workmen and equipments including insurance etc.
3. Quantities of the various items mentioned in the schedule of quantities are approximate and may vary upto any extent or be deleted altogether and new items may be added. The contractor shall carry out all the works upto a variation of $\pm 25\%$ (plus or minus twenty five percent) on the tendered value of the contract and all tendered rates shall remain firm within this limit.
4. Rates shall be quoted in both figures and words in clear legible writing. No overwriting is allowed. All scoring and cancellations should be countersigned by the bidder. In case of illegibility, the interpretation of the engineer-in-charge shall be the final and binding on the contractor.
5. Engineer-in-charge's decision regarding clarification of items in the schedule with respect to other sections of the contract shall be final and binding on the contractor.
6. The bidder shall submit a scheme showing the arrangement and equipment proposed to be used for conducting the work along with the rates.
7. Contractor shall make his own arrangement for water, electricity, accommodation, access to site and the cost of all such work shall be considered to be included in his quoted price.



**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME III

SECTION

REV.NO. 0 DATE-05/07/2008

SHEET 2 OF 7

SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES

SL. NO	ITEM	UNIT	QTY.	RATE (INR)	AMOUNT (INR)
1	Mobilisation of necessary equipments, men and materials to the project site for carrying out the geotechnical investigation and demobilisation of the same after completion of all the field works etc all complete as per specification, drawings and as directed by the engineer-in-charge.	LS	1		
2	Making 150mm nominal diameter bore hole at various locations in all types of soil including laterite using suitable approved method of boring including chiselling, cleaning, providing casing pipes as required or as directed; performing standard penetration test at every 2m interval upto 10m depth below ground level and at every 3m interval beyond 10m depth upto a maximum depth of 35m below ground level, at change of strata and at depths wherever undisturbed soil samples could not be collected; collection of undisturbed soil samples at every 2m interval upto 10m depth below ground level and at every 3m interval beyond 10m depth; collection of disturbed soil samples and water samples, sealing and packing of samples, observation such as ground water table etc; transportation of all the collected samples to the laboratory and back filling of boreholes with sand on completion of the same etc all complete as per specification and as directed by the engineer-in-charge.	M	1090		



**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME III

SECTION

REV.NO. 0

DATE-05/07/2008

SHEET

3

OF

7

SL. NO	ITEM	UNIT	QTY.	RATE (INR)	AMOUNT (INR)
3	Core drilling (Nx size) in rock using hydraulic feed rotary drill and double tube core barrel with diamond bit including collection of core samples, performing SPT at locations where core recovery is less than 20%, maintaining continuous record of core recovery and RQD, keeping the cores in wooden core boxes, transporting the cores to laboratory, back filling the holes with 1 part of cement : 3 part of sand grout on completion of the same etc all complete as per specification, drawings and as directed by the engineer-in-charge.	M	335		
4	Excavating trial pit of size 3m x 3m at various locations upto a maximum depth of 4m depth below ground level in all types of soil and weathered rock which can be excavated with pick axe/crow bar etc including sheeting or shoring the sides for the purpose of stability, dewatering and maintaining the pit dry at all times, collecting disturbed/undisturbed samples at 1m interval and at final depth and transporting all the collected samples to the laboratory; backfilling of the pit with excavated material etc all complete as per specification and as directed by the engineer-in-charge.	CuM	405		
5	Conducting plate load test in various locations at specified depth complete as per specification, drawings and as directed by the engineer-in-charge. Payment for making the pit of suitable size, maintaining it dry and backfilling etc shall be paid separately as per item no.4.	Each	5		



**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME III

SECTION

REV.NO. 0

DATE-05/07/2008

SHEET

4

OF

7

SL. NO	ITEM	UNIT	QTY.	RATE (INR)	AMOUNT (INR)
6	Conducting cyclic plate load test in various locations at specified depth complete as per specification, drawings and as directed by the engineer-in-charge. Payment for making the pit of suitable size, maintaining it dry and backfilling etc shall be paid separately as per item no.4.	Each	4		
7	Conducting electrical resistivity test at various locations complete as per specification, drawings and as directed by the engineer-in-charge.	Each	15		
8	Performing dynamic cone penetration test at various locations using 65mm cone with circulation of bentonite slurry etc all complete as per specification, drawings and as directed by the engineer-in-charge.	Each	12		
9	Conducting pressuremeter test in various bore holes at all depth such as 3m, 5m, 7m, 9m, 11m, 13m, 15m, 18m, 20m, 23m, 26m, 30m & 35m depth below ground level in all types of strata including preparation of bore hole of required size etc all complete as per specification, drawings and as directed by the engineer-in-charge.	Each	4		
10	Conducting seismic refraction test at various locations complete as per specification, drawings and as directed by the engineer-in-charge.	M	880		
11	Conducting cross hole shear wave test in bore hole in all types of strata at all depths such as 3m, 5m, 7m, 9m, 11m, 13m, 15m, 18m, 20m, 23m, 26m, 30m and 35m below ground level including preparation of borehole, providing PVC liner, grouting and backfilling with sand after completion of the test etc all complete as per specification, drawings and as directed by the engineer-in-charge.	Each	5		



**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME III

SECTION

REV.NO. 0

DATE-05/07/2008

SHEET

5

OF

7

SL. NO	ITEM	UNIT	QTY.	RATE (INR)	AMOUNT (INR)
12	Conducting pump in type field permeability test by constant head or falling head method (suitability of type of test shall be as per site conditions)in various boreholes at specified depth including providing packers as required etc all complete as per specification, drawings and as directed by the engineer-in-charge. Cost of the borehole and backfilling etc shall be paid separately as per item no.2.	Each	10		
13	Conducting laboratory test on soil samples at an approved laboratory including preparation of soil samples to determine the following properties etc all complete as per specification.				
	a)Bulk density and moisture content	Each	50		
	b)Sieve analysis	Each	250		
	c)Hydrometer analysis	Each	35		
	d)Liquid limit and plastic limit	Each	250		
	e)Shrinkage limit	Each	35		
	f)Specific gravity	Each	35		
	g) Swell pressure	Each	20		
	h) Free swell index	Each	20		
	i) Relative density	Each	25		



**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME III

SECTION

REV.NO. 0

DATE-05/07/2008

SHEET

6

OF

7

SL. NO	ITEM	UNIT	QTY.	RATE (INR)	AMOUNT (INR)
	j) Unconfined compressive strength	Each	50		
	k) Direct shear test	Each	40		
	l) Triaxial shear test i)unconsolidated undrained test	Each	40		
	m) One dimensional consolidation test	Each	45		
	n) Standard Proctor compaction test	Each	5		
	o) CBR test	Each	5		
	p) Chemical analysis	Each	10		
14	Conducting laboratory test on rock samples including preparation of the samples to determine the following properties etc all complete as per specification.				
	a)Moisture content, porosity & density	Each	25		
	b)Specific gravity	Each	25		
	c)Slake durability index	Each	30		
	d)Unconfined compressive strength (both at saturated and in-situ water content)	Each	60		
	e)Point load strength	Each	30		
15	Conducting chemical test on water samples to determine the carbonate, sulphate, chloride and nitrate contents, pH value, turbidity, organic matter and any other chemicals harmful to foundation material etc all complete as per specification.	Each	7		



**SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES
FOR
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION OF
2X220 MW TISHREEN TPS EXTENSION**

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-F99-602-C002

VOLUME III

SECTION

REV.NO. 0

DATE-05/07/2008

SHEET

7

OF

7

SL. NO	ITEM	UNIT	QTY.	RATE (INR)	AMOUNT (INR)
16	Preparation and submission of draft report in 3 copies and final report in 5 hard copies and 2 soft copies on CDs after the approval of draft report including all field records, laboratory test results, graphs, analysis of test results and recommendation etc all complete as per specification.	LS	1		

TOTAL