

Cooling towers

One Cooling Tower per unit shall be tested on site to an appropriate CTI standard. Any request for deviation from the test conditions shall be accompanied by the manufacturers' proposals for the adjustment of the correction factors contained in the standard.

In addition performance testing to be carried out for the whole system (all cells).

Cranes and hoists

Where size permits cranes and hoists shall be completely assembled at the manufacturers works and functional tests without load conducted.

Flue gas (IDF) and air fans (IDF, PAF, SAF)

Axial and radial fans shall be tested in accordance with the requirements of ISO 14694 or equivalent standards for vibration. ISO 12499 shall also apply. Any request for deviation from the test conditions shall be accompanied by the manufacturers' proposals for the adjustment of the correction factors contained in the standard.

Performance tests shall follow VDI 2044, ISO 5801 or equivalent standard.

Before commissioning, the following tests shall be conducted: NDT, trial assembly of casing, blue matching, and clearances.

Dampers and Gates

Large dampers and valves shall be leakage / tightness tested (type test) in the workshop and at site the whole system shall be tested.

Rotary air preheater (RAPH)

Before commissioning, the following tests shall be conducted: NDT, trial assembly of casing, blue matching, and clearances.

Coal Pulverizer

Before commissioning, the following tests shall be conducted: NDT, trial assembly, blue matching, and clearances. The tests will be carried out during manufacturing stage wherever possible.

B0.7.2.4 Electrical equipment

Electrical equipment and material which is not covered by the tests specified elsewhere in this document shall be inspected and tested in accordance with the latest edition of standards listed hereafter. Alternatively, equivalent standards approved by the Employer's Representative may be used. Type tests shall be carried out if type test certificates certified by an independent test authority are not available.

Installation Material

IEC 60130

Connectors for frequencies below 3 MHz

FICHTNER

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BIFPCL/EPC-Main Plan/2015/1/



B0-214

IEC 60364	Low voltage electrical installations/ Electrical installations of buildings
IEC 60423	Conduits for electrical purposes

Materials for earthing and lightning protection

IEEE 80	Guide for safety in AC Substation Grounding
IEEE 81	Guide for Measuring Earth Resistivity, Ground Impedance and Earth Surface potentials for Ground system
NFPA 780	Installation of lightning protection systems

Insulators and Bushings

IEC 60383	Insulators for overhead lines with a nominal voltage above 1000 V
IEC 60507	Artificial pollution tests on high voltage insulators to be used on AC systems
IEC 60137	Insulating bushings for AC voltages above 1000 V

Surge Protection Equipment

The surge protection equipment shall be tested in accordance with IEC 60099.

AC Switchgear for voltages above 1 kV

IEC 62271	High-voltage switchgear and control gear
IEEC37.013	IEEE standard for AC-High-Voltage generator circuit breakers on a symmetrical current.

At least the following tests shall be performed in the manufacturer's workshop on the individual apparatus and on the complete installation, respectively, all in accordance with IEC Standards:

- Visual inspection
- Power frequency HV tests
- Dielectric tests of the auxiliary circuits
- Measurement of the main contacts resistance with dc
- Temperature rise test on circuit breakers (type test certificate)
- Test of mechanical endurance (type test certificate)
- Measurement of the contact opening period (type test certificate)
- Functional tests of the control circuits
- Check of the operational sequence
- Measurement of the instrument transformer's angle and ratio errors (according to IEC-standards 60044)
- Check of the denominations.

Note 1: All MV switchgear shall be type tested according IEC 62271-1, IEC62271-100 and IEC 62271-200 including internal arc classification IAC

= AFLR. Related type test certificates shall be provided with the Tender. If the test has already been carried out on similar type switchgear, type test certificates may also be accepted.

Note 2: All GIS above 52 kV shall be tested according IEC 62271-1, IEC 62271-203.

Type tests shall be carried out, at the expense of the Contractor and without any impact on the projects overall time schedule, if type test certificates certified by an independent test authority are not available.

Note 3: Generator circuit breakers shall be tested according IEEE Std C37.013.

High voltage fuses

IEC 60282 High voltage fuses

IEC 60644 Specification for high voltage fuse links for motor circuit applications

Oil-immersed power transformers

IEC 60076 Power transformers

IEC 60214 On-load tap-changers

IEC 60404-2 Magnetic materials

a) Tanks

- Inspection of weld preparations, approved crack detection of major strength welds.
- Hydraulic test and vacuum test
- Visual and dimensional checks
- Certification of test results.

b) Cores

- Material
 - Checks on flatness
 - Checks for absence of burrs such as may be caused by slitting, cropping and punching
 - Electrical insulated tests
 - Visual and dimensional checks.
- Assembly
 - Inspection during assembly stage, whilst core is still horizontal
 - Visual and dimensional checks on complete core
 - Checks on straightness of clamps
 - Checks on clamp welding
 - High voltage tests between core packets, clamps and belts in all relevant combinations
 - Check actual weight of core steel in magnetic circuit against design weight
 - Check that all block and sheet insulation and all spacers are in position
 - Check earthing of core packets to clamps.



c) Windings

- Windings
 - Copper checks
 - Fewest possible number of welds
 - Quality of weld and finishing
 - Insulation on copper
 - Check for correct material
 - Check correct application to conductor
 - Visual and dimensional checks
- Winding of turns
 - Checks during winding of different Sections of winding
 - Checks on positions of starts and finishes of Sections
 - Checks on correct directions of windings of turns (Polarity)
 - Visual checks
- Assembly of windings together
 - Check on relative positions and numbers of leads
 - Check that vertical and horizontal coolant ducts are clear and to full design dimensions
 - Visual checks
- Assembly of windings on core
 - Visual and dimensional checks.

d) Leads

- Checks on disposition, insulation and support of tapping leads
- Checks on insulation support and positioning of bushing leads and provision for connection to bushings
- Checks on lead connections (crimping, brazing etc.)
- Checks on interphase connections
- General visual checks.

e) Insulation

- Checks on arrangement of petalling
- Checks on inter-phase and earth barriers
- Checks on shields
- Checks on clearance and creepage distances
- General visual checks.

f) Coolant flow ducts

- Check that vertical and horizontal passages are clear and to full design dimensions
- General visual checks.

g) Current transformers, links and connections

- Check that built-in current transformers are in the correct leads
- Check that the connections and alternative connections are clearly marked and that the marked ratios are correct.



h) Assembly of transformer in Tank

- Check insulation between transformer and tank
- Check security of fixing of transformer in tank and of any packing used
- Check electrical clearances between tank and leads and windings
- Checks for cleanliness and freedom from debris of inside of tank
- General visual check.

i) Valves

- Check action of valves after welding into position (especially butterfly valves)
- Checks for leaks under pressure.

j) Paint work

- Checks for preparation of surfaces
- Checks for use of correct paint system
- Visual checks on general finish.

k) Conservator

- Check for leakage
- Check capacity
- Visual checks.

l) Bushings

- Check against standards
- Check that routine tests have been done
- Checks for leakage when mounted on transformer
- Checks for distortion, flaws and chips.

m) Tap-changers (on-load and off-circuit as appropriate)

- Inspection on completion of manufacture, including a review of manufacturer's stage test records and procedures
- Mechanical and electrical checks in the manufacturer's works
- Tests in accordance with the appropriate IEC or other standard as applicable
- Check ten complete cycles from end to end of the range
- Check five cycles on full current
- Check five cycles at full voltage
- Check transmitters for correct number of steps and impedance values
- Check interlocks
- Check warning, alarm and trip contacts
- Visual and dimensional checks.

n) Pumps and fans

- Checks for direction of rotation against motor terminal markings



- Visual and dimensional checks.

o) Heat exchangers

- Checks on radiators for leaks
- Checks on radiators for paint finish and inner cleanliness
- Checks on oil-to-water heat exchangers for leaks at manufacturer's works
- Checks on oil-to-water heat exchangers for cleanliness of oil chambers and passages
- General visual and dimensional checks.

p) Processing

- Checks on pressures and temperatures with manufacturer's process charts available.

q) Control cubicles, kiosks and terminal boxes

- Checks on functioning of contactors, overloads isolators and general operation of control circuits for cooling gear
- Checks on operation of circuits for thermometers, thermal images, pressure relief valves, oil and gas operated relays, flow detectors, heaters, lights and power output sockets
- Checks on wiring arrangements and terminal boards
- Checks on weather sealing of doors, cable glands and other external features
- Visual and dimensional checks.

r) Workshop tests on complete transformer

The following routine test in accordance with IEC 60076:

- Measurement of winding resistance
- Measurement of voltage ratio and check of voltage vector
- Measurement of impedance voltage, short circuit impedance and load loss
- Measurement of no-load loss and current at U_r , $1.05 \times U_r$ and $1.1 \times U_r$
- Dielectric routine tests in accordance with IEC 60076-3
- Test on on-load tap changers
- Insulation resistance
- Separate source voltage withstand test
 - Induced overvoltage test to be carried out on all main transformers (see item 3) acc. to IEC 60076-3, table 1 (ACLD/ACSD).
 - PD test to be carried out for all generator transformers, interconnecting transformers and start-up/standby transformer together with ACLD.
- Frequency response analysis.
- FRA test to be carried out on all main transformers (see item 3).

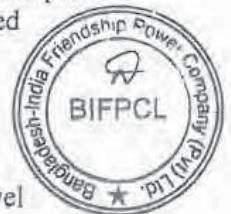
The above tests shall be carried out on all transformers.

The following tests in accordance with IEC to be carried out as type tests (type tests shall not be repeated if type test certificates of an identical/similar rated transformer issued by a recognized test laboratory are available):

- Temperature rise test including direct measurement of hot-spot temperature
- Measurement of the harmonics of the no-load current
- Dielectric type tests in accordance with IEC 60076-3
- Measurement of zero sequence impedance
- For the above type tests, test certificates may be accepted at the discretion of the Employer/Engineer, in place of tests on the first transformer of each basic type excepting the generator transformer. In the case of generator transformers the type tests must be carried out
- Noise measurements.
- The generator step-up transformer, the 400/230 kV interconnection transformer, the unit auxiliary and the auxiliary transformers shall be dynamic short circuit withstand tested according IEC 60076-1 & -5 either in the manufacturers workshop or in a recognized 3rd party test lab (as special test).

In addition to the above tests, the following tests shall be made as routine tests:

- Tangent delta measurements on the insulation, the method to be agreed with the Employer/Engineer
- Core insulation test on magnetic circuit
- On windings of 30 kV rating or above either:
 - ration influence voltage tests, the method to be agreed with the Employer/Engineer or
 - partial discharge measurements in accordance with IEC
- Transformer oil analysis according to IEC 60296, IEC 60567 and according IEC 62535 for detection of potential corrosive sulphur in mineral oils
- Transformer tanks, conservators, oil pipework and air cooled cooling plant shall withstand without leaking or permanent distortion, the application for 24 hours of a pressure which is such that the test pressure at any point in the equipment is twice the working pressure at that point or 0.7 kg/cm² plus the working pressure at the point or 0.3 kg/cm² plus the pressure exerted at that point when the pressure relief is opened slowly by oil pressure whichever is the greatest.
- Tank vacuum & pressure test
- Pressure test of radiators
- Oil leakage test
- Pressure relief device, Buchholz relay, oil, winding meters, oil level indicator, dry cool breather, dissolved gas analyzer test / check.



Fault withstand (fault versus time) curve for all transformers shall be submitted by the Contractor.

Over-excitation curves shall be provided by the manufacturers for the station transformers.

Separate type and routine tests shall be carried out for all accessories like bushings, bushings CTs, tap changers, cooling fans, control panels, etc.

Dry type transformers

The following routine tests in accordance with IEC 60076 shall be carried out on all transformers:

- Measurement of winding resistance
- Measurement of voltage ratio and phase displacement
- Measurement of short circuit impedance and load loss
- Measurement of no-load loss and current
- Separate source AC withstand test
- Induced AC voltage test
- Lightning Impulse test
- Partial discharge measurement.

The following tests in accordance with IEC 60076 to be carried out as type tests (type tests shall not be repeated if type tests certificates of an identical transformer issued by a recognized test laboratory are available):

- Temperature rise test
- Measurement of sound level
- Short circuit test
- Environmental Test according Class E2
- Climatic test according Class C1
- Fire behaviour test according to Class F1.

Also, Lightning impulse test shall be a type test.

Fault withstand (fault versus time) curve for all transformers shall be submitted by the Contractor.

Separate type and routine tests shall be carried out for all accessories like bushings, bushings CTs, tap changers, etc.

Current and voltage transformers

The current and voltage transformer shall be tested in accordance with IEC 61869

Generators

IEC 60034, IEEE 115, ISO 1680 and ISO 10816.



a) Generator test report

Comprehensive test reports for the generators are to be compiled and submitted by the Contractor, which shall include:

- Description of the test method, equipment used and any limitations of the test plant.
- Copies of the oscillographs recorded with appropriate calibration data
- Open circuit saturation, short circuit and loss curves for the generator
- A performance chart of the generator (being a diagram of constant stator and rotor current curves plotted on rectangular axis of MVA_r and MW load) The recommended loading, stator core end heating and stability limits shall be shown on the chart.
- Calculations of full load temperature rise for the stator, rotor and exciter. Any correction factors used to allow for different voltage current and cooling conditions shall be justified by reference to published literature or to previous type tests.
- Calculations of the efficiency of the complete generator at 100%, 75% and 50% load. Any correction factors for losses that could not be measured at routine tests shall be justified by reference to published literature or to previous type tests.
- Calculations of machine parameters (according to IEC 60034-4) such as transient reactance and time constant, sub-transient reactance and time constant, short circuit ratio, synchronous reactance, negative phase sequence reactance, zero sequence reactance, capacitance and also the harmonic analysis of the neutral current.
- Calculation of full load excitation of the machine at rated power factor lagging and at unity power factor, excitation V curves.

b) Routine tests on generator

- Generator stator frame
 - hydrostatic test (if H₂ cooling)
 - resistance check of temperature detectors
- Generator rotor
 - ultrasonic examination
 - mechanical balance
 - over-speed test
 - measurement of 50 Hz rotor impedance (at 3000 RPM).
- Stator core laminations
 - Magnetization of stator core lamination layer resistance between the layers of the core
- Generator H₂ cooler (if H₂ cooling)
 - hydrostatic test
- Generator assembled:
 - three phase short circuit characteristic test and current balance check
 - dielectric test



- measurement of insulation resistance
 - measurement of winding resistance
 - open circuit characteristic test and voltage balance, phase sequence check
 - segregation of mechanical loss and core loss
 - segregation of stray load loss
 - efficiency calculation
 - unbalanced load test for negative-phase sequence and zero sequence reactance
 - shaft voltage measurement
 - oscillographing of verified voltage wave form and harmonic analysis
 - measurement of vibration
 - polarization index
 - tan delta measurement of complete winding
 - bearing insulation resistance.
- c) Type tests on generator (as far as type test certificates are not available)
- Sudden short circuit test at reduced voltage (30%, 50% and 70% of rated voltage), extrapolated to 100% voltage
 - Equivalent heat run test consisting of:
 - windage and friction heat run, open circuit heat run at 105% rated voltage, short-circuit heat run at rated line current, open-circuit heat run at rated line voltage
 - measurement of open-circuit direct-axis transient time constant
 - noise measurement
 - moment of inertia
 - Measurement of excitation response time*)
 - overall characteristic coupled with generator and AVQC cubicle at no load*)

*) applicable to assembled unit consisting of generator, exciter and voltage regulator, may be carried out on site

Type tests shall be carried out if type test certificates (Not older than 5 years as on date of bid opening) certified by an independent test authority are not available.

Sudden short circuit test shall be carried out in line with IEC at voltage level to be finalized during detailed engineering.

d) Routine tests on generator exciter

- Resistance of windings
- Insulation resistance
- High voltage tests
- Short-circuit characteristic
- No-load characteristic.



Motors

IEC 60034, ISO 1680, ISO 10816

- Type tests (each motor type) as far as type test certificates are not available
 - measurement of starting (locked rotor) current and torque
 - power factor and efficiency measurement
 - heat run test
 - noise measurement
 - temperature rise measurement
- Routine tests (each motor)
 - measurement of winding resistances
 - measurement of shaft current
 - no-load and current measurement
 - no-load short circuit measurement
 - open circuit secondary induced voltage test at stand still (wound rotor)
 - dielectric test (high voltage test)
 - measurement of insulation resistance
 - overspeed tests (120% for 2 minutes)
 - check of motor vibrations
 - oscillographic measurement of starting current.

Emergency diesel sets

All relevant routine and type tests according to:

ISO 3046	Reciprocating internal combustion engines - Performance
ISO 8528	Generating sets with reciprocating internal combustion engines

a) Type tests

The diesel generator unit (DGU) and all auxiliary equipment shall be fully type tested. These tests shall include all type tests as defined in the relevant latest IEC and ISO recommendation (as a minimum requirement).

Evidence shall be given that the DGU together with the auxiliary equipment to be provided, under these specifications, have successfully passed all type tests of design, service frequency, impulse, insulation level, dynamic operating range, and electrical and mechanical endurance performance, as appropriate and as specified.

However, if deemed necessary, the Employer shall decide if additional tests are required to be performed by the Tenderer/Contractor.

The Tenderer/Contractor shall supply certified copies of type test certificates covering the proposed DGU of similar capacity or higher, operating range, data features, design and construction.



b) Sample tests

Sample Tests shall be performed, comprising as a minimum the following tests:

- Visual checks and measurements of dimensions
- Functional tests.

c) Routine tests

The Tenderer/ Contractor is required to carry out routine tests on each assembled and finished diesel generator unit and its relevant auxiliary equipment to demonstrate the integrity of the system.

Routine test certificates shall be submitted for the Employer's review and approval before shipment of the DGU.

The DGU shall pass all the routine tests as laid down in the relevant latest revisions of IEC & ISO Standards. In addition, the visual Inspection, which shall determine conformity of the DGU & the relevant equipment with the requirement, shall be part of the routine tests.

The acceptance test for the diesel engine at the Manufacturer's workshop test bed shall include the measurements, calculations and functional checks stated in ISO 3046-1 (E).

A test report in English shall be issued according to ISO 3046-1 (E) giving evidence of the following data:

- Engine model, order No., rated output, operating speed, number of cylinders, bore, stroke, compression ratio, cylinder displacement, no. of strokes, date of test, the Employer's name, inspector's name, ambient air temperature, relative humidity, barometric pressure, fuel specific gravity, fuel net calorific value, setting data of injection pump, firing sequence, valve timings, type of fuel oil filter, type of lube oil filter, type of turbocharger and inter-cooler, type of governor, type of injectors.

The Tenderer/Contractor shall submit together with the test report a certificate showing the emission levels of the exhaust gases: NO_x, CO and PM (particulate matter).

The diesel engine shall be proven to be capable of operating in steady state condition on all above mentioned loads. If the diesel engine fails to operate in steady state condition on one or more loads, this engine type shall be not accepted for the scope of the diesel generator units.

d) Special tests

The diesel engine shall be at least tested in total for one hour at the following loads:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|
| • Warm-up of the diesel engine | as required |
| • 25 % load operation | 10 minutes |
| • 50 % load operation | 10 minutes |



- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| • 75 % load operation | 10 minutes |
| • Full load operation | 20 minutes |
| • 110 % load operation | 20 minutes |
| • Cool down of the diesel engine. | |

During the test run, temperatures, pressures and fuel consumption shall be measured and recorded.

The diesel engine shall be proven to be capable for operation in steady state condition on all above mentioned loads. If the diesel engine fails to operate in steady state condition on one or more loads, this engine type shall not be accepted.

Low voltage switchgear

The following standards and regulations or equivalent shall be used:

IEC 60947	Low-voltage switchgear and control gear
IEC 61439	Low-voltage switchgear and control gear assemblies
IEC 60529	Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)
IEC 60898	Specifications for circuit-breakers
IEC 60079	Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres
IEC 60947	Regulations for low-voltage switchgear

The "Design Verification" of all low voltage switchgears/ motor control centers shall be carried out by following methods:

- "Testing" for the Pos. No. 1., 2., 3., 4., 5., 9., 10., 11., 12. and 13 of IEC 61439-1/Annex D, Table D.1
- "Assessment" for the Pos. No. 6., 7. and 8 of IEC 61439-1/Annex D, Table D.1

In addition to the above tests for which certificates shall be submitted, at least the following tests shall be performed in the manufacturer's workshop on the individual apparatus and on the complete installation, respectively, all in accordance with IEC Standards:

- Visual inspection
- Power frequency HV tests at main circuit
- Dielectric tests of the auxiliary and control circuits
- Functional test of the control circuits
- Check of the operational sequence.



Capacitors

IEC	60831	Shunt power capacitors
IEC	60871	Shunt capacitors for A.C. power systems
IEC	60931	Shunt power capacitors
IEC	60143	Series capacitors for power systems
IEC	60358	Coupling capacitors and capacitor dividers
IEC	60384	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment

Batteries, charging equipment inverters and DC/DC converters

IEC	60086	Primary batteries
IEC	60119	Recommendations for polycrystalline semiconductor rectifier stacks and equipment
IEC	60146	Semiconductor converters
IEC	60896	Stationary lead-acid batteries
IEC	61204	Low voltage power supply devices DC output

Chargers and batteries shall be tested together in the factory. Testing of chargers and batteries together at site will also be accepted. All factory tests shall be repeated at site.

Chargers

- Visual inspection (to be repeated on site)
- Functional tests (to be repeated on site)
- Heat run (type test)
- Output voltage stability measured for 25% load steps
- Ripple voltage measurement without connected battery
- Ripple measurement (voltage and current) with connected battery (at site will also be accepted).
- Insulation test (to be repeated on site).

Batteries

- Visual inspection (to be repeated on site)
- Insulation test (to be repeated on site)
- Charge test and discharge tests

Fuse Box

- Visual inspection (to be repeated on site)
- Functional tests (on site)
- Insulation test (on site)

Inverters and DC/DC converters

- Visual inspection (to be repeated on site)
- Functional tests (to be repeated on site)
- Heat run (type test)
- Insulation test (to be repeated on site).



Lamps and accessories

IEC	60081	Double-capped fluorescent lamps
IEC	61347	Lamp control gear
IEC	60921	Ballasts for tubular fluorescent lamps
IEC	60155	Glow starters for fluorescent lamps
IEC	60598	Luminaries
IEC	60188	High-pressure mercury vapor lamps
IEC	60400	Lampholders and starter holders for tubular fluorescent lamps
IEC	60901	Single-capped fluorescent lamps
IEC	60662	High pressure sodium vapor lamps
IEC	60192	Low pressure sodium vapor lamps
IEC	60923	Auxiliaries for lamps
IEC	61347	Part 2-13: lamp control gear for LED Modules
IEC	62031	LED modules for general lighting - Safety specifications
IEC	62560	Self-ballasted LED-lamps for general lighting services by voltage > 50 V - Safety specifications
IEC	62612	Self-ballasted LED-lamps for general lighting services by voltage > 50 V - Performance requirements
IEC	62471	Photobiological safety
IEC	62384	DC or AC supplied electronic control gear for LED modules - Performance requirements
IEC	60838	Part 2-2: miscellaneous lampholders - Connectors for LED-modules
IEC/PAS	62717	LED Modules for general lighting - Performance requirements
IEC/PAS	62722	Luminaires Performance

HV-, MV- and LV-cables

All relevant routine and type tests according to:

IEC	60060	High voltage test techniques
IEC	60071	Insulation co-ordination
IEC	60230	Impulse tests on cables and their accessories
IEC	60811	Common test methods for insulating and sheathing materials of electric cables
IEC	60840	Power cables with extruded insulation and their accessories for rated voltages above 30 kV up to 150 kV
IEC	62067	Power cables with extruded insulation and their accessories for rated voltages above 150 kV up to 500 kV
IEC	60502	Power cables with extruded insulation and their accessories for rated voltages from 1 kV up to 30 kV

a) LV-cables

LV cables shall be workshop tested as per IEC 60502-1 with the following tests as a minimum:

Type tests:

- electrical type tests acc. to: IEC 60502 - 1 Clause 17
- non electrical type tests acc. to: IEC 60502 - 2 Clause 18.

Also following additional type tests shall be carried by the Contractor at their own cost prior to the first shipment of all offered cable if no type test certificates of identical cables are available:

- Fire Resistant according to IEC 60331, BS 6387
- Flame Retardant according to IEC 60332
- Low Smoke Test according to IEC 61034
- Halogen Content Test according IEC 60754
- Water Tree Test of XLPE Insulation (accelerated)
- Test voltage = $3 \times U_0$
- Test frequency = 500 Hz
- Core environment = 400C water
- Duration of test = 4 month
- Test after 4 months: Dielectric stress withstand $>14\text{kV/mm}$.

Moreover, test certificates shall be provided, proving that each cable type to be used has successfully passed type tests as required by the applicable standards during the last 12 months before award of contract. Otherwise, these tests have to be repeated on sample Sections.

Routine tests: according IEC 60502 – 1, Clause 15

- measurements of electrical resistance of conductors according to Clause 15.2
- voltage tests according to clause 15.3.

Sample tests: according IEC 60502 – 1, Clause 16

- conductor examination according Clause 16.4
- check of dimensions according Clause 16.5 to 16.8
- hot set test for EPR, HEPR and XLPE insulations and elastomeric sheath according Clause 16.9.

b) MV-cables

MV cables shall be workshop tested as per IEC 60502-2 with the following tests as a minimum:

Type tests:

- electrical type tests acc. to: IEC 60502 - 2 Clause 18
- non electrical type tests acc. to: IEC 60502 - 2 Clause 19.



Also following additional type tests shall be carried by the Contractor at their own cost prior to the first shipment of all offered cable if no type test certificates of identical cables are available:

- Fire Resistant according to IEC 60331, BS 6387
- Flame Retardant according to IEC 60332
- Low Smoke Test according to IEC 61034
- Halogen Content Test according IEC 60754
- Water Tree Test of XLPE Insulation (accelerated)
- Test voltage = $3 \times U_0$
- Test frequency = 500 Hz
- Core environment = 400C water
- Duration of test = 4 month
- Test after 4 months: Dielectric stress withstand $>14\text{kV/mm}$.

Moreover, test certificates shall be provided, proving that each cable type to be used has successfully passed type tests as required by the applicable Standards during the last 12 months before award of contract. Otherwise, these tests have to be repeated on sample Sections.

Routine tests: according IEC 60502 – 2, Clause 16

- measurements of electrical resistance of conductors according to Clause 16.2
- partial discharge test according to Clause 16.3 on cables having cores with conductor screens and insulation screens in accordance with Clause 7.1 and 7.2
- voltage tests according to clause 16.4.

Sample tests: according IEC 60502-2 Clause 17

- conductor examination according Clause 17.4
- check of dimensions according Clause 17.5 to 17.8
- voltage test for cables of rated voltages above 3.6/6 (7.2) kV according to Clause 17.9
- hot set test for EPR, HEPR and XLPE insulations and elastomeric sheath according Clause 17.10.

c) HV-cables

The 230 kV XLPE-Insulated Single-Core Underground Cables and Accessories shall be tested as per latest IEC 62067 including all subsequent amendments and relative standard. The Employer/Engineer shall witness the required Type and Sample tests.

The approval of the Employer/ Engineer or the passing of any such inspection or test will not however, prejudice the right of the Employer/ Engineer to reject the 230 kV XLPE-Insulated Single-Core Cables and accessories if it does not comply with the Specification.

Defects discovered during the type/routine/sample tests shall entitle the Employer/Engineer to reject the cables/accessories fabricated for this Project.

The Tenderer/ Contractor shall fabricate without additional cost the cable lengths and accessories necessary for the tests, over and above those required to complete the Works at Site.

For the definitions of the Type Tests, Sample Tests, Routine Tests and Tests after installation, reference shall generally be made to the relevant IEC Standards.

HV cables and accessories shall be workshop tested as per IEC 62067 with the following tests as a minimum:

Type tests on cable systems: according clause 12:

- Electrical type test according Clause 12.4
 - Check of insulation thickness acc. to Clause 12.4.1
 - Bending test on the cables acc. to Clause 12.4.4 followed by installation of accessories and a partial discharge test acc. to Clause 12.4.5
 - Tan δ measurement acc. to Clause 12.4.6
 - Heating cycle voltage test acc. Clause 12.4.7
 - Partial discharge test acc. to Clause 12.4.5 (at ambient and at high temperature)
 - Switching impulse voltage test acc. to Clause 12.4.8
 - Lightning impulse voltage test followed by a power frequency voltage test acc. to Clause 12.4.9
 - Test of outer protection for joints
 - Examination of cable system with cable and accessories after completion of tests acc. to Clause 12.4.10.
 - Testitivity of semi-conducting screen acc. to Clause 12.4.11.
- Non electrical type tests according to Clause 12.5
 - Check of dimensions acc. to Clause 12.5.1
 - Tests for determination the mechanical properties of insulation acc. to Clause 12.5.2
 - Tests for determination the mechanical properties of oversheds acc. to Clause 12.5.3
 - Aging tests acc. to Clause 12.5.4
 - Pressure test at high temperature on oversheds acc. to Clause 12.5.6
 - Other test on oversheds according to the type used.
 - Hot set test for XLPE insulation acc. to Clause 12.5.10
 - Measurement of carbon black of black PE oversheds acc. to Clause 12.5.12
 - Water penetration test acc. to Clause 12.5.14.

Also following additional type tests shall be carried by the Contractor at their own cost prior to the first shipment of all offered cable if no type test certificates of identical cables are available:

- Fire Resistant according to IEC 60331, BS 6387
- Flame Retardant according to IEC 60332
- Low Smoke Test according to IEC 61034
- Halogen Content Test according IEC 60754
- Water Tree Test of XLPE Insulation (accelerated)
 - Test voltage = $3 \times U_0$
 - Test frequency = 500 Hz
 - Core environment = 400C water
 - Duration of test = 4 month
 - Test after 4 months: Dielectric stress withstand $>14\text{kV/mm}$.

Cables and accessories shall have passed type approval tests in accordance with IEC Specifications and details of the cable designs offered shall be given in the appropriate place in the Technical Schedules. Type test reports shall include cable design details and design drawings of each jointing accessory included in the type test.

The Tenderer/Contractor shall submit certified copies of type test certificates covering the proposed Cables.

Routine tests: according Clause 9

- partial discharge test according to Clause 9.2
- voltage tests according to according to Clause 9.3
- electrical test on oversheath according to Clause 9.4

Sample tests: according to Clause 10

- conductor examination according Clause 10.4
- measurement of electrical resistance of conductor according to Clause 10.5
- measurement of thickness of insulation and oversheath according to Clause 10.6
- measurement of thickness of metallic sheath according to Clause 10.7
- measurement of diameters according to Clause 10.8
- hot set test XLPE insulations and elastomeric sheath according Clause 10.9
- measurement of capacitance according to Clause 10.10
- lightning impulse voltage test follows by a power frequency voltage test according to Clause 10.12
- water penetration test according Clause 12.5.14
- Lead alloy composition and behavior (BS 3908, BS EN 12548).

Type tests of accessories

All accessories shall be tested as per IEC 62067 and all subsequent amendments and relative standards considering Test of Outer protection for buried joints (if applicable).

Routine Tests, Insulation Joints

The insulation flange shall be designed to withstand tests voltages as specified in the Technical Data Sheets and shall be tested accordingly.

Routine Tests, Bonding/Earthing Leads

The Bonding/Earthing Leads shall be designed to withstand tests voltages and currents as specified in the Technical Data Sheets and shall be tested accordingly.

Telecommunication installations

IEC 60215 Safety requirements for radio transmitting equipment

Aerials

IEC 60169 Radio-frequency connectors

Power installations up to 1000 V

IEC 60364 Electrical installations of buildings

IEC 61439-4 Particular requirements for assemblies for construction sites (ACS)

Power installation above 1000 V

IEC 60060 High-voltage test techniques

IEC 62271 HV switchgear and control gear
(incl. Appendix AA "Internal Arc Test")

Protection equipment

Equipment for modular static protection systems (e.g. generator, distance, busbar, protection, etc.) pre-assembled in the relevant standardized boards/cubicles etc. shall be tested in the manufacturers' workshops according to IEC 60255 as far as wiring and proper function is concerned. Simulated inputs (binary signals, current and voltage inputs from test power supplies) shall be used.

Fire alarm system

All relevant routine and type tests according to:

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

DIN VDE 0800 Telecommunications

DIN VDE 0833 Alarm systems for fire, intrusion and hold-up



B0.7.2.5 Control and monitoring equipment

All control and monitoring equipment shall be tested at the manufacturers' works before dispatch to site. Certificates shall be issued for

- synchronizing units
- flow evaluators

On request the correct operation of equipment with specified temperature and humidity limits shall be demonstrated by tests conducted within the limits.

Electrical measuring instruments

All electrical measuring instruments shall be tested in accordance with the following rules and regulations. Alternatively, equivalent standards approved by the Employer's Representative may be used.

IEC 60051	Recommendations for direct-acting indicating electrical measuring instruments and their accessories
IEC 60258	Direct acting recording electrical measuring instruments and their accessories
IEC 61036	Alternating current static watt-hour meters for active energy
IEC 61010	Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use

Electrical remote indication

Meters for active power, reactive power and similar remote indication equipment:

VDE 0418	Regulations for electric integrating meters
IEC 60338	Telemetry for consumption and demand

Calibration Tests

The Contractor shall conduct calibration tests of the following instruments and equipment:

- all local indicators over the full range of the indicator
- all transmitters over the full range of the transmitter
- all binary transmitters over the full range including initial setting
- all remote indicators over the full range of the indicator
- all recorders over the full range of the recorder
- one of each type of indication loop with circuit resistance of the loop increased to a value which is equal to the highest value expected, and under worst case operating conditions
- all superheated steam thermocouples
- one of each type of thermocouple or resistance element
- all kinds of analogue transmitters over the full measuring range



- all modules and subassemblies for measuring and control e.g. analogue limit monitors, flow evaluators, function generators
- all quantity meters
- all synchronizing units according to IEC standards
- the actual dimensions of all orifices, nozzles, Venturi nozzles have to be checked as per ISO5167.

Closed-loop control systems

All main closed-loop control systems shall be tested for polarity and function in accordance with the applicable standards. Control valves shall be tested in accordance with mechanical functional tests on control valves and shall be performed with the actuator mounted (open to closed position and vice-versa). Actuators shall be subject to mechanical and electrical function tests.

Sequence logic equipment

All sequence logic equipment shall be tested using simulated inputs.

Alarm annunciator and fault printing system

The alarm annunciator and fault printing system shall be tested using simulated inputs.

DCS system

The system shall be thoroughly tested at the manufacturers' workshops before dispatch to site. Test programs shall be devised and these shall subsequently be made available to the Employer's Representative. Tests shall be made to ensure that the system operates correctly within the ambient conditions as specified by the manufacturer and that if these conditions are exceeded, i.e. in the case of failure of the air-conditioning system, that the system will automatically fail safe and that neither hardware nor software will be damaged.

Further I&C equipment

Type test reports shall be provided for the following:

- UPS
- 24 V DC battery chargers
- Batteries
- Control valves
- Instrumentation cables
- Flow nozzle orifice plates
- Measuring instruments
- Local instrument enclosures
- Local instrument racks
- PLCs
- Etc.



Type test reports

The minimum type test reports for each of the major I&C systems shall be as follows:

1. Surge Withstand Capability (SWC) for solid state equipment/ systems
All solid state systems/ equipment shall be able to withstand the electrical noise and surges as encountered in actual service conditions and inherent in a Power Plant. All the solid state systems/ equipment shall be provided with all required protections that needs the surge withstand capability as defined in ANSI 37.90.1/ IEEE-472. Hence all front end cards which receive external signals like analogue input & output modules, binary input & output modules, etc. including power supplies, data highway, data links shall be provided with protections that meet the surge withstand capability as defined in ANSI 37.90.1/ IEEE-472. Complete details of the features incorporated in electronic systems to meet this requirement, the relevant tests carried out, the certificates etc. shall be submitted with the proposal. As an alternative to above, suitable class of EN61000-4-12 which is equivalent to ANSI 37.90.1/ IEEE-472 may also be adopted for SWC test.
2. Dry heat test as per IEC 60068-2-2 or equivalent
3. Damp heat test as per IEC 60068-2-3 or equivalent
4. Vibration test as per IEC 60068-2-6 or equivalent
5. Electrostatic discharge tests as per EN 61000-4-2 or equivalent
6. Radio frequency immunity test as per EN 61000-4-6 or equivalent
7. Electromagnetic field immunity as per EN 61000-4-3 or equivalent

Tests as listed under items number 5 to 7 as applicable for electronic cards only as defined under item 1 above.

B0.7.3 Testing at site**B0.7.3.1 Civil works testing**

The Contractor shall carry out all required civil construction tests. Thereby part of the test like concrete and earthwork tests have to be carried out at site, other tests have to be performed in the manufacturer workshops.

The Contractor shall submit all test certificates of materials subject to approval and shall arrange for tests of all materials to be carried out in laboratories on site or elsewhere. The cost of all test equipment, samples, tests and transport to the laboratory shall be borne by the Contractor.

The testing operations shall be performed in accordance with the relevant codes and standards and under the supervision of the Employer.



Where in the specifications materials are specified to be approved samples shall be submitted for approval at the earliest possible date and strictly before any purchasing or delivery to the site is made. The individual tests and inspection for the materials, supply and execution shall be carried out in compliance with the requirements of the individual technical specifications. In the case of rejection, further samples of the rejected materials shall be submitted to SC until they are approved or the material is replaced. The Employer may reject any material which in his opinion is not in accordance with the approved standard. All samples shall be submitted free of charge to the Employer.

The characteristics as determined in the samples which are approved shall indicate the standard to be maintained in the materials used in the execution of the works.

The test samples of materials subject to approval by the Employer shall be kept in a safe place and protected against damage or deterioration until completion of the works.

For materials (e.g. steelwork, pipes, ducts, etc.) to be manufactured in workshops respective manufacturer test certificates including test results shall be submitted to the Employer subject to approval.

After final completion of certain civil structures/ parts to be ready for erection of further equipment individual "Civil Completion Certificates" shall be issued by the Contractor under the following conditions:

- Except for minor items of work that would not affect the safety, all civil works for applicable parts, structures or buildings have been carried out and tested
- All such civil works are in a manner that does not void any subcontractor or vendor warranties or violate any applicable law or applicable permit
- Punch List has been agreed upon by the Employer and the Contractor
- Contractor warrants that all necessary works have been undertaken and all applicable parts, structures or buildings are ready for erection.

If the Employer is satisfied that the pre-conditions for the issuance of the Civil Completion Certificate for the respective civil structures/ parts have been met the Civil Construction Completion Certificate shall be signed off by the Employer.

Further testing requirements for civil works are specified in **Section B9**.

An indicative field quality plan for civil works to be followed by the Contractor at site is required to be submitted with the Tender.



B0.7.3.2 Erection tests

General

During erection all required erection tests as well as final erection checks of the mechanical completion of the systems and part thereof have to be performed.

The Employer shall have the right to witness on request all tests on site and shall be informed of site test 24 hours in advance.

After successful mechanical completion of each system, Individual Erection Completion Certificates will be issued.

The activities necessary for mechanical completion shall include but not be limited to following testing:

- visual inspection after unloading at site
- checking of completion of relevant systems
- completion of buildings and civil works
- test of ventilating and air-conditioning units
- alignment of rotating equipment coupled on site
- safety audit
- testing of site welds (non-destructive examinations)
- pressure testing, leak tests, tightness tests
- checking of pipe hangers, supports, guides, etc.
- pipe line and equipment flushing and cleaning
- chemical protection of piping systems
- checking of coating
- testing of cranes and hoists.

Electrical equipment tests

The following tests or measurements must be made during and after erection but before any item of equipment is put on trial operation:

- design and visual checks
- screwed connections for correct assembly
- terminals and terminal connections for correct assembly
- checking of earthing connections and testing of earthing resistances
- measurement of insulation values (didactic tests)
- verification of earthing conditions
- fire-proof partitioning
- marking, inscription, provision of designation plates
- rotating-field measurement
- phase coincidence with 2 half-busbars
- voltage checks
- polarity checks in the case of DC voltages
- fuses, overcurrent trips, short circuit trips, time settings, relay settings
- oil levels



- status indication, alarm and trip signals
- checks on wiring and cabling for conformity with the constructional circuit drawings and plans
- high voltage tests
- current and voltage transformer circuits
- functional test of all protection relays including winding and oil temperature monitoring as well as Buchholz protection etc.
- interface with the DCS and SCADA.

The tests shall be carried out according to relevant standards.

The Contractor shall submit for each test of all equipment a method statement, with relevant diagrams explaining the procedure of the tests and test criteria supported by relevant standards and test methods.

All major equipment shall have a separate test package.

All high voltage tests shall be carried out at 50 Hz. Equipment for which DC tests is proposed shall be justified and approved by Employer/Engineer. HV tests of switchgears shall be carried out with the relevant circuit breakers in open and closed positions.

Unless otherwise agreed, all erection and civil works related to the equipment shall be completed before starting any site tests.
All switchgears shall be verified by primary injection in addition to secondary injection.

Generators

This Section covers the specific requirements for the site tests and performance tests requirements in the turbine plant.

These tests shall include:

- Routine tests as per IEC 60034 - as far as practicable under site condition comprising of:
 - testing of running behaviour (overspeed)
 - determination of temp. rises of coolants and lubricants for bearing and shaft seals
 - determination of friction losses
 - recording of no-load saturation characteristics and determination of core losses
 - measurement of shaft voltage
 - verification of phase sequence and appropriate terminal marking
 - measurement of excitation current and determination of losses at rated current on short circuit
 - calculation of efficiency from sum of individual losses
 - winding insulation measurement
 - HV test on windings
 - functional test of accessories and attachments



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- measurement of excitation response time – GTG: measuring will be carried out at site during commissioning
- overall characteristics coupled with generator and AVR cubicle at no load (applicable for the assembled unit consisting of generator, exciter and voltage regulator) – GTG: measuring will be carried out at site during commissioning.

The Contractor has to provide a detailed test procedure subject to approval by the Employer/Engineer.

Motors

Tests at Site (with motor coupled):

- measurement of insulation resistance
- measurement of shaft current
- measurement of motor vibrations
- at motors rated 47 kW or higher, in addition:
 - oscillographic measurement of starting current (if not performed during workshop testing)
 - measurement of starting period.

Switchgear for Voltages above 1 kV

The complete installation shall be tested at site as follows:

- dielectric test
- visual inspection
- contact resistance/torque test of bus bar joints
- CT's, VT's ratio, magnetisation characteristic and burden measurement
- HV test
- mechanical functioning test
- test of the functional sequence
- testing of all interlocks
- testing of all protection relays and circuits by primary/secondary injection and functional tests of the arc protection
- testing of high speed transfer systems
- testing of all alarms (local and remote).

LV switchgear (AC and DC)

The complete switchgear and the individual apparatus shall be tested on site as follows:

- visual inspection
- dielectric test
- contact resistance/torque test of bus bar joints
- CT's, VT's ratio, magnetisation characteristic and burden measurement
- testing of all interlocks
- setting and testing of all protection relays and circuits by primary/secondary injection. Test kit of adequate rating to be provided



- testing of automatic change over devices
- testing of all alarms (local and remote)
- functional test
- test of the functional sequence.

Setting and functional test of protection devices (primary injection method). However, test plugs and socket facilities for secondary injection tests shall also be made available. Tests kits of adequate ratings shall be made available for the tests.

Batteries and chargers

Chargers and batteries shall be tested together in the factory. All factory tests are to be repeated at site.

Chargers

- visual inspection (to be repeated on site)
- functional tests (to be repeated on site)
- heat run (type test)
- output voltage stability measured for 25% load steps
- ripple voltage measurement without connected battery
- ripple measurement (voltage and current) with connected battery
- insulation test (to be repeated on site).

Batteries

- visual inspection (to be repeated on site)
- insulation test (to be repeated on site)
- charge test and discharge tests (100%).

Fuse Box

- Visual inspection (to be repeated on site)
- Functional tests (on site)
- Insulation test (on site).

Inverters & DC/DC Converters

Following test shall be carried out:

- visual inspection (to be repeated on site)
- functional tests (to be repeated on site)
- insulation test (to be repeated on site).



Earthing and lightning protection

The complete earthing and lightning protection systems shall be tested as follows:

- The earthing system as a whole shall be tested and verified before putting any major equipment into operation.
- visual inspection of exposed elements
- Measurement of the earth electrode potential UE by the voltmeter/ammeter method, test current 100 300 A or an equivalent, approved method if above will be proved to be not feasible,
- measurement of the touch potential UB,
- measurement of step potential.

Diesel generator units

The diesel generator units (DGU) shall be thoroughly tested at site. The acceptance tests shall be performed according to the Technical Specifications and acc. to ISO 8528 6:1993 (E) and ISO 3046-1:1995 (E) and -3:1989 (E) for the diesel engine. At site the diesel engine shall be measured and documented according to the stipulations made in Clause 7.6.20. The exhaust gas shall be invisible when the Unit is operating at loads between 50 and 110%. The diesel engine's filter smoke number shall be measured according to BOSCH Index No. 3 or better within a load range from 60 to 100%. A test report in English language shall be issued according to ISO 8528:1993 (E). Upon full satisfaction of the Employer/Engineer after the successful operation tests, in every respect, and that all components are working properly, the DGU with all ancillaries shall be operated at 100% output for 48 hrs without failure or interruption whatsoever. The performance test measurements of the DGU shall be performed according to ISO 8528 6:1993 (E) for the diesel generator unit, ISO 3046-1:1995 (E) and -3:1989 (E) for the diesel engine and latest issue of IEC 60034-2 for the Generator. All guaranteed values shall be assumed to include all necessary tolerances for accuracy of testing, sampling, instrumentation, notwithstanding the performance test code standard. No further tolerances of any kind shall be permitted.



230 kV XLPE Cables

Test after laying is to be recommended by the manufacturer considering the following minimum requirements and recommendations from CIGRE WG.21.9 (Electra No.173 August '97), IEC 62067 and other applicable standards to Employer/ Engineers approval.

- visual and function test of bonding/earthing system
- phase Identification Test
- conductor and screen/sheath Continuity Test
- primary connection check
- cable connection bolt tightness check
- cable supporting check
- cable fixing check
- insulation resistance test before and after installation
- DC conductor resistance test (IEC 60228)
- contact resistance test of connecting bars in link boxes
- capacitance test
- earthing measurements
- positive/negative and zero sequence impedance measurements
- testing of SVL
- cross bonding check, primary injection Subsequent repeat tests (after guarantee period)
- DC sheath test according Clause 5 of IEC 60229 between metallic sheath/screen/armouring including cross bonding system, etc. and ground.
- AC voltage test according IEC 62067 Section 14.2.
- measurements of induced voltages on pilot/telephone cables installed in parallel with the power cables.

Tests accord the Electricity Transmission Code of Bangladesh and Great Britain

Any other tests required to demonstrate compliance with the above indicated Grid Codes.

B0.7.3.3 Pre-commissioning tests

Preconditions for the pre-commissioning are:

- the issue of the individual Erection Completion Certificates;
- the rectification of all relevant erection punch points; and
- the availability of the accepted commissioning test program and commissioning procedures.



The pre-commissioning tests shall cover mainly the functional tests of the individual items of all mechanical, electrical and I&C systems including their alarm and tripping systems. Following tests shall be included, but not limited to:

Mechanical equipment

- Individual pre-commissioning runs of all rotating equipment such as pumps, compressors, dosing equipment etc.
- Functional tests of the mechanical equipment
- Testing and adjustment of safety devices

Electrical equipment

As far as not already covered by the erection tests the pre-commissioning tests shall cover:

- Voltage tests
- Generator and transformer protection system checks
- Automatic voltage and reactive power control (AVQC), governor setting and adjustment and response to grid system signals
- Trip tests
- Functional tests of the equipment e.g.:
 - Motor checks
 - Circuit breakers, LV, MV, HV cabling and switchgears checks for operability
 - Batteries, chargers and UPS checks for operability
- Remaining tests on turbine generator: In addition, a repetition of winding resistance and insulation resistance measurement, as well as dielectric tests shall be carried out in any case on each turbine generator.

Control equipment

- Comprehensive loop tests shall be performed for all measuring loops at least for 0, 50% and 100% value.
- Closed loop control checks up to DCS (for all functions like indication, control, alarms, etc.):
 - Polarity and function test in accordance with the applicable standards.
 - Control valves shall be tested in accordance with mechanical functional tests on control valves and shall be performed with the actuator mounted (open to closed position and vice-versa)
 - Actuators shall be subject to mechanical and electrical function tests.
- All sequence logic equipment shall be tested using simulated inputs.
- The alarm annunciation and sequence of event recording system shall be tested using simulated inputs.
- Binary field contact circuit fault detection.
- Functional tests of control equipment, interlocks, inter-tripping, protection inputs, etc.
- Test of signal exchange with other systems (also with third parties – like LDC, etc.)
- Archiving system (capacity, consistency, redundancy, access times).



- Reports generation
- Emission analyser calibration and emission evaluation tests
- Calibration of metering system (accuracy shall be proven by certificates)

B0.7.3.4 Tests on Completion (Commissioning tests)

Preconditions of the Tests on Completion are:

- the successful completion of the individual erection checks of all items of the whole system;
- the issuing of the Final Erection Completion Certificate; and
- the successful completion of all pre-commissioning test.

Should the Employer decide that the preconditions for the Tests on Completion have not been adequately met, the Employer will advise the Contractor accordingly and withhold the commencement of the the Tests on Completion until the outstanding work is completed.

The Tests on Completion shall prove that the Plant is prepared and adjusted to ensure the correct functioning of the individual components and of the complete Plant.

The Tests on Completion shall cover at least following tests:

- Protection tests
 - Operation of selected turbine train protection devices including the following as a minimum:
 - fire protection
 - boiler protection
 - steam turbine protection
 - generator protection
 - transformer protection.

Method of alarm/ trip condition reset for subsequent starting.

- Operation of auxiliary systems:

Method of changeover of main equipment to stand-by equipment prior to Plant starting (see start-up tests) and during normal operation for fuel oil, coal handling, ash handling, oil lube and cooling systems

- Operation of fire protection systems.

- Isolation procedures

- Method of isolation of plant equipment for safe shut-down and maintenance procedures including as a minimum:
 - HV station and unit supplies
 - LV supplies
 - fuel oil systems
 - coal handling systems
 - ash handling systems



- fire protection systems.
- Protection systems/ settings, in accordance with agreed design and the requirements of the transmission system.
- Start-up tests
 - normal semi-automatic start to preset load
 - staged semi-automatic including start to synchronous speed, manual synchronizing (including synchro-check), automatic synchronizing, manual and automatic loading
 - starting with stand-by auxiliaries
 - operation of all auxiliaries.
- Verification of start-up times and loading rates of power unit and steam generator at various downtime conditions.
- Power unit(s)/Plant, to test partial and full load rejection to demonstrate
 - full load rejection tests to measure transient maximum speed and steady state speed at normal governor droop setting
 - method of resynchronism to be demonstrated steam turbine bypass operation capability.
- Power unit(s)/Plant, to verify and check
 - operating stability when operated between 30% and 100% nominal load conditions with load variations by increasing or decreasing the electric load
 - start-up/main fuel change-over:
 - semi-automatic change-over from fuel oil operation to coal operation
 - semi-automatic change-over from coal operation to fuel oil operation.
- Demonstration of the capabilities of the power unit to operate at rated voltage and frequency, at power factors and reactive conditions between 0.85 (lag) and 0.95 (lead).
- Start-up tests of the Plant equipment, facilities and systems including checking of automatic change-over of standby facilities as well as fuel.
- Verification of vibration guarantees.
- Environmental monitoring equipment, water quality monitoring equipment, functioning tests and verification of guarantees.
- Demonstration of the teledispatching and telemetering systems.
- Verification of Active Power Response and Voltage Control Response according to the requirements specified in the Network Connection Conditions.
- Demonstration of proper controlling, monitoring and recording according to the requirements of the Grid Code, including but not limited to the following tests:
 - Reactive Power
 - Fault Detection and Clearing Limits
 - Load Following Capability
 - Black Start (if applicable)
 - Voltage Following Capability (AVQC)
 - Excitation System and Power System Stabiliser
 - Primary, Secondary and High Frequency MW Response



- Unit Start
- Despatch Ramp Rate
- Protection System
- House Load Operation
- Underfrequency Relay
- Loss of AC Power Supply
- Minimum Load
- Site Test for Validation
- Verification of completeness of scope of supply.

B0.7.3.4.1 Additional test in accordance with the PPA

Tests prior to synchronisation of each generating unit of the Plant
According to the requirements of the BPDB which are part of the PPA, the Contractor shall carry out the following additional tests prior to synchronisation of each generating unit of the Plant:

- automatic voltage regulator setting and adjusting in stand-still condition and with the generator running at no load
- turbine governor control checks, including (but not limited to) a steam governor overspeed test (This test may be performed after a specified period of running of the Unit on load as per the manufacturer's recommendation)
- open circuit and short circuit tests on the generator
- functional testing and timing of high voltage switchgear in the substation of the Facility
- The Company and BPDB shall verify that the protection level settings for switchyard protection equipment are as agreed by the Joint Coordinating Committee
- Voltage phasing checks will be carried out between the Grid System and the Facility; and

All inter-tripping circuits between the Plant and BPDB equipment shall be proved.

Tests for commissioning of each generating unit of the Plant

In addition to the above specified tests and according to the requirements of the BPDB which are part of the PPA, the following tests shall be carried out by the Contractor for commissioning of each generating unit of the Plant after completing the tests set out before:

- a. **Dependable Capacity Test**
Refer to Section 0.7.4.
- b. **Reliability Run**
Refer to Section B.0.7.5



c. Automatic Voltage Regulator ("AVR") Droop Test

The AVR will be demonstrated to control the steam turbine generator voltage over its entire set range.

d. Steam Turbine Governor Operation Test

The operation of the steam turbine speed governor will be demonstrated.

e. Reactive Capacity Test

This test will demonstrate the capability of the Plant to operate at rated voltage and frequency at power factors and under reactive conditions in accordance with the manufacturer's generator rating curves to be provided by the Contractor, insofar as these tests can be accommodated within the grid system.

f. Minimum Load Capability Test

This test will demonstrate the capability of each Unit to be operated at minimum stable load while the steam turbines, and auxiliaries remain in a stable and controlled condition, see also

B0.7.3.4.2 72h Full Load Continuous Test Run

After successful completion of the Tests on Completion and availability of the Commissioning Completion Certificate (CCC), signed by the Employer and the Contractor, the "Authorization to Start the 72 h Full Load Continuous Test" shall be signed.

No trip is admitted during these 72 h. Should the Plant or a Unit, as the case may be, not follow the requested load during the 72 h test, the test shall be restarted.

B0.7.4 Performance Tests**Performance Tests of the Unit(s)**

After successful completion of the 72h Full Load Continuous Test Run and after relevant test protocols have been accepted by the Employer for the Unit(s) and Common Facilities, the Contractor shall be allowed to prepare the Unit(s) for the Performance Tests.

For the Unit(s) following guarantees given in the Technical Schedule B0 shall be tested during the related Performance Test; this includes:

- Performance guarantees of the Unit(s)
- Operating guarantees
- Emission guarantees
- Guarantees of steam generator(s), steam turbine generator(s), flue gas treatment systems etc.



Performance Test of the Plant

After completion of the Performance Tests of the Unit(s), the guarantees of the Plant and the common facilities shall be tested in a separate Performance Test; this includes:

- Performance guarantees of the Plant
- Emission guarantees of the Plant
- Emission guarantees of the auxiliary boiler
- Noise guarantees
- Guarantees of the water and waste water treatment systems
- Effluent and water outfall guarantees.

Dependable Capacity Test according to the PPA

Dependable Capacity means- means at any given time the net amount of capacity at the tariff metering; either for the first generating unit or for the Plant, as the case may be, as determined by the most recent dependable capacity test which shall be comply with ASME standards and shall be carried out as part of the Reliability Run. The Dependable Capacity of the Plant is measured at the Delivery Point. It equals the average Export Power Output, corrected to Reference Site Conditions using correction factors, delivered during twelve continuous thirty (30) minute periods divided by six (6) hours.

Dependable Capacity is the power output/capacity of a unit or the plant which can be reliable evacuated to the grid and which shall be verified by the "Dependable Capacity Test according to PPA". In addition refer to the definition under B0.2.9.2

The Dependable Capacity Test and the Performance Testing in general will be carried out under the the actual prevail conditions. The measured power output and other guaranteed performance data shall be corrected to the reference conditions using the correction curves to be provided by the Bidder/Contractor.

Performance Tests shall be conducted in accordance with following standards:

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------|
| • the Plant | ASME PTC 46 |
| • steam generator | ASME PTC 4 |
| • steam turbine | ASME PTC 6 |
| • cooling tower | ASME PTC 23 |
| • FGD plant | ASME PTC 40. |

As for supercritical steam power plants operation without make-up must be possible for a defined time period, the guarantee figures shall not include make-up.



The curves required for the correction of the power output and specific heat rate to the site specified ambient conditions shall be listed in the technical schedules of the Plant performance and steam generator and steam turbine performance, and shall be submitted with the Tender. These curves shall be conclusive and no extra correction shall be given.

The margins required for instrument inaccuracies and for all other reasons shall be deemed to be included in the guarantee figures. The actual figures determined during performance tests shall hence be not corrected with any margins due to instrument inaccuracies prior to comparison with the guarantee figures.

Degradation and fouling during commissioning and other operation prior to Provisional Acceptance shall be deemed to be included in the guarantee figures. The actual figures determined during performance tests shall hence be not corrected for any degradation or fouling effect prior to comparison with the guarantee figures.

Degradation curves for the Plant and Unit(s) performance shall be submitted by the Contractor with bid. The curves shall show the equipment's degradation in power output and heat rate versus equivalent operating hours. The curves shall be applicable up to and including final major overhaul.

Test program

In due time prior to the tests a detailed procedure covering the testing to be undertaken and the methods to be employed shall be provided by the Contractor. The test procedure shall also detail areas of responsibility and the items that specifically require preparation and agreement before the tests can be carried out.

The test program shall cover the following documents but not be limited to:

- test procedure and standards (including proposed formulae / curves and standards)
- test schedule
- type of test
- manpower and deployment schedule of the Contractor for performing the tests forms of test records and report
- description of instrumentation to be used, including accuracy, and calibration test results
- method of data recording
- list of all auxiliary loads that will be operating during the tests. The list of auxiliary loads shall be provided with the test program and agreed in the Test Procedure.
- method and equations/correction curves used for adjustment of recorded data to the design conditions.



Test responsibility

All tests shall be prepared and conducted by the Contractor. The Plant shall be operated by Contractor's operation personnel.

The Employer and/or an independent third party, awarded by the Employer, shall have the right to witness the tests.

Contractor's personnel appointed to carry out the tests shall be adequately skilled and experienced. Information on these personnel shall be provided to the Employer as part of the test program for review.

Test instrumentation

The Contractor shall supply and install all test instrumentation needed to conduct the tests. Temporary instrumentation installed for test purposes only and shall be retained at Site upon the satisfactory conclusion of all tests and shall be then removed.

All instruments to be used for the test shall be strictly dedicated calibrated measurement equipment. Each measuring instrument used shall be according to controlled and provided with a valid calibration certificate.

The calibration of PG Test instrument shall be carried out as per PTC-6 by an independent authorised company, which shall have appropriated quality standards and which shall be to be approved by the Employer, except for instruments which are calibrated and certified at a certified laboratory and holding the authorized traceability certificate. The certificate shall not be older than six (6) months.

Test Duration

The test shall begin after the Plant or a Unit including common facilities, as the case may be, has established stable operation, as judged by the Employer and/or an independent third party, awarded by the Employer.

The test duration shall be in accordance with the standards and codes.

One 60-minute test run shall be conducted for each guaranteed load point, during which the operating conditions shall remain within the defined plant stability criteria.

Test conditions

Performance tests shall be conducted at conditions close to the conditions of the Guarantees. Thereby the boiler and steam turbine cycle shall be adjusted to the conditions of the corresponding heat balance diagram.

Since the accuracy of the test results highly depend on the exact water-steam cycle arrangement respective cycle isolation is required to avoid any unknown cycle leakages. The valve position list has to be provided by the Contractor prior to the performance test. This cycle arrangement shall fully remain during the whole testing period. Any changes of the performance



conditions during the tests are not allowed.

Test evaluation

The Contractor shall submit for the acceptance of the Performance Test all detailed measurements, calculations and individual test results (such as, but not limited to turbine efficiency calculations, generator and transformer details, condenser performance, feedwater heaters and deaerator details, boiler efficiency calculations, pulverizing fineness and other results, air heater temperature traverses and leakage results, coal handling system performance, ash characteristics and ash handling systems performance, ESP and FGD performance and emissions, individual auxiliary power consumption figures, major consumers performance, noise and effluents etc.) and the corrections made based on the correction curves.^o

The Performance Test report shall be submitted by the Contractor. This report shall include, as a minimum, the following:

- description of the test procedures
- instrumentation details and calibrations (not older than six months)
- full process flow diagrams for fuel, air and flue gas and water and steam with indication of instrument position
- standards that were used
- test logs and summary (arithmetic average) of test readings used for performance calculations
- full set of correction curves
- calculations
- instrument calibration certificates
- list of all auxiliary loads that were operated during the tests
- performance tests results for the "As-run" condition and for the "Corrected as-run conditions"
- conclusions of performance tests: test passed or not.

B0.7.5 Reliability test run

After successful completion of all Performance Tests the Plant or a Unit including common facilities, as the case may be, shall start the 30 (thirty) days Reliability Test Run.

During the Reliability Test Run the Contractor shall demonstrate that the Plant or a Unit including common facilities, as the case may be, is fit for commercial operation.

During the specified periods, the Plant shall be operated continuously and in accordance with the prevailing power requirements of the Transmission System/BPDB or as required by the Employer.

During the Reliability Test Run the Employer's operation personnel shall operate the Plant under the full supervision and the responsibility of the

