

	TITLE:	SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-423-155-A001
	1X800 MW COAL BASED NORTH CHENNAI TPP STAGE –III-BTG	SECTION - II
	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION FOR CONDENSATE POLISHING UNIT	SUB-SECTION - II A
		REV.NO. 0 DATE :

- c) Lubrication system along with all internal piping, valves, fittings, specialties etc. as required.
- d) Counter flanges for suction/ discharge nozzles along with fixing nuts, bolts and gaskets.
- e) Anchor bolts, nuts, seating steel works, etc. as necessary for mounting the pump-motor unit on Civil foundations.
- f) Suitable vent (with valves)/ lifting/ handling attachments for the pump/ motor/ Accessories.
- g) Suitable drain connections with isolating valves as applicable.
- h) Set of “Special” Tools & Tackles for Pumps and motors, if any.
- i) Erection and commissioning spares, “on as required” basis.
- j) Bidder shall provide various drawings, data, calculations, test reports/ certificates, Operation and maintenance manuals, As-built drawings, etc. as specified and as necessary.

3.02.00 Services included in Bidder’s Scope:

- 3.02.01 The pumps shall be guaranteed to meet the performance requirements as specified vide datasheet – A and also for trouble free operation after commissioning.

4.00.00 TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

- 4.01.00 The pumps shall be Electric motor driven.
- 4.02.00 The Pumps shall conform to HIS
- 4.03.00 Vertical type pumps with 1500rpm.
- 4.04.00 Minimum efficiency of vertical pump will be 40%.
- 4.05.00 No negative tolerance shall be permitted in rated capacity & TDH.
- 4.06.00 No negative tolerance shall be permitted in efficiency at rated capacity.
- 4.07.00 The shut off head of pumps shall be at least 115% of pump rated TDH.
- 4.08.00 The pumps shall be capable of developing the required total head at rated capacity for Continuous operation. The pumps shall operate satisfactorily at any point on the Q-H Characteristic curve over a range of 0% to 130% capacity and shall be suitable for Continuous operation between 30% to 130% capacity.
- 4.09.00 Selection of the pumps shall be such that the design point shall be met even with negative manufacturing tolerance.
- 4.10.00 The total head capacity curve shall be continuously rising towards the shut off, the pumps shall preferably be non-overloading type and stable.
- 4.11.00 The pumps shall be capable of running over the entire range of NPSH conditions required without any noise, vibration or cavitations.
- 4.12.00 The pumps shall be of stiff shaft design. The minimum internal clearances should be sufficiently more than the max. Static deflection of the shaft. Shaft size selected must take into consideration the critical speed as specified in API-610.
- 4.13.00 Pumps and motors shall run smooth without undue noise and vibration. The vibration shall be within 75 microns for pump - motor set. The noise level shall be limited to 85 dB at distance of 1.0M.

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4.14.00 High reliability of the pumps is an essential requirement and therefore it gets weight age over its efficiency. It is therefore essential that the bidder choose a standard proven model from the range of pumps manufactured.

4.15.00 If water handled by pump is dirty/ not suitable for lubrication/ cooling, the bidder shall provide requisite strainer/ filters, tanks, motorized valves, etc. after the tap off for the required service, the arrangement provided shall be subject to Purchaser's approval.

5.00.00 OTHER REQUIREMENTS:

5.01.00 The materials of construction for various components specified are the minimum Requirements indicated in datasheet – A section C and materials of construction for other components not specified shall be similarly selected by the bidder for the intended duty.

6.00.00 PAINTING FOR PUMPS:

- a) The surface of SS, Gun metal, brass, bronze and non metallic component shall not be applied with any painting.
- b) The Steel surface to be applied with painting shall be thoroughly cleaned before applying painting by brushing, shop blasting etc. as per the agreed procedure.

For all the steel surfaces inside the (indoor installation) building, a coat of red oxide primes of min. thickness of 50 microns followed up with under coat of Synthetic Enamel paint of min. thickness of 50 microns shall be applied. the top coat shall consist of two coats each of min. thickness of 50 microns of synthetic enamel paint and thus total thickness shall be min. 200 microns.

7.00.00 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

7.01.00 Pump (s) shall preferably be designed to have the best efficiency at the specified duty point. Further, the pumps (s) shall be suitable for continuous operation at any point within its 'range of operation'.

7.02.00 Under all circumstances, the 'range of operation' of the pump (s) shall exclude any Unstable operating zone of the head-capacity curve.

8.00.00 DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

Pumps shall be of vertical shaft, complete with bowl, column pipe, discharge head and base plate with all accessories. General design and constructional features of the pumps shall be as follows:

8.01.00 BOWL ASSEMBLY

8.01.01 This will be either a single, mixed flow or axial flow type with discharge co-axial with shaft. Type of impeller shall be chosen on the basis of the pump specific speed and the characteristics of handling fluid.

8.02.00 IMPELLER SHAFT, LINE SHAFT AND HEAD SHAFT

8.02.01 Shaft size shall be selected on the basis of maximum torque to be applied on the pump shaft. Critical speed of the shaft shall be sufficiently away from the pump operating speed and in no case shall lie between 90% and 110% of the rated speed.

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8.02.02 Impeller shaft shall be guided by bearings provided in each bowl or above and below the impeller shaft assembly. The butting faces of the shaft shall be machined square to the assembly and the shaft shall chamfer at the edges.

8.02.03 Line shaft may be single or multiple pieces as required. In case of multiple pieces, line shaft shall be coupled as per the standard practice of the manufacture. For screwed coupling, directions shall permit tightening of the joint during pump operation.

8.02.04 Replaceable shaft sleeves shall be furnished at applicable location, particularly under stuffing box and at other locations, as considered necessary.

8.03.00 BEARINGS

8.03.01 SHAFT BEARINGS

Adequate number of properly designed bearings shall be provided for smooth and trouble free operation of the pump. Number of bearings shall consider the number of shaft pieces used and the critical speed of the shaft. Bearings shall be either lubricated by external clear water/oil/grease or self-lubricated. In case of external water/oil lubrication, complete lubrication arrangement shall be furnished with the pump.

8.03.02 THRUST BEARING

Thrust bearing of adequate size and capacity shall be provided to take the vertical thrust of the impeller arising out of the pump operation and dead weight of the rotating Components. Life of the thrust bearing shall be guided by the design standard of the pump. Thrust bearing shall be capable of running continuously at maximum load. Thrust bearing shall be either grease or oil lubricated. Lubrication arrangement shall be such that the lubricant does not contaminate the handling fluid. The arrangement shall also be adequate to protect the bearing, while the pump coast down to stop in case of power failure of the station. Pre-lubrication of the thrust bearing, if recommended by the pump manufacturer, shall be taken care of in designing the lubrication system. Cooling of the thrust bearing, if necessary, shall be done by the handling fluid/external Water, depending on the fluid handled. Location of the thrust bearing may be at the pump body or at the driver, or at both depending on the requirement.



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TPP STAGE –III-BTG

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-423-155-
A001

SECTION : II

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION FOR CONDENSATE
POLISHING UNIT

SUB-SECTION : IIB

REV. NO. 00

DATE :

SECTION – II

GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

SUB-SECTION IIB - GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS (ELECTRICAL)

	TITLE : GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR LV MOTORS	SPECIFICATION NO. PE-SS-999-506-E101 SECTION : II
		REV NO. : 00 DATE : 29/08/2005 SHEET : 1 OF 1

GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

FOR

LV MOTORS

SPECIFICATION NO.: PE-SS-999-506-E101 Rev 00

बी एल ई एल BHEL	TITLE : GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR LV MOTORS	SPECIFICATION NO. PE-SS-999-506-E101
		SECTION : II
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1.0

INTENT OF SPECIFIATION

The specification covers the design, materials, constructional features, manufacture, inspection and testing at manufacturer’s work, and packing of Low voltage (LV) squirrel cage induction motors along with all accessories for driving auxiliaries in thermal power station.

Motors having a voltage rating of below 1000V are referred to as low voltage (LV) motors.

2.0

CODES AND STANDARDS

Motors shall fully comply with latest edition, including all amendments and revision, of following codes and standards:

IS:325	Three phase Induction motors
IS : 900	Code of practice for installation and maintenance of induction motors
IS: 996	Single phase small AC and universal motors
IS: 4722	Rotating Electrical machines
IS: 4691	Degree of Protection provided by enclosures for rotating electrical machines
IS: 4728	Terminal marking and direction of rotation rotating electrical machines
IS: 1231	Dimensions of three phase foot mounted induction motors
IS: 8789	Values of performance characteristics for three phase induction motors
IS: 13555	Guide for selection and application of 3-phase A.C. induction motors for different types of driven equipment
IS: 2148	Flame proof enclosures for electrical appliance
IS: 5571	Guide for selection of electrical equipment for hazardous areas
IS: 12824	Type of duty and classes of rating assigned
IS: 12802	Temperature rise measurement for rotating electrical machines
IS: 12065	Permissible limits of noise level for rotating electrical machines
IS: 12075	Mechanical vibration of rotating electrical machines

In case of imported motors, motors as per IEC-34 shall also be acceptable.

3.0

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

3.1

Motors and accessories shall be designed to operate satisfactorily under conditions specified in data sheet-A and Project Information, including voltage & frequency variation of supply system as defined in Data sheet-A

3.2

Motors shall be continuously rated at the design ambient temperature specified in Data Sheet-A and other site conditions specified under Project Information
Motor ratings shall have at least a 15% margin over the continuous maximum demand of the driven equipment, under entire operating range including voltage & frequency variation specified above.

3.3

Starting Requirements

3.3.1

Motor characteristics such as speed, starting torque, break away torque and starting time shall be properly co-ordinated with the requirements of driven equipment. The accelerating torque at any speed with the minimum starting voltage shall be at least 10% higher than that of the driven equipment.

3.3.2

Motors shall be capable of starting and accelerating the load with direct on line starting without exceeding acceptable winding temperature.

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The limiting value of voltage at rated frequency under which a motor will successfully start and accelerate to rated speed with load shall be taken to be a constant value as per Data Sheet - A during the starting period of motors.		
3.3.3 The following frequency of starts shall apply i) Two starts in succession with the motor being initially at a temperature not exceeding the rated load temperature. ii) Three equally spread starts in an hour the motor being initially at a temperature not exceeding the rated load operating temperature. (not to be repeated in the second successive hour) iii) Motors for coal conveyor and coal crusher application shall be suitable for three consecutive hot starts followed by one hour interval with maximum twenty starts per day and shall be suitable for minimum 20,000 starts during the life time of the motor		
3.4 Running Requirements		
3.4.1 Motors shall run satisfactorily at a supply voltage of 75% of rated voltage for 5 minutes with full load without injurious heating to the motor.		
3.4.2 Motor shall not stall due to voltage dip in the system causing momentary drop in voltage upto 70% of the rated voltage for duration of 2 secs.		
3.5 Stress During bus Transfer		
3.5.1 Motors shall withstand the voltage, heavy inrush transient current, mechanical and torque stress developed due to the application of 150% of the rated voltage for at least 1 sec. caused due to vector difference between the motor residual voltage and the incoming supply voltage during occasional auto bus transfer.		
3.5.2 Motor and driven equipment shafts shall be adequately sized to satisfactorily withstand transient torque under above condition.		
3.6 Maximum noise level measured at distance of 1.0 metres from the outline of motor shall not exceed the values specified in IS 12065.		
3.7 The max. vibration velocity or double amplitude of motors vibration as measured at motor bearings shall be within the limits specified in IS: 12075.		
4.0 CONSTRUCTIONAL FEATURES		
4.1 Indoor motors shall conform to degree of protection IP: 54 as per IS: 4691. Outdoor or semi-indoor motors shall conform to degree of protection IP : 55 as per IS: 4691 and shall be of weather-proof construction. Outdoor motors shall be installed under a suitable canopy		
4.2 Motors upto 160KW shall have Totally Enclosed Fan Cooled (TEFC) enclosures, the method of cooling conforming to IC-0141 or IC-0151 of IS: 6362.		
Motors rated above 160 KW shall be Closed Air Circuit Air (CACA) cooled		
4.3 Motors shall be designed with cooling fans suitable for both directions of rotation.		

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4.4. Motors shall not be provided with any electric or pneumatic operated external fan for cooling the motors. 4.5. Frames shall be designed to avoid collection of moisture and all enclosures shall be provided with facility for drainage at the lowest point. 4.6. In case Class ‘F’ insulation is provided for LV motors, temperature rise shall be limited to the limits applicable to Class ‘B’ insulation. In case of continuous operation at extreme voltage limits the temperature limits specified in table-1 of IS:325 shall not exceed by more than 10°C. 4.7 Terminals and Terminal Boxes 4.7.1 Terminals, terminal leads, terminal boxes, windings tails and associated equipment shall be suitable for connection to a supply system having a short circuit level, specified in the Data Sheet-A. Unless otherwise stated in Data Sheet-A, motors of rating 110 kW and above will be controlled by circuit breaker and below 110 kW by switch fuse-contactor. The terminal box of motors shall be designed for the fault current mentioned in data sheet “A”. 4.7.2 unless otherwise specified or approved, phase terminal boxes of horizontal motors shall be positioned on the left hand side of the motor when viewed from the non-driving end. 4.7.3 Connections shall be such that when the supply leads R, Y & B are connected to motor terminals A B & C or U, V & W respectively, motor shall rotate in an anticlockwise direction when viewed from the non-driving end. Where such motors require clockwise rotation, the supply leads R, Y, B will be connected to motor terminals A, C, B or U W & V respectively. 4.7.4 Permanently attached diagram and instruction plate made preferably of stainless steel shall be mounted inside terminal box cover giving the connection diagram for the desired direction of rotation and reverse rotation. 4.7.5 Motor terminals and terminal leads shall be fully insulated with no bare live parts. Adequate space shall be available inside the terminal box so that no difficulty is encountered for terminating the cable specified in Data Sheet-A. 4.7.6 Degree of protection for terminal boxes shall be IP 55 as per IS 4691. 4.7.7 Separate terminal boxes shall be provided for space heaters.. If this is not possible in case of LV motors, the space heater terminals shall be adequately segregated from the main terminals in the main terminal box. Detachable gland plates with double compression brass glands shall be provided in terminal boxes. 4.7.8. Phase terminal boxes shall be suitable for 360 degree of rotation in steps of 90 degree for LV motors. 4.7.9 Cable glands and cable lugs as per cable sizes specified in Data Sheet-A shall be included. Cable lugs shall be of tinned Copper, crimping type. 4.8 Two separate earthing terminals suitable for connecting G.I. or MS strip grounding conductor of size given in Data Sheet-A shall be provided on opposite sides of motor frame. Each terminal box shall have a grounding terminal. 4.9 General		

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4.9.1 Motors provided for similar drives shall be interchangeable. 4.9.2 Suitable foundation bolts are to be supplied alongwith the motors. 4.9.3 Motors shall be provided with eye bolts, or other means to facilitate safe lifting if the weight is 20Kgs. and above. 4.9.4 Necessary fitments and accessories shall be provided on motors in accordance with the latest Indian Electricity rules 1956. 4.9.5 All motors rated above 30 kW shall be provided with space heaters to maintain the motor internal air temperature above the dew point. Unless otherwise specified, space heaters shall be suitable for a supply of 240V AC, single phase, 50 Hz. 4.9.6 Name plate with all particulars as per IS: 325 shall be provided 4.9.7 Unless otherwise specified, the colour of finish shall be grey to Shade No. 631 and 632 as per IS:5 for motors installed indoor and outdoor respectively. The paint shall be epoxy based and shall be suitable for withstanding specified site conditions. 5.0 INSPECTION AND TESTING 5.1 All materials, components and equipments covered under this specification shall be procured, manufactured, as per the BHEL standard quality plan No. PED-506-00-Q-006/0 and PED-506-00-Q-007/2 enclosed with this specification and which shall be complied. 5.2 LV motors of type-tested design shall be provided. Valid type test reports not more than 5 year shall be furnished. In the absence of these, type tests shall have to be conducted by manufacturer without any commercial implication to purchaser. 5.3 All motors shall be subjected to routine tests as per IS: 325 and as per BHEL standard quality plan. 5.4 Motors shall also be subjected to additional tests, if any, as mentioned in Data Sheet A. 6.0 DRAWINGS TO BE SUBMITTED AFTER AWARD OF CONTRACT a) OGA drawing showing the position of terminal boxes, earthing connections etc. b) Arrangement drawing of terminal boxes. c) Characteristic curves: (To be given for motor above 55 kW unless otherwise specified in Data Sheet). i) Current vs. time at rated voltage and minimum starting voltage. ii) Speed vs. time at rated voltage and minimum starting voltage. iii) Torque vs. speed at rated voltage and minimum voltage. For the motors with solid coupling the above curves i), ii), iii) to be furnished for the motors coupled with driven equipment. In case motor is coupled with mechanical equipment by fluid coupling, the above curves shall be furnished with and without coupling. iv) Thermal withstand curve under hot and cold conditions at rated voltage and max. permissible voltage.		

	TITLE LV MOTOR DATA SHEET - C	SPECIFICATION NO.
		SECTION II
		SUB-SECTION IIB
		REV NO. 00 DATE
		SHEET 1 OF 2

S. No.	Description		Data to be filled by successful bidder
A.	General		
1	Manufacturer & country of origin		
2	Motor type		
3	Type of starting		
4	Name of the equipment driven by motor & Quantity		
5	Maximum Power requirement of driven equipment		
6	Rated speed of Driven Equipment		
7	Design ambient temperature		
B.	Design and Performance Data		
1	Frame size & type designation		
2	Type of duty		
3	Rated Voltage		
4	Permissible variation for		
5	a	Voltage	
6	b	Frequency	
7	c)	Combined voltage & frequency	
8	Rated output at design ambient temp (by resistance method)		
9	Synchronous speed & Rated slip		
10	Minimum permissible starting voltage		
11	Starting time in sec with mechanism coupled		
12	a) At rated voltage		
13	b) At min starting voltage		
14	Locked rotor current as percentage of FLC (including IS tolerance)		
15	Torque		
	a) Starting		
	b) Maximum		
16	Permissible temp rise at rated output over ambient temp & method		
17	Noise level at 1.0 m (dB		
18	Amplitude of vibration		
19	Efficiency & P.F. at rated voltage & frequency		
	a) At 100% load		
	c) At 75% load		

NAME OF VENDOR			SEAL	REV.	
NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE			

	TITLE LV MOTOR DATA SHEET - C	SPECIFICATION NO.
		SECTION II
		SUB-SECTION IIB
		REV NO. 00 DATE
		SHEET 2 OF 2

S. No.	Description	Data to be filled by successful bidder
	c) At starting	
C.	Constructional Features	
1	Method of connection of motor driven equipment	
2	Applicable Standard	
3	DOP of Enclosure	
4	Method of cooling	
5	Class of insulation	
6	Main terminal box	
	a) Type	
	b) Power Cable details (Conductor, size, armour/unarmour)	
	c) Cable Gland & lugs details (Size, type & material)	
	d) Permissible Fault level (kArms & duration in sec)	
7	Space heater details (Voltage & watts)	
8	Flame proof motor details (if applicable)	
	a) Enclosure	
	b) suitability for hazardous area	
	i Zone	O / I / II
	ii Group	IIA / IIB / IIC
9	No. of Stator winding	
10	Winding connection	
11	Kind of rotor winding	
12	Kind of bearings	
13	Direction of rotation when viewed from NDE	
14	Paint Shade & type	
15	Net weight of motor	
16	Outline mounting drawing No (To be enclosed as annexure)	
D.	Characteristic curves/ drawings (To be enclosed for motors of rating $\geq 55\text{KW}$)	
	a) Torque speed characteristic	
	b) Thermal withstand characteristic	
	c) Current vs time	
	d) Speed vs time	

NAME OF VENDOR			SEAL	REV.	
NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE			

Explanatory notes for filling up cable list for routing through WinPath, the cable routing program (developed by Corporate R&D) being used in PEM.

1. For the purpose of clarity, it may please be noted that the information given in regard to the cables to be routed through WinPath as per the system elaborated below is called "Cable List", while the term "Cable Schedule" applies to the cable list with routing information added after routing has been carried out.
2. The cable list shall be entered as an MS Excel file in the format as per enclosed template EXT_CAB_SCH_FORMAT.XLS. No blank lines, special characters, header, footer, lines, etc. shall be introduced in the file. No changes shall be made in the title line (first line) of the template.
3. The field properties shall be as under:
 - a. UNITCABLENO: A/N, up to sixteen (16) characters; each cable shall have its own unique, unduplicated cable number. In case this rule is violated, the cable cannot be taken up for routing.
 - b. FROM: A/N, up to sixty (60) characters; the "From" end equipment/ device description and location to be specified here. Information in excess of 60 characters will be truncated after 60 characters.
 - c. TO: A/N, up to sixty (60) characters; the "To" end equipment/ device description and location to be specified here. Information in excess of 60 characters will be truncated after 60 characters.
 - d. PURPOSE: A/N, up to sixty (60) characters; the purpose (i.e. power cable/ indication/ measurement, etc.) to be specified here. Information in excess of 60 characters will be truncated after 60 characters.
 - e. REMARKS: A/N, up to forty (40) characters; Any information pertinent to routing to be specified here (e.g., cable number of the cable redundant to the cable number being entered). Information in excess of 40 characters will be truncated after 40 characters.
 - f. CABLESIZE: A/N, 7 characters exactly as per the codes indicated below shall be specified here. The program cannot route cables described in any other way/ format.
 - g. PATHCABLENO: Field reserved for utilization by the program. User shall not enter any information here.
4. One list shall be prepared for each system/ equipment (i.e., separate and unique cable lists shall be prepared for each system).
5. The cables shall be described as per the scheme listed below:

A	NN	A	NNN
Cable	No. of cores	Cable code	Cable size
Voltage	(e.g. 01,03,3H, 07)	(See C below)	(e.g. 035,185,2.5, 0.5)
Code (see B below)			

(A) **SYSTEM VOLTAGE CODES:**

(ac) A = 11KV, B = 6.6KV, C = 3.3KV, D = 415V, E = 240V, F = 110V

Explanatory notes for filling up cable list for routing through WinPath, the cable routing program (developed by Corporate R&D) being used in PEM.

(dc) G = 220V, H = 110V, J = 48V, K = +24V, L = -24V

(B) CABLE VOLTAGE CODES:

A = 11KV (Power cables)

B = 6.6KV (Power cables)

C = 3.3KV (Power cables)

D = 1.1KV (LV & DC system power & control cables)

E = 0.6KV (0.5 sq. mm. Control cables)

(C) CABLE CODES

PVC Copper

A = Armoured FRLS

B = Armoured Non-FRLS

C = unarmoured FRLS

D = Unarmoured Non-FRLS

PVC Aluminium

E = Armoured FRLS

F = Armoured Non-FRLS

G = unarmoured FRLS

H = Unarmoured Non-FRLS

XLPE Copper

J = Armoured FRLS

K = Armoured Non-FRLS

L = unarmoured FRLS

M = Unarmoured Non-FRLS

XLPE Aluminium

N = Armoured FRLS

P = Armoured Non-FRLS

Q = unarmoured FRLS

R = Unarmoured Non-FRLS

S = FIRE SURVIVAL CABLES

T = TOUGH RUBBER SHEATH

U = OVERALL SCREENED

V = PAIRED OVERALL SCREENED

W = PAIRED INDIVIDUAL SCREENED

Y = COMPENSATING CABLES

I = PRE-FABRICATED CABLES

Z = JELLY FILLED CABLES

LV Cables



1X800 MW COAL BASED NORTH CHENNAI THERMAL POWER PROJECT STAGE III



EPC TENDER SPECIFICATION FOR BTG PACKAGE

2.2.16 LV CABLES

2.2.16.1 Codes and Standards

All standards, specifications and codes of practice referred to herein shall be the latest editions including all applicable official amendments and revisions as on date of opening of bid. In case of conflict between this specification and those (IS: codes, standards, etc.) referred to herein, the former shall prevail. All the cables shall conform to the requirements of the following standards and codes:

IS : 3961	: Recommended current ratings for cables.
IS : 3975	: Low carbon galvanised steel wires, formed wires and tapes for armouring of cables.
IS : 4905	: Methods for random sampling.
IS : 5831	: PVC insulation and sheath of electrical cables.
IS:7098 (Part -I)	: Cross linked polyethylene insulated PVC sheathed cables for working voltages up to and including 1100V.
IS : 8130	: Conductors for insulated electrical cables and flexible cords.
IS : 10418	: Specification for drums for electric cables.
IS : 10810	: Methods of tests for cables.
ASTM-D -2843	: Standard test method for density of smoke from the burning or decomposition of plastics.
ASTM-D-2863	: Standard method for measuring the minimum oxygen concentration to support candle like combustion of plastics.
IEC-60754 (Part-I)	: Test on gases evolved during combustion of electric cables.
IEEE-383	: Standard for type test of Class IE Electric Cables.
IEC -60332	: Tests on Electric cables under fire conditions.
IS:6380	: Specification of elastomeric insulation and sheath of electric cables
IS:5608	: Specification for low frequency wires and cables with PVC insulation and PVC Sheath.



1X800 MW COAL BASED NORTH CHENNAI THERMAL POWER PROJECT STAGE III



EPC TENDER SPECIFICATION FOR BTG PACKAGE

IEC:502	: Extruded solid dielectric insulated power cables for rated voltages from 1.00 kV upto 30 kV
IEC:287	: Calculations of the continuous current rating of cables (100% load factor)
IEC:228	: Conductors for insulated cables
IEC: 60	: High voltage test techniques
IEC: 230	: Impulse tests on cables and their accessories
IEC-331	: Fire resisting characteristics of electric cables
NEMA-WC-5	: Thermoplastic insulated wires and cables for transmission and distribution of electrical energy.
IEC: 540	: Test methods for insulations and sheaths of electric cables and cords (elastomeric and thermoplastic compounds)
SS-4241475 classF3	: Cables - Testing of fire characteristics
NES-715-1	: Temperature index

2.2.16.2 Technical Requirements

1. The cables shall be suitable for laying on racks, in ducts, trenches, conduits and under ground buried installation with chances of flooding by water.
2. Cables shall be flame retardant, low smoke (FRLS) type designed to withstand all mechanical, electrical and thermal stresses develop under steady state and transient operating conditions as specified elsewhere in this specification.
3. Aluminium conductor used in power cables shall have tensile strength of more than 100 N/ sq.mm. Conductors shall be multi stranded.
4. XLPE insulation shall be suitable for a continuous conductor temperature of 90 deg. C and short circuit conductor temperature of 250°C.
5. The cable cores shall be laid up with fillers between the cores wherever necessary. It shall not stick to insulation and inner sheath. All the cables, other than single core



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POWER PROJECT STAGE III**



EPC TENDER SPECIFICATION FOR BTG PACKAGE

unarmoured cables, shall have distinct extruded PVC inner sheath of black colour as per IS: 5831.

6. For single core armoured cables, armouring shall be of aluminium wires/ formed wires. For multicore armoured cables armouring shall be of galvanised steel as follows :

Calculated nominal dia Size and Type of armour of cable under armour

- i. Up to 13 mm 1.4mm dia GS wire
 - ii. Above 13 & upto 25mm 0.8 mm thick GS formed wire / 1.6 mm dia GS wire
 - iii. Above 25 & upto 40 mm 0.8mm thick GS formed wire / 2.0mm dia GS wire
 - iv. Above 40 & upto 55mm 1.4 mm thick GS formed wire /2.5mm dia GS wire
 - v. Above 55 & upto 70 mm 1.4mm thick GS formed wire / 3.15mm dia GS wire
 - vi. Above 70mm 1.4 mm thick GS formed wire / 4.0 mm dia GS wire
7. The aluminium used for armouring shall be of H4 grade as per IS:8130 with maximum resistivity of 0.028264 ohm mm² per meter at 20 deg C. Aluminium armouring shall be same as indicated above for galvanized steel.
8. The gap between armour wires / formed wires shall not exceed one armour wire / formed wire space and there shall be no cross over / over-riding of armour wire / formed wire. The minimum area of coverage of armouring shall be 90%. The breaking load of armour joint shall not be less than 95% of that of armour wire / formed wire. Zinc rich paint shall be applied on armour joint surface of G.S.wire/ formed wire.
9. Cable Identification
1. Outer sheath shall be of PVC (of suitable grade) & black in colour. In addition to meeting all the requirements of Indian standards referred to, outer sheath of all the cables shall have the following FRLS properties.
 - a. Oxygen index of min. 21 (As per NES-715-1).
 - b. Acid gas emission of max. 20% (As per IEC-60754-I).
 - c. Smoke density rating shall not be more than 60% during Smoke Density Test as per ASTM D-2843.



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2. Cores of the cables shall be identified by colouring of insulation. Following colour scheme shall be adopted:
 - a. 1 core - Red, Black, Yellow or Blue
 - b. 2 core - Red & Black
 - c. 3 core - Red, Yellow & Blue
 - d. 4 core - Red, Yellow, Blue and Black
3. For reduced neutral conductors the core shall be black.
4. In addition to manufacturer's identification on cables as per IS, following marking shall also be provided over outer sheath.
 - a. Cable size and voltage grade - To be embossed.
 - b. Word 'FRLS' at every 5 metre - To be embossed.
 - c. Sequential marking of length of the cable in metres at every one metre-To be embossed / printed.

The embossing shall be progressive, automatic, in line and marking shall be legible and indelible.
5. Cores of the cables of upto 5 cores shall be identified by colouring of insulation. Following colour scheme shall be adopted.
 - a. 1core - Red, Black, Yellow, Blue
 - b. 2 core - Red & Black
 - c. 3 core - Red, Yellow & Blue

10. All cables shall meet the fire resistance requirement of IEEE - 383 with cable installations made in accordance with clause "Flammability test" and as per Category-B of IEC 60332 Part -3.
11. Allowable tolerances on the overall diameter of the cables shall be ± 2 mm maximum over the declared value in the technical data sheets.
12. In plant repairs to the cables shall not be accepted. Pimples, fish eye, blow holes etc, are not acceptable.



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2.2.16.3 Cable selection & sizing

1. Cables shall be sized based on the following considerations:
 - i) Rated current of equipment.
 - ii) Maximum voltage drop limits under steady state and during starting for motor being fed from 415V switchgear restricted to 5% and 10% respectively.
 - iii) Maximum voltage drop limits under steady state for feeder (i.e. Outgoing feeders being fed from 415V switchgear) restricted to 3%.
 - iv) For cables to motors and feeders protected by MCCBs the cross section will be chosen according to the tripping time of MCCBs.
2. Derating Factors

Derating factors for various conditions of installations including the following shall be considered while selecting the cable sizes:

 - a. Variation in ambient temperature for cables laid in air.
 - b. Grouping of cables.
 - c. Variation In ground temperature and soil resistivity for buried cables.
3. Cable lengths shall be considered in such ways that straight through cable joints are avoided.
4. Cables shall be armoured type if laid in switchyard area, coal handling area or directly buried. All LV power cables except trailing cables shall be XLPE insulated FRLS.
5. All control cables shall be 2.5 Sq mm copper cable.
6. Multicore control cables will generally have spare conductor (s) in accordance with the following chart and cores of a single cable will not be split for different auxiliary/ equipment:



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Conductors	Required Cables
1 or 2	: 1-3/C
3 or 4	: 1-5/C
5 or 6	: 1-7/C
7 or 8	: 1-10/C
9 or 10	: 1-12/C
11 or 12	: 1-16/C
13 or 14	: 1-18/C
Above 14 core	: Two or more of above cables

2.2.16.4 Constructional Features

i) 1.1 kV grade Power Cables

- 1.1 kV grade XLPE power cables shall have compacted aluminium conductor for cables including 10 sq. mm and above and copper conductor for cables below 10 sq.mm, XLPE insulated, PVC inner-sheathed (as applicable), armoured, FRLS PVC outer-sheathed conforming to IS: 7098. (Part-I).
- 1.1 kV grade Trailing cables shall have tinned copper (class 5) conductor, insulated with heat resistant elastomeric compound based on Ethylene Propylene Rubber (EPR) suitable for withstanding 90°C continuous conductor temperature and 250 deg C during short circuit, inner-sheathed with heat resistant elastomeric compound, nylon cord reinforced, outer-sheathed with heat resistant, oil resistant and flame retardant heavy duty elastomeric compound conforming to IS 9968.

ii) 1.1 kV Grade Copper Conductor Fire Survival Power Cables

- 1100 volt grade, 90 Deg.C rating, power cables with stranded Copper conductor, heat resistance elastomeric insulation generally conforming to Type IE-2 of IS: 6380-1984, extruded Halogen free or very low Halogen elastomeric inner sheath, generally conforming to Type SE-3 of IS-6380-1984, round wire/strip armour and extruded outer sheath of elastomeric material generally conforming to Type SE-3 of IS: 6380-1984.
- The cables shall be generally manufactured in conformity to IS-9968 Part-1/1988.
- The cables shall be rated for 3 hours fire rating.
- Conductor shall be of stranded construction, consisting of high conductivity annealed plain copper wires conforming to Class-II of IS 8130. A suitable heat barrier tape, preferably glass mica tape shall be provided over the Conductor.



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5. The insulation shall consist of heat resisting elastomeric material EPR (Ethylene Propylene rubber) and shall conform to Type IE-2 of IS:6380/1984 amended up to Date.
6. The suitable fire retardant material fillers shall be used for filling in the interstices. Two layers of plain glass fiber binder tape shall be applied over the laid up cores.
7. Fire Survival Power & Control cables shall be provided for the following services:
 - a. DC emergency lube oil pump.
 - b. Turbine lube oil pump/barring gear.
 - c. Jacking oil pump.
 - d. Scanner air fan.
 - e. Incoming & outgoing cables for DC lighting distribution board.
 - f. Fire /smoke detection system.
 - g. DC seal oil pump.
 - h. DC emergency lighting cables for Main Plant Building.
 - i. Incomer cables for DG board, emergency board, DC lighting board
 - j. Batteries to charger and DC distribution board.
 - k. Emergency turbine trip by push button in control room.
 - l. Boiler turbine: Generator inter-trip which includes the interconnecting cables between
 1. Boiler master fuel trip and turbine trip relays
 2. Generator trip relays and turbine trip relays
 3. Generator trip relays and 765kV kV circuit breaker
 4. Generator trip relays and generator field breaker.
 5. Generator trip relays and UAT breaker.



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iii) 1.1 KV Grade Control Cable

1. Control cable shall be multi core, minimum 2.5 sq.mm cross section, stranded copper conductor, PVC insulated, inner PVC sheathed / galvanized steel wire armored and outer sheath made of FRLS PVC compound. In situation where accuracy of measurement or voltage drop in control circuit, warrant, higher cross sections as required shall be used. 4 sq.mm copper conductors shall be used for CT circuits, all other specification remaining same. In 4 sq.mm conductor impose unacceptable high burden on CTs, higher cross section of conductor shall be used.
2. Voltage Transformer leads shall be checked for voltage drop, which shall be limited to within 1 % for all cases other than tariff metering, for which the voltage drop shall be limited to 0.2 %. In case the voltage drop with 4 sq.mm Cu conductors exceeds this value, higher conductor sizes shall be used.

iv) 1.1kV Copper Conductor Fire Survival Control Cables

1. Conductor shall be of stranded construction, consisting of high conductivity annealed tinned copper conductors conforming to IS 8130/1984 amended up to date.
2. A suitable heat barrier tape, preferably glass mica tape shall be provided over the conductor.
3. The conductor insulation shall consist of heat resisting elastomeric material EPR (Ethylene Propylene rubber) and shall conform to Type IE-2 of IS:6380/1984 amended up to date.
4. An inner sheath of extruded special low smoke and very low halogen content (acid gas generation shall be less than 2% by weight) elastomeric (HOFR) compound of black colour or any other natural colour with prior approval from Owner conforming to Type SE-3 of IS-6380/1984, amended up to date, shall be provided over the laid up cores.
5. The armouring over inner sheath shall consist of single layer of wire/round galvanized steel wire as per IS 3975 amended up to date.
6. The outer sheath shall be of special low smoke and very low Halogen content (Acid gas generation shall be less than 2% by weight) elastomeric HOFR compound comprising of synthetic rubber and shall generally conform to the type SE-3 of IS: 6380 latest revision.



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7. The colour of outer sheath shall be black or any other natural colour agreed mutually between Owner and Contractor.
8. The minimum sizes of L.T. cable to be chosen are as below:
 - a. Al – 16 Sq.mm (3 core)
 - b. Cu – 2.5 Sq.mm (3 core)
9. In power cables maximum conductor size to be used will be 300 sq. mm & 630 sq.mm for multi core and single core cables. In case of multi core cables not more than 3 runs to be used or otherwise single core cable to be used.

v) Cable Drums

Cables shall be supplied in non returnable wooden or steel drums of heavy construction. The surface of the drum and the outer most cable layer shall be covered with water proof cover. Both the ends of the cables shall be properly sealed with heat shrinkable PVC/ rubber caps secured by 'U' nails so as to eliminate ingress of water during transportation, storage and erection. Wood preservative anti-termite treatment shall be applied to the entire drum. Wooden drums shall comply with IS: 10418.

2.2.16.5 DRAWINGS, DATA AND MANUALS TO BE FURNISHED FOR APPROVAL

- i) Cable datasheets
- ii) Cable sizing
- iii) QAPs & Test Reports.
- iv) Relevant catalogues

2.2.16.6 Tests

i) Type Tests

a. For Conductor

- i. Annealing test - For copper conductor only.
- ii. Tensile test - For aluminium conductor only.
- iii. Wrapping test - For aluminium conductor only.
- iv. Resistance test.

b. For Armour Wires/ Formed Wires

- i. Measurement of Dimensions.



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- ii. Tensile Test - For aluminium wires only
- iii. Elongation test - For aluminium wires only
- iv. Torsion test - For round wires only.
- v. Winding test - For Formed wires only.
- vi. Resistance test.
- vii. Zinc Coating test - For G.S. Formed wires /wires only.
- viii. Wrapping test - For Al. Formed wires /wires

c. For XLPE insulation & PVC Sheath

- i. Test for thickness.
- ii. Tensile strength & elongation tests before ageing and after ageing.
- iii. Ageing in air oven.
- iv. Loss of mass test - For PVC sheath only.
- v. Hot deformation test - For PVC sheath only.
- vi. Heat shock test - For PVC sheath only.
- vii. Shrinkage test .
- viii. Thermal stability test - For PVC sheath only.
- ix. Hot set test - For XLPE insulation only.
- x. Water absorption test - For XLPE insulation only.
- xi. Oxygen index test – For outer sheath only.
- xii. Smoke density test - For outer sheath only.
- xiii. Acid gas generation test - For outer sheath only.

d. For completed cables

- i. Insulation resistance test (Volume resistivity method)



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- ii. High voltage test
- iii. Flammability test as per clause "Flammability test" of IEEE - 383 .
- iv. Flammability test as per IEC - 332 Part-3 (Category -B).
- v. Test for rodent & termite repulsion property.

ii) Flammaability Test

1. This test shall generally be carried out as per IEEE 383. The cable installation to be tested shall consist of as many cables as are necessary to give atleast 10 kg of organic material per metre run.
2. The following cable installation shall be tested :
Installation with single / multi core cables in touching formation.
3. Size of cables, number of cables, number of layers and laying arrangements for each installation shall be subject to Owner's approval.
4. The size of the cables selected (measured by total cross sectional area of the conductor) shall have maximum organic material per sq. mm of total cross sectional area of all the conductors.

iii) Acceptance Tests

Acceptance tests shall be carried out on each type and size of the cables on the cable drums selected at random as per following sampling plan:

Sl.no	No. of drums in the lot	No. of drums to be taken as sample
	Upto 100	10% (Subject to minimum of 1 drum)
	101 to 300	13
	301 to 500	20
	Above 500	32

The following shall constitute acceptance tests:

1. Item No. 1 to 14, 16, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25 of list of type tests specified in clause 2.2.15.5.1.



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2. Fire resistance test as per SS 4241475 (F3 category).
3. One length per size / lot for surface finish and length measurement.
4. Lay length / sequence of cores, armour coverage, Gap between two consecutive armour wires / formed wires, Band marking.

iv) Routine Tests

Routine tests shall be carried out as per relevant standard for each drum of cables of all types and sizes.

Cabling System



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2.2.17 CABLING SYSTEM

2.2.17.1 SCOPE OF WORK

The scope of work covers supply, erection, testing and commissioning of complete electrical system including cabling, fire stop mortar seal, fire retardant cable coating system etc. the scope shall broadly cover, but not be limited to:

- i) TG Building & Transformer Yard
- ii) Boiler Area, ESP
- iii) All auxiliary buildings (including electrical rooms of respective buildings) and structures as per details in the general electrical specification/ plot plan & related drawings.
- iv) Service Building
- v) CPU Regeneration
- vi) DG House
- vii) Pipe cum cable rack (within the battery limits).
- viii) Air Washer Units
- ix) All electrical equipment as described in different sections.
- x) As built drawing for all above systems on completion of project.

The scope of work shall also include all civil and structural works necessary for successful installation, commissioning & commercial operation of all electrical equipment to be erected under this specification.

2.2.17.2 SCOPE OF SUPPLY

- 1 The scope of work shall include complete supply, installation, testing, commissioning and putting into successful commercial operation of the cabling system for the entire plant covering all indoor & outdoor areas of BTG area.
- 2 The equipments and materials within the scope of supply shall include but not limited to
 - i. Power & control cabling works (including that of special cables):
Supply and installation of cable and cable trays/raceways, supports, conduits, duce bank, cable accessories such as jointing/termination kits, cable glands, lugs, ferrules, etc. as required for all the systems & equipments.
 - ii. Supply and installation (including laying & termination) of control cables, special cables, instrumentation cables for all equipments and systems.



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- iii. Supply and installation (including laying & termination) of all power cables (HV and LV) of all power cables (HV and LV) for all equipments and systems.
- iv. Cable routing has to be planned such that it shall not cross the steam lines, oil lines.
- v. Fire Sealing Arrangement: All cable entries into the panel (HV & MV & LV SWGR panels) should be provided with fire sealing arrangements.
- vi. Cable/cable tray openings in walls and floors or through pipe sleeves from one area to another or from one elevation to another within the unit shall be seated by a fire proof sealing system (FPSS). The FPSS shall effectively prevent the spread of fire from the flaming to non-flaming side of a fire
- vii. Galvanized steel rigid/ flexible conduits and accessories, ferrules, lugs, glands, terminal blocks, galvanized sheet steel junction boxes, cable fixing clamps, nuts & bolts etc as required.
- viii. All necessary erection materials, consumables and sundry items including arc welding rods to complete the installation for satisfactory and trouble free operation.
- ix. Any item of works or erection materials which have not been specifically mentioned but are necessary to complete the work involved shall be deemed to be included in the scope of this specification and shall be furnished by the Bidder without any extra charge to the purchaser.

2.2.17.3 CODES AND STANDARDS

All standards, specifications and codes of practice referred to herein shall be the latest editions including all applicable official amendments and revisions as on date of opening of bid. In case of conflict between this specification and those (IS codes, standards, etc.) referred to herein, the former shall prevail. All work shall be carried out as per the following standards/ codes as applicable.

IS:513	Cold rolled low carbon steel sheets and strips.
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IS:1079	Hot Rolled carbon steel sheet & strips
IS:1239	Mild steel tubes, tubular and other wrought steel fittings
IS:1255	Code of practice for installation and maintenance of power cables upto and including 33 KV rating
IS:1367 Part-13	Technical supply conditions for threaded Steel fasteners. (Hot dip galvanized coatings on threaded fasteners).
IS:2147	Degree of protection provided by enclosures for low voltage switchgear and control gear
IS:9537	Conduits for electrical installation.
IS:9595	Metal – arc welding of carbon and carbon manganese steels - recommendations.
IS:13573	Joints and terminations for polymeric cables for working voltages from 3.3kv up to and including 33kv performance requirements and type tests.
BS:476	Fire tests on building materials and structures
DIN 46267 (Part-II)	Non tension proof compression joints for Aluminium conductors.
DIN 46329	Cable lugs for compression connections, ring type ,for Aluminium conductors
VDE 0278	Tests on cable terminations and straight through joints
BS:6121	Specification for mechanical Cable glands for elastomers and plastic insulated cables.
	Indian Electricity Act.
	Indian Electricity Rules.

Equipment complying with other internationally accepted standards such as IEC, BS, DIN, USA, VDE etc. will also be considered if they ensure performance and constructional features equivalent or superior to standards listed above. In such a case, the Contractor shall clearly indicate the standard(s) adopted, furnish a copy in English of the latest revision of the standards along with copies of all official amendments and revisions in force as on date of opening of bid and shall clearly bring out the salient features for comparison.

2.2.17.4 DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTIONAL FEATURES

1 Inter Plant Cabling



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Interplant cabling for main routes shall be laid along overhead trestles/duct banks. However, from tap-offs, same can be through shallow trenches with sand filling. All the switchgear room shall be provided with cable spreader room at ground floor. The cable trenches are allowed between switchyard control room and transformer yard only. In case of Duct banks, pull-pits shall be filled with sand and provided with a PCC covering.

2 Transformer yard

In transformer yard cables shall be laid in RCC concrete trenches with RCC covers. The main cable routes coming out from Main plant building and crossing the Transformer yard shall be laid in overhead trestles/duct banks. Minimum clear height of trestle shall be 3 m and for Rail/road crossing, it shall be as per rail/road crossing norms. False floors are not to be provided for cabling purpose.

3 Cable entry

Cable entry from outdoor underground/cable routes to the buildings, if any, shall be above the finished floor level of the building.

All Buildings shall have suitable cable spreader rooms /cable vaults.

4 Trenches

PCC flooring of built up trenches shall be sloped for effective drainage with sump pits and sump pumps.

No sub-zero level cable vault/trenches shall be provided below control building/switchgear rooms in main plant areas.

All field switches for equipments corresponding to a stream located within a radius of 4-5 m shall be wired out to a field junction box and from field junction box to control panel/Input – Output cabinet by screened instrumentation cables.

Cable trenches shall be provided in Transformer Yard and Switchgear/MCC rooms. In other areas local cable trenches with length not exceeding 5 metres are allowed just near the equipment.

Cables for one set of auxiliaries such as ID,FD & PA fans & half of the coal mills shall be routed in one route & for through other set of auxiliaries through other route.

Bidder shall provide two independent routes for cables between Switchyard Control Room & Main Plant Control Room. Bidder shall provide the cable trays along with its supporting structure arrangement on the trestle.



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5 Cable Vault:

- i) Cable vault of not less than 3.5 metres clear height shall be provided.
- ii) Clear access passage of at least 750 mm wide & 2.0 Mts clear height shall be provided at entrances & along cable ways. Wherever the passage is through cable routes clear height shall not be less than 1.5 Mts.
- iii) Cable vaults shall be provided with adequate drainage facility for drainage of fire water.
- iv) Each cable vault should have two fire proof doors.
- v) Exit signs shall be provided near doors for personnel escape in case of emergency.

- 6 Major routes in Turbine area (STG Package area) shall be on overhead cable trays either supported from available structures, building structure. Only in specific areas as shall be approved by purchaser/consultant where number of cables are too small compared to the route length and in transformer yard, cable shall be routed in cable trenches.

2.2.17.5 EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

Cable trays, Fittings & Accessories

- 1 Cable trays shall be ladder type as specified complete with matching fittings (like brackets, elbows, bends, reducers, tees, crosses, etc.), accessories (like side coupler plates, etc.) and hardware (like bolts, nuts, washers, G.I. strap, hook etc.) as required. Cable tray shall be ladder type for power & control cables and perforated for instrumentation cables.
- 2 These shall be either prefabricated hot dip galvanized sheet steel trays or site fabricated angle iron trays free from flaws such as laminations, rolling marks, pitting etc. These (including hardware) shall be hot dip galvanized as per relevant IS.
- 3 Cable trays shall have standard width of 150 mm, 300 mm & 600 mm and standard lengths of 2.5 metre. Minimum thickness of mild steel sheets used for fabrication of cable trays and fittings shall be 2 mm. The thickness of side coupler plates shall be minimum 3 mm.
- 4 Cable troughs shall be required for branching out few cables from main cable route. These shall be U-shaped, fabricated of mild steel sheets of minimum thickness 2 mm and shall be hot dip galvanized as per relevant IS. Troughs shall be standard width of 50 mm & 75 mm with depth of 25 mm.
- 5 Prefabricated hot dip galvanized sheet steel cable trays shall be used for maximum support span of 2000 mm unless design is approved for larger span. Cable trays shall be suitable for a cable weight of 100 kg/meter running length of tray. Minimum thickness of sheet steel/galvanizing shall be 2mm/86 microns respectively. The



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amount of zinc deposit shall not be less than 610 gm per square meter.

- 6 Cable trays fabricated from standard rolled sections shall be 50x50x6/75x75x6 sections for runners for supporting spans limited to 2000 mm/more than 2000 mm respectively. Cross support shall be 32x6 mm / 50x6 flat for widths up to 500mm/more than 500mm respectively.
- 7 Separate coloured paint strips 2 inch width each numbers equally spaced at 5 metres interval shall be applied for identification of different type of trays depending upon types of usage/applications/area as below:

High/ medium voltage cables:

11kV/6.6kV : red strips

1.1kv power cables : yellow strips

1.1kv control cables : blue strips

Instrumentation cables : green strips

8 **Support System for Cable Trays**

Cable tray support system shall be pre-fabricated similar or equivalent to "Unistrut make".

Support system for cable trays shall essentially comprise of the two components i.e. main support channel and cantilever arms. The main support channel shall be of two types:

- (i) C1:- having provision of supporting cable trays on one side and
- (ii) C2:- having provision of supporting cable trays on both sides. The support system shall be the type described hereunder
 - a. Cable supporting steel work for cable racks/cables shall comprise of various channel sections, cantilever arms, various brackets, clamps, floor plates, all hardware such as lock washers, hexagon nuts, hexagon head bolt, support hooks, stud nuts, hexagon head screw, channel nut, channel nut with springs, fixing studs, etc.
 - b. The system shall be designed such that it allows easy assembly at site by using bolting. All cable supporting steel work, hardware's fittings and accessories shall be prefabricated factory galvanised.
 - c. The main support and cantilever arms shall be fixed at site using necessary brackets, clamps, fittings, bolts, nuts and other hardware etc. to form various arrangements required to support the cable trays. Welding of



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- the components shall not be allowed. However, welding of the bracket (to which the main support channel is bolted) to the overhead beams, structural steel, insert plates or reinforcement bars will be permitted. Any cutting or welding of the galvanized surface shall be brushed and red lead primer, oil primer & aluminium paint shall be applied.
- d. All steel components, accessories, fittings and hardware shall be hot dip galvanized after completing welding, cutting, drilling and other machining operation.
 - e. The main support channel and cantilever arms shall be fabricated out of minimum 2.5 thick rolled steel sheets conforming to IS.
 - f. Cantilever arms of 300 mm, 600 mm and 750 mm in length are required. The arm portion shall be suitable for assembling the complete arm assembly on to component constructed of standard channel section. The back plate shall allow sufficient clearance for fixing bolt to be tightened with tray in position.
 - g. Cable trays in areas subjected to excessive coal dust or mechanical damage shall have hot dip galvanized sheet steel metal trays cover installed on front tray in vertical run and inverted 'V' type on upper tray in horizontal run with consideration for ventilation.

The size of structural steel members or thickness of sheet steel of main support channel and cantilever arms and other accessories as indicated above are indicative only. Nevertheless, the support system shall be designed by the contractor to fully meet the requirements of type tests as specified. In case the system fails in the tests, the components design modification shall be done by the Contractor without any additional cost. The contractor shall submit the detailed drawings of the system offered by him along with the bid.

9 FRP CABLE TRAYS

FRP Cable trays shall be used for areas like intake raw water pump house, Desalination plant, CHP, Battery room, NDCT and chemical house.

Cable trays shall be of ladder / perforated type complete with all necessary coupler plates, elbows, tees, bends, reducers, stiffeners and other accessories. Cable trays of ladder and perforated types and the associated accessories such as coupler plates, tees, elbows, etc. shall be of FRP.

The FRP cable tray shall be ultra violet resistant. FRP cable trays shall be manufactured in accordance with NEMA FG-1-1984-1993 and Standards IS-6746 and ASTM E 84. Manufacturing process shall be pultrusion using automated pultrusion machines. Resin to be used shall be ultraviolet resistant polyester resin.



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All cable trays and accessories shall be corrosion / chemical resistant, weather resistant, easy to drill and cut. Lightweight, high strength and flame retardant in accordance with ASTM E-84-Class 1 Rating and as per IS-6746-Very Low Flammability. An additive material shall be mixed with the FRP to make them resistant to ultraviolet light. The oxygen index shall be minimum 30 as per ASTM-D-2863.

The minimum glass content in the FR material shall be 55%.

The Ladder type trays shall have side rails and horizontal rungs. Both of these shall be of same material i.e. the FRP with additive material. The rungs shall be placed 300 mm apart from each other. The side runner of the Ladder type FRP cable trays shall be pultruded FRP channel of 100 x 35 mm height. The minimum thickness of the tray will remain 4mm. The rungs to side member are connected to the Larger portion of the side rail by using pin made of fiberglass reinforced thermoplastic, and should have both mechanical and adhesive lock.

Minimum thickness of perforated type FRP cable tray shall be 4mm. Minimum thickness of coupler plates shall be 4mm.

HV, MV and LV power single core cable shall be laid in trefoil formation with 2D gap where 'D' is the diameter of cable.

HV & MV cables and LV power cables (95 sq. mm & above) multicore cables shall be laid in touching formation in single layer. 1100V multicore cables below 95 sq. mm shall be laid in two layers. Control and instrumentation cables shall be laid in 3 layers.

- i) Individual tray systems shall be established for the following services: -
 - a) 6.6 kV and higher voltage power cables.
 - b) 415 Volt power cables.
 - c) Special noise-sensitive circuits or instrumentation cables.
 - d) Control cables. (Control cables shall be laid along with LV power cables and instrumentation cables if required for short length near the equipment with GI separators).
 - e) Further subdivision of tray systems shall be provided if required to meet special segregation/separation requirements.
- ii) In areas having coal dust, cable trays shall be run in vertical formation while horizontal trays shall be provided in other areas. Cable depth not to exceed two cables for vertical trays.
- iii) The minimum design vertical spacing for trays shall be 300 mm measured from the bottom of the upper tray to the top of the lower tray. At least a 250 mm clearance shall be maintained between the top of a tray and beams, piping, or



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other obstacles to facilitate installation of cables in the tray. A working space of not less than 600 mm shall be maintained on at least one side of each tray. Tray covers shall be provided on the top most tray of each tier of cable trays.

10 Pipes, Fittings & Accessories

Pipes offered shall be complete with fittings and accessories (like tees, elbows, bends, check nuts, bushings, reducers, enlargers, coupling caps, nipples etc.) The size of the pipe shall be selected on the basis of maximum 40% fill criteria

GI Pipes shall be of medium duty as per IS: 1239

Duct banks shall be High Density PE pipes encased in PCC (10% spare of each size, subject to minimum one) with suitable water-proof manholes.

11 Junction Boxes

Junction Boxes shall comprise of a case with hinged door constructed from cold rolled sheet steel of minimum thickness 2mm. Top of the boxes shall be arranged to slope towards rear of the box. Gland plate shall be 3 mm thick sheet steel with neoprene/synthetic rubber gaskets. All junction boxes shall be of adequate strength and rigidity, hot dip galvanised as per relevant IS, and suitable for mounting on wall, columns, structures etc. The boxes shall include brackets, bolts, nuts, screws M8 earthing stud etc. required for installation.

Glass Fibre Reinforced Junction Boxes No. of Ways: 12/24/36/48 with 20% spares terminals.

Junction boxes shall be Glass Fibre Reinforced with saturated polyester conforming to standards like DIN 16911 type 803/16913 type 834, 5 self extinguishing in accordance with ASTM D635/UL 94 VO. Junction boxes for use in outdoor or damp locations shall be sturdy construction. Temperature resistance shall be between – 10 to 100°C. Impact resistance shall be greater than 7 Nm, (EN 50014). Protective insulation shall be in line with VDE 0100, dielectric strength shall be greater than 10 KV/mm, halogen free toxicity, the enclosure and door cover shall be painted and electro statically power coated (preferably in RAL7032). Earth connection (studs size shall be M 6) shall be provided on the cover as well as door.

Protection Class

Protection Category shall be IP 66 to EN 60529. There shall be guaranteed perfect seal to meet Protection class IP 66 providing arrangement like highly elastic foamed in special type seal like polyurethane/chloroprene. The sealing rubber shall not have aging effect and shall retain its sealing characteristics for more than 20 years. Contractor shall indicate this in data sheet. The rubber seal should be pasted at its



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place with pasting technology for like more than 20 years (double sealing arrangement is preferred).

Mounting clamps and accessories

Junction boxes shall be suitable for mounting on walls, columns and structure. Brackets, bolts, nuts, screws, glands and lugs required for erection shall be of brass. The accessories like mounting plates etc. of steel shall be powder coated. The support rails for terminal box shall be zinc coated.

General

1. JBs shall have small canopy at the top.
2. There shall be rainwater collection arrangement from top and side of the outer ages to ensure that any leakage into the junction box shall be avoided and it shall fall outside.
3. Cable entry shall be from bottom side only.
4. Ensure gland plate sealing perfect. It shall be of the same quality and arrangement as that of door to cover arrangement.

Steel Junction Boxes

No. of Ways 12/24/36/48 with 20% spares terminals.

Junction boxes shall be designed in accordance with NEC, article 370, paragraph 18, 19 & 20 or equivalent standards.

Enclosure

Junction boxes for use in outdoor or damp locations shall be sturdy steel construction. The enclosure and door cover shall be surface finished clean, degreased, phosphated, deep coated primed (preferably in RAL 7044) and electrostatically powder coated (preferably in RAL 7032). Earth connection (studs size shall be M6) shall be provided on the cover as well as door. The sheath steel thickness shall be more than 2 mm.

Doors

The doors shall be hinged and lockable. The doors shall have industrial heavy duty hinges. The doors shall be easily but firmly lockable with quick release fastener and with integrated viewing window of 3mm resistant plexi glass or equivalent. The doors shall be industrial heavy duty hinges. The doors shall be easily but firmly lockable with quick release fastener.

Junction boxes shall be provided with two nos. earthing terminals (externally available) suitable for connection of 8 SWG G.I. wire. Knockouts shall be provided at bottom and both sides. These shall be provided by fixing plates in order to make



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them detachable type with suitable neoprene gaskets. Bottom and side plates for cable/conduit connection shall be provided. All unused holes shall be sealed with suitable grommets.

Junction boxes shall be provided with external designation label. The label inscriptions shall be informed to the Contractor by the Owner. Junction boxes shall be provided with danger sign in case of 415V circuit.

Junction boxes shall be of two types, viz. One suitable for control cabling and the other suitable for power cabling.

Junction boxes for control cabling shall have 24 way/ 48 way terminal blocks suitable for up to 2.5 sq.mm. Cu. Cable. However, for instrumentation junction boxes there shall be 24/48 ways suitable for terminating cable of 0.5 sq.mm. Cu. Cable.

Junction boxes for power circuit cabling shall be suitable for 1 no. 3 core 16 sq.mm.AL. Incoming cable and 1 no. 3 core 2.5 sq.mm Cu. Outgoing cable.

12 Terminal blocks

Terminal blocks shall be 650 volts grade, rated for 10 Amps and in one piece, rigid, Bakelite moulded, with disconnecting /shorting link. It shall be complete with insulating barriers, Klip-on-type terminals and identification strips, terminal studs, washers, nuts, lock nuts, marking strips etc.

Marking on terminal strip shall correspond to the terminal numbering on wiring diagrams. It shall be Elmex type CSLT-1 with insulating material of Melamine conforming to ESI Standard 12.1 or equivalent. Cage clamp type terminal block suitable for terminating 2 wires of 2.5 sq mm. on both sides arranged to facilitate easy termination shall be provided. 20% spare terminals shall be provided

13 Terminations & Straight through Joints

Termination and jointing kits for 11/6.6 kV grade XLPE insulated cables shall be of proven design and make which have already been extensively used and type tested. Termination kits and jointing kits shall be pre-moulded type, taped type or heat shrinkable type. 11/6.6 kV grade joints and terminations shall be type tested as per IS: 13573. Critical components used in cable accessories shall be of tested and proven quality as per relevant product specification/ESI specification. Kit contents shall be supplied from the same source as were used for type testing. The kit shall be complete with the aluminium solder less crimping type cable lugs & ferrule as per DIN standard.

Straight through joint and termination shall be capable of withstanding the fault level for 33kV, 11 kV and 6.6 kV systems.



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1.1 KV grade straight through joints shall be of proven design.

14 Cable glands

Cable glands shall conform to BS: 6121 and be of robust construction capable of clamping cable and cable armour (for armoured cables) firmly without injury to insulation. Cable glands shall be made of heavy duty brass machine finished and nickel chrome plated. Thickness of plating shall not be less than 10 micron. All washers and hardware shall also be made of brass with nickel chrome plating. Rubber components shall be of neoprene and of tested quality. Necessary cable dimensions shall be furnished to the successful contractor.

Cable glands shall be single compression for indoor use, double compression type for outdoor use. Glands for classified hazardous areas shall be double compression type flameproof and weather proof duly certified by CMRS and approved by CCE.

15 Cable lugs/ferrules

The cables lugs shall be conforming to IS: 8309.

Machine ferruling shall be adopted.

Cable lugs for power cables shall be Aluminium solder less crimping type suitable for aluminium compacted conductor cables.

The cable lugs for control/instrumentation/ telephone cables shall be provided with insulating sleeve and shall suit the type of terminals provided on the equipments.

Cable lugs shall be suitable for termination of different cross-sections of control/instrumentation/telephone cables and shall be of following types.

- i) Copper tubular terminal end for solder less crimping to copper conductors.
- ii) Cable lugs for control cable termination shall be insulated type. These lugs shall be flat type/ring type/U type to suit the terminals provided in the panel.
- iii) Pin type lugs shall not be used.
- iv) Aluminium tubular terminal ends for solder less crimping of Aluminium conductor. Solder less crimping of terminals shall be done by using corrosion inhibiting compound. The cable lugs shall suit the type of terminals provided on the equipment. Lugs for control/instrumentation cables shall be PVC insulated/sleeved type.



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16 Cable Clamps & Straps

The cable clamps required to clamp multicore cables on vertical runs shall be made up of Aluminium strip of 25x3 mm size. For clamping the multicore cables on horizontal trays, self-locking, de-interlocking type nylon clamps/straps shall be used. The clamps/straps shall have sufficient strength and shall not get affected by direct exposure to sun rays and outdoor environment.

Trefoil clamps for single core cables shall be pressure die cast aluminum or fibre glass or nylon and shall include necessary fixing accessories like G.I. nuts, bolts, washers, etc. Trefoil clamps shall have adequate mechanical strength to withstand the forces generated by the system short circuit current of 105 KA peak.

17 Galvanizing

Galvanizing of steel components and accessories shall conform to IS: 2629 & IS: 2633. Additionally galvanizing shall be uniform, clean smooth, continuous and free from acid spots

The amount of zinc deposit over threaded portion of bolts, nuts, screws and washers shall be as per IS: 1367. The removal of extra zinc on threaded portion of components shall be carefully done to ensure that the threads shall have the required zinc coating on them as specified.

18 Welding

The welding shall be carried out in accordance with IS: 9595. All welding procedures and welders qualification shall also be followed strictly in line with IS: 9595

2.2.17.6 INSTALLATION

1 Cable tray and Support System Installation

Cables shall run in cable trays mounted horizontally or vertically on cable tray support system which in turn shall be supported from floor, ceiling, overhead structures, trestles, pipe racks, trenches or other building structures. All cable trays shall be in vertical configuration in boiler, CHP & ESP areas. Horizontally running cable trays shall be clamped by bolting to cantilever arms and vertically running cable trays shall be bolted to main support channel by suitable bracket/clamps on both top and bottom side rails at an interval of 1500 mm. For vertical cable risers/shafts cable trays shall be supported at an interval of 1000mm. Fixing of cable trays to cantilever arms or main support channel by welding shall not be accepted. Cable tray installation shall generally be carried out as per relevant Standard. The cantilever arms shall be positioned on the main support channel with a minimum vertical spacing of 300 mm unless otherwise indicated in the relevant



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approved tray layout drawings.

All cable way sections shall have identification, designations as per approved cable way layout as and painted/stenciled at each end of cable way and where there is a branch connection to another cable way. Minimum height of letter shall be not less than 75 mm. For long lengths of trays, the identification shall be painted at every 10 meter. Risers shall additionally be painted/ stenciled with identification numbers at every floor.

In certain cases it may be necessary to site fabricate portions of trays, supports and other non standard bends where the normal prefabricated trays, supports and accessories may not be suitable. In such cases the Contractor shall fabricate at site suitable sections of trays, supports and accessories to make the installation complete for the specific purpose after obtaining owner's prior approval, which shall be neat in appearance and shall match with the prefabricated sections in the dimensions. They shall be applied with one coat of red lead primer, one coat of oil primer followed by two finishing coats of aluminium paint.

2 Conduits/Pipes/Ducts Installation

- (a) The Contractor shall be fully responsible for properly embedding conduit pipe sleeves wherever necessary for cabling work. All openings in the floor/roof/wall / cable tunnel/cable trenches made for conduit installation shall be sealed and made water proof by the Contractor.
- (b) GI pull wire of adequate size shall be laid in all conduits before installation. Metallic conduit runs at termination shall have two lock nuts wherever required for junction boxes etc.
- (c) Conduit runs/sleeves shall be provided with PVC bushings having round edge at each end. All conduits/pipes shall have their ends closed by caps until cables are pulled. After cables are pulled, the ends of conduits/pipes shall be sealed with Glass wool/Cement Mortar/Putty to prevent entrance of moisture and foreign material.
- (d) Cable routing between lined cable trench and equipment/motors shall be taken through GI pipe sleeves of adequate size. Pipe sleeves shall be laid at an angle of maximum 150 to the trench wall. In case of larger dia cables i.e. 50mm and above, adequately sized pipe with larger bend radius shall be provided for ease of drawing of cable or for replacement. In places where it is not possible, a smaller trench may be provided if approved by Site Engineer.
- (e) Exposed conduit/pipe shall be adequately supported by racks, clamps, straps or by other approved means. Conduits /pipe support shall be installed square and true to line and grade with an average spacing between the supports as given below, unless specified otherwise



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Conduit /pipe size (dia).	Spacing
Up to 40 mm	1 M
50 mm	2.0 M
65-85 mm	2.5 M
100 mm	3.0 M

- (f) In areas like WTP, chemical handling, battery room etc. exterior surface of the conduits shall be further coated with chromate or polymer for better resistance to corrosion.
- (g) All G.I. pipes shall be laid as per approved layout drawings and site requirements.
- 1 Before fabrication of various profiles of pipe by hydraulically operated bending machine (which is to be arranged by the contractor), all the burrs from the pipes shall be removed. The bends formed shall be smooth. GI Pipes with bends shall be buried
 - 2 in oil/concrete in such way that that the bends shall be totally concealed. For GI pipes shall be undertaken well before paving is completed and necessary co- ordination with paving agency shall be the responsibility of Electrical Contractor. The open ends of pipes shall be suitably plugged with G.I. plugs after they are laid in final position. G.I. plugs shall be supplied by the contractor at no extra cost.

3 Junction Boxes Installation

Junction boxes shall be mounted at a height of 1200mm above floor level or as specified in the approved drawings or as decided by Owner and shall be adequately supported/mounted on masonry wall by means of anchor fasteners/ expandable bolts or shall be mounted on an angle, plate or other structural supports fixed to floor, wall, ceiling or equipment foundations.

4 Cable Laying and Installation

- 1) Cable network shall include power, control, lighting, communication and fire alarm system cables, which shall be laid in trenches, cables trays/conduits as detailed in the approved drawings and cable schedules. Erection of cable trays and aligning and leveling as required shall be the responsibility of the contractor.
- 2) Cable installation shall be carried out as per IS: 1255 and other applicable standards.



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- 3) Cable drums shall be unloaded, handled and stored in an approved manner on hard and well drained surface so that they may not sink. In no case shall be drum be stored flat i.e. with flange horizontal. Rolling of drums shall be avoided as far as possible. For short distances, the drums may be rolled provided they are rolled slowly and in proper direction as marked on the drum. In absence of any indication, the drums may be rolled in the same direction as it was rolled during taking up the cables. For unreeling the cable, the drum shall be mounted on suitable jacks or on cable wheels and shall be rolled slowly so that cable comes out over the drum and not from below. All possible care shall be taken during unreeling and laying to avoid damage due to twist, kink or sharp bends. Cable ends shall be provided with sealed plastic caps to prevent damage and ingress of moisture.

- 4) Laying of cables directly buried in ground is not acceptable.

- 5) For coal handling plant the cables shall not be routed along conveyor galleries. The cables shall be routed on independent cable trestles. All tray levels shall be checked after erection and marked in as built drawings. Cable routing given on the layout drawings shall be checked in the field to avoid interference with structures, heat sources, drains, piping, air-conditioning duct etc. and minor adjustments shall be done to suit the field conditions wherever deemed necessary. All tray runs shall be installed parallel to the trench/building walls and floors except otherwise noted in the approved drawings. The contractor shall have to secure rack/tray supports by welding to those inserts or other available building steel surfaces. Outdoor trays shall be installed by welding on the steel/concrete structure with inserts by the contractor. As far as practicable, cable trays shall be supported from one side only in order to facilitate installation and maintenance of cables from the other side.

- 6) While laying cable, ground rollers shall be used at every 2 metre interval to avoid cable touching ground. The cables shall be pushed over the rollers by a gang of people positioned in between the rollers. Cables shall not be pulled from the end without having intermediate pushing arrangements. Pulling tension shall not exceed the values recommended by cable manufacturer. Selection of cable drums for each run shall be so planned so as to avoid using straight through joints. Care should be taken while laying the cables so as to avoid damage to cables.

- 7) All temporary ends of cables must be protected against dirt and moisture to prevent damage to the insulation. For this purpose, ends of all cables shall be tapped with an approved PVC or rubber insulating tape. Use of friction type or other fabric type tape is not permitted.



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- 8) Cables installed above grade shall be run in trays, exposed on walls, ceilings or structures and shall be run parallel or at right angles to beams, walls columns. Cables shall be so routed that they will not be subjected to heat from adjacent hot piping or vessels.

5 Laying of cables in cable trays

- 1) Cables shall be laid on cable trays strictly in line with cable schedule furnished. Where specific cable layouts are not shown on approved drawings, contractor shall route these as directed by the Owner.
- 2) Power and control cables shall be laid on separate tiers. The laying of different voltage grade cables shall be on different tiers according to the voltage grade of the cables. In horizontal tray stacks, H.V. cables shall be laid on topmost tier and cables of subsequent lower voltage grades on lower tiers of trays. Single core cable in trefoil formation shall be laid with a distance of four times the diameter of cable between trefoil center lines and clamped at every two metre. All multicore cables shall be laid in touching formation. LT power cables above 95 sq.mm size shall be laid in single layer touching formation in trays while cables upto & including 95 sq.mm shall be laid in maximum of 2 layers. Control and Instrumentation cables can be laid upto a maximum of three layers in each tray.
- 3) All communication cables (telephone, P.A. System) RTD Cables shall run on instrument trays/ducts/trenches. Wherever these are not available, cables shall be taken in a separate trench/trays with a minimum clearance of 600mm away from electrical trench/trays as per the direction of Site Engineer and Communication cables shall cross power cables at right angles
- 4) Power and control cables shall be secured fixed to trays/support with self locking type nylon cable straps with de-interlocking facilities. For horizontal trays arrangements, multicore power cables and control cables shall be secured at every five meter interval. For vertical tray arrangement, individual multicore power cables and control cables shall be secured at every one meter by nylon cable strap. After completion of cable laying work in the particular vertical tray, all the control cables shall be binded to trays/supports by aluminium strips at every five meter interval and at every bend.

Bending radii for cables shall be as per manufacturer's recommendations and IS1255.

- 5) Individual cables or small groups which run along structures/walls etc will



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be clamped by means of 16 SWG GI saddles on 25x6mm saddle bars. The cost of saddle and saddle bars shall be deemed to have been included in the installation of cables. Alternatively small group of cables can be taken through 100mm slotted channel/ISMC 100. They shall be rightly supported on structural steel and masonry, individual or in groups as required, if drilling of steel must be drilled where the minimum weakening of the structure will result.

- 6) Cables shall be supported so as to prevent unsightly sagging. In general distance between supports shall be approximately 300mm for cables upto 25mm diameter and maximum 500mm for cables larger than 25mm dia and cables laid in vertical run of cable trays shall be clamped at an interval of 900mm.
- 7) Where cables cross roads/rail tracks, the cables shall be laid in Hume pipe/PVC pipe.
- 8) At road crossing and other places where cables enter pipe sleeves adequate bed of sand shall be given so that the cables do not slack and get damaged by pipe ends.
- 9) Power and Control Cables, as far as possible, shall be laid in complete, uncut lengths from one termination to the other. Straight through joints in power cable shall be allowed only in nearest of rare situation only after approval of owner.
- 10) Joints for less than 250 Meters run of cable shall not be permitted.
- 11) In each cable run some extra length shall be kept at suitable point to enable one LV/two HV straight through joints to be made, should the cable develop fault at a later stage. Control cable termination inside equipment enclosure shall have sufficient lengths so that shifting of termination in terminal blocks can be done without requiring any splicing.
- 12) Wherever few cables are branching out from main trunk route troughs shall be used.
- 13) Cables shall be neatly arranged in the trenches/trays in such a manner so that criss-crossing is avoided and final take off to the motor/switchgear is facilitated. Arrangement of cables within the trenches/trays shall be the responsibility of the contractor.
- 14) The contractor shall ascertain the exact requirement of cable for a particular feeder by measuring at site and avoiding interference with structure, foundation, pipelines or any other works. Before the start of



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cable laying, cable drum schedule shall be prepared by electrical contractor and get that approved by site engineer to minimize/avoid straight through joints. The actual number of straight through joints required shall be worked out by the contractor. During the erection period the contractor shall furnish a monthly report on cable position in an approved proforma so as to keep the owner apprised of the position.

- 15) The installation work shall be carried out in a neat workman like manner & areas of work shall be cleaned of all scraps, water, etc. after the completion of work in each area every day. Contractor shall replace RCC/Steel trench covers after the Installation work in that particular area is completed or when further work is not likely to be taken up for some time.
- 16) Minimum number of spare cores required to be left for interconnection in control cables shall be as cl.3.07.00, chapter 16. Electrical cable trays exposed to hazardous process fluid shall be covered with detachable G.I. covers. The covers shall be suitable to resist wind forces.
- 17) For cables laid above ground in cable racks, asbestos sheeting of 3mm thickness shall be provided below the bottom cable tray to protect the cables from fire.
- 18) Supporting steel shall be painted before laying of cables. The painting shall be done with one coat of red lead paint and two coats of approved bituminous aluminium paint unless otherwise specified.
 - a) Separation
 - b) Sufficient spacing not less than 300 mm shall be provided between different tiers of trays and the same shall be maintained to permit adequate access for installation and maintenance of cables.
 - c) At least 300mm clearance shall be provided between HV power & LV power cables, LV power & LV control/instrumentation cables,
 - d) Segregation
 - e) Segregation means physical isolation to prevent fire jumping.
 - f) Cables from two different services viz. supply from Station Board and Unit Board shall be segregated.
 - g) Interplant cables of station auxiliaries and unit critical drives shall be



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segregated in such a way that not more than half of the drives are lost in case of single incident of fire. Power and control cables for AC drives and corresponding emergency AC or DC drives shall be laid in segregated routes. Cable routes for one set of auxiliaries of same unit shall be segregated from the other set.

- h) For Coal Handling Plant all the cables of one stream shall be segregated from the cables of the other stream and shall run on either side of the trestle.

6 Cable fire sealing

- i) Cable/cable tray openings in walls and floors or through pipe sleeves from one area to another or from one elevation to another within the unit shall be sealed by a fire proof sealing system (FPSS). The FPSS shall effectively prevent the spread of fire from the flaming to non-flaming side of a fire.
- ii) Wherever the cables/cable trays pass through walls/floors, fire proof cable penetration seals rated for one hour shall be provided. This shall be by suitable block system using individual blocks with suitable framework or by silicon RTV foaming system. In case foaming system is offered, damming board, if used, shall not be considered for fire rating criteria. Any of the system offered shall be of proven type as per BS: 476 (Part-20) or equivalent standard.
- iii) In order to prevent fire propagation through cable penetrations, after laying, dressing & clamping of cables, all the openings shall be properly sealed by using Fire Stop Mortar Seal and Fire Retardant Cable coating compound. Also the cable runs both before and after the fire scale shall be suitably sprayed with anti-fire propagation liquid.

7 Cable laying in trenches between switchyard and Transformer yard

- 1 RCC cable trenches with removable covers will be provided by the contractor. Cables shall be laid in 3 or 4 tiers in these trenches. Concrete cable trenches shall be filled with sand where specified to avoid accumulation of hazardous gases. RCC covers of trenches in process area shall be effectively sealed to avoid ingress of chemicals etc. Removal of concrete covers for purposes of cable laying and reinstating them in their proper positions after the cables are laid shall be done by the contractor at no extra cost.

For cable trays are laid in trench in more than two tiers a space of minimum 600 mm shall be available for maintenance. In case two or



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more tiers of cable trays are running parallel along both sides of trench walls there shall be space of minimum 600 mm between them.

Cables shall be handled carefully during installation to prevent mechanical injury to the cables. Ends of cable leaving trenches shall be coiled and provided with a protective pipe or cover till such times the final termination to the equipment is completed.

- 2 Prior to laying of cables inside trenches, the contractor shall properly clean inside of those trenches.
- 3 When cables are laid in multiple tiers, spacing between individual tiers shall be as approved by Site Engineer. Space between individual tiers shall be filled and compacted with soil and sand.
- 4 As each row of cables is laid in place and before covering with sand every cable shall be given on insulation test in the presence of Site Engineer. Any cable, which proves defective, shall be replaced before the next groups of cables are laid.
- 5 All wall openings/pipe sleeves shall be effectively sealed after installation of cables to avoid seepage of water inside building/lined trench.
- 6 Where cables rise from trenches to motor, control station, lighting panels etc., they shall be taken in G.I. Pipes for mechanical protection up to a minimum of 150mm above grade.
- 7 Cable ends shall be carefully pulled through the conduit, to prevent damage to these cables. Where required, approved cable lubricant shall be used for this purpose. Where cable enters conduit the cable should be bent in large radius. Radius shall not be less than the recommended bending radius of the cables specified by the manufacturer.

Following guide of the pipe fill shall be used for sizing the pipe size:

1. 1 Cable in pipe - 53% full
2. 2 cables in pipe - 51% full
3. 3 or more cables - 43% full
4. Multiple cables - 40% full.

After the cables are installed and all testing is complete, conduit ends above grade shall be plugged with a suitable weatherproof plastic compound/'PUTTI' for sealing purpose. Alternatively, G.I. Lids or PVC bushes shall be employed for sealing purposes. The cost for the same shall be deemed to have been included in the installation of G.I. pipe and



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- no separate payment shall be allowed.
- 8 Where cables pass through foundation walls or other underground structures, the necessary ducts or openings will be provided in advance for the same. However, should it become necessary to cut holes in existing foundations or structures, the electrical contractor shall determine their location and obtain approval of the Site Engineer before cutting is done.

2.2.17.7 CABLE IDENTIFICATION

1. Cable tags shall be provided on all cables at each end (just before entering the equipment enclosure), on both sides of a wall or floor crossing, on each duct/conduit entry & exit, and at every 20 meters in cable tray/trench runs. Cable tags shall also be provided inside the switchgear, motor control centers, control and relay panels etc. where a number of cables enter together through a gland plate. Cable tag shall be of rectangular shape for power cables and control cables. Cable tag shall be of 2 mm thick aluminum with number punched on it and securely attached to the cable by not less than two turns of 20 SWG GI wire conforming to IS:280. Alternatively, the Contractor may also provide cable tags made of nylon, cable marking ties of 'TY-CAB' or equivalent type with cable number heat stamped on the cable tags.
2. If laying of underground cable is specifically agreed by Owner as a special case then the underground cables shall be provided with identity tags of Stain less steel securely fastened every 30 M of its underground length with at least one tag at each end before the cable enters the ground. In unpaved areas cable trenches shall be identified by means of markers. These posts shall be placed at location of changes in the direction of cables and at intervals of not more than 30 M for straight run and at cable joint locations with additional inscription 'Cable Joint'. For buried cables the marker shall project 150mm above ground.
3. Drum number of each cable from which it is taken shall be recorded against the cable number in the cable schedule.

2.2.17.8 CABLE TERMINATIONS & CONNECTIONS

1. The termination and connection of cables shall be done strictly in accordance with cable termination kit manufacturer's instructions, drawings and/or as directed by Site Engineer. Cable jointer shall be qualified to carryout satisfactory cable jointing/termination. Contractor shall furnish for review documentary evidence/experience reports of the jointers to be deployed at site.



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2. Work shall include all clamps, fittings etc. and clamping, fitting, fixing, plumbing, soldering, drilling, cutting, taping, preparation of cable end, crimping of lug, insulated sleeving over control cable lugs, heat shrinking (where applicable), connecting to cable terminal, shorting and grounding as required to complete the job to the satisfaction of the Engineer in charge of TANGEDCO.
3. Responsibility of proper termination shall lie on the contractor. Guarantee for termination shall also have to be given by the contractor.
4. The equipment will be generally provided with undrilled gland plates for cables/conduit entry. The Contractor shall be responsible for punching of gland plates, painting and touching up. Holes shall not be made by gas cutting. The holes shall be true in shape. All cable entry points shall be sealed and made vermin and dust proof. Unused openings shall be effectively sealed by 2mm thick aluminium sheets.
5. Contractor shall drill holes for fixing glands wherever necessary at no extra cost. Gland plate shall be of non-magnetic material/aluminium sheet in case of single core cables. If the cable end box or terminal chamber provided on the equipment is found unsuitable and requires major modifications the same shall be carried out by the contractor at the discretion of the Engineer- in-Charge.
6. Control cable cores entering control panel/switchgear/MCC/ miscellaneous panels shall be neatly bunched, clamped and tied with self locking type nylon cable ties with de interlocking facility to keep them in position.
7. The panels where a larger number of cables are to be terminated and cable identification may be difficult, each core ferrule shall include the complete cable number. The ferrules shall be indelible interlocking type and shall fit tightly on cores. Spare cores shall have similarly ferrules with a suffix letter 'S' alongwith cable numbers and coiled up after end sealing.
8. All cable terminations shall be appropriately tightened to ensure secure and reliable connections.
9. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to terminate the cables at motor terminals in correct phase sequence to ensure the proper direction of rotation.
10. All cables upto 1.1KV grade shall be terminated at the equipments by means of compression type cable glands. They shall have a screwed



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nipple with conduit electrical threads and check nut.

11. All cable entries shall be through bottom only and top entry terminations are made only after getting approval of Site Engineer.
12. Power cables, wherever colour coding is not available, shall be identified with red, yellow and blue PVC tapes. Where copper to aluminium connections is made, necessary bimetallic washers shall be used. For trip circuit identification additional red ferrules shall be used only in the particular cores of control cables at the termination points in the Switchgear/Control panels and Control Switches.
13. In case of control cables all cores shall be identified at both ends by their terminal numbers by means of PVC ferrules. Wire numbers shall be as per schematic/ wiring/ inter-connection diagram. Contractors shall have the samples of PVC markers approved before starting the work. All unused spare cores of control cables shall be neatly bunched and ferruled with cable tag at both ends. Control cables shall be neatly bunched and served with PVC perforated tape to keep it in position at the terminal block.
14. Where threaded cable gland is screwed into threaded opening of different size, suitable brass threaded reducing bushing shall be used provided.
15. The cable shall be taken through glands inside the panels or any other electrical equipment such as motors. The individual cores shall then be dressed and taken along the cable ways (if provided) or shall be fixed to the panels with polyethylene straps. Only control cables of single strand and lighting cables may be directly terminated on to the terminals. In case of termination of cables at the bottom of a panel over a cable trench having no access from the bottom, close fit hole should be drilled in the bottom plate for all the cables in one line, and then bottom plate should be split in two parts along the centre line of holes. After installation of bottom plate and cables it should be sealed with cold setting compound. Cables shall be clamped over the open armouring to connect it to earth bus.
16. Cable leads shall be terminated at the equipment terminals by means of crimped type solder less connectors. Crimping shall be done by hand crimping/hydraulically-operated tool and conducting jelly shall be applied on the conductor. Insulation of the leads should be removed immediately before the crimping. Conductor surface shall be cleaned and shall not be left open the terminals.



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17. All cable entry points shall be properly sealed and made dust and vermin proof.
Unusual opening, if any, shall be effectively closed. Sealing work shall be carried out with approved sealing compound having fire withstand capability for at least three hours.
18. **Cable accessories for H.V. Systems**
 1. The H.V. cables terminations/joints shall be done by skilled, certified and experienced jointers duly approved by the Site Engineer.
 2. The termination and straight through joint kits for use on high voltage system shall be suitable for the type of cables offered by the contractor or the type of cables issued by owner for installation. The materials required for termination and straight through joints shall be supplied in kit form. The kit shall include all insulating and sealing materials apart from conductor fittings and consumable items. An installation instruction shall be included in each kit.
 3. The termination kits shall be suitable for termination of the cables to an indoor switchgear or to a weatherproof cable box of an outdoor mounted transformer/motor. The termination kits shall preferably be as of the following types.
 - a. 'PUSH ON' type for LV cables.
 - b. Heat-shrinkable sleeve type for LV & HV cables.

However, termination kits for HV cables shall be of Heat Shrinkable type of makes with specific approval of owner.
For outdoor installations, weather shields/sealing ends and any other accessories required shall also form part of the kit.
 4. The straight through jointing kits shall be suitable for underground buried installation with uncontrolled backfill and possibility of flooding by water. The jointing kit shall be one of the following types.
 - a. 'TAPEX' of M-seal make or equivalent for LV cables
 - b. Heat-shrinkable sleeve type for LV & HV cables.

However, termination kits for HV cables shall be of Heat Shrinkable type of makes with specific approval of owner. For outdoor installations, weather shields/sealing ends and any other accessories required shall also form part of the kit.

2.2.17.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAMME

Contractor shall furnish detailed Quality Assurance Programme and Quality Plans for all materials and accessories to be supplied and installed under the



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scope of the specification as per General Technical Conditions of technical specification. The Quality Plans shall include all tests/ checks as per relevant National/International Standards and the requirements of this specification including tests listed in this section.

2.2.17.10 LIST OF TESTS TO BE CONDUCTED

1 Type tests on Cable Trays support system

a) Test 1A

On main support channel type-C2 for cantilever arms fixed on one side only.

A 3.5 metre length of main support channel shall be fixed vertically at each end to a rigid structure as per appropriate fixing arrangement. Eight (8) nos. 750 mm cantilever arms shall be fixed to the main channel and each arm shall be loaded over the outboard 600 mm with a uniform working load of 100 kg. Subsequently a point load of 100 kg shall be applied on arm 2. A uniform proof load on all the arms equal to twice the working load shall be then be applied. Deflections shall be measured at the following load intervals and other necessary points:

- a) Working load
- b) Working load + point load
- c) Off load
- d) Proof load + point load
- e) Off load

The deflection measured at working loads shall not exceed 16 mm. The permanent deflection after removing the combination of working load and point load shall not exceed 10 mm at the arm tips and 6 mm on the channel. No collapse of the structure shall occur with a combination of proof load and point load applied.

- b) Test 1B: Test 1A shall be repeated with Eight Cantilever arms uniformly loaded and with the same point load on arm 2

On Main support channel type -C2 for cantilever arms fixed on both sides

- a) **Test 2A:** A 3.5 m length of main support channel C2 for cantilever arms fixing on both sides shall be fixed at each end to rigid structure as per appropriate fixing arrangement. Six (6), 750 mm cantilever arms shall be attached to each sides and each arm uniformly loaded to a working load of 100 kg over the out board 600 mm. A point load of 100 kg shall than be applied to arm 2, followed by a uniform proof load



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of twice the working load on all the arms; deflection shall be measured at the following load intervals and other necessary points.

- i) Working load
- ii) Working load + Point load
- iii) Off load
- iv) Proof load + Point load
- v) Off load

The deflection measured at working loads shall not exceed 16mm. The permanent deflection after removing the combination of working load and point load shall not exceed 10 mm at the arm tips and 6 mm on the channel. No collapse of the structure shall occur with a combination of proof load and point load applied

- b) Test 2B:** The test 2 A shall be repeated with the assembly but with an asymmetrical load on the C2 column and point load applied to arm 8. The 100 kg and 200 kg uniformly distributed loads shall be applied to the upper three arms on one side and the lower three arms on the opposite side.

- c) Test 3:** Tests on Channel Fixed on Beam/Floor

A length of main support channel section shall be fixed to steel structure/floor and have loads applied as detailed below and other important points not mentioned herein.

- c) Test 3A** A length of steel structure shall be rigidly supported it should be fitted on a metre length of channel section using beam clamps welded/bolted. A point load of 1200 kg shall be applied to the centre point via two brackets. No distortion or pulling of the components shall take place.

- d) Test 3B** With the components assembled as in Test 3A, two perpendicular point loads of 600 kg shall be simultaneously applied at positions 150 mm either side of the centre line, no distortion or pulling of the components shall take place.

- e) Test 3C** With the components assembled as in Test 3A, a perpendicular point load shall be applied at a point 150 mm on one side of the centre line. The load shall be gradually increased to the maximum value that can be applied without causing distortion or pulling of the components. This value shall be recorded.



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d) Test 4 Channel nut slip characteristics (what ever applicable)

Tests 4A1, 4A2, 4A3:

A length of channel C1 section 200 mm long shall have fitted bracket with the two bolts fixing. With loads applied at the appropriate position nut slip shall be determined with bolt torque of 30 NM, 50 NM and 65 NM. No fewer than three measurements shall be made for each torque setting. A minimum loading of 720 kg shall be obtained before nut slip with bolt torque of 65 NM.

Tests 4B1, 4B2, 4B3:

The length of channel C1 section 200 mm long shall have fitted bracket with the one bolt fixing. With loads applied at the appropriate position, nut slip shall be determined with bolt torques of 30 NM, 50 NM and 65 NM. No fewer than three measurements shall be made for each torque setting. A minimum loading of 350 kg shall be obtained before nut slip with a bolt torque of 6 NM.

Test 5 Weld Integrity Test

After deflection test as per test 1A, 1B, 2, 3 & 4 weld integrity shall be checked by magnetic particle inspection to detect sub-surface cracks developed, if any. Cable termination kit and straight through joints should have been tested as per IS: 13573 for 6.6kV and 11kV class. Fire proof Cable Penetration system should have been tested for the following tests:

- a) Accelerated Ageing test
- b) Water absorption test
- c) Fire rating test
- d) Hose Stream test
- e) Vibration test followed by fire rating test

2 Routine/ Acceptance Tests

Following routine/acceptance tests shall be carried out on all the equipments, devices & materials supplied:

a) Galvanizing Tests

The quality of galvanizing shall be inspected visually and shall be smooth, continuous, and free from flux stains.

- i) Uniformity of coating – The coating of any article shall withstand four 1 minute dips in standard copper sulphate solution without the formation of an adherent red spot of metallic copper upon the basic metal.



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- ii) The quality of cadmium/zinc plating on items with screw threads shall be inspected visually and shall be free from visible defects such as unplanted areas, blisters and modules.
- iii) In addition, the plating thickness shall be determined microscopically/chemically or electronically.

3 Welding

The quality of welding shall be visually inspected, particular attention being paid to the following points.

- 1) The welded joints shall be continuous along its length on both sides and of uniform width and thickness. It should be free from blow holes.
- 2) The weld metal shall be properly fused with the parent metal without undercutting.
- 3) The outside surface of the weld shall be clean. All slag shall have been removed. All welding shall be regularly checked for cracking using magnetic particle inspection or their equivalent technique.
 - 1. Physical and dimensional checks for all items.
 - 2. All conduits/pipes, etc. shall be routine/acceptance tested as per relevant standards.
 - 3. All acceptance and routine tests on cable glands as for BS: 6121. Additionally Proof torque test shall be carried out as acceptance on each body group of cable glands.
 - 4. Deflection test cable trays.
 - 5. All acceptance and routine tests on Junction boxes.
 - 6. Following tests shall also be carried out on each type of equipments, devices and materials/items supplied:
 - 1) Physical and Dimensional checks
 - 2) Check/measurement of thickness for Nickel chrome plating for cable glands and tinning for cable lugs.
 - 3) Check chemical composition of brass parts for cable glands.
 - 4) Hardness check on gaskets.
 - 5) Test for uniformity of galvanization.

4 Cable trays / supports and accessories

- 1) Check for proper galvanizing/painting and identification number of the cable trays/supports and accessories.
- 2) Check for continuity of cable trays over the entire route.
- 3) Check that all sharp corners, burrs, and waste materials have been removed from the trays supports.
- 4) Check for earth continuity

Earthing and Lightning Protection System



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2.2.18 EARTHING AND LIGHTNING PROTECTION SYSTEM

2.2.18.1 Earthing System

2.2.18.2 Scope

- ii. The Contractor shall provide all required material and carry out main earth grid, treated earth pits, raisers and inter connections, equipment earthing, interconnection to the existing, BOP area earth mats etc. for the following areas and all areas/buildings/structures including but not limited to:
 - a) Main Plant Building (TG Building)
 - b) Boiler Area, ESP area, Circulating water system, DG room & other electrical systems.
 - c) Service building
 - d) Air washer room
 - e) Transformer yard
 - f) All other miscellaneous building not mentioned herein but in BTG supplier scope.
- iii. Earthing system shall consist of earth grids and electrodes buried in soil in the plant area, embedded in concrete inside the buildings to which all the electrical equipment, metallic structures are connected to have earth continuity for safety reasons. The earthing system shall conform to IS 3043 and Indian Electricity Act/rules.
- iv. The Contractor shall furnish the detailed design, layout and calculations for Owner's approval. Contractor shall obtain all necessary statutory approvals for the system.

2.2.18.3 Codes and Standards

- i. All standards, specifications and codes of practice referred to herein shall be the latest editions including all applicable official amendments and revisions as on date of opening of bid. In case of conflict between this specification and those (IS codes, standards, etc.) referred to herein, the former shall prevail. All work shall be carried out as per the following standards / codes as applicable.
- ii. Equipment complying with other internationally accepted standards such as IEC, BS, DIN, USA, VDE etc. will also be considered if they ensure performance and constructional features equivalent or superior to standards listed below. In such a case, the Contractor shall clearly indicate the standard(s) adopted, furnish a copy in English of the latest revision of the standards along with copies of all official amendments and revisions in force as on date of opening of bid and shall clearly bring out the salient features for comparison.



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1. IS:513 - Cold rolled low carbon steel sheets and strips
2. IS:802 - Code of practice for the use of Structural Steel in Overhead Transmission Line Towers
3. IS:1079 - Hot Rolled carbon steel sheet & strips
4. IS:1239 - Mild steel tubes, tubular and other wrought steel fittings
5. IS:1367 Part-13 - Technical supply conditions for threaded Steel fasteners. (Hot dip galvanized coatings on threaded fasteners)
6. IS:2309 - Code of Practice for the protection of building and allied structures against lightning
7. IS:2629 - Recommended practice for hot dip galvanising of iron & steel
8. IS:2633 - Method for testing uniformity of coating on zinc coated articles
9. IS:3043 - Code of practice for Earthing
10. IS:6745 - Methods for determination of mass of zinc coating on zinc coated iron & steel articles
11. IS:9595 - Metal – arc welding of carbon and carbon manganese steels – recommendations
12. IEEE:80 - IEEE guide for safety in AC substation grounding
13. IEEE:142 - Grounding of Industrial & commercial power systems
14. Indian Electricity Act.
15. Indian Electricity Rules.

2.2.18.4 Design Criteria

1. Fault Current & Duration



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Earthing system network/earth mat shall be interconnected mesh of mild steel rods buried in ground in the plant. For earth mat design, the size of earthing conductor shall be calculated considering maximum fault current 50 kA for duration of 1 second and corrosion factor. The maximum permissible step and touch potentials shall be calculated in accordance with the formula, given in IEEE-80.

2. Conductor Material

- i. The earthing system conductors and accessories as proposed are to be as:

(a) Conductors above ground level and in trenches	: Galvanized steel
(b) Conductors buried in ground or embedded in concrete	: Mild Steel
(c) Electrodes	: GS Pipe / Rod
- ii. The contractor shall undertake the soil resistivity measurements at site and shall select suitable type of conductors.
- iii. The earth conductors shall be free from pitting, laminations, rust, scale and other electrical, mechanical defects.

3. Size of Conductors

The minimum sizes of earthing conductors for various electrical equipments shall be as below:

Sl.No	Equipment	Earth Conductor buried in earth	Earth conductor above ground level & in built up trenches
1.	Main earth Grid	40 mm dia. MS Rod	---
2.	Transformeryard	40 mm dia. MS Rod	---
3.	Switchyard	40 mm dia. MS Rod	---
4.	Power Transformer		75 x 10 mm GS Flat
5.	11kV / 6.6 kV / 415 V Switchgear / Equipment	---	75 x 10 mm GS Flat
6.	415 V MCC / Distribution Boards/ Distribuion Transformers	---	75 x 10 mm GS flat
7.	LV motors		
	Above 100 to 200 kW	---	75x10 mm GS flat
	Above 55 KW to 100 KW	---	50x6 mm GS flat



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	Above 22 KW to 55 KW	---	50x6 mm GS flat
	Above 5.5 KW to 22 KW	---	25x6 mm GS flat
	Fractional HP LV Motors	---	8 SWG GS Wire
8.	Control panel & Control Desk	---	50x6 mm GS flat
9.	Push Button Station / Junction Boxes	---	8 SWG GI Wire
10.	Column, Structures, Cable tray, fence , gate and busduct enclosures	---	50x6 mm GS flat
11.	Crane, Rail, Rail tracks & other non-current carrying metal parts	---	50x6 mm GS flat

4. Soil Treatment to lower Resistivity

The soil resistivity study shall be carried out by the contractor. In order to reduce the resistivity of the soil the earth pits shall be treated with high purity electrically conductive material having ultra-low resistance value (typically, 0.001 ohm-m). The properties of the material shall be such that it does not require periodic re-watering or recharge of salt or earth enhancing compound during the life of the power plant. The material should be such that it does not reach chemicals into the adjacent soil or underground water channels and should be PH neutral. Earth enhancing material should permanently protect the encased metal components of the earthing systems. Earthing electrodes encased in high strength concrete mixed with the conductive material shall be preferred instead of electrode buried directly in the earth.

5. Rod Electrodes

Galvanized steel pipe/rod electrodes of suitable diameter and length shall be used as per the recommendation of IS-3043. For test pits electrodes shall be heavy duty type (Class – C) GI pipe of suitable diameter with perforations. For treated earth pits, GI pipe shall be provided as per IS 3043 including charcoal, salt etc. Necessary number of treated earth pits shall be provided for UTs, UATs in the transformer yard and other UATs in the main power house building and for all LT transformer Neutral & body earthing. Electrodes installed in the test pits will have disconnecting facilities.

6. Earthing of Electrical equipment on cranes and travelling machines



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- i. Every electrical equipment shall have double earthing. A ring earthing system shall be provided within the crane/machine to which electrical equipment shall be connected at least at two places.
- ii. The earth ring on the crane/machine shall be connected to the plant earthing system through gantry rails. Two sets of earth collector brushes shall be provided on each side of crane/machine to connect its earth ring to the gantry rails. Each end of each gantry rail shall be bonded to the plant earthing system.
- iii. In addition, intermediate earthing bond shall also be provided on the rails at every 60 m in case of longer tracks. Flexible copper bonds shall be provided across any gap in the running gantry rails. For mobile equipment with flexible cables, one separate copper conductor of adequate size shall be provided for earthing.

7. Equipment Earthing Leads

The size of the earthing leads shall be decided based on the type of equipment and structure to be earthed and shall be provided generally as per IS-3043.

2.2.18.5 Earthing System Layout

1. General

- i. Metallic frames of all current carrying equipment, supporting structures adjacent to current carrying conductors, structures in contact with switchyard earth, lightning protection system conductors and neutral points of various systems shall be connected to a single earthing system.
- ii. All the offsite areas shall be interconnected together by minimum two parallel conductors.
- iii. Crane rails, tracks, metal pipes and conduits shall be effectively earthed at two points. Steel RCC columns, metallic stairs, and rails etc. of the building housing electrical equipment shall be connected to the nearby earthing grid conductor by one earthing lead ensured by bonding the different sections of hand rails and metallic stairs.
- iv. For all other equipments, two earthing leads shall be used if rated voltage of equipment is above 250V. In case the rated voltage is 250 V or below, one earth lead can be used. Metallic structures adjacent to electrical equipment shall be earthed by one earthing lead.
- v. Earthing conductors in outdoor areas shall be installed at a minimum depth of 600 mm.



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- vi. Each continuous laid lengths of cable tray shall be earthed at minimum two places by G.S. flats to earthing system, the distance between earthing points shall not exceed 30 metre. Wherever earth mat is not available Contractor shall do the necessary connections by driving an earth electrode in the ground.
- vii. Portable tools, appliances and welding equipment shall be earthed by flexible insulated cable .
- viii. The cable sheaths, screens armour shall be earthed at both ends for multi-core cables. For single core cables the same shall be done at one end (switchgear end) only.
- ix. Electronic earthing shall be provided as per relevant international standard for all control systems (such as DDCMIS,PLC,SAS,EDMS,etc.,). For electronic equipment chemical earthing pit shall be provided. The earth pit shall be tested and type proven and shall be guaranteed for service life of 40 years. The chemical earth pit shall comprise pipe electrode,crystalline conductive mixture, bentonite, etc., constructed in a pit of not less than 4000mm depth. The pit shall be effective in all weather conditions and offer medium resistance. For electronic earthing system, earthing conductor shall be copper.
- x. Neutral of Service transformers shall be earthed through minimum of 400 sq.mm single core cable through two numbers treated earth pit and inturn shall be connected to station earth grid.
- xi. LV Neutral points of the following transformers shall be connected to Neutral Grounding Resistors(NGR). NGR shall be connected to earth through two numbers treated earth pit.
 - a) Unit transformers
 - b) Station Transformer
 - c) Unit , station and other Auxiliary transformers
- xii. Steel to copper connections shall be brazed type and shall be treated to prevent moisture ingress.
- xiii. Metallic sheaths and armour of all multi-core power cables shall be earthed at both equipment and switchgear end, Sheath and armour of single core power cables shall be earthed at switchgear end only.
- xiv. Earthing conductors along their run on cable trench, ladder, walls etc., shall be supported by suitable welding/cleating at intervals of 1000mm. Wherever it passes through walls, floors etc., pipe sleeves shall be provided for the passage of the conductor and both ends of the sleeve shall be sealed to prevent the passage of water through the sleeves.



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- xv. Railway tracks within the plant area shall be bonded across fish plates and connected to earthing grid at several locations.
- xvi. Electronic panels and equipments shall be grounded utilizing an insulated copper ground wire terminated at separate earth electrodes.

2. Earthing Conductor layout

- i. Main earthing conductors shall be laid in the form of a grid. Spacing between conductors, number of parallel conductors, etc., shall be decided such that step and touch potential are within safe limits.
- ii. The maximum permissible step and touch potentials shall be calculated in accordance with the formula, given in IEEE-80.
- iii. Earthing conductors shall be provided around the outside edge of fence at a distance of approximately 6000 mm. This shall be connected to the main earthing grid.
- iv. Grounding conductor around the building shall be buried in earth at a minimum distance of 1200 mm from the outer boundary of the building.
 - i. Every alternate post of the fence shall be connected to earthing grid by one GS flat and gates by flexible lead to the earthed post.
 - ii. Each of the earth leads of transformer neutral, lightning arrester shall be directly connected to two separate electrodes. Neutral points of HV transformer shall be earthed through NG resistors. The Contractor shall connect the NGR earthing point to earth electrodes by suitable earth conductors. Lightning protection down conductor shall be directly connected to a separate earth electrode.
 - iii. All earth electrodes in turn shall be connected to main earthing system. The earth grids of different areas of the plant shall be interconnected through, test pits to enable measurement of earth resistance for each area separately.
 - iv. Earthing grid design shall be done in such a manner that the grid resistance is less than one ohm.
 - v. Earth pit shall be constructed as per IS: 3043. Electrodes shall be embedded below permanent moisture level. Minimum spacing between electrodes shall be atleast equivalent to twice the length of the electrode.



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3. Earthing Conductors inside the building

- i. Main earthing conductors shall be buried in earth around the building. Minimum two taps-off from this earthing loop shall be taken inside the building and connected to the earthing grid embedded in the floor slab with approximately 50 mm concrete cover. The requirement of electrodes around the building shall be specified.
- ii. In case the building has more than one floor, each floor shall be provided with separate earth grid. These floor earthing grids shall be interconnected.
- iii. Each RCC / Steel column of the building shall be interconnected to the floor earthing grid in the ground floor.
- iv. Instrumentation system and computer system shall be provided with a dedicated earthing system suitable for the equipment. Separate electronic earthing for the PLC equipments, SAS panels and all other equipments wherever necessary shall also be provided.
- v. Earthing grids of all the buildings, outdoor yards shall be interconnected to form a single grid for the plant.
- vi. Earthing grid design shall be done in such a manner that the grid resistance is less than one ohm.
- vii. Suitable earth risers as approved by Owner shall be provided above finished floor/ground level, if the equipment is not available at the time of laying of main earth conductor.
- viii. A minimum earth coverage of 300 mm shall be provided between the ground grid conductor and the bottom of trenches, tunnels, underground pipes, foundations, railway tracks etc. The ground grid conductor shall be re-routed in case it fouls with equipment foundations.

2.2.18.6 Earthing System Installation

- i. The spacing between two electrodes shall be at least equivalent to twice the length of the electrode.
- ii. Earthing conductors along their run on columns, walls, etc. shall be supported by suitable welding / cleating at interval of 1000mm and 750mm respectively. 8 SWG earth wire should be run along with lighting conduits and shall be earthed at both ends. The wire should be suitable clamped with conduit at equal interval at not more than 500 mm.



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- iii. The earthing conductor crossing the road / track shall be laid in hume pipe or laid at a greater depth to avoid damage.
- iv. When earth conductor passes through floors, walls, etc., suitable pipe sleeves shall be provided and the same shall be sealed after installation.
- v. The connection between earthing pads / terminal to the earth grid shall be made short and direct and shall be free from kinks & splices.
- vi. Cable trays, metal pipes / conduits, steel columns, etc., shall not be used as earth continuity conductors.
- vii. Street lighting poles, flood light poles & towers, their junction boxes shall be connected to the earthing conductor to be run along with supply cable. This earth conductor shall be in turn connected to earth grid at two extreme points.
- viii. Flexible earth conductors shall be provided at expansion joints for earthing the gates, operating handles, etc.
- ix. Equipment bolted connection after being checked and tested shall be painted with anti-corrosive paint / compound be welded. For rust protection, the welds shall be treated with zinc chromate primer and coated with zinc rich paint.
- x. Proper earth connections for cable glands, cable boxes, cable armour, screens, etc. to be provided.
- xi. All bimetallic connections shall be treated with suitable compound to prevent moisture ingress.
- xii. The contractor shall demonstrate the effectiveness of earthing system by measurement of earth resistance, step and touch potential at different locations. Earth resistance at earth terminations shall be measured in presence of Owner's representatives. All equipment required for testing shall be furnished by contractor.
- xiii. Connections between earth leads and equipment shall normally be of bolted type. Contact surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned before connections. Equipment bolted connections after being tested and checked shall be painted with anti-corrosive paint/compound.
- xiv. Connections between equipment earthing leads and between main earthing conductors shall be of welded type. For rust protection the welds should be treated with red lead compound and afterwards thickly coated with bitumen compound. All welded connections shall be made by electric arc welding. The overlapping of earthing conductor in welded joints should be 6 times diameter. Cleats should be



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provided at both sides to increase contact area. Angles/ cleats should be welded at the point of crossing of longitudinal and transverse earthing conductors.

- xv. Resistance of the joint shall not be more than the resistance of the equivalent length of conductors.
- xvi. Back filling material to be placed over buried conductors shall be free from stones and harmful mixtures. Back filling shall be placed in layers of 150 mm. Trenches after laying earth rods should be closed with approved filling materials in layers and not with debris.

2.2.18.7 Other Requirements of Earthing System

Life expectancy	40 years
System Fault level	50kA for one second
Minimum Steel corrosion	0.3mm/year (on dia. of conductor)
Depth of burial of main earth conductor	600mm below grade level; where it crosses trenches, pipes, ducts, tunnels, rail tracks, etc., it shall be at least 300mm below them.
Conductor joints	By electric arc welding, with resistance of joint not more than that of the conductor.

2.2.18.8 Lightning Protection System

- i. The main purpose of lightning protection system are to :
 - Provide protection to structures from lightning strokes.
 - Provide a low resistance-conductive path to lightning discharge.
- ii. Lightning protection system shall be in strict accordance with IS: 2309 for the structures, equipments and buildings within the battery limits.

2.2.18.9 Conductor material

For Lightning protection, material & minimum sizes shall be as follows:

- a. Vertical air termination : 20 mm dia MS rod
- b. Horizontal air termination : 25X6 mm Galvanised steel flats
- c. Down conductor : 25X6 mm Galvanised steel flats
- d. Test link : 150x50x6 mm Galvanised steel Strip with Box
- e. Earth Electrodes : Treated earth pit with pipe electrode as per IS:3043



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The above sizes are indicative only. Actual size shall be arrived at as per design by the Bidder.

2.2.18.10 Lightning Syatem Layout

- i. Lightning system shall comprise of air terminations, down conductors, test links, earth electrode etc.
- ii. Air termination network consisting of vertical or horizontal conductors or combination of both shall be provided for the building. Down conductors shall follow the most direct path possible between the air terminal network and the earth termination network. Each down conductor shall be provided with a test link for testing. An earth electrode shall be connected to each down conductor.
- iii. Suitable lightning protection shall be provided to protect
 - a) Main Power House building as per IS requirement
 - b) Boiler Area, ESP area, DG room, Service building & other electrical systems.
 - c) All other miscellaneous building & electrical systems not mentioned herein but in scope of main plant (BTG) supplier.
- iv. Installation of lightning conductors on the roofs of buildings shall include construction of support, laying, anchoring, fastening and cleating of horizontal conductors, grouting of vertical rods wherever necessary, laying, fastening / cleating / welding of the down comers on the walls / columns of the building and connection to the test links to be provided above ground level.

2.2.18.11 Air Terminations

- i. The vertical air terminal rods shall be installed at the roof of buildings for MCC/Switchgear rooms, ESP Control rooms etc to protect these objects from lightning strokes.
- ii. ii) The projected length of the Air termination rod shall be as required to protect the object (on which the rod is fixed) from lightning stroke.
- iii. The air terminal rod shall be properly fixed on the top of the building/structure to withstand very high wind pressure. In case the air terminal rod is embedded at the top of roof of building, the portion embedded inside the concrete shall not touch the reinforcement bars and shall be duly insulated from them.
- iv. All the vertical air terminal rods shall be electrically connected together by means of horizontal conductors of size 25 x 6 mm galvanized steel flats. Horizontal air



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termination (i.e. G.S. Flat conductor) shall be so laid that no part of the rod shall be more than nine (9) metres from the nearest roof conductor.

2.2.18.12 Shielding Masts

- v. The shielding mast for lightning protection shall be installed at the top of steel columns cap plates of the associated building.
- vi. The shielding mast shall be made of galvanized steel rod and the height of the same shall be decided considering the zones to be protected.
- vii. Each shielding mast shall be connected to grounding grid by a down conductor 50 x 6 mm minimum. Galvanised steel flat run along the building column. In addition all building columns joints shall be electrically bonded.

2.2.18.13 Down conductors

- i. Down conductors shall be as short and straight as practicable and shall follow a direct path to earth electrode.
- ii. Each down conductor shall be provided with a test link at 1000 mm above ground level for testing but it shall be in accessible to interference. No connections other than the one direct to an earth electrode shall be made below a test point.
- iii. All joints in the down conductors shall be welded type.
- iv. Down conductors shall be cleated on outer side of building wall, at 750 mm interval or welded to outside building columns at 1000 mm interval.
- v. Lightning conductor on roof shall not be directly cleated on surface of roof. Supporting blocks of PCC/insulating compound shall be used for conductor fixing at an interval of 1500 mm.
- vi. All metallic structures within a vicinity of two meters of the conductors shall be bonded to conductors of lightning protection system.
- vii. Lightning conductors shall not pass through or run inside GI Conduits.
- viii. Testing link shall be made of galvanized steel of size 25x 6mm.
- ix. Pulser system for lightning shall not be accepted.
- x. Hazardous areas handling inflammable/explosive materials and associated storage areas shall be protected by a system of aerial earths.



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- xii. Lightning protection conductors/ air termination rods and circumferential band provided at the top position of chimney stack shall be lead coated in order to avoid melting by exposure to hot flue gases.
- xiii. For tall buildings and structures, early streamer emission (ESE) type, air terminal system is preferred.
- xiv. Horizontal air termination flats provided on top of boilers, main plant building & other buildings shall be laid such that no part of the roof shall be more than 9 metres.
- xv. Conductors of lightning protection system shall not be connected with conductors of earthing system above ground level.
- xvi. Lightning protection shall have as few joint as possible and avoid sharp bends. Down conductors shall have as far as possible, no joint except at test point and end termination.
- xvii. Termination at the metallic equipments on roof should be made by suitable nuts, bolts, pressure washer and bitumen washers with good electrical conductivity.
- xviii. All lightning protection conductors shall be exposed to atmosphere unless specifically mentioned. The lightning protection in the transformeryard shall cover the following equipments in the protection zone.
 - a) Generator Transformer
 - b) Station Transformer
 - c) Unit Transformers
 - d) Auxiliary Transformers
- xix. All areas of the power station shall be provided with lightning protection. The lightning protection system for buildings shall consist of Air termination network, Down conductors, Test link and earth electrodes.
- xx. Air termination network consisting of vertical or horizontal conductors or combination of both shall be provided ofr the building. Down conductors shall follow the most direct path possible between the air terminal network and the earth termination network. Each down conductor shall be provided with a test link for testing. An earth electrode shall be connected to each down conductor.
- xxi. For lightning protection , material thickness of galvanizing shall be atleast 610 gm / sq.mm for all galvanised steel conductor.



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- xxi. The lightning protection system shall not come in direct contact with other equipment / systems such as cables, conduits, electrical equipment, under ground metallic ducts etc., All metallic structures within vicinity shall be bonded to the lightning protection system.
- xxii. All welded / brazed joints shall be coated with anti-corrosive paints for rust protection.
- xxiii. Lightning conductor when used above ground level and shall be connected through test link with earth electrode / earthing system. Down conductors shall be as short and straight as practical and shall follow a direct path to earth. Down conductor shall not be connected to other earthing conductors above ground level.
- xxiv. Each down conductor shall be provided with attest link at 1500 mm above ground level for testing. But it shall be in accessible to interference. No connections other than the one direct to an earth electrode shall be made below a test point. All joints in the down conductors shall be welded type.
- xxv. Down conductors shall be cleated on outer side of the building wall / welded to out side building columns at 750 mm interval.
- xxvi. Lightning conductor on the roof shall be cleated on surface of roof using insulated clamps / saddles for conductor fixing at an interval of 1000 mm for horizontal run and 750 mm for vertical run.
- xxvii. Conductor of the lightning protection system shall not be connected with the conductors of the safty earthing system above ground level.
- xxviii. Installation of lightning conductors on the roofs of the buildings shall include construction of supports, laying , anchoring, fastening and cleating of horizontal conductors, grounding of vertical rods wherever necessary, laying , fastening / cleating / welding of the down comers on the walls / columns of the buildings and the connections to the test links to be provided above ground level.

2.2.18.14 Electrodes (for Lightning Protection)

- i. The electrodes shall be 40 mm diameter 3000 mm long mild steel rod. These shall be driven into the ground.
- ii. All the electrodes shall be interconnected by means of one (1) 40 mm dia mild steel rod which shall be laid under ground at a minimum depth of 1000 mm below finished grade level unless stated otherwise. This ground mats/electrode in turn shall be connected to main grounding grid.



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2.2.18.15 Riser (for Lightning Protection)

All risers connected to grounding mat shall be 40 mm mild steel rods and shall be projected 300 mm above grade level unless stated otherwise.

2.2.18.16 Jointing & Connection

- i. All ground conductor connections below ground level shall be done by electric arc welding with low hydrogen content electrode.
- ii. The projected portion of riser above ground shall be coated with two (2) coats of bitumen paints (anti-corrosive paints) with a minimum thickness of 1 mm after connection.
- iii. The joints in the lightning conductors shall be kept to a minimum and there shall be no joint in the underground portions of conductors.
- iv. All the joints shall be done by arc welding process overlapping of the conductors at straight joints shall not be less than 150 mm. The contact surfaces shall be cleaned properly before jointing.
- v. The portion of galvanized steel flats, which undergoes welding at site, shall be coated with two (2) coats of cold galvanizing anti-corrosive paint after welding.
- vi. The bolted joint of the test link shall be covered with thick coating of bitumen paint after successful testing.
- vii. The air terminal rods and shielding mast shall be coated with weather resistant anti-corrosive paint (zinc chromate followed by two coats of aluminium paint).
- viii. The steel to copper connection shall be brazed type.
- ix. The lightning protection of inflammable liquid storage tanks wherever required, shall be provided with horizontal conductors strung between tall poles covering the entire zones or with air terminal rods mounted on top of poles/structure. These horizontal conductors/vertical air terminal rods shall be connected to rod electrodes, which in turn shall be connected to station ground mat.

2.2.18.17 Quality Assurance Program

Contractor shall furnish detailed Quality Assurance Programme and Quality Plans for all



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materials and accessories to be supplied and installed under the scope of the specification. The Quality Plans shall include all tests/ checks as per relevant National/International Standards and the requirements of this specification including tests listed in this section.

2.2.18.18 Inspection and Testing

1. Earth Continuity Checks.
2. Earth resistance of the complete system as well as sub system
3. The earthing and lightning conductors should be type tested as per IS 2669. Following minimum tests shall be conducted.
 - a) Freedom from defects
 - b) Uniformity in thickness
 - c) Mass pf coating
 - d) Adhesion tests
 - e) Any other applicable tests not mentioned in the specification but required.

2.2.18.19 Drawing and Documents

The following drawings and documents shall be submitted for approval during detail engineering stage.

1. Soil resistivity report
2. Design basis report for earthing and lightning protection system
3. Earthing design calculation
4. Typical installation drawings for earthing and lightning protection system
5. Electronic earthing layout and details
6. Earthing layout for Transformer yard
7. Earthing layout for power house building, boiler and ESP.
8. Earthing layout for all auxiliary plant buildings
9. Earthing layout for all non-plant buildings
10. Lightning Protection design calculation and layout



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2.2.11 LT SWITCHGEAR

2.2.11.1 CODES AND STANDARDS

All equipment and materials shall be designed, manufactured and tested in accordance with the latest editions including all applicable official amendments of relevant Indian Standards (IS) and IEC except where modified and/or supplemented by this specification.

Equipment and material conforming to any other standards, which ensure equal or better quality, may be accepted. In such case, copies of the English version of the standard adopted shall be submitted along with the bid.

The electrical installation shall meet the requirements of Indian Electricity Rules as amended up to date and relevant IS Code of Practice. In addition, other rules and regulations applicable to the work shall be followed.

All works shall be carried out as per the following codes and standards.

Sl.No	Code	Description
1	IEC-60947 IEC-60439 IS-13947	Low voltage switchgear and control gear assemblies.
2	IS-8623	Specification for Low-Voltage Switchgear and Control gear Assemblies
3	IEC-60664 IS-15382	Insulation coordination for equipment with low voltage systems
4	IEC-60044	Instrument transformers
5	IEC-60529	Degrees of protection provided by enclosures
6	IS-13118	High Voltage alternating circuit breakers
7	IS-2675	Enclosed distribution fuse boards and cut outs for voltages not exceeding 1000 V AC and 1200 V DC
8	IS-8828	Electrical Accessories – Circuit breaker for over current Protection
9	IS -12021	Specification for Control transformer for switchgear and control gear for voltages not exceeding 1000V AC
10	IS-5082	Wrought aluminium & aluminium alloy for electrical Purposes
11	IS-13703	Specification for low voltage fuses for voltages not exceeding 1000 V AC and 1500 V



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		DC
12	IS-8187	Specification for D Type fuses
13	IS- 6005	Code of practice for phosphating iron and steel
14	IS-694	694 PVC insulated cables for working voltages up to and including 1100
15	IS-722	AC Electricity Meters
16	IS-1248	Electrical Indicating instruments
17	IS-2551	Danger Notice Plates
18	IS-2629	Hot dip galvanizing
19	IS-2705	Current Transformers
20	IS-3043	Code of practice for earthing
21	IS-3072	Code of practice for installation and maintenance of Switchgear
22	IS-3156	Voltage Transformers
23	IS-3202	Code of practice for climate proofing of electrical equipment
24	IS-3231	Electrical relays for power system protection
25	IS-8686	Static Relays
26	IS-10118 (4 parts)	Code of practice for selection, installation and maintenance of switchgear and control gear
27	IS-11171	Specification for dry type transformers
28	IS-11353	Guide for uniform system of marking and identification of conductors and apparatus terminals

2.2.11.3.1 TYPE

Circuit Breakers	Shall be air break, three pole, spring charged, and horizontal
Switchgear	Fully draw out type single front



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MCC	Fully draw out type single front/Double front.
ACDB/DCDB	Fixed type single front

2.2.11.3.2 SYSTEM PARAMETERS

1)	Nominal system voltage	415 V AC	220 V DC
2)	Highest system Voltage	433 V	240 V DC
3)	Voltage variation	±10%	190 - 240
4)	Rated frequency	50 HZ	-
5)	Frequency variation	+3% to (-5%)	-
6)	One minute Power	2.5 kV	2.5 kV
	frequency withstand voltage Main circuit Auxiliary Circuit	2.0 KV	2.0 KV
7)	System Earthing	Solidly Grounded	Unearthed
8)	Maximum system fault level	50KA for 1sec	25KA for 1 sec

2.2.11.3.3 General Technical Requirements

Power from LV service transformers shall be supplied to 415 V switchgears. Power from 415 switchgears to the various MCCs, PDBs, ACDBs etc. shall be supplied from redundant incomers. These switchgears shall distribute power to LV auxiliary motors and also to other auxiliary loads viz. MCCs / ACDBs, etc. LV switchgears shall be of metal enclosed indoor type. Incomers / bus-couplers, outgoing tie feeders rated 630A & above and motor feeders rated 90 kW & above shall be equipped with air circuit breakers of fault interrupting capacity of 50 KA rms.

All PCC/PMCC/MCC shall be of intelligent type compatible with IEC-61850 communication protocol. Utility MCCs like service building MCC, Welding DBs, AC & Ventilation MCCs, etc., shall be non-intelligent type.



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All the boards shall be sectionalized, except for turbine valve DB.

Not more than 2 out of 3 ACBs can be closed at a time unless at the time of planned short time paralleling through synchro check.

Under normal mode of operation each incoming source shall be connected to the respective bus sections with bus coupler open.

During the normal mode of operation if there is a loss of normal source to any bus-section, slow bus auto changeover shall be initiated to first trip the normal incomer connected to this section and further close the bus coupler to extend power from healthy bus section.

Restoration of normal operating condition (described in 1.14.6 above) shall be through planned manual changeover through synchro check paralleling or manual dead bus closing.

Incase parallel running between two sources prolong over a set time, an alarm shall be generated and the last ACB to close shall be opened.

The AC control supply voltage for motors rated below 90 kW shall be 110V AC. For this purpose each motor feeder of PMCC/MCC shall be provided with suitable rated 415/110V Control Transformer. Separate control transformer for test bus supply shall be provided for each bus section.

All circuit breakers shall have 220V DC control.

2.2.11.3.4 List of minimum required LV switchgears

S.No Name of LV Switchboard

1. UNIT PMCC
2. BUNKER FLOOR MCC
3. UNIT MLDB
4. VENTILATION MCC
5. AC MCC
6. BOILER MCC
7. SOOT BLOWER MCC
8. BOILER VALVE DAMPER MCC
9. MILL SYSTEM MCC



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10. TURBINE AUX. MCC
11. TURBINE VALVE DB
12. BOILER ACDB
13. ESP # 1A PMCC
14. ESP # 1B PMCC
15. ESP # 1C PMCC
16. ESP # 1D PMCC
17. ESP # 1E PMCC
18. ESP # 1F PMCC
19. ESP ACDB
20. ESP AC & VENTILATION MCC
21. ESP MLDB
22. DG SWGR AMF PANEL
23. UNIT NORMAL CUM EMERGENCY PMCC
24. 415 V AC ELDB
25. 415 V AC TG Building
26. FUEL OIL UNLOADING PH PMCC
27. SERVICE BUILDING MCC
28. AIR WASHER MCC
29. WELDING PDBs
30. AC AND VENTILATION MCC
31. CPU REGENERATION MCC
32. Main Lighting Distribution Boards (MLDB)
33. Emergency Main Lighting Distribution Board (EMLDB)
34. DC Lighting Distribution Board (DCLDB)
35. AC Fuse Boards

Any other PCC/PMCC/MCC/DB required as per the geographical distribution of load and for any other system which is part of mechanical system under BTG package and required for safe and reliable functioning of the plant.



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2.2.11.2 TEMPERATURE RISE

The temperature rise of the horizontal and vertical busbars and main bus link including all the power drawout contracts when carrying 90% of the rated current along the full run shall in no case exceed 55 deg c with silver plated joints and 40 deg c with all other types of joints over an ambient of 50 deg c.

2.2.11.3 OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS

2.2.11.3.1 Breakers

- I. Breakers shall have anti-pumping feature and it shall be electrically drawout type. The incomer and bus coupler breakers for switchgear shall be electrically operated with over current releases or relays.
- II. Breakers shall have inherent fault making and breaking capacities. They shall have shunt trip coils. In case releases are offered, the same shall have contact for energisation of lockout relay. All breakers Shall have built in interlocks for equipment and personnel safety
- III. Paralleling of two supplies shall be avoided by except for switchgear where auto-changeover is provided. Breaker contact multiplication, if required, shall be through latch relay.
- IV. Mechanical tripping shall be through red 'Trip' push button outside the panels for breakers, and through control switches for other circuits.
- V. Provision of mechanical closing of breaker only in 'Test' and 'Withdrawn' position shall be made. Alternatively, mechanical closing facility should be normally inaccessible, accessibility rendered only after deliberate removal of shrouds. It shall be possible to close the door with breaker in test position.
- VI. Clear status indication for each circuit shall be provided through lamps, switch positions or other mechanical means.
- VII. Supervision relay shall be provided for trip coil monitoring

2.2.11.3.2 Switches, Contactors and Fuses

- a. Incomers for MCCs and DBs rated up to 630A could be MCCB's & for above ratings ACB are preferred.
- b. Motor starter contactors shall be of air break, electromagnetic type suitable for DOL starting of motor, and shall be of utilisation category AC-3 for ordinary and AC-4 for reversing starters. DC contactor shall be of DC-3 utilisation category.



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- c. Fuses shall be HRC, preferably link type, with a minimum interrupting capacity equal to the short circuit current of the LT system. Fuses shall be furnished complete with fuse bases and fittings of such design as to permit easy and safe replacement of fuse element. Visible indication shall be provided on blowing of the fuse.
- d. Motor fuse characteristics and ratings shall be chosen to ride over starting period without blowing. The fuse on incoming feeder wherever provided, shall be chosen to provide discrimination with motor/feeder fuses.
- e. Isolating switches and MCCBs shall have door interlocks and padlocking facility.
- f. Wherever two incoming switches and one bus-section switch/breaker are provided for an assembly, these shall be electrically interlocked to ensure that only two out of the three can be closed at time.
- g. Wherever two incoming switches are provided for an assembly, these shall be electrically interlocked to ensure that one of the two can be closed at time.

2.2.11.3.3 Panels

- a. All switchgears, MCCs, DBs, panels, modules, local starters and push buttons shall have prominent engraved identification plates.
- b. Local push button stations shall have metal enclosure of die cast aluminium or rolled sheet steel of 1.6mm thickness & shall be of DOP IP55. Push buttons shall be of latch type with mushroom knobs.
- c. Where breaker/starter module front serves as compartment cover, suitable blanking covers, one for each size of modules per switchboard shall be supplied for use when carriage is withdrawn.
- d. All non-current carrying metal work of boards/panels shall be effectively bonded to earth bus of galvanised steel, extending throughout the switchboard/MCC/DB. Positive earthing shall be maintained for all positions of chassis and breaker frame.
- e. Suitable trolley arrangement shall be provided for breaker/starter modules. Two trolleys per switchgear room shall be provided so that top most breaker module of all types, sizes and rating can be withdrawn on trolley and lowered for maintenance purpose.



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- f. The incoming connection to transformer of more than 1000KVA and inter-connecting Sections between switchboards shall preferably be of bus ducts. The bus duct enclosure shall be made of minimum 3mm thick aluminium alloy. The section of the bus duct should have adequate strength to withstand internal and external forces resulting from the various operating conditions. Aluminium sheet hood shall be provided for outdoor bus duct enclosure joints to provide additional protection against water ingress. The bus duct top shall be sloped to prevent retention of water. The bus duct shall have DOP of IP55.
- g. It should be possible to carryout maintenance on a feeder with adjacent feeders alive

2.2.11.3.4 Control, Protection & Metering Requirements

- i) Control circuits shall operate at suitable voltage of 110V AC or 220V DC. Necessary control supply transformers having primary and secondary fuses shall be provided for each MCC, 2 x 100% per section. However the breakers shall operate on 220V DC. The auxiliary bus bars for control supply shall be segregated from main bus bars. The control supplies shall be monitored.
- ii) Contractor shall fully co-ordinate overload and short circuit tripping of breaker with upstream and downstream breakers/fuses/MCCBs motor starters. Various equipment's shall meet requirement of Type-II class of coordination as per IEC.
- iii) All relays and timers shall operate on available DC supply and not have any inbuilt batteries. They shall be provided with hand-reset operation indicator (flags) or LEDs with pushbuttons for resetting.
- iv) All equipment's shall have necessary protections. However, following minimum protections shall be provided:

MPCB with Contactor controlled LV motor feeders (Motors rated 18.5kW & below) having intelligent controller
 - a. Instantaneous short circuit protection
 - b. Overload protection
- v) MCCB with Contactor controlled LV motor feeders (Motors rated above 18.5kW but below 90 kW) having intelligent controller
 - a. Instantaneous short circuit protection



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- b. Overload protection
- vi) Single phasing protection for motors rated 30 kW and above rating
- vii) In Instantaneous short circuit protection on all phases through HRC cartridge type fuses / MCCB rated for 80 kA rms (prospective breaking capacity at 415V).
- viii) Thermal overload protection
- ix) Single phasing protection for motors protected by fuses.
- x) Breaker controlled motors feeders (motors rated above 90kW) Numerical, comprehensive motor protection relay with following minimum facility as indicated below :
 - a. Instantaneous short circuit protection
 - b. Overload protection
 - c. Under voltage protection
 - d. Locked Rotor protection
 - e. Earth fault protection
 - f. Current unbalance.
 - g. Temperature monitoring (stator, bearing etc.).
 - h. Phase reversal.
 - i. Thermal model based with RTD feedback and negative sequence current.
 - j. Voltage compensated acceleration.
- xi) Incomers (ACB):
 - a. 3 ph IDMT Overcurrent & earth fault protection (51,51N)
 - b. 3 ph Instantaneous Overcurrent protection (50)



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- c. Standby earth fault protection for service transformer protection (connected on transformer neutral CT side)
 - d. Under voltage protection (27) with Timer & Fuse failure protection
 - e. Neutral dEviation relay
- xii) Buscoupler (ACB):
 - a. 3ph IDMT Overcurrent & earth fault protection (51 & 51N)
 - b. Sync check relay (25)
- xiii) Bus PT:
 - a. Under voltage protection (27)
 - b. No voltage protection (27)
 - c. Fuse failure protection (97)
- xiv) ACB outgoing feeders:
 - 3 ph IDMT Overcurrent protection (51, 51N)
- xv) Incomer from DG Set.
 - a) Differential Protection (87) - Three Pole
 - b) Reverse Power Protection.
 - c) Overload Alarm on one phase
 - d) Earth Fault Detection Relay (64)
 - e) Voltage controlled Overcurrent relay
 - f) Generator under/over voltage Protection
 - g) Hand Reset/Lockout Relay with a blue lamp.
 - h) 3 Phase Energy Meter having accuracy of 1.0 class



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Apart from protection relays, each electrically operated breaker shall also be provided with Anti pumping (94), trip annunciation(30), lockout (86). Lockout supervision (95) and trip supervision (74) relays. Lockout relay shall be hand reset type.

2.2.11.3.5 Meters / instruments

- I. All meters/ instrument shall be flush mounted on front panel, at least 96 sq.mm. Size with 90 degree linear scales and accuracy class of 2.0. All motors above 7.5 kW shall have directly connected ammeter and Motors above 30kW shall have CT connected Ammeter with ASS. Necessary Current transducers shall be provided for the same. Bus-section shall have bus VT, voltmeter with selector switch, and other relay and timers required for protection. Adequate control and selector switches, push buttons and indicating lamps shall be provided. Thermostatically controlled space heaters with switches shall be provided to prevent condensation.
- II. All Incoming feeders shall be provided with MFM, Ammeter with selector switches & with necessary kW transducer, Current transducers etc., Bus PT feeder shall be provided with Voltmeter + VSS & necessary Transducers. All Outgoing supply feeders shall be provided with Ammeters + ASS & necessary transducers.
 - a. In case of remote controlled breaker panels, following shall be ensured. Each feeder shall have local/remote selector switch. Closing from local shall be possible only in test position whereas closing from remote shall be possible in either service or test position. Tripping from local shall be possible only when local/remote selector switch is in local position. Tripping from remote shall be either breaker in service position or selector switch being in remote position.
 - b. Control from Remote Necessary hardware shall be provided in the switchgear panel like coupling relays (24V DC, with max. burden of 2.5VA), auxiliary relays, current/voltage transducers (4-20 mA, dual output) etc. to effect interlocks, exchange information / status and exercise control from remote.

2.2.11.3.6 DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTIONAL FEATURES

- 1) All 415V switch gear motor control centres (MCCs), AC & DC distribution boards (DBs), etc. shall have following features
- 2) Shall be of metal enclosed, indoor, floor mounted and free standing type.



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- 3) All frames and load bearing members shall be fabricated using mild steel structural sections or pressed and shaped cold rolled sheet steel of thickness not less than 2mm.
- 4) Frame shall be enclosed in cold rolled sheet steel of thickness not less than 1.6mm. Doors and covers shall also be of cold rolled sheet steel of thickness not less than 1.6 mm. Stiffeners shall be provided wherever necessary. Removable gland plates of thickness 3mm (hot/cold rolled sheet steel) or 4 mm (non-magnetic material) shall be provided for all panels.
- 5) All switchboards/panels shall be of dust and vermin proof. All cut-outs shall have synthetic rubber gaskets.
- 6) All switchboards, MCCs and DB s shall have following distinct vertical sections.
 - i) Completely enclosed bus bar compartment for horizontal and vertical busbars.
 - ii) Completely enclosed switchgear compartments (one for each circuit housing circuit breakers, motor starter or switch-fuse feeder).
 - iii) Compartment for cable alley or cable box for power and control cables. In case of cable box, they shall be segregated with complete shrouding for individual feeders at the rear for direct termination of cables.
 - iv) For cable connection to circuit breaker a separately enclosed cable compartment shall also be acceptable.
 - v) Compartment for relays and other control devices associated with a circuit breaker, wherever necessary.
 - vi) The switchboards/MCC/DBs of 1600A & above rating shall be of DOP IP42 & of IP52 for less than 1600A rating.
 - vii) All 415V switchgears, MCC's, AC & DC distribution boards etc. shall be painted by powder coating process. Paint shade for complete panels excluding end covers shall be RAL7032 for extreme end covers of all boards.
- 7) Busbars shall be of high conductivity aluminium alloy or copper.
- 8) Minimum air clearance in air between phases and phase-earth shall be 25 mm for busbars and cable terminations. For all other components, the Clearances



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shall be at least 10mm. wherever above is not possible except for horizontal and vertical busbars, insulation shall be provided by anti-tracking sleeving or barriers. However for horizontal and vertical busbars, clearances specified above shall be maintained even when busbars are insulated/sleeved. In case of DC DBs/ fuse boards, the busbar system shall be insulated or physically segregated with barriers to prevent interpole short circuit.

- 9) Minimum air clearance in air between phases and phase-earth shall be 25 mm for busbars and cable terminations. For all other components, the Clearances shall be at least 10mm. Wherever above is not possible except for horizontal and vertical busbars, insulation shall be provided by anti-tracking sleeving or barriers. However for horizontal and vertical busbars, clearances specified above shall be maintained even when busbars are insulated/sleeved. In case of DC DBs/ fuse boards, the busbar system shall be insulated or physically segregated with barriers to prevent interpole short circuit.
- 10) Busbar insulators shall be of track-resistant high strength non-hygro- scopic, non- combustible type and suitable to withstand stresses due to over-voltages and short circuit current. Insulators and barrier of inflammable material such as Hylam shall not be accepted.
- 11) All types of relays and timer shall be subject to Purchaser's approval. They shall be flush mounted with connections from inside, and shall have transparent & dust tight cover, removable from front, drawout construction for easy replacement and testing facility. The auxiliary relays and timer may be provided in fixed cases.
- 12) Maxi terminal /cage clamp type terminal blocks shall be provided for signals to be interfaced with DDCMIS/PLC.
- 13) The switchgears/MCC shall be designed to offer adequate level of safety to operating/ maintenance personnel. Means shall be provided to prevent access to the live part to avoid accidents during service as well as maintenance period. Bidder shall bring out the safety means provided to achieve above. A detailed instruction plate suitable for wall mounting shall be provided for each switchgear/MCC room discribing various safe operating procedure/safety precautions for safe operation and maintenance of switchgear/MCC.
- 14) All current and voltage transformers as required for metering & protection specified shall be completely encapsulated, cast resin insulated type. Incomers from transformers shall have CTs for transformer REF protection. All current and voltage transformers as required for metering and protection specified shall be completely encapsulated, cast resin insulated type. Incomers from



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transformers shall have CTs for transformer restricted earth fault protection. The accuracy shall be as follows:

- 15) Other CT particulars like ratio, burden knee-point voltage, excitation current and secondary resistance shall be decided by the Tenderers
- 16) CT secondary shall be rated for 1 A for metering and either 5 A or 1 A for protection.
- 17) indicating lamps shall be cluster LED type
- 18) 20% spare feeders of each type & rating used in the MCC with a minimum one (1) number on each bus section shall be provided.

2.2.11.3.7 ESSENTIAL SERVICE MODULE

During auto changeover of the supply the contactors in the affected bus would have dropped off. Services, which, shall be restarted immediately without time lapse to keep the unit running, are considered essential services. Such auxiliaries shall restart automatically without any action by the operator after an auto changeover. These modules shall have additional hardware like timer (or time delayed closing from DCS), aux. contactors and associated circuitry in the module. Such essential services shall be identified during the detailed engineering stage and suitable module/scheme shall be provided.

The modules of some of the critical application motors like barring gear motor, air heater motor, lube oil pump, jacking oil pump etc. irrespective of their kW rating shall be provided with a CT, ammeter and a current transducer with remote metering in DCS.

2.2.11.3.8 Type Tests

GENERAL

All equipment's to be supplied shall be of type tested quality. The Contractor shall submit for Purchaser's approval the reports of all the type tests as listed in this specification and carried out within last five years from the zero date of the project. These reports should be for the tests conducted on the equipment similar to those proposed to be supplied under this contract and the test(s) should have been either conducted at an independent laboratory or should have been witnessed by a client.

In case the Contractor is not able to submit report of the type test(s) conducted within last five years from the zero date of the project, or in case the type test report(s) are not found to be meeting the specification requirements, the Contractor shall conduct all such tests under this contract free of cost to the Purchaser and submit the reports for approval.



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All acceptance and routine tests as per the specification and relevant standards shall be carried out. Charges for these shall be deemed to be included in the equipment price.

The following type test certificates on each type & rating of L.T. Switchgear, MCC panel and distribution boards shall be submitted.

- a. Short time withstand test with circuit breaker mounted inside the switchgear panel.
- b. Temperature rise test.
- c. Type II - Short circuit co-ordination test for any three ratings of MCC module as selected by the Purchaser.
- d. Test sequence –1 & combined test sequence shall be carried out on each rating of circuit breaker mounted inside the panel.
- e. Degree of protection tests

2.2.11.3.9 ROUTINE TEST

LT SWITCHGEAR

Switchgear shall be subjected to all routine tests as per relevant standards along with following tests:

Temperature rise test on power circuits

- a. Short time current tests on power circuits.
- b. Mechanical operation test
- c. Insulation resistance and 500V DC Megger before/ after 1 minute HV xvi) test
- d. Electrical control, interlock and sequential operation tests
- e. Verification of wiring as per approved schematic.



TITLE:
1X800 MW COAL BASED NORTH CHENNAI
TPP STAGE –III-BTG

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-423-155-
A001

SECTION : II

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION FOR CONDENSATE
POLISHING UNIT

SUB-SECTION : IIC

REV. NO. 00

DATE :

SECTION – II

GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

SUB-SECTION IIC - GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS (C&I)



INDEX

S. No.	DESCRIPTION
1.	NOT APPLICABLE
2.	INDEX SHEET
3.	NOT APPLICABLE
4.	LIST OF DOCUMENTS/DELIVERABLES
5.	ACTUATORS
6.	FIELD & MEASURING INSTRUMENTS
7.	INSTRUMENT INSTALLATION DRAWING
8.	APPLICABLE CODES & STANDARDS
9.	NOT APPLICABLE
10.	NOT APPLICABLE