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#### 1.0 **GENERAL**

#### 1.1 **PREMBLE**

Power Grid Corporation of India Ltd. (POWERGRID), a Govt. of India Enterprise is responsible for bulk Power transmission of electrical energy from various Central Govt. Power Projects to various utilities/beneficiaries and interconnecting regional grids, operating and maintaining the National electrical grid of India. It is established with mandate of "We will become a Global Transmission Company with Dominant Leadership in Emerging Power Markets with World Class Capabilities by:

- World Class: Setting superior standards in capital project management and operations for the industry and ourselves.
- Global: Leveraging capabilities to consistently generate maximum value for all stakeholders in India and in emerging and growing economies.
- Inspiring, nurturing and empowering the next generation of professionals.
- Achieving continuous improvements through innovation and state of the art technology.
- Committing to highest standards in health, safety, security and environment." as its mission.
- 1.2 Govt. of India (MoP) has identified the execution of "Transmission system for evacuation of additional 7 GW RE power from Khavda RE park under Phase-III Part B" through Tariff Based Competitive Bidding (TBCB) route for which POWERGRID is intending to participate in the bidding process. Further, POWERGRID is intending to arrange for pre-bid tie-up for the scope envisaged.
- 1.3 Following Transmission System is envisaged under "Transmission system for evacuation of additional 7 GW RE power from Khavda RE park under Phase-III Part B" through TBCB route:

#### A. Transmission lines:

- a) Halvad Vataman switching station 765 kV D/c line
- b) LILO of Lakadia Vadodara 765 kV D/c line at 765kV Vataman switching station
- c) Vataman switching station Navasari (New) (GIS) 765 kV D/c line

## **B.** Substations:

- a) Establishment of 765 kV switching station near Vataman along with 2x330 MVAr (765 kV) Bus Reactor & 2x330 MVAr (765 kV) Line Reactor (along with one spare unit of 110 MVAr) and 2x240 MVAr (765 kV) Line Reactor (along with one spare unit of 80 MVAr).
- b) Extn. of 765kV Halvad S/s for termination of 765 kV D/c Halvad-Vataman TL.
- c) Extension of 765kV Navsari (New)-S/s (GIS) for termination of 765 kV D/c Vataman -Navsari (New)TL along with 2x330 MVAr (765 kV) Line Reactor.

This Specification covers i) Establishment of 765 kV switching station near Vataman & ii) Extn of 765kV Halvad substation only. Extension 765kV Navsari, 765/√3kV Shunt Reactors at Vataman & Halvad S/s and 765kV Transmission lines are being executed through separate package(s).

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# 2.0 SCOPE

2.1 The broad scope for the substations is as following:

S. No.	Scope		
1.	765/400/220 kV Vataman (New)		
	(2.5.7)		
	<u>765kV:</u>		
	<ul> <li>Bus reactor: 7X110 MVAR, 765/√3kV, 1-phase reactors (1 no. as spare unit) along with its auxiliaries</li> <li>Switchable Line reactors: 6X110 MVAR, 765/√3kV, 1-phase reactors for Halvad-Vataman 765 KV D/C line (each 330 MVAR reactor with NGR, 132kV Surge Arrester) along with its auxiliaries</li> <li>Line with Switchable Reactor bays: 2nos. (For Halvad-Vataman 765 KV D/C line).</li> <li>Switchable Line reactors: 7X80 MVAR, 765/√3kV, 1-phase reactors for Vataman-Lakadia 765 KV D/C line (each 240 MVAR reactor with NGR, 132kV Surge Arrester) along with its auxiliaries</li> <li>Line with Switchable Reactor bays: 2nos. (For Vataman-Lakadia 765 KV D/C line).</li> <li>Line bays for Vataman-Vadodara 765kV D/C TL-02nos</li> <li>Line bays for Vataman-Navsari 765kV D/C TL-02nos</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Line bays for Vataman-Navsari 765kV D/C 1L-02nos</li> <li>Bus reactor bay: 2 nos.</li> <li>All associate tie bays.</li> <li>Future 765/400kV ICT's along with bays: 6nos</li> <li>Future Line with switchable reactor bays: 6 nos</li> <li>Future Bus Reactor along with bays: 02nos</li> <li>Future Bus Sectionaliser Bay: 1 Set</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>400 kV:</li> <li>Future Line with switchable line reactor bays: 12nos</li> <li>Future 765/400kV ICT along with bays-6nos</li> <li>Future 400/220kV ICT along with bays-8nos</li> <li>Future 400kV Bus Reactor along with Bays-2nos.</li> <li>400kV Bus Sectionalization bay-1Set</li> <li>Future STATCOM (±300MVAr) along with MSC (2x125MVAr) &amp; MSR (1x125MVAr) along with associated bays: - 1no.</li> <li>All associate tie bays.</li> </ul>		
	<u>220kV</u>		
	<ul> <li>Future Line Bay: 16 Nos</li> <li>Future Bus Sectionaliser Bay: 2 Set</li> <li>Future ICT bays: 8nos.</li> <li>Future Bus Coupler Bay: 3 Nos</li> <li>Future Transfer Bus Coupler Bay: 3 Nos</li> </ul>		
2.	Extension of Halvad-S/s		
	<ul> <li>765kV line bays at Halvad-S/s- 2 nos.</li> <li>All associate tie bays</li> </ul>		

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2.2 The detailed scope of work of the substation package is brought out in subsequent clauses of this section.

#### 2.2.1 765kV Vataman (New) S/s.

- 2.2.1.1 Design, engineering, manufacture, testing at manufacturer's works, supply including transportation and insurance, unloading, storage, erection, testing and commissioning at site the following equipment/items, complete in all respects:
  - a) 765kV Circuit Breakers, Isolators, Current Transformers, Capacitor Voltage Transformers, Wave Traps (to be pedestal mounted), Bus Post Insulators (including BPI for Wave Trap) and 624kV Surge Arresters.
  - b) Controlled Switching device for 765kV Circuit breakers as per BPS
  - c) LT Transformer and associated equipment:

2nos of 800 kVA, 33/0.433kV LT Transformer and associated 33kV class Isolator, HG fuse, Surge Arrestor, Bus Post Insulator, conductor, clamps, connectors, structures etc. complete in all respect for connection with DISCOM Power supply.

- d) Complete control, relay and protection system as per Section-Control and Relay panels. Decentralized (distributed) type of bus bar protection system shall be provided for 765kV Vataman substation.
- e) Complete Substation Automation System based on IEC-61850 as per Section Substation Automation (including hardware and software) along with associated equipment.

The contractor shall also supply necessary BCUs for control and monitoring of substation auxiliary system. Necessary interface equipment (Router, Firewall, Ethernet Switches etc.) and integration work for transferring data to RLDC/ Backup RLDC /RTAMC/ NTAMC / Backup NTAMC through optical fiber based SDH communication link is also under present scope.

Necessary configuration of data at Gateway for remote operation from NTAMC, Backup NTAMC, RTAMC & supervision from RLDC/ Backup RLDC is included in present scope. However, no work is envisaged at remote end (RLDC/ Backup RLDC /RTAMC/ NTAMC / Backup NTAMC) under the present scope.

- f) PLCC equipment's including Analogue protection coupler, Digital Protection Coupler (suitable for interfacing with E1 port of SDH equipment), FO Boxes, gantry, signal converters, communication cables etc. for the Vataman S/s both ends of following lines.
  - i. 765kV Halvad-Vataman-II D/C line
  - ii. 765kV Navsari-Vataman-II D/C line
  - iii. LILO of both Ckt of Lakadia- Vadodhara TL at Vataman
    - a) Dismantling & shifting of PLCC equipment's from Vadodara and Installation of the same at Vataman-for use in Lakadia –Vataman 765kV D/C Line.
    - b) 765kV Vadodara-Vataman-II D/C line
- g) Complete Fire protection system for 765kV class new substation including HVWS and hydrant system for Owner supplied 765/ $\sqrt{3}$ kV, 1-Phase Reactors. Smoke detection, Fire alarm

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& annunciation System for Switchyard panel room, Control Room building. Fire-fighting system including alarm & annunciation panels shall be suitable for complete substation scope i.e. for all present and future 765kV, 400kV & 220kV bays. Hydrant system for control building, FFPH, LT system etc.

- h) Air Conditioning System for Control Room Building, Battery room & Switchyard Panel Rooms.
- LT switchgear (AC/DC Distribution boards) considering all present and future bays (as per Rfp document and subsequent amendment issued by BPC). AC/DC system shall be provided as per the specified scope of work, including future provisions, in line with the LT SLD drawing no. C/ENGG/STD/LTSWGR765/SLD/01 Rev-0.
- j) Battery and Battery chargers: The capacity of Battery & Battery charger shall be worked out by contractor for complete substation scope including future bays (as per Rfp document and subsequent amendment issued by BPC) and shall be submitted for Employer's approval. However, minimum capacity of each battery bank for 220V set and 48V set shall be 1500AH. Further, the minimum rating of each battery charger for 220V set and 48V set shall be 180A In case, battery and battery chargers of higher capacity/rating are required to cater the load requirement based on design calculations during detailed engineering, same shall be provided by contractor without additional cost.
- k) 500kVA Silent type outdoor DG Set along with AMF panel.
- 1.1 kV grade Power & Control cables (and special cables, if any) along with complete
  accessories including cables for oil filtration units and cabling from common marshaling box
  of 765kV Reactors to bay kiosks /Relay panel room /control room, Power receptacle for oil
  filtration unit shall also be provided under present scope of work as per BPS. Methodology
  for supply, installation & sizing of cables shall be as per Specific requirement.
- m) 33kV HV cable along with complete accessories viz. termination kit, lugs, glands, clamps etc. for connection of LT Transformer with DISCOM supply
- n) Insulator strings and associated hardware fittings as per Bid Price Schedule (BPS).
- o) Erection Hardware: Clamps & connectors (including terminal connectors for employer supplied 765/√3kV Reactors associates, SA, NGR), Conductor, Aluminum tubes, Bus bar and earthing materials, Bay marshalling box, spacers, cable sealing arrangement, insulating mats, cable supporting angles/channels, Cable Pull pit, Cable trays & covers, Guy arrangement(including insulators and hardware), Junction box, buried cable trenches etc.
- p) Main Earthmat shall be provided under present scope of work. All the equipments (including employer supplied (765/√3kV Reactors associated SA, NGR), cable trenches, auxiliary earthmat for isolators etc. shall be earthed by connecting them to the main Earthmat. Earthing of structures for all auxiliary buses shall also be in the present scope. Employer supplied 1-Ph Spare unit of 765/√3kV Reactors shall also be connected to grounding system through jumper/Copper flat when they are in uncharged condition.
- q) LED based Lighting and illumination for the switchyard area under present scope, LED based illumination for streets, Control Room cum administrative building, Switchyard Panel Rooms, Fire Fighting Pump house, DG Set area and LT station area, security room shall be provided by the contractor.

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- r) Visual monitoring system for watch and ward of substation premises as per technical specifications.
- The lightning protection (DSLP) for complete switchyard is to be provided by the contractor. The contractor shall design the lightning protection by utilizing the structures being provided under present scope. In case, additional structures (Lightning Masts) are required to meet the lightning protection, the contractor shall provide the same without any additional cost to POWERGRID. The cost for provision of lightning masts, including associated earthing materials, hardware etc. shall deemed to be included under the respective switchyard bay structures. The civil works shall be payable as per relevant item of BPS.
- t) The following works pertaining to employer supplied 765/√3kV Reactors {supply of Reactors is covered in separate package}as per details specified in Specific requirements enclosed at Annex-III:
  - iv. Formation of neutral bus for each bank, auxiliary bus (765kV & 145kV) for switching of spare reactor with Bus reactors and Switchable Line Reactors are in present scope of work.
  - v. Overhead connection of HV & Neutral bushings of  $765/\sqrt{3}$ kV Reactors to substation equipment's.
  - vi. Supply, laying and termination of cables along with associated accessories from Common marshaling box of 765/√3kV Reactors to BMK /Switchyard Panel Rooms/Control Room as per requirement.
  - vii. NGR Bypass arrangement for Line Reactors through 145kV Circuit Breakers, Bus Post Insulators along with associated support structures, clamps and connectors, conductors, spacers etc.
  - viii. 33kV neutral CT for each bank of Line Reactors.
- u) **765kV Lattice and Pipe structures (galvanized):** All Towers, Beams, LM's (if applicable) except support structure for circuit breaker & equipment support structure shall be provided as per vendors drawing (as applicable). The Support structure for Circuit Breaker shall be as per manufacturer's design.

Design of structures for auxiliary buses for neutral, spare switching etc. for 3-phase bank formation of reactors and structures for neutral CT is also in the scope of vendor under present scope.

In the bid price schedule, the structures including Fasteners & foundation bolts are indicated in MT.

Single line diagram equipment support structures shall be provided by POWERGRID during detailed Engineering stage except for those tower/structures that are in the scope of vendor.

v) The broad Scope of the procurement of FO based Communication Equipment shall include planning, designing, engineering, supply, transportation, insurance, delivery at site, unloading handling, storage, installation, termination, testing, training and demonstration for acceptance, commissioning and documentation for:

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- i. SDH Equipment along with suitable interfaces and line cards.
- ii. All cabling, wiring, Digital Distribution frame patch facilities and interconnection to the supplied equipment at the defined interfaces,
- iii. System integration of all supplied subsystem
- iv. Integration with the existing communication system based on SDH and PDH of employer.
- v. Integration of supplied subsystem with SCADA system, PLCC equipment, PABX of RLDC/NLDC, VOIP (SIP compliant) for voice.
- vi. Fibre Optic Approach Cable (FOAC) along with duct and Fibre Optic Distribution Panel (FODP).
- vii. Integration of new Communication equipment in the existing regional NMS. All required support to existing NMS vendor for integration of new Communication equipment.
- w) The broad Scope of the procurement of PMU shall include planning, designing, engineering, supply, transportation, insurance, delivery at site, unloading handling, storage, installation, termination, testing and demonstration for acceptance, commissioning and documentation for PMU as per BPS The offered PMUs shall comply with latest version of IEEE C 37.118 protocols. These PMUs shall be integrated with Phasor data Concentrator (PDC) at RLDC/SLDC for the subject project. The Bidder shall extend technical support at local end for seamless integration of PMU with PDC at SLDC/RLDC end. The integration work at RLDC/SLDC end will not be under the scope of the Bidder.
- 2.3.1.2 Design, engineering, manufacture, testing and supply including transportation & insurance, storage of mandatory spares at site as per BPS.

#### **2.3.1.3** Civil works

- **A.** The design of foundation shall be based on the soil investigation report and other parameters as per relevant IS codes & technical specification.
- **B.** All RCC work shall be of M30 grade concrete. All the reinforcement steel shall be CRS Corrosion resistant steel (CRS) of gradeFe 500 / Fe 500D / Fe 550D conforming to IS 1786.
- C. The scope of civil work shall include but shall not be limited to the following based on **drawings** developed by the contractor:

#### i. Site levelling work:

- a) The item site levelling works includes Contouring of whole plot area within the boundary as per technical specification. The final area of levelling may be less than the whole plot area, which will be decided during detailed engineering.
- b) The Quantity of earthwork cutting & filling borrowed earth and FGL shall be proposed by vendor for approval of POWERGRID based on the approved contour level drawing and site HFL data.
- c) Mode of measurement of this item is in Cum of earthwork as per BOQ and technical specification. The contouring of the plot area in scope as per technical specification is also deemed to be included in quoted rates of this item.

## ii. Soil investigation:

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- Soil investigation needs to be conducted as per the technical specification. The necessary soil investigation layout and final soil report shall be proposed by vendor for approval of POWERGRID.
- b) Mode of measurement of this item is Lumpsum as per BOQ.

#### iii. Gantry tower and beam, LM Structure:

- a) 765kV Gantry tower and beam, LM Structure. Preparation of design and drawing of these structures shall be measured and paid under respective items of BPS.
- **iv. Foundations for reactors neutral formation:** Structure and foundation neutral formation & earthing arrangement for Reactors along with associated spare unit connection arrangement.

## v. Other miscellaneous requirements & scope:

- a) Stone spreading and anti-weed treatment including PCC in the switchyard for area under present scope. Layout for the same shall be developed by the contractor.
- b) Permanent water supply for Security hut, control room building, Firefighting pump house building, water tank and labor hut.
- c) Laying of plumbing and external sewerage system for control room building, Security hut, labor hut.
- d) Foundation for lighting poles, bay marshalling boxes, panels and control cubicles wherever required. The cost of these foundations shall deemed to be included in erection/installation of corresponding item/ equipment of BPS.
- e) For all building labor hut, all doors except fire escape doors, windows, glazed partitions shall be of UPVC type.
- vi. Any other item/design/drawing required for successful completion of the scope of works.
- **D.** The scope of civil work shall include but not be limited to the following based on **drawings developed by POWERGRID:**

# i. Pre-cast RCC boundary wall:

- a) Pre-Cast RCC boundary wall shall be constructed as per the POWERGRID standard drawing provided in tender. The rise/fall in boundary wall foundation shall be provided wherever the difference in ground level is more than 300mm.
- b) Gratings shall be provided wherever required without any additional cost.
- c) Mode of measurement of this item is in RM as per BOQ. The items Excavation, PCC, RCC, Reinforcement, Misc. Structural steel, concertina coil and all other civil works required as per technical specification and drawings for successful completion of the works are deemed to be included in quoted rates.

## ii. Security hut:

- a) The drawing pertaining to Security hut is attached as a part of tender drawings.
- b) Septic tank and soak pit for this building shall be paid separately as per BOQ.

#### iii. Labour hut:

- a) The drawings pertaining to Labor hut are attached as a part of tender drawings.
- b) Cement Concrete flooring (As per DSR 2018 item no. 11.3.1) shall be done over 100 MM thk. PCC (1:4:8).
- c) Exterior wall: Pre-Engineered galvanized iron 0.5mm thick both side sandwich panels with 75mm thick thermocole /glass wool insulation of density 12 Kg/m3, shall be painted with weatherproof texture paint from outside and inside oil bond distemper.

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- d) Internal wall partition: Light gauge steel structure using 50mm galvanized sections both vertically and horizontally at a gap of 600mm. 8 mm cement fibre board both sides and 50mm glass wool insulation and joints concealed with polymer based putty and exterior side weatherproof plastic emulsion paint.
- e) Roofing: 0.50mm Thk GI Trapezoidal profile sheet with 8mm polynum insulation (64 cum /Kg)
- f) False ceiling: 8mm thick PVC profile section with interlocking arrangement held on MS pipe framework with grid of 1200 x 1200mm.
- g) Door: 32 mm thick Waterproof wooden flush door with SS Hinges and locking arrangements and painted with synthetic enamel paint.
- h) Window: MS tubular frame with clear float glass with locking arrangements.
- i) 02 nos septic tank & soak-pit of sizes 10'x 8' x 8 ft and 8'x8'x8'ft respectively and suitable numbers of inspection chamber 600mm x600mm.
- j) PVC Water tank of 2x 5000 Ltr (for every approx. 420 Sqm of Hut) on MS stand of suitable height to give sufficient water head & PVC pipeline.
- k) Indian type WC pan & wash basin @ 1 set of bath & toilet per 10 labour. The toilet and bath shall be separate.
- 1) All plumbing fixtures such as tapes, showers etc shall be CP as per CPWD Specification.
- m) Internal electrical wiring & fixtures (Fan, Tube lights, switch and sockets) of reputed make.
- n) The present scope includes supply, erection, civil works, electrical works etc. with all materials, labor required to complete the building in all respect. The above requirements are minimum; the contractor can give superior / better products without any additional financial implication to POWERGRID.
- Labor Hut is to be kept cleaned and well maintained (including repair work) till
  completion of the work at site under the contract without any additional financial
  implication to POWERGRID.
- p) Mode of measurement of this item is in SQM of plinth area as per BOQ. The calculation of plinth area shall be as per IS:3861-2002. The items Excavation, PCC, RCC, Reinforcement shall be paid as per respective item of BPS. All other works are deemed to be included in plinth area rates.

## iv. Main Entrance Gate as per drawing

## v. Switchyard Gate as per drawing

## vi. Bituminous Road including Road Crossing

Bituminous Road including approach road (if any), shall be constructed as per POWERGRID standard drawings provided in tender. However, Road layout shall be prepared by vendor for approval.

#### vii. Cable Trenches:

Cable trenches shall be constructed as per POWERGRID standard drawings provided in tender. However, Cable trench layout shall be prepared by vendor for approval of POWERGRID based on the standard sections.

## viii. Rainwater harvesting

#### ix. Drains

Drain layout including peripheral drains if any required along the boundary shall be prepared by vendor and to be submitted for approval of POWERGRID based on the standard sections.

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## x. Switchyard barbed wire fencing:

Fence layout shall be prepared by vendor and to be submitted for approval of POWERGRID based on the standard sections.

#### xi. Reactors:

Foundation of all Reactors including Rail cum road, unloading platform, jacking pad, Oil tank, pulling blocks, gratings, common oil pit etc. as per technical specification.

Reactor foundation shall have sump pit without grating and it shall be connected to the common oil collection pit by means of hume pipes. All required manholes including their covers are deemed to be included in the corresponding item of BPS.

#### xii. Fire resistant walls between Reactors

#### xiii. Rail Cum Road

## xiv. Equipment Support Structures

765 kV Equipment support structures.

## **xv.** Foundations of Equipment Support Structure:

- a) 765 kV Equipment support structure foundations including 765 kV CB foundation and Auxiliary Transformer foundation, DG Det Foundation, Foundation for Double pole structure.
- b) The foundations of these structure are including of embedment/grouting of foundation bolts.

#### xvi. Foundations of 765 kV Towers and LM:

- a) Foundations of 765 kV Towers and LM.
- b) The foundations of these structure are including of embedment/grouting of foundation bolts.
- **xvii. Control room Building:** CRB shall be constructed as per POWERGRID drawings. Drawings shall be provided to the successful bidder during detailed engineering.

## xviii. Septic Tank and soak pit for CRB:

Septic tank and soak pit for CRB shall be constructed as per POWERGRID standard drawings provided in tender. Structural drawings shall be provided to the successful bidder during detailed engineering.

# xix. Firefighting pump house and Fire water tank:

The drawings pertaining to Firefighting Pump House and Fire Water Tank are attached as a part of tender drawings.

#### xx. Switchyard Panel Room:

The drawings pertaining to Switchyard Panel Room are attached as a part of tender drawings. Structural drawings shall be provided to the successful bidder during detailed engineering.

**E.** For buildings, the complete civil works including internal and external finishing, stone soling for flooring, plinth protection, drain along plinth protection, electrical conduit and junction boxes, fan boxes, cable transit system etc. required to complete the building in all respect as per the drawing

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shall be payable in the plinth area rate. However, the quantity of the earthwork (excavation, backfilling, disposal etc.), concrete (all types), reinforcement steel, shall be measured and paid under respective items under BPS.

## F. LATTICE AND PIPE STRUCTURES (GALVANIZED):

Scope: - Towers, Beams, LM (if required) and all Equipment support structures (except support structure for circuit breaker).

- The Support structure for Circuit Breaker shall be as per manufacturer's design.
- The contractor shall provide editable soft copies of design & drawing during detailed engineering.

## The scope shall include:

- a) Fabrication, proto-assembly, supply including transportation & insurance, unloading, storage, erection and commissioning of gantry structures including LM and equipment support structures including foundation bolt complete in all respect.
- b) In the bid price schedule, the gantry structures including LM and equipment support structures, nuts, bolts, fasteners and foundation bolt are indicated in **Metric Ton (MT)** and shall be paid as per respective items of BPS. The civil works shall be payable as per relevant item of BPS.
- c) Proto-corrected drawings and Bill of material of all structures like towers, beams, equipment's support structures etc. shall be in the scope of contractor.
- d) Design and drawing of non-standard items not covered above shall be prepared and put up for approval by the Contractor during detailed engineering.
- e) The Proto-corrected drawings along with Bill of material are to be witnessed and certified by the contractor. Certified Proto-corrected drawings along with Bill of material shall be submitted to POWERGRID for information only. Contractor shall provide editable soft copies of design & drawings during detailed engineering.

#### 2.3.2 Extension of 765 kV Halvad S/s

- 2.3.2.1 Design, engineering, manufacture, testing at manufacturer's works, supply including transportation and insurance, unloading, storage, erection, testing and commissioning at site the following equipment/items, complete in all respects
  - a) 765kV Circuit breakers, Isolators, Current Transformers, Capacitor Voltage Transformers, Wave Traps (to be pedestal mounted), Bus Post Insulators (including BPI for Wave Trap) and 624kV Surge Arresters.
  - b) Complete Control, Relay and Protection system as per Section–Control and Relay Panels. Augmentation of existing bus Bar protection for bays under present scope make and model of bus bar protection shall be provided during execution stage. Peripheral units for present scope shall be available at Site, The Scope shall cover shifting of these peripheral units from existing panels to panels for present bays, wiring and commissioning
  - c) Augmentation of Substation Automation System for following bays (bay as defined in technical specification, Section-Substation Automation System):
    - 765kV bays 4 Nos

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Existing Halwad Substation is equipped with substation automation system (based on IEC-61850) Make & Model of existing SAS shall be shared with the successful bidder, during detailed engineering.

Under present scope Bidder shall include BCUs required for 765kV bays mentioned above, including all necessary hardware & software to integrate with the existing substation automation system.

The scope of bidder shall include but not limited to integration of IEDs under present scope of work with existing substation automation (which is based on IEC 61850) and capability enhancement of same as required including up-dating of system database, displays, development of additional displays and reports as per requirement.

Necessary configuration of data at Gateway for remote operation from NTAMC, Backup NTAMC, RTAMC & supervision from RLDC/ Backup RLDC is included in present scope. However, no work is envisaged at remote end (RLDC/ Backup RLDC /RTAMC/ NTAMC / Backup NTAMC) under the present scope.

- d) Smoke detection, Fire alarm & Annunciation System for Switchyard panel Rooms.
- e) Air Conditioning System for Switchyard Panel Room.
- f) 1.1 kV grade Power & Control cables (and special cables, if any) along with complete accessories including cables for oil filtration units and cabling from common marshaling box of 765kV Reactors to bay kiosks /Relay panel room /control room. Power receptacle for oil filtration unit shall also be provided under present scope of work as per BPS. Methodology for supply, installation & sizing of cables shall be as per Specific requirement.
- g) Insulator strings and associated hardware fittings as per Bid Price Schedule (BPS).
- h) Erection Hardware: Clamps & connectors (including terminal connectors for employer supplied (765/√3kV Reactors associates, SA, NGR), Conductor, Aluminum tubes, Bus bar and earthing materials, Bay marshalling box, spacers, cable sealing arrangement, insulating mats, cable supporting angles/channels, Cable Pull pit, Cable trays & covers, Guy arrangement (including insulators and hardware), Junction box, buried cable trenches etc.
- i) Existing Main Earthmat is to be extended for bays under present scope. All the equipments (including employer supplied 765/√3kV Reactors associated SA, NGR), cable trenches, auxiliary earthmat for isolators etc. shall be earthed by connecting them to the main Earthmat. Earthing of structures for all auxiliary buses shall also be in the present scope.
- **j**) LED based Lighting and illumination for the switchyard area under present scope, LED based illumination for Switchyard Panel Rooms shall be provided by the contractor.
- k) Augmentation of Visual monitoring system (VMS) for 765kV bays under present scope, and their integration with existing Substation VMS system. The bidder shall provide 2(Two) Numbers of color IP camera, with PAN, TILT and ZOOM facilities, suitably located in the switchyard for monitoring of 765kV bays and equipments under present scope. The scope of bidder shall include providing all Items, Accessories, Line Interface units, Fiber patch cords, Power supply units, Junction Boxes, Cables, Fiber Optic Cables, Hardware and Software, etc., as are applicable to the product design, to meet functional requirements. Compatibility enhancement of exiting VMS system, as needed, shall be done to integrate visual monitoring

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for 765kV bays under present scope with existing Visual monitoring system of the station. A copy of specification for Visual Monitoring system is enclosed at Specific Requirement Rev 07, which shall, be read only for the Augmentation scope of existing VMS system

- I) The following works pertaining to employer supplied 765/√3kV Reactors (supply of Reactors is covered in separate package) as per details specified in Specific requirements enclosed at Annex-III:
  - i. Formation of neutral bus for each bank, auxiliary bus (765kV & 145kV) for switching of spare reactor with Bus reactors and Switchable Line Reactors are in present scope of work.
  - ii. Overhead connection of HV & Neutral bushings of 765/√3kV Reactors to substation equipment's.
  - iii. Supply, laying and termination of cables along with associated accessories from Common marshaling box of 765/√3kV Reactors to BMK /Switchyard Panel Rooms/Control Room as per requirement.
  - iv. NGR Bypass arrangement for Line Reactors through 145kV Circuit Breakers, Bus Post Insulators along with associated support structures, clamps and connectors, conductors, spacers etc.
  - v. 33kV neutral CT for each bank of Reactor.
- **m**) 765kV Lattice and Pipe structures (galvanized): All Towers, Beams, LM's (if applicable) except support structure for circuit breaker & equipment support structure shall be provided as per vendors drawing (as applicable). The Support structure for Circuit Breaker shall be as per manufacturer's design.

In the bid price schedule, the structures including Fasteners & foundation bolts are indicated in MT.

Single line diagram equipment support structures shall be provided by POWERGRID during detailed Engineering stage except for those tower/structures that are in the scope of vendor.

- **n**) The broad Scope of the procurement of FO based Communication Equipment shall include planning, designing, engineering, supply, transportation, insurance, delivery at site, unloading handling, storage, installation, termination, testing, training and demonstration for acceptance, commissioning and documentation for :
  - i. SDH Equipment along with suitable interfaces and line cards.
  - ii. All cabling, wiring, Digital Distribution frame patch facilities and interconnection to the supplied equipment at the defined interfaces,
  - iii. System integration of all supplied subsystem
  - iv. Integration with the existing communication system based on SDH and PDH of employer.
  - v. Integration of supplied subsystem with SCADA system, PLCC equipment, PABX of RLDC/NLDC, VOIP (SIP compliant) for voice.
  - vi. Fibre Optic Approach Cable (FOAC) along with duct and Fibre Optic Distribution Panel (FODP).

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- vii. Integration of new Communication equipment in the existing regional NMS. All required support to existing NMS vendor for integration of new Communication equipment.
- o) The broad Scope of the procurement of PMU shall include planning, designing, engineering, supply, transportation, insurance, delivery at site, unloading handling, storage, installation, termination, testing and demonstration for acceptance, commissioning and documentation for PMU as per BPS The offered PMU's shall comply with latest version of IEEE C 37.118 protocols. These PMUs shall be integrated with Phasor data Concentrator (PDC) at RLDC/SLDC for the subject project. The Bidder shall extend technical support at local end for seamless integration of PMU with PDC at SLDC/RLDC end. The integration work at RLDC/SLDC end will not be under the scope of the Bidder.
- 2.3.2.2 Design, engineering, manufacture, testing and supply including transportation & insurance, storage of mandatory spares at site as per BPS.

#### **2.3.2.3** Civil works

- **A.** The design of foundation shall be based on the soil investigation report and other parameters as per relevant IS codes & technical specification.
- **B.** All RCC work shall be of M30 grade concrete. All the reinforcement steel shall be CRS Corrosion resistant steel (CRS) of gradeFe 500 / Fe 500D / Fe 550D conforming to IS 1786.
- C. The scope of civil work shall include but shall not be limited to the following based on **drawings** developed by the contractor:

#### i. Site levelling work:

- a) The item site levelling works includes Contouring of substation area within the boundary as per technical specification.
- b) The Quantity of earthwork cutting & filling borrowed earth and FGL shall be proposed by vendor for approval of POWERGRID based on the approved contour level drawing and site HFL data.
- c) Mode of measurement of this item is in Cum of earthwork as per BOQ and technical specification. The contouring of the plot area in scope as per technical specification is also deemed to be included in quoted rates of this item.

#### ii. Soil investigation:

- Soil investigation needs to be conducted as per the technical specification. The necessary soil
  investigation layout and final soil report shall be proposed by vendor for approval of
  POWERGRID.
- b) Mode of measurement of this item is Lumpsum as per BOQ.

#### iii. Gantry tower and beam, LM Structure:

a) 765kV Gantry tower and beam, LM Structure. Preparation of design and drawing of these structures shall be measured and paid under respective items of BPS.

# iv. Other miscellaneous requirements & scope:

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- a) Stone spreading and anti-weed treatment including PCC in the switchyard for area under present scope. Layout for the same shall be developed by the contractor.
- b) Foundation for lighting poles, bay marshalling boxes, panels and control cubicles wherever required. The cost of these foundations shall deemed to be included in erection/installation of corresponding item/ equipment of BPS.
- c) For all building leaving labor hut, all doors except fire escape doors, windows, glazed partitions shall be of UPVC type.
- v. Any other item/design/drawing required for successful completion of the scope of works.
- **D.** The scope of civil work shall include but not be limited to the following based on **drawings developed by POWERGRID:**

## i. Bituminous Road including Road Crossing

Bituminous Road including approach road (if any), shall be constructed as per POWERGRID standard drawings provided in tender. However, Road layout shall be prepared by vendor for approval.

#### ii. Cable Trenches:

Cable trenches shall be constructed as per POWERGRID standard drawings provided in tender. However, Cable trench layout shall be prepared by vendor for approval of POWERGRID based on the standard sections.

#### iii. Drains

Drain layout including peripheral drains if any required along the boundary shall be prepared by vendor and to be submitted for approval of POWERGRID based on the standard sections.

## iv. Switchyard barbed wire fencing:

Fence layout shall be prepared by vendor and to be submitted for approval of POWERGRID based on the standard sections.

# v. Equipment Support Structures

765 kV Equipment support structures.

## vi. Foundations of Equipment Support Structure:

- a) 765 kV Equipment support structure foundations including 765 kV CB foundation.
- b) The foundations of these structure are including of embedment/grouting of foundation bolts.

#### vii. Foundations of 765kV Towers and LM:

- a) Foundations of 765kV Towers and LM.
- b) The foundations of these structure are including of embedment/grouting of foundation bolts.

## viii. Switchyard Panel Room:

The drawings pertaining to Switchyard Panel Room are attached as a part of tender drawings. Structural drawings shall be provided to the successful bidder during detailed engineering.

**E.** For buildings, the complete civil works including internal and external finishing, stone soling for flooring, plinth protection, drain along plinth protection, electrical conduit and junction boxes, fan

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boxes, cable transit system etc. required to complete the building in all respect as per the drawing shall be payable in the plinth area rate. However, the quantity of the earthwork (excavation, backfilling, disposal etc.), concrete (all types), reinforcement steel, shall be measured and paid under respective items under BPS.

## F. LATTICE AND PIPE STRUCTURES (GALVANIZED):

Scope: - Towers, Beams, LM (if required) and all Equipment support structures (except support structure for circuit breaker).

- The Support structure for Circuit Breaker shall be as per manufacturer's design.
- The contractor shall provide editable soft copies of design & drawing during detailed engineering.

## The scope shall include:

- a) Fabrication, proto-assembly, supply including transportation & insurance, unloading, storage, erection and commissioning of gantry structures including LM and equipment support structures including foundation bolt complete in all respect.
- b) In the bid price schedule, the gantry structures including LM and equipment support structures, nuts, bolts, fasteners and foundation bolt are indicated in **Metric Ton (MT)** and shall be paid as per respective items of BPS. The civil works shall be payable as per relevant item of BPS.
- c) Proto-corrected drawings and Bill of material of all structures like towers, beams, equipment's support structures etc. shall be in the scope of contractor.
- d) Design and drawing of non-standard items not covered above shall be prepared and put up for approval by the Contractor during detailed engineering.
- e) The Proto-corrected drawings along with Bill of material are to be witnessed and certified by the contractor. Certified Proto-corrected drawings along with Bill of material shall be submitted to POWERGRID for information only. Contractor shall provide editable soft copies of design & drawings during detailed engineering.
- 2.4 The work to be done under this specification shall include all labour, plant, equipment, material and performance of all work necessary for the complete installation and commissioning of switchyard. All apparatus, appliances, material and labour etc. not specifically mentioned or included, but are necessary to complete the entire work or any portion of the work in compliance with the requirements implied in this specification is deemed to be included in the scope of contractor.
- 2.5 Before proceeding with the construction work the Contractor shall fully familiarize himself with the site conditions and General arrangements & scheme etc. Though the Employer shall endeavor to provide the information, it shall not be binding for the Employer to provide the same. The bidders are advised to visit the substation sites (for existing substations) and acquaint themselves with the topography, infrastructure and also the design philosophy. The bidder shall be fully responsible for providing all equipment, materials, system and services specified or otherwise which are required to complete the construction and successful commissioning, operation & maintenance of the substation in all respects. All materials required for the Civil and construction/installation work including cement and steel shall be supplied by the Contractor. The complete design (unless specified otherwise in specification elsewhere) and detailed engineering shall be done by the Contractor based on conceptual tender drawings.
- 2.6 The Contractor shall also be responsible for the overall co-ordination with internal/external agencies, project management, loading, unloading, handling, moving to final destination for successful erection, testing and commissioning of the substation/switchyard.

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- 2.7 Design of substation and its associated electrical & mechanical auxiliaries systems includes preparation of single line diagram, electrical layout, foundation & cable trench layouts (including invert levels), erection key diagrams, direct stroke lightning protection, electrical and physical clearance diagrams, Control and protection schematics, wiring and termination schedules, design of firefighting system, outdoor lighting/illumination and other relevant drawings & documents required for engineering of all facilities within the fencing to be provided under this contract, are covered under the scope of the Contractor.
- Any other items not specifically mentioned in the specification but which are required for erection, testing and commissioning and satisfactory operation of the substation are deemed to be included in the scope of the specification unless specifically excluded.
- 2.9 Employer has standardized its technical specification for various equipments and works for different voltage levels. Items, which are not applicable for the scope of this package as per schedule of quantities described in BPS, the technical specification for the items should not be referred to.

#### 3.0 SPECIFIC EXCLUSIONS

The following items of work are specifically excluded from the scope of the specifications

#### A) 765/400/220kV Vataman S/s

- i) Employer's site office and stores.
- ii) Transit camp.
- iii) Store building
- iv) Supply, erection, testing & commissioning of 110/80MVAR, 765/√3 kV, single phase Bus/Shunt reactor, NGR & 132kV LA.
- v) Cabling from IMB to CMB of 765kV Reactor.

#### B) 765/400/220kV Halvad S/S

- i) Extension of ACDB & DCDB
- ii) Approach Road.

## 4.0 PHYSICAL AND OTHER PARAMETERS

4.1 Location of the Substation - The location of substation is indicated below:

Sr. No	Name of Substation	Name of State	Nearest Rail Head
1.	765kV Vataman S/s	Gujrat	Vataman
		3	
2.	765kV Halvad S/s	Gujrat	Halvad

## 4.2 Meteorological data

The meteorological data are as below

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Station Name	765kV Vataman S/s	765kV Halvad S/s
Altitude	Less than 1000 meter above	Less than 1000 meter above
	mean sea level (MSL)	mean sea level (MSL)
Snow fall	NIL	NIL
Seismic Zone	NBC 2016	NBC 2016
Wind Zone	NBC 2016	NBC 2016
Min./Max. Ambient	0 / 50 degree centigrade	0 / 50 degree centigrade
Temperature		
Coastal Area consideration	Yes	Yes

## 4.3 Fault level shall be considered as mentioned below:-

Sl. No.	Name of Substation	765kV
1.	765kV Vataman S/s	50kA for 1 Sec
2.	765kV Halvad S/s	50kA for 1 Sec

## 5.0 SCHEDULE OF QUANTITIES

The requirement of various items/equipments and civil works are indicated in Bid price Schedules. All equipments/items, Structures and civil works for which quantities has been given in the BPS shall be payable on unit rate basis. During actual execution, any variation in such quantities shall be paid based on the unit rate under each item incorporated in Letter of award.

Wherever the quantities of items/works are indicated in Set/LOT/LS, the bidder is required to estimate the quantity required for entire execution and completion of works and incorporate their price in respective Bid price schedules. For erection hardware items, Bidders shall estimate the total requirement of the works and indicate module-wise lump sum price bay wise and include the same in relevant Bid price schedules.

No cost compensation shall be considered on account of "Set/LOT/LS" items in any case of number of bays specified in section project remains unchanged.

Bidder should include all such items in the bid proposal sheets, which are not specifically mentioned but are essential for the execution of the contract. Item which explicitly may not appear in various schedules and required for successful commissioning of substation shall be included in the bid price and shall be provided at no extra cost to Employer.

# 6.0 BASIC REFERENCE DRAWINGS

The substation shall be designed considering current ratings as indicated below-

Sl.	Description of	765kV Vataman S/s	Extn of Halvad S/s

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No	bay	765kV	765kV kV
1.	Bus Bar	4000A	4000A
2.	Line bay	3150A	3150A
3.	ICT bay	3150A	
4.	Bus Reactor bay	3150A	

Following switching schemes are proposed for the substations envisaged under this specification:

Name of s/s	765kV	400 kV	220 kV
765kV Vataman S/s	One & half breaker	One & half breaker	Double main &
	scheme	scheme	Transfer
Extn of Halvad S/s	One & half breaker		
	scheme		

- 6.1 The reference drawings, which form a part of the specifications, are given at **Annexure-I**. The bidder shall maintain the phase to earth clearance, phase to phase clearance and sectional clearances, clearances between buses, bus heights but may alter the locations of equipment to obtain the statutory electrical clearances required for the substation.
- 6.2 It is responsibility of contractor to develop general arrangement drawing, layout drawings, single line drawing, foundation & cable trench layout, erection key diagram & all other layout drawings for present scope of work.

## 6.5 INPUTS TO BE PROVIDED DURING DETAILED ENGINEERING

- i) Location of identified land and Plot plan for land shall be provided to successful bidder during detailed engineering.
- ii) Transmission line side conductor type & configuration of conductors for transmission lines of various voltage levels.

## 7.0 **DIFFERENT SECTIONS OF TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION**

For the purpose of present scope of work, technical specification (Vol. II) shall consist of following sections and they should be read in conjunction with each other.

1	Section-Project	Rev 00
2	Section-General Technical Requirement (GTR)	Rev 15
3	Section-Switchgear- CB	Rev 11
4	Section-Switchgear- ISO	Rev 12
5	Section-Switchgear- Instrument Transformer	Rev 11
6	Section-Switchgear-Surge Arrester	Rev 12
7	Section-Power and Control Cables	Rev 06
8	Section-Lighting System	Rev 07
9	Section-Fire Protection System	Rev 06
10	Section – LT Transformer	Rev 05

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11	Section – DG Set	Rev 05
12	Section – Battery & Battery Charger	Rev 06
13	Section – LT Switchgear	Rev 05
14	Section-Air Conditioning System	Rev 04
15	Section-Switchyard Erection	Rev 10
16	Section- Structures	Rev 06
17	Section-Civil Works	Rev 11A with correction slips
18	Section-Control and Relay Panels	Rev 09
19	Section-Substation Automation System	Rev 04
20	Section-PLCC	Rev 05
21	Section-Telecommunication Systems	Rev 03
22	Section – PMU	Rev 00

In case of any discrepancy between Section-PROJECT and Section-GTR and other technical specifications on scope of works, Section-PROJECT shall prevail over all other sections.

In case of any discrepancy between Section-GTR and individual sections for various equipments, requirement of individual equipment section shall prevail.

#### 8.0 SPARES

The Mandatory Spares shall be included in the bid proposal by the bidder. The prices of these spares shall be given by the Bidder in the relevant schedule of BPS. The breakup of mandatory spares is enclosed at Annex-II.

The bidder is clarified that no mandatory spares shall generally be used during the commissioning of the equipment. Any spares required for commissioning purpose shall be arranged by the Contractor. The unutilized spares if any brought for commissioning purpose shall be taken back by the contractor.

Wherever spares in BPS/Technical Specification has been specified as "each type/each rating/each type & rating": If the offered spare/spares are sufficient to replace the respective main equipment of all types/ratings, then such offered spare/spares shall be acceptable. It implies that common spare/spare set fulfilling the spare requirement of all types/ratings shall also be acceptable, provided it is configurable at site itself without special assistance of OEM

Mandatory Spares, wherever mentioned, are envisaged for the equipment/items being supplied under the main equipment heads under present scope meeting the requirements of Technical Specifications. The component/sub-component of an equipment/item specified in BPS under Mandatory Spare, which is not applicable as per the offered design of respective main equipment, shall not be referred to.

## 9.0 SPECIFIC REQUIREMENT

9.1 The specific requirements as mentioned at C/ENGG/SPEC/SEC-PROJECT/SPECIFIC REQUIREMENT Rev. no 07 enclosed at Annex-III and relevant/applicable clauses shall be referred

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for specified scope of work. Any discrepancy between clause 9.0 Section-PROJECT and Annex-III on scope of works, the requirement stipulated at clause 9.0 of section project shall prevail.

#### 9.2 Clause No. 9.2 of Section GTR rev 15 is amended as :

The reports for all type tests as per technical specification shall be furnished by the Contractor along with equipment / material drawings. However, type test reports of similar equipments/ material already accepted in POWERGRID shall be applicable for all projects with similar requirement. The type tests conducted earlier should have either been conducted in accredited laboratory (accredited based on ISO / IEC Guide 25 / 17025 or EN 45001 by the national accreditation body of the country where laboratory is located) or witnessed by POWERGRID/representative authorized by POWERGRID/representative of Utility /representative of accredited test lab/ representative of The National Accreditation Board for Certification Bodies (NABCB) certified agency shall also be acceptable.

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere, the type test reports submitted shall be of the tests conducted within the years specified below from the date of NOA. In case the test reports are of the test conducted earlier than the years specified below from the date of NOA, the contractor shall repeat these test(s) at no extra cost to the Employer: -

S. No.	Name of Equipment	Validity of type test( in
		years)
1	Power Transformer	5
2	LT Transformer	5
3	Shunt Reactor	5
4	OLTC	10
5	Bushing of Power Transformers/Reactors	7
6	Fittings and accessories for Power transformers & Reactors	10
7	Circuit Breaker	10
8	Isolator	10
9	Lighting Arrester	10
10	Wave Trap	10
11	Instrument transformer	10
12	GIS & Hybrid GIS	15
13	LT Switchgear	10
14	Cable and associated accessories	10
15	Relays	7
16	Capacitors	10
17	Battery and Battery charger	10
18	Conductor & Earth wire	10
19	Insulators ( Porcelain/Glass)	10
20	Composite Insulators	5
21	PLCC	5

Note:- For all other equipment's validity of type test shall be 10 years from date of NOA. Further, in the event of any discrepancy in the test reports i.e. any test report not acceptable due to any design/manufacturing changes or due to non-compliance with the requirement stipulated in the Technical Specification or any/all type tests not carried out, same shall be carried out without any additional cost implication to the Employer.

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The Contractor shall intimate the Employer the detailed program about the type tests at least two (2) weeks in advance in case of domestic supplies & six (6) weeks in advance in case of foreign supplies.

9.3 Technical Specification of 33kV Horn Gap fuse shall be as follows:

Rated voltage	33kV
Maximum Continuous voltage	36 kV
Rated current	50 Amps
Rated short time withstand (in KA)	25KA for 1 sec.
Lighting Impulse voltage withstand	170 KV (Between Live and earth)
	195 KV (Across open terminals )
One minute Power frequency voltage withstand (	70 KV (Between Live and earth )
Dry and Wet )	80 KV (Across open terminals )

9.4 Technical Parameters of 36kV Neutral Current Transformer (Outdoor type) for bank of 765kV, 1-Ph Reactor

**Location: Common Neutral Side (for each three-phase bank)** 

a. Rated current: 300A (200% extended)

b. Ratio: 300/1 A

c. Minimum knee point voltage: 300 V

d. Accuracy class: PX

e. Maximum CT Resistance: 1 Ohmsf. Application: Earth fault protection

- g. Maximum magnetization current at Vk/4 (Vk= knee-point voltage): 40 mA
- 9.5 Standalone Disturbance Recorder as mentioned at clause no. 37. I) (Line Protection Panel) of Section-CRP Rev-09 is not envisaged under present scope. (For 765kV)
- 9.6 Following clause in the Standard technical specification of –Power & Control Cable Rev 06 has been modified: -

S1.	Description
No	
1.	1.2.2. XLPE Power Cables
	1.2.2.1. The XLPE (90°C) insulated cables shall be of FRLSH type, C2 category conforming to IS: 7098 (Part-I) and its amendments read alongwith this specification. The conductor shall be stranded aluminium circular/sector shaped and compacted. In multicore cables, the core shall be identified by red, yellow, blue and black coloured strips or colouring of insulation. A distinct inner sheath shall be provided in all multicore cables. For XLPE cables, the inner sheath shall be of extruded PVC of type ST-2 of IS:5831. All cables shall be of armoured type. For single core cables, the armouring shall consist of aluminium wires/strips. The outer sheath shall be extruded PVC of Type ST-2 of IS:5831 for all XLPE cables
2.	1.2.3. PVC Power Cables

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1.2.3.1. The PVC (70°C) insulated power cables shall be of FRLSH type, C2 category, conforming to IS: 1554 (Part-I) and its amendments read alongwith this specification and shall be suitable for a steady conductor temperature of 70°C. The conductor shall be stranded aluminium. The Insulation shall be extruded PVC to type-A of IS: 5831. A distinct inner sheath shall be provided in all multicore cables. All cables shall be of armoured type.

For multicore armoured cables, the inner sheath shall be of extruded PVC. The outer sheath shall be extruded PVC to Type ST-1 of IS: 5831 for all cables.

## 3. 1.2.4. PVC Control Cables

1.2.4.1. The PVC (70°C) insulated control cables shall be of FRLSH type C2 category conforming to IS: 1554 (Part-1) and its amendments, read alongwith this specification. The conductor shall be stranded copper. The insulation shall be extruded PVC to type A of IS: 5831. A distinct inner sheath shall be provided in all cables. All cables shall be of armoured type. The over sheath shall be extruded PVC to type ST-1 of IS: 5831 and shall be grey in colour.

## 4 5 TYPE TESTS

- 5.1 All cables shall conform to all type, routine and acceptance tests listed in the relevant IS.
- $5.2~\mathrm{XLPE}$  INSULATED POWER CABLES ( For working voltages up to and including  $1100\mathrm{V}$  ):-
- 5.2.1 Following type tests (on one size in a contract) as per IS: 7098 (Part 1) -1988 including its amendments shall be carried out as a part of acceptance tests on XLPE insulated power cables for working voltages up to and including 1100 V:
- a) Physical tests for insulation
- i) Hot set test
- ii) Shrinkage test
- b) Physical tests for outer sheath
- i) Shrinkage test
- ii) Hot deformation
- iii) Heat shock test
- iv) Thermal stability
- c) Test for Smoke density (as per relevant IS/IEC standard)
- d) Test for halogen acid gas evolution.
- e) Flame Retardant on Single cable.
- f) Flame Retardant on bunched cable.
- 5.2.2 Contractor shall submit type test reports as per clause no. 9.2 of Technical Specification, Section: GTR for the following tests
- a) Water absorption (gravimetric) test.
- b) Ageing in air oven
- c) Loss of mass in air oven
- d) Short time current test on power cables of sizes 240 sqmm and above on
- i) Conductors.
- ii) Armours.
- e) Test for armouring wires/strips.

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f) Oxygen and Temperature Index test. g) Flammability test. h) Smoke density test (on sheathing material) (as per relevant IS/IEC standard) 5.3 PVC INSULATED POWER & CONTROL CABLES (For working voltages up to and 5. including 1100V)-5.3.1 Following type tests (on one size in a contract) as per IS: 1554 (Part 1) -1988 including its amendments shall be carried out as a part of acceptance tests on PVC insulated power & control cables for working voltages up to and including 1100 V: a) Physical tests for insulation and outer sheath i) Shrinkage test ii) Hot deformation iii) Heat shock test iv) Thermal stability b) High voltage test (water immersion test only a.c. test as per clause no. 16.3.1). c) Test for Smoke density (as per relevant IS/IEC standard) d) Test for halogen acid gas evolution. e) Flame Retardant on Single cable 5.3.2 Contractor shall submit type test reports as per clause no. 9.2 of Technical Specification, Section: GTR for the following a) High voltage test (water immersion d.c. test as per clause no. 16.3.2 of IS: 1554 (Part 1) - 1988). b) Ageing in air oven. c) Loss of mass in air oven. d) Short time current test on power cables of sizes 240 sqmm and above on i) Conductors. ii) Armours. e) Test for armouring wires/strips. f) Oxygen and Temperature Index test. g) Flammability test h) Flame Retardant on bunched cable

**Note:-** In technical data sheet for 1.1kV XLPE/PVC Power cable & PVC control cable, wherever Type & Category of Cable is written FR & C1 shall be read as FR-LSH & C2, other details kept the same.

i) Test for Specific optical density of smoke (as per relevant IS/IEC standard)

- 9.7 Minimum specified creepage distance for insulator string/ longrod insulators/ outdoor bushings shall be 31 mm/kV.
- 9.8 Equipment/Material/Items from an Indian manufacture who have specified transfer of technology (TOT) arrangement with an entity from a country which shares land border with India shall be accepted only if the Indian Manufacturer is complying the requirement of prevailing Guideline by Government of India under Rule 144(xi) of the General financial Rule (GFR) 2017.
- 9.9 Each circuit of a double circuit transmission line shall be terminated in different diameters.
- 9.10 Two transformers of same HV rating shall not be connected in the same diameter and similarly two bus reactors of same HV rating shall also not be connected in the same diameter
- 9.11 Clause 24 of Section GTR rev 15 is amended as:

# 24.0 TECHNICAL REQUIREMENT OF EQUIPMENTS

Following equipment shall be offered from the **Indian Manufacturing facilities** of manufacturer(s) who meets the technical requirements as stipulated here, provided the same equipment are not covered under the Bidder's Qualifying requirement of the Bidding Documents.

## Legend:

- \* : voltage class of respective equipment as applicable.
- #: **satisfactory operation** means certificate issued by the Employer/Utility certifying the operation without any adverse remark.
- @: Circuit Breaker Bay means a bay used for controlling a line or a transformer or a reactor or a bus section or a bus coupler and comprising of at least one circuit breaker, one disconnector and three nos. of single phase CTs / Bushing CTs

NOA: means Notification Of Award

# **Technical requirements for 765/400/220/132kV\* Air Insulated Switchgear (AIS)** Equipment\*:

## A) Circuit Breaker

- (i) The manufacturer(s) whose 765/400/220/132kV\* Circuit Breaker(s) are offered, must have, manufactured, type tested (as per IEC/IS or equivalent standard) and supplied 715/345/220/132kV\* or higher voltage class Circuit Breaker(s), which are in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India for the offered Circuit Breaker and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
- a) 715/345/220/132kV\* or higher Voltage class Circuit Breaker(s) must have been manufactured in the above Indian works & type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied as on the date of NOA.
- b) In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two (2) years over & above the

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warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the entire quantity of the offered Circuit Breaker(s) to be supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of the Circuit Breaker(s)\* for the additional warranty period in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

# B) Isolator, Current Transformer, Capacitive Voltage transformer, Inductive Voltage transformer, Surge Arrester and Wave Trap)

(i) The manufacturer whose 765/400/220/132kV\* equipment(s) are offered, must have manufactured, type tested (as per IS/IEC or equivalent standard) and supplied 715/345/220/132kV\* or higher voltage class equipment(s), which are in satisfactory operation# for at least two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

OR

- (ii) The manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India for the offered equipment(s) and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that:
- a) 715/345/220/132kV\* or higher Voltage class equipment(s) must have been manufactured in the above Indian works & type tested (as per IS/IEC standard) as on the date of NOA
- b) Manufacturer has manufactured, type tested (as per IS/IEC or equivalent standard) and supplied equipment(s) of 345kV or above voltage class (applicable for 765kV\* Equipment)/220kV or above voltage class (applicable for 400kV\* equipment) / 132kV or above voltage class (applicable for 220kV\* equipment) / 66kV or higher voltage class (applicable for 132kV\* equipment), which are in satisfactory operation# for at least two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
- c) Warranty obligations for additional warranty of two (2) years over & above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the entire quantity of the offered equipment(s) to be supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of the equipment(s)\* for the additional warranty period in addition to the contract Performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

OR

- (iii) The manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India for the offered equipment(s) based on technological support of a parent company or collaborator and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that:
- a) 715/345/220/132kV\* or higher Voltage class equipment(s) must have been manufactured in the above Indian works & type tested (as per IS/IEC standard) as on the date of NOA.
- b) The parent company or collaborator meets the qualifying requirements stipulated under (i) given above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply the 765/400/220/132kV\* Air Insulated Switchgear (AIS) Equipment(s)\* in India, shall be submitted.

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c) The parent company/collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor

# Legends:

\* : voltage class of respective equipment as applicable.

# : satisfactory operation means certificate issued by the Employer/Utility certifying the operation without any adverse remark.

# 24.2 Technical Requirement for 765kV class Transformer

- (i) The Manufacturer whose 765kV Transformer(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 715 kV or higher voltage class one (1) number 1-phase Transformer of at least 500 MVA capacity or at least three (3) numbers 1-phase Transformers each having a capacity of at least 166 MVA, and the same transformer (s) should have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) 715 kV or higher voltage class either One (1) no. 1-phase Transformer of at least 166 MVA capacity or One (1) no. 1-phase Reactor of at least 80 MVAR capacity must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and same should have been supplied as on the date of NOA.
  - b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply 765kV transformer in India, shall be submitted.
  - c) the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor

## 24.3 Technical Requirement for 765kV class Reactor

(i) The Manufacturer whose 765kV Reactor(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 715 kV or higher voltage class one (1) number 1-phase Reactor of at least 110 MVAR capacity or at least three (3) numbers 1-phase Reactors each having a capacity of at least 36.7 MVAR and the same Reactor(s) should have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

OR

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The Manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 715 kV or higher voltage class one (1) number 1-phase Transformer of at least 500 MVA capacity or at least three (3) numbers 1-phase Transformers each having a capacity of at least 166 MVA and the bidder should have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 345 kV or higher voltage class one (1) number 3-phase Reactor of at least 50 MVAR capacity or at least three (3) numbers 1-phase Reactors each having a capacity of at least 16.7 MVAR and the same Transformer(s) & Reactor(s) should have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) 715 kV or higher voltage class either One (1) no. 1-phase Reactor of at least 80 MVAR capacity or One (1) no. 1-phase Transformer of at least 166 MVA capacity must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and same should have been supplied as on the date of NOA.
  - b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer/license to design, manufacture, test and supply 765kV Reactor in India, shall be submitted.
  - c) the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

# 24.4 Technical Requirement for 400kV, 220kV, 132kV class Transformer

(i) The manufacturer whose transformer(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied transformers as per table below:

345kV or above class 3-phase transformers of at least 200 MVA or at least three (3) nos. 1-phase Transformers each having capacity of at least 66.7 MVA	applicable for supply of 400kV class Transformer
220kV or above class 3-phase transformers of at least 50 MVA or at least three (3) nos. 1-phase Transformers each having capacity of at least 16.7 MVA	applicable for supply of 220kV class Transformer
commissioned 132kV or above class 3-phase transformers of at least 20	applicable for supply of 132kV class Transformer

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MVA or at least three (3) nos. 1-	
phase Transformers each having	
capacity of at least 6.7 MVA	

These Transformer(s) must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
- a) 220kV (applicable for supply of 400kV class Transformer)/ 132kV (applicable for supply of 220kV class Transformer)/ 66kV (applicable for supply of 132kV class Transformer) or higher voltage class transformers must have been designed, manufactured in the above Indian works based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied as on the date of NOA.
- b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply 400kV/220kV/132kV\* transformer in India, shall be submitted.
- c) The collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

## 24.5 Technical Requirement for 400kV, 220kV and 132kV class Reactor

(i) The Manufacturer whose 400kV/220kV/132kV\* Reactor(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied Reactor as per table below:

345kVor above class 3-phase shunt reactor of at least 50 MVAR	applicable for supply of 400kV class
capacity or at least three (3) nos.	Reactors
1-phase Shunt Reactors, each	
having capacity of at least 16.7	
MVAR	
220kV or above class 3-phase	applicable for supply of 220kV class
shunt reactor of at least 20 MVAR	Transformer
capacity or at least three (3) nos.	
1-phase Shunt Reactors each	
having capacity of at least 6.67	
MVAR	
132kV or above class 3-phase	applicable for supply of 132kV class

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shunt reactor of at least 15 MVAR	Transformer
capacity or at least three (3) nos.	
1-phase Shunt Reactors each	
having capacity of at least 5	
MVAR	

These Reactor(s) must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
- a) Such manufacturer has designed, manufactured based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied 400kV class transformer or 220kV or above class shunt reactors (applicable for supply of 400kV class Reactors) / 220kV class transformer or 132kV or above class shunt reactors (applicable for supply of 220kV class Reactors)/ 132kV class transformer or 66kV or above class shunt reactors (applicable for supply of 132kV class Reactors) as on the date of NOA.
- b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer/license to design, manufacture, test and supply the Reactor in India, shall be submitted.
- c) the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

## 24.6 Technical Requirement for 400 kV Grade XLPE Power Cables

- (i) The manufacturer(s) whose XLPE Power Cables are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied in a single contract at least 5 (five) km of single core, 400kV grade XLPE insulated cable which must be in operation for at least 2 (two) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied 400kV grade XLPE insulated cable and which must be in satisfactory operation<sup>#</sup> for atleast one (1) year as on the date of NOA.

OR

b) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and completed Pre-qualification (PQ) tests as per IEC for 400kV grade XLPE insulated Cable as on the date of NOA.

Note: In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two(2) years over & above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the entire quantity of cable to supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of the equipments(s)\* and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

# 24.7 Technical Requirement for 220KV,132kV,110kV Grade XLPE Power Cables

- (i) The manufacturer(s) whose XLPE Power Cables are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied in a single contract at least 5 (five) km of single core, 220kV/132kV/110kV\* or higher grade XLPE insulated cable which must be in operation for at least 2 (two) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied 220kV/132kV/110kV\* or higher grade XLPE insulated cable and which must be in satisfactory operation# for atleast one (1) year as on the date of NOA.

OR

b) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and completed Pre-qualification (PQ) tests as per IEC for 220kV/132kV/110kV\* or higher grade XLPE insulated Cable as on the date of NOA.

Note: In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two(2) years over & above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the entire quantity of cable to supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of the equipments(s)\* and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor

## 24.8 Technical Requirement for 66kV Grade XLPE Power Cables

(i) The manufacturer(s) whose XLPE Power Cables are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 5 (five) km of single core, 66kV or higher grade XLPE insulated cable which must be in satisfactory operation<sup>#</sup> for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

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- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied 66kV or higher grade XLPE insulated cable and which must be in satisfactory operation# for atleast one (1) year as on the date of NOA.

# 24.9 Technical Requirement for 1.1 KV Grade PVC Control Cable

The manufacturer(s), whose PVC control cables are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 100 Kms of 1.1kV grade PVC insulated control cables as on the date of NOA. Further the manufacturer must also have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied atleast 1 km of 27C x 2.5 Sq.mm or higher size as on the date of NOA.

# 24.10 Technical Requirement for 1.1 KV Grade PVC Power Cable

The manufacturer(s), whose PVC Power Cables are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 100 Kms of 1.1kV or higher grade PVC insulated power cables as on the date of NOA. Further the manufacturer must also have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied atleast 1 km of 1C x 150 Sq. mm or higher size as on the date of NOA.

## **24.11** Technical Requirement for 1.1 KV Grade XLPE Power Cables

The manufacturer(s), whose XLPE Power cables are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 25 Kms of 1.1 KV or higher grade XLPE insulated power cables as on the date of NOA. Further the manufacturer must also have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied atleast 1 km of 1C x 630 Sq. mm or higher size as on the date of NOA.

# 24.12 Technical Requirement for LT Switchgear

- i) The manufacturer whose LT Switchgear(s) are offered, must be a manufacturer of LT Switchboards of the type and rating being offered. He must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied atleast 50 nos. draw out circuit breaker panels, out of which atleast 5 nos. should have been with relay and protection schemes with current transformer. He must have also manufactured atleast 50 nos. MCC panels comprising of MCCBs (ie Moulded Case Circuit Breakers) modules of the type offered which must be in satisfactory operation# as on the date of NOA.
- ii) The Switchgear items (such as circuit breakers, fuse switch units, contactors etc.), may be of his own make or shall be procured from reputed manufacturers and of proven design, atleast one hundred circuit breakers of the make and type being offered must have been in satisfactory operation<sup>#</sup> as on the date of NOA.

## 24.13 Technical Requirements for Battery

The manufacturer whose Batteries are offered, must have designed, manufactured and supplied DC Batteries of the type specified and being offered, having a capacity of atleast 600 AH and these must be satisfactory operation<sup>#</sup> for atleast two (2) years in power sector or industrial installations as on the date of NOA.

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# 24.14 Technical Requirements for Battery Charger

The manufacturer, whose Battery Chargers are offered, must have designed, manufactured and supplied Battery Chargers generally of the type offered, with static automatic voltage regulators and having a continuous output of atleast ten (10) KW and these must have been in satisfactory operation<sup>#</sup> as on the date of NOA.

# 24.15 Technical Requirements for LT Transformer

- i) The manufacturer, whose LT transformer(s) are offered, must have designed, manufactured, type tested including short circuit test as per IEC/IS or equivalent standards and supplied transformer(s) of atleast 33kV class of 315kVA or higher. The transformer must have been in satisfactory operation<sup>#</sup> for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
- ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that At least 33kV class of 315kVA or higher rating LT transformer(s) must have been designed, manufactured in the above Indian works, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) including short circuit test and supplied as on the date of NOA.

Note In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two(2) years over & above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the entire quantity of the offered equipment to be supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of the equipments(s)\* for the additional warranty period in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor

# 24.16 Technical Requirements for Composite Long Rod Polymer Insulator (765kV & 400kV)

- (i) The manufacturer whose Composite Long rod Insulator are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied Composite Long rod Insulator of 120KN or higher electro-mechanical strength for 765kV/400kV\* or higher voltage class and the same must have been in satisfactory operation# for at least two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied Composite Long rod Insulator of 120KN or above electro-mechanical strength for 765kV/400kV\* or higher voltage class and the same must have been in satisfactory operation<sup>#</sup> as on the date of NOA.

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b) Contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of the equipments(s)\* and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

Note: In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two(2) years over & above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the entire quantity of the offered equipment to be supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the exworks cost of the equipments(s)\* for the additional warranty period in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor

# 24.17 Technical Requirements for Control, Relay & Protection System and Sub-station Automation System

The manufacturer whose Control, Relay & Protection System (Control & protection Intelligent Electronic Devices (IEDs)), and Sub-station Automation System (as applicable) are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested, installed and commissioned Control, Relay & Protection system along with Sub-station Automation System which must have been in satisfactory operation<sup>#</sup> on (i) 400 kV system [applicable for 765kV substation] & (ii) specified voltage level or above [applicable for 400kV & below substation] for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

#### AND

The Manufacturer or their joint venture or subsidiary company or parent company must be a manufacturer of control and protection IEDs and must have established repair, testing and integration (at least for 4 bays) facilities for Control, Relay & Protection System and Sub-station Automation System in India.

# 24.18 Technical Requirements for analog and digital PLCC panels (765kV, 400kV, 220kV & 132kV)

- (i) The manufacturer whose PLCC panels are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested, supplied and commissioned PLCC panels for (i) 400kV system or above [applicable for 765 kV & 400 kV substation], (ii) 220 kV System or above [applicable for 220 kV Substation] & (iii) 132 kV system or above [applicable for 132 kV substation] and the same must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) PLCC panels must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied as on the date of NOA.
  - b) collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall

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be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

c) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply PLCC panels in India, shall be submitted.

# 24.19 Technical Requirement of Communication Equipment

The SDH equipment shall be offered from a manufacturer(s) who is a "Local Supplier" as per DPIIT PP notification & has been Manufacturing SDH equipments for the last three (3) years and SDH equipment Manufactured by such manufacturer(s) shall have been satisfactory operation in 110kV or higher voltage Power Substations for at least two (2) years as on the date of NOA

## 24.20 Technical Requirement for 400kV GIS Equipment

- (i) The manufacturer whose 400kV GIS bays are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested\*\* (as per IEC or equivalent standard), supplied and supervised erection & commissioning of at least two (2) nos. Gas Insulated Switchgear (GIS) circuit breaker bays@ of 345kV or above voltage class in one (1) Substation or Switchyard during the last seven (7) years and these bays must be in satisfactory operation# for at least two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) Atleast one no. 345kV or above voltage class GIS Circuit Breaker bay@ must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on the technological support of the Collaborator(s) and either supplied or type tested the above CB bay (as per IEC or equivalent standard) as on the date of NOA.
  - b) The collaborator(s) meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply 400kV or above voltage level GIS equipment in India, shall be submitted.
  - c) The Collaborator(s) shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to Contract Performance Guarantee to be submitted by the bidder.

Note:-

(\*\*) Type test reports of the collaborator/ parent company/ subsidiary company/ group company shall also be acceptable

## 24.21 Technical Requirement for 220/132/66 kV\* level GIS/Hybrid GIS/MTS Equipment:

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- (i) The manufacturer whose 220/132/66 kV\* level GIS/Hybrid GIS/MTS bays are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested\*\* (as per IEC or equivalent standard), supplied and supervised erection & commissioning of at least two (2) nos. Gas Insulated Switchgear (GIS) circuit breaker bays@ of 220/110/66kV\* or above voltage class in one (1) Substation or Switchyard during the last seven (7) years and these bays must be in satisfactory operation# for at least two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
- a) Atleast one no. 220/110/66kV\* or above voltage level GIS Circuit Breaker bay@ must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on the technological support of the Collaborator(s) and either supplied or type tested the above GIS bay (as per IEC or equivalent standard) as on the date of NOA.
- b) The collaborator(s) meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer/license to design, manufacture, test and supply 220/110/66\*kV or above voltage level GIS equipment in India shall be submitted.
- c) The Collaborator(s) shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10 % of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to Contract Performance Guarantee to be submitted by the bidder.

## Note: 1. (\*) voltage class of respective equipment as applicable

- 2. (@) For the purpose of technical requirement, one no. of circuit breaker bay shall be considered as a bay used for controlling a line or a transformer or a reactor or a bus section or a bus coupler and comprising of at least one circuit breaker, one disconnector and three nos. of single phase CTs / Bushing CTs. GIS means SF6 Gas insulated Switchgear.
- 3. Experience with combination of GIS CB bay/Hybrid GIS CB Bay/MTS CB Bay is also acceptable if supply of only Hybrid/MTS equipment is envisaged. Hybrid GIS means outdoor SF6 Gas insulated switchgear connected to outdoor Air insulated bus-bar System (AIS bus-bars System), MTS means outdoor SF6 Gas insulated Mixed Technology Switchgear connected to outdoor AIS bus bar system. (\*\*) Type test reports of the collaborator/ parent company/ subsidiary company/ group company shall also be acceptable
- 4.(\*\*) Type test reports of the collaborator/ parent company/ subsidiary company/ group company shall also be acceptable

# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SECTION-GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS





पावर ग्रिड कार्पोरेशन आफ इन्डिया लिमिटेड

(भारत सरकार का उद्यम)

**Power Grid Corporation of India Limited** 

(A Government of India Enterprises)

Document No.: C/ENGG/SPEC/GTR (Rev.15) December 2020

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#### 1.0 **FOREWORD**

The provisions under this section are intended to supplement requirements for the materials, equipment's and services covered under other sections of tender documents and are not exclusive.

# 2.0 **GENERAL REQUIREMENT**

2.1 a) All equipment/materials/items, as per Annexure-K, as applicable under present scope of works, shall be procured and supplied from domestic manufacturers only

Any imported equipment/material/item/parts/component (comprising of embedded systems) to be supplied under the contract shall be tested in the certified laboratories to check for any kind of embedded malware/trojans/cyber threats and for adherence to Indian Standards as per the directions issued by Ministry of Power/Govt. of India from time to time. In case of such import from specified "prior reference" countries, the requirement of prior permission from the Govt. of India including protocol for testing in certified and designated laboratories by Ministry of Power/Govt. of India shall also be complied with by the contractor.

The bidder/contractor shall list out the products and components producing Toxic ewaste under the contract and shall furnish to the Employer the procedure of safe disposal at the time of closing of the contract

- 2.1 b) The contractor shall furnish catalogues, engineering data, technical information, design documents, drawings etc., fully in conformity with the technical specification during detailed engineering.
- It is recognised that the Contractor may have standardised on the use of certain components, materials, processes or procedures different from those specified herein. Alternate proposals offering similar equipment based on the manufacturer's standard practice will also be considered provided such proposals meet the specified designs, standard and performance requirements and are acceptable to Employer.
- 2.3 Wherever a material or article is specified or defined by the name of a particular brand, Manufacturer or Vendor, the specific name mentioned shall be understood as establishing type, function and quality and not as limiting competition.
- Equipment furnished shall be complete in every respect with all mountings, fittings, fixtures and standard accessories normally provided with such equipment and/or needed for erection, completion and safe operation of the equipment as required by applicable codes though they may not have been specifically detailed in the Technical Specifications unless included in the list of exclusions. Materials and components which are minor in nature and incidental to the requirement but not specifically stated in the specification and bid price schedule, which are necessary for commissioning and satisfactory operation of the switchyard/ substation unless specifically excluded shall be deemed to be included in the scope of the specification and shall be supplied without any extra cost. All similar standard components/parts of similar standard equipment provided, shall be inter-changeable with one another.
- 2.5 The Contractor shall also be responsible for the overall co-ordination with internal /external agencies; Supplier of Employer's supplied equipments, project management, training of Employer's manpower, loading, unloading, handling, insurance, moving to final destination for successful erection, testing and commissioning of the substation /switchyard.

2.6 The Contractor shall be responsible for safety of human and equipment during the working. It will be the responsibility of the Contractor to co-ordinate and obtain Electrical Inspector's clearance before commissioning. Any additional items, modification due to observation of such statutory authorities shall be provided by the Contractor at no extra cost to the Employer.

#### 3.0 STANDARDS

- 3.1 The works covered by the specification shall be designed, engineered, manufactured, built, tested and commissioned in accordance with the Acts, Rules, Laws and Regulations of India.
- 3.2 The equipment offered by the contractor shall at least conform to the requirements specified under relevant IS standard. In case of discrepancy between IS and other international standard, provisions of IS shall prevail. The Contractor shall also note that the list of standards presented in this specification at Annex-C is not complete. Whenever necessary, the list of standards shall be considered in conjunction with specific IS. If the IS standard is not available for an equipment/material, then other applicable International standard (IEC/Equivalent), as per the specification, shall be accepted.
- 3.3 The Contractor shall note that standards mentioned in the specification are not mutually exclusive or complete in themselves, but intended to compliment each other.
- 3.4 When the specific requirements stipulated in the specifications exceed or differ than those required by the applicable standards, the stipulation of the specification shall take precedence.
- 3.5 Other internationally accepted standards which ensure equivalent or better performance than that specified in the standards specified under Annexure-C/individual sections for various equipments shall also, be accepted, however the salient points of difference shall be clearly brought out during detailed engineering along with English language version of such standard. The equipment conforming to standards other than specified under Annexure-C/individual sections for various equipments shall be subject to Employer's approval.

#### 4.0 SERVICES TO BE PERFORMED BY THE EQUIPMENT BEING FURNISHED

- 4.1 Switching surge over voltage and power frequency over voltage is specified in the system parameters below. In case of the 400kV system, the initial value of the temporary overvoltages could be 2.0 p.u. for 1-2 cycles. The equipment furnished under this specification shall perform all its functions and operate satisfactorily without showing undue strain, restrike etc under such over voltage conditions.
- 4.2 All equipments shall also perform satisfactorily under various other electrical, electromechanical and meteorological conditions of the site of installation.
- 4.3 All equipment shall be able to withstand all external and internal mechanical, thermal and electromechanical forces due to various factors like wind load, temperature variation, ice & snow, (wherever applicable) short circuit etc for the equipment.
- 4.4 The Contractor shall design terminal connectors of the equipment taking into account various forces as mentioned at Sl.No.4.3 that are required to withstand.
- 4.5 The equipment shall also comply to the following:
  - a) To facilitate erection of equipment, all items to be assembled at site shall be "match marked".

b) All piping, if any between equipment control cabinet/operating mechanism to marshalling box of the equipment, shall bear proper identification to facilitate the connection at site.

# 4.6 **System Parameter**

#### 765kV, 400kV & 220kV System

SL	Description of	765kV	400kV	220kV
No	parameters	System	System	System
	_			
1.	System operating voltage	765kV	400kV	220kV
2.	Maximum operating	800kV	420kV	245kV
	voltage of the system			
	(rms)			
3.	Rated frequency	50HZ	50Hz	50Hz
4.	No. of phase	3	3	3
5.	Rated Insulation levels			T
i)	Full wave impulse	2100kVp	1550kVp	1050
	withstand voltage			kVp
	(1.2/50 microsec.)			
ii)	Switching impulse	1550kVp	1050kVp	-
	withstand voltage			
	(250/2500 micro sec.)			
	dry and wet	000177	600177	
iii)	One minute power	830kV	630kV	-
	frequency dry withstand			
	voltage (rms)			460114
iv)	One minute power	-	-	460kV
	frequency dry and wet			
6.	withstand voltage (rms) Corona extinction	508 kV	320kV	
0.	voltage	506 KV	320KV	-
7.	Max. radio interference	2500 μV	1000 μV	1000 μV
/.	voltage for frequency	at 508 kV rms	at 266kV rms	at 156kV rms
	between 0.5 MHz and 2	at 500 KV IIIIS	at 200KV IIIIS	at 130KV IIIIS
	MHz			
8.	Minimum creepage	20000 mm	10500 mm	6125 mm
0.	distance - for Equipment	(24800 mm for	(13020 mm	(7595 mm for
	other than Insulator	coastal area)	for coastal	coastal area)
	string	coustai ai caj	area)	coustai ai caj
	Minimum creepage	As specified in	Section-Switchy	vard Erection
	distance - for Insulator	The opening and		ur ur 21 0001011
	String			
9.	Min. clearances			
i.	Phase to phase	7600mm	4000mm	2100 mm
	_	(for conductor-	(for conductor-	
		conductor	conductor	
		configuration)	configuration)	
		9400mm (for	4200mm (for	
		rod-conductor	rod -conductor	
		configuration)	configuration)	
	1	comiguration	comiguration	

SL No	Description of parameters	765kV System	400kV System	220kV System
ii.	Phase to earth	4900mm (for conductor- structure) 6400mm (for rod- structure)	3500 mm	2100 mm
iii)	Sectional clearances	10300 mm	6500 mm	5000 mm
10.	Rated short circuit current for 1 sec. duration	40kA/50kA (as applicable)	40kA/50kA/ 63 kA (as applicable)	40kA/ 50kA(as applicable)
11.	System neutral earthing	Effectively earthed	Effectively earthed	Effectively earthed

# 132kV, 66kV, 52kV, 33kV & 11kV System

Description of parameters	132 kV System	66kV System	52 kV System	33 kV System	11kV System
System operating voltage	132kV	66kV	52kV	33kV	11kV
Maximum operating voltage of the system(rms)	145kV	72.5kV	52kV	36kV	12kV
Rated frequency	50Hz	50Hz	50Hz	50Hz	50Hz
No. of phase	3	3	3	3	3
Rated Insulation L	evels				
Full wave mpulse withstand voltage (1.2/50 nicrosec.)	650 kVp	325 kVp	250 kVp	170 kVp	75 kVp
One minute bower frequency dry and wet withstand voltage (rms)	275kV	140kV	95kV	70kV	28kV
Max. radio nterference voltage for requency petween 0.5 MHz and 2 MHz	500 μV at 92kV rms	1	-	-	1
Minimum creepage listance	3625 mm (4495mm for coastal area)	1813 mm (2248m m for coastal	1300m m (1612 mm for coastal	900 mm (1116m m for coastal	300 mm (372mm for coastal area)
				area) coastal coastal	area) coastal coastal coastal

SL No	Description of parameters	132 kV System	66kV System	52 kV System	33 kV System	11kV System
8.	Min. Clearance	L	<u>I</u>	l	l	
i.	Phase to phase	1300 mm	750 mm	530mm	320 mm	280 mm
ii.	Phase to earth	1300 mm	630 mm	480mm	320 mm	140 mm
iii.	Sectional clearances	4000 mm	3100 mm	3100m m	2800 mm	2800 mm
9.	Rated short circuit current	40kA/ 31.5 kA (as applicabl e) for 1 sec	31.5 kA for 3 sec/25k A for 3 Sec*	25kA for 1 Sec	25 kA for 3 sec	25 kA for 3 sec
10.	System neutral earthing	Effectively earthed	Effectively earthed	Effectivel y earthed	Effectivel y earthed	Effectively earthed

#### Notes:

- 1. The above parameters are applicable for installations up to an altitude of 1000m above mean sea level. For altitude exceeding 1000m, necessary altitude correction factor shall be applicable as per relevant IEC/IS.
- 2. The insulation and RIV levels of the equipments shall be as per values given in the Technical Specification of respective equipment.
- 3. Corona and radio interference voltage test and seismic withstand test procedures for equipments shall be in line with the procedure given at **Annexure-A** and **Annexure-B** respectively.
- 4. "\*" For tertiary loading Equipment's fault level shall be 25kA for 3 Sec. For other switchyard equipment shall be as specified in Section project.
- 5. Costal Area is to be considered only if defined in Section project.

#### 5.0 ENGINEERING DATA AND DRAWINGS

- 5.1 The list of drawings/documents which are to be submitted to the Employer is enclosed in **Annexure-E**. In case any additional drawings/documents are required, the same shall also be submitted during execution of the contract.
- The contractor shall submit all engineering Documents (Drawings/Design documents/data/detailed bill of quantity/ type test reports) through online Document Review and Engineering Approval Management System (Herein after DREAMS) for the approval of the employer

# 5.3 Drawings

5.3.1 All drawings submitted by the Contractor shall be in sufficient detail to indicate the type, size, arrangement, material description, Bill of Materials, weight of each component, break-up for packing and shipment, dimensions, internal & the external connections, fixing arrangement required and any other information specifically requested in the specifications.

- 5.3.2 Drawings submitted by the Contractor shall be clearly marked with the name of the Employer, the unit designation, the specifications title, the specification number and the name of the Project. POWERGRID has standardized a large number of drawings/documents of various make including type test reports which can be used for all projects having similar requirements and in such cases no project specific approval (except for list of applicable drawings alongwith type test reports) is required. However, distribution copies of standard drawings/documents shall be submitted as per provision of the contract. All titles, noting, markings and writings on the drawing shall be in English. All the dimensions should be in SI units.
- 5.3.3 The review of these data by the Employer will cover only general conformance of the data to the specifications and documents, interfaces with the equipment provided under the specifications, external connections and of the dimensions which might affect substation layout. This review by the Employer may not indicate a thorough review of all dimensions, quantities and details of the equipment, materials, any devices or items indicated or the accuracy of the information submitted. This review and/or approval by the Employer shall not be considered by the Contractor, as limiting any of his responsibilities and liabilities for mistakes and deviations from the requirements, specified under these specifications and documents.
- All manufacturing and fabrication work in connection with the equipment prior to the approval of the drawings shall be at the Contractor's risk. The Contractor may make any changes in the design which are necessary to make the equipment conform to the provisions and intent of the Contract and such changes will again be subject to approval by the Employer. Approval of Contractor's drawing or work by the Employer shall not relieve the contractor of any of his responsibilities and liabilities under the Contract.
- All engineering data submitted by the Contractor after final process including review and approval by the Employer shall form part of the Contract Document and the entire works performed under these specifications shall be performed in strict conformity, unless otherwise expressly requested by the Employer in Writing.

#### 5.7 Approval Procedure

The following schedule shall be followed generally for approval and for providing final documentation.

i)	Approval/comments/	As per L2 schedule
	by Employer on initial	
	submission	

- ii) Resubmission Within 3 (three) weeks (whenever from date of comments required)
- iii) Approval or comments Within 3 (three) weeks of receipt of resubmission.
- iv) Furnishing of distribution 2 weeks from the date copies (2 hard copies to each substation and one scanned
- v) Furnishing of distribution copies of test reports

copy (pdf format)

(a) Type test reports 2 weeks from the date (one scanned softcopy in of final approval

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pdf format to each substation plus one for corporate centre & one hardcopy per substation)

(b) Routine Test Reports (one copy for each substation)

-do-

vi) Furnishing of instruction/ operation manuals (2 copies per substation and one softcopy (pdf format) for corporate centre & per substation)

On completion of Engineering

(vii) As built drawings (two sets of hardcopy per substation & one softcopy (pdf format) for corporate centre & per substation)

On completion of entire works

#### NOTE:

- (1) The contractor may please note that all resubmissions must incorporate all comments given in the earlier submission by the Employer or adequate justification for not incorporating the same must be submitted failing which the submission of documents is likely to be returned.
- (2) All drawings should be submitted in "DREAMS" Portal, further substation design drawings like SLD, GA, all layouts etc. shall also be submitted in AutoCAD Version as a supporting document in DREAMS. SLD, GA & layout drawings shall be submitted for the entire substation in case of substation extension also.
  - For civil drawings associated documents shall be submitted in STAAD/excel format as supporting document in DREAMS.
- (3) The instruction Manuals shall contain full details of drawings of all equipment being supplied under this contract, their exploded diagrams with complete instructions for storage, handling, erection, commissioning, testing, operation, trouble shooting, servicing and overhauling procedures.
- (4) If after the commissioning and initial operation of the substation, the instruction manuals require any modifications/additions/changes, the same shall be incorporated and the updated final instruction manuals shall be submitted by the Contractor to the Employer.
- (5) The Contractor shall furnish to the Employer catalogues of spare parts.
- (6) All As-built drawings/documents shall be certified by site indicating the changes before final submission.
- The list of major drawings/documents to be approved to qualify for second advance as per Section SCC, shall be as per **Annexure-D**.

### 6.0 MATERIAL/ WORKMANSHIP

#### 6.1 General Requirement

Where the specification does not contain references to workmanship, equipment, materials and components of the covered equipment, it is essential that the same must be new, of highest grade of the best quality of their kind, conforming to best engineering practice and suitable for the purpose for which they are intended.

- 6.1.2 In case where the equipment, materials or components are indicated in the specification as "similar" to any special standard, the Employer shall decide upon the question of similarity. When required by the specification or when required by the Employer the Contractor shall submit, for approval, all the information concerning the materials or components to be used in manufacture. Machinery, equipment, materials and components supplied, installed or used without such approval shall run the risk of subsequent rejection, it is to be understood that the cost as well as the time delay associated with the rejection shall be borne by the Contractor.
- 6.1.3 The design of the Works shall be such that installation, future expansions, replacements and general maintenance may be undertaken with a minimum of time and expenses. Each component shall be designed to be consistent with its duty and suitable factors of safety, subject to mutual agreements. All joints and fastenings shall be devised, constructed and documented so that the component parts shall be accurately positioned and restrained to fulfill their required function. In general, screw threads shall be standard metric threads. The use of other thread forms will only be permitted when prior approval has been obtained from the Employer.
- 6.1.4 Whenever possible, all similar part of the Works shall be made to gauge and shall also be made interchangeable with similar parts. All spare parts shall also be interchangeable and shall be made of the same materials and workmanship as the corresponding parts of the Equipment supplied under the Specification. Where feasible, common component units shall be employed in different pieces of equipment in order to minimize spare parts stocking requirements. All equipment of the same type and rating shall be physically and electrically interchangeable.
- All materials and equipment shall be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation(s). Only first-class work in accordance with the best modern practices will be accepted. Installation shall be considered as being the erection of equipment at its permanent location. This, unless otherwise specified, shall include unpacking, cleaning and lifting into position, grouting, levelling, aligning, coupling of or bolting down to previously installed equipment bases/foundations, performing the alignment check and final adjustment prior to initial operation, testing and commissioning in accordance with the manufacturer's tolerances, instructions and the Specification. All factory assembled rotating machinery shall be checked for alignment and adjustments made as necessary to re-establish the manufacturer's limits suitable guards shall be provided for the protection of personnel on all exposed rotating and / or moving machine parts and shall be designed for easy installation and removal for maintenance purposes. The spare equipment(s) shall be installed at designated locations and tested for healthiness.
- 6.1.6 The Contractor shall apply oil and grease of the proper specification to suit the machinery, as is necessary for the installation of the equipment. Lubricants used for installation purposes shall be drained out and the system flushed through where necessary for applying the lubricant required for operation. The Contractor shall apply all operational lubricants to the equipment installed by him.
- All oil, grease and other consumables used in the Works/Equipment shall be purchased in India unless the Contractor has any special requirement for the specific application of a type of oil or grease not available in India. If such is the case, he shall declare source of oil/grease /other consumables in the GTP/Drawings, where such oil or grease is available. He shall help Employer in establishing equivalent Indian make and Indian Contractor. The same shall be applicable to other consumables too.
- 6.2 Provisions For Exposure to Hot and Humid climate

Outdoor equipment supplied under the specification shall be suitable for service and storage under tropical conditions of high temperature, high humidity, heavy rainfall and environment favourable to the growth of fungi and mildew. The indoor equipments located in non-air conditioned areas shall also be of same type.

#### 6.2.1 Space Heaters

- 6.2.1.1 The heaters shall be suitable for continuous operation at 240V as supply voltage. On-off switch and fuse shall be provided.
- 6.2.1.2 One or more adequately rated thermostatically connected heaters shall be supplied to prevent condensation in any compartment. The heaters shall be installed in the compartment and electrical connections shall be made sufficiently away from below the heaters to minimize deterioration of supply wire insulation. The heaters shall be suitable to maintain the compartment temperature to prevent condensation.

#### 6.2.2 FUNGI STATIC VARNISH

Besides the space heaters, special moisture and fungus resistant varnish shall be applied on parts which may be subjected or predisposed to the formation of fungi due to the presence or deposit of nutrient substances. The varnish shall not be applied to any surface of part where the treatment will interfere with the operation or performance of the equipment. Such surfaces or parts shall be protected against the application of the varnish.

#### 6.2.3 Ventilation opening

Wherever ventilation is provided, the compartments shall have ventilation openings with fine wire mesh of brass to prevent the entry of insects and to reduce to a minimum the entry of dirt and dust.

#### 6.2.4 Degree of Protection

The enclosures of the Control Cabinets, Junction boxes and Marshalling Boxes, panels etc. to be installed shall comply with following degree of protection as detailed here under:

- a) Installed out door: IP- 55
- b) Installed indoor in air conditioned area: IP-31
- c) Installed in covered area: IP-52
- d) Installed indoor in non-air conditioned area where possibility of entry of water is limited: IP-41.
- e) For LT Switchgear (AC & DC distribution Boards): IP-52

The degree of protection shall be in accordance with IS/IEC60947; IS/IEC/60529. Type test report for of relevant Degree of Protection test, shall be submitted for approval.

# 6.3 RATING PLATES, NAME PLATES AND LABELS

- 6.3.1 Each main and auxiliary item of substation is to have permanently attached to it in a conspicuous position a rating plate of non-corrosive material upon which is to be engraved manufacturer's name, Customer Name, year of manufacture, equipment name, type or serial number together with details of the loading conditions under which the item of substation in question has been designed to operate, and such diagram plates as may be required by the Employer. The rating plate of each equipment shall be according to IS/ IEC requirement.
- 6.3.2 All such nameplates, instruction plates, rating plates of transformers, reactors, CB, CT, CVT, SA, Isolators, C & R panels and PLCC equipments shall be bilingual with Hindi

inscription first followed by English. Alternatively two separate plates one with Hindi and the other with English inscriptions may be provided.

#### 6.4 FIRST FILL OF CONSUMABLES, OIL AND LUBRICANTS

All the first fill of consumables such as oils, lubricants, filling compounds, touch up paints, soldering/brazing material for all copper piping of circuit breakers and essential chemicals etc. which will be required to put the equipment covered under the scope of the specifications, into operation, shall be furnished by the Contractor unless specifically excluded under the exclusions in these specifications and documents.

#### 7.0 DESIGN IMPROVEMENTS / COORDINATION

- 7.1 The bidder shall offer the equipment meeting the requirement of the technical specification. However, the Employer or the Contractor may propose changes in the specification of the equipment or quality thereof and if the contractor & Employer agree upon any such changes, the specification shall be modified accordingly.
- 7.2 If any such agreed upon change is such that it affects the price and schedule of completion, the parties shall agree in writing as to the extent of any change in the price and/or schedule of completion before the Contractor proceeds with the change. Following such agreement, the provision thereof, shall be deemed to have been amended accordingly.
- 7.3 The Contractor shall be responsible for the selection and design of appropriate equipments to provide the best co-ordinated performance of the entire system. The basic design requirements are detailed out in this Specification. The design of various components, sub-assemblies and assemblies shall be so done that it facilitates easy field assembly and maintenance.
- 7.4 The Contractor has to coordinate designs and terminations with the agencies (if any) who are Consultants/Contractor for the Employer. The names of agencies shall be intimated to the successful bidders.
- 7.5 The Contractor will be called upon to attend design co-ordination meetings with the Engineer, other Contractor's and the Consultants of the Employer (if any) during the period of Contract. The Contractor shall attend such meetings at his own cost at POWERGRID Corporate Centre, Gurgaon (Haryana) or at mutually agreed venue as and when required and fully cooperate with such persons and agencies involved during those discussions.

#### 8.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAMME

- 8.1 To ensure that the equipment and services under the scope of this Contract, whether manufactured or performed within the Contractor's Works or at his Sub-Contractor's premises or at the Employer's site or at any other place of Work as applicable, are in accordance with the specifications, the Contractor shall ensure suitable quality assurance programme to control such activities at all points necessary. A quality assurance programme of the Contractor shall be in line with ISO requirements & shall generally cover the following:
  - a) The organisation structure for the management and implementation of the proposed quality assurance programme.
  - b) System for Document and Data Control.
  - c) Qualification and Experience data of Bidder's key personnel.

- d) The procedure for purchases of materials, parts, components and selection of sub-Contractor's services including vendor analysis, source inspection, incoming raw material inspection, verification of material purchases etc.
- e) System for shop manufacturing and site erection controls including process controls, fabrication and assembly control.
- f) System for Control of non-conforming products including deviation dispositioning, if any and system for corrective and preventive actions based on the feedback received from the Customers and also internally documented system for Customer complaints.
- g) Inspection and test procedure both for manufacture and field activities.
- h) System for Control of calibration of testing and measuring equipment and the indication of calibration status on the instruments.
- i) System for indication and appraisal of inspection status.
- j) System of Internal Quality Audits, Management review and initiation of corrective and Preventive actions based on the above.
- k) System for authorising release of manufactured product to the Employer.
- l) System for maintenance of records.
- m) System for handling, storage and delivery.
- n) A quality plan detailing out the specific quality control measures and procedure adopted for controlling the quality characteristics relevant to each item of equipment furnished and /or service rendered.
- o) System for various field activities i.e. unloading, receipt at site, proper storage, erection, testing and commissioning of various equipment and maintenance of records. In this regard, the Employer has already prepared Standard Field Quality Plan for transmission line/substation equipments as applicable, Civil/erection Works which is required to be followed for associated works.

The Employer or his duly authorised representative reserves the right to carry out quality audit and quality surveillance of the system and procedure of the Contractor/his vendor's quality management and control activities.

#### 8.2 **Quality Assurance Documents**

The Contractor shall ensure availability of the following Quality Assurance Documents:

- i) All Non-Destructive Examination procedures, stress relief and weld repair procedure actually used during fabrication, and reports including radiography interpretation reports.
- ii) Welder and welding operator qualification certificates.
- iii) Welder's identification list, welding operator's qualification procedure and welding identification symbols.
- iv) Raw Material test reports on components as specified by the specification and in the quality plan.
- v) The Manufacturing Quality Plan(MQP) indicating Customer Inspection Points (CIPs) at various stages of manufacturing and methods used to verify that the inspection and testing points in the quality plan were performed satisfactorily.

- vi) Factory test results for testing required as per applicable quality plan/technical specifications/GTP/Drawings etc.
- vii) Stress relief time temperature charts/oil impregnation time temperature charts, wherever applicable.

# 8.3 INSPECTION, TESTING & INSPECTION CERTIFICATE

8.3.1 Contractor shall procure bought out items from sub-vendors as per the list in Vendors" "Compendium of available on **POWERGRID** web-site www.powergridindia.com after ensuring compliance to the requirements/conditions mentioned therein. Contractor shall explore first the possibilities of procuring the bought out items from POWERGRID approved existing vendors. In case of their unavailability / non-response, Contractor may approach POWERGRID for additional sub-vendor approval. In that case, the assessment report of proposed sub vendor by Contractor along with the enclosures as per **Annexure-F** shall be submitted within 60 days of the award. The proposal shall be reviewed and approval will be accorded based on the verification of the document submitted and/or after the physical assessment of the works as the case may be. The physical assessment conducted by POWERGRID, if required, shall be on chargeable basis. Charges shall be as per the POWERGRID norms prevailing at that time, which shall be intimated by POWERGRID separately. If proposal for sub-vendor is submitted after 60 days, the Contractor's proposal normally will not be considered for current LOA. However, POWERGRID may process the case for developing more vendors for referred items, if found relevant. In all cases, It is the responsibility of the Contractor that Project activities do not suffer on account of delay in approval/non approval of a new sub-vendor.

The responsibility and the basis of inspection for various items & equipment is placed at **Annexure-G** along with the requirement of MQP (Manufacturing Quality Plan), ITP(Inspection & Test Plan), FAT(Factory Acceptance Test) which should be valid & POWERGRID approved and Level of inspection envisaged against each item.

Contractor shall ensure that order for items where MQP/ITP/FAT is required will be placed only on vendors having valid MQP/ITP/FAT and where the supplier's MQP/ITP/FAT is either not valid or has not been approved by POWERGRID, MQP shall be generally submitted as per POWERGRID format before placing order.

Items not covered under MQP/ITP/FAT shall be offered for inspection as per POWERGRID LOA/technical Specifications/POWERGRID approved data sheets/POWERGRID approved drawings and relevant Indian/International standards.

Inspection **Levels**: For implementation of projects in a time bound manner and to avoid any delay in deputation of POWERGRID or its authorized representative, involvement of POWERGRID for inspection of various items / equipment will be based on the level below:

- Level –I: Contractor to raise all inspection calls and review the report of tests carried out by the manufacturer, on his own, as per applicable standards/ POWERGRID specification, and submit to concerned POWERGRID inspection office/Inspection Engineer. CIP/MICC will be issued by POWERGRID based on review of test reports/certificates of manufacturers.
- **Level II**: Contractor to raise all inspection calls and carry out the inspection on behalf of POWERGRID on the proposed date of inspection as per applicable standards/specification. However, in case POWERGRID wishes to associate itself during inspection, the same would be intimated to

Contractor and CIP/MICC will be issued by POWERGRID. Else, Contractor would submit their test reports/certificates to POWERGRID. CIP/MICC will be issued by POWERGRID based on review of test reports/certificates.

- Level III: Contractor to raise inspection calls for both, stage (as applicable) & final inspection and carry out the stage inspections (if applicable) on behalf of POWERGRID on the proposed date of inspection as per applicable standards/specification. However, in case POWERGRID wishes to associate itself during stage inspection, the same would be intimated to Contractor and CIP will be issued by POWERGRID. Else, Contractor would submit the test reports / certificates of stage inspection after their own review and CIP will be issued by POWERGRID based on review of test reports / certificates. Final inspection will be carried out by POWERGRID and CIP/MICC will be issued by POWERGRID.
- **Level IV**: Contractor to raise inspection calls for both, stage (as applicable) & final inspections. POWERGRID will carry out the inspection for both stage & final inspection as per applicable standards/specification and CIP/MICC will be issued by POWERGRID.
- 8.3.2 Contractor shall ensure that to implement the above inspection levels, particularly for the quality control and inspection at sub-vendor's works, they would depute sufficient qualified & experienced manpower in their Quality Control and Inspection department. Further, to assure quality of construction, Contractor shall have a separate workforce having appropriate qualification & experience and deploy suitable tools and plant for maintaining quality requirement during construction in line with applicable Field Quality Plan (FQP).
- 8.3.3 The Employer, his duly authorised representative and/or outside inspection agency acting on behalf of the Employer shall have at all reasonable times access to the Contractor's premises or Works and shall have the power at all reasonable times to ensure that proper Quality Management practices / norms are adhered to, inspect and examine the materials & workmanship of the Works, to carry out Quality/Surveillance Audit during manufacture or erection and if part of the Works is being manufactured or assembled at other premises or works. The Contractor shall obtain for the Employer and for his duly authorised representative permission to inspect as if the works were manufactured or assembled on the Contractor's own premises or works. The item/equipment, if found unsatisfactory with respect to workmanship or material is liable to be rejected. The observations for improvements during product/ process inspection by POWERGRID shall be recorded in Quality Improvement Register (available & maintained at works) for review & timely compliance of observations.
- 8.3.4 Contractor shall submit inspection calls over internet through POWERGRID website. The required vendor code and password to enable raising inspection call will be furnished to the main Contractor within 30 days of award of contract on submission of documents by Contractor. After raising the inspection calls, Contractor shall then proceed as per the message of that particular call which is available on the message board.
- 8.3.5 The Employer reserves the right to witness any or all type, acceptance and routine tests specified for which the Contractor shall give the Employer/Inspector Twenty one (21) days written notice of any material being ready for testing for each stage of testing as identified in the approved quality plan as customer inspection point(CIP) for indigenous inspections. All inspection calls for overseas material shall be given at least forty five (45) days in advance. Such tests shall be to the Contractor's account

except for the expenses of the Inspection Engineer. The Employer/inspector, unless witnessing of the tests is waived by Employer, will attend such tests within Twenty one (21) days of the date of which the equipment is notified as being ready for test/inspection, failing which the Contractor may proceed with the test which shall be deemed to have been made in the Inspector's presence and he shall forthwith forward to the Inspector three copies of tests, duly certified. Contractor shall ensure, before giving notice for type test, that all drawings and quality plans have been got approved. The equipment shall be dispatched to site only after approval of Routine and Acceptance test results and Issuance of Dispatch Clearance in writing by the Employer. CIP/Material Inspection clearance certificate (MICC) shall be issued by the Employer after inspection of the equipment or review of test reports as applicable. Employer may waive off the presence of Employer's inspecting engineer. In that case test will be carried out as per approved QP and test certificate will be furnished by the supplier for approval. CIP/MICC will be issued only after review and approval of the test reports.

- 8.3.6 Contractor shall generally offer material for inspection as per supply bar chart approved by POWERGRID and not before 30 days from schedule indicated in the bar chart. In case Contractor offers material(s) for inspection prior to 30 days from the scheduled date with necessary approval of POWERGRID, POWERGRID shall inspect the material and issue CIP only. However, in such an exceptional case, MICC shall be issued only as per provision of original / revised approved supply schedule.
- 8.3.7 Contractor shall minimize the number of inspection calls by offering optimum quantities in each inspection call at the respective manufacturer's works.
- 8.3.8 Contractor shall inspect the material themselves and only after they are fully convinced about the Quality, they shall offer the material for POWERGRID inspection and shall also ensure that relevant portion of LOA/NOA, approved drawing and data sheets along with applicable Quality Plans are available at the works of Contractor or their Sub-vendor before the material is offered for inspection.
- 8.3.9 Contractor shall ensure that material which has been cleared for dispatch after inspection will be dispatched within 30 days in case of domestic supplies and within 60 days in case of Off-shore supplies from the date of issuance of CIP. Material which is not dispatched within stipulated time as above will be reoffered for POWERGRID inspection or specific approval of POWERGRID QA&I shall be obtained for delayed dispatch.
- 8.3.10 The Employer or IE shall give notice in writing to the Contractor, of any objection either to conformance to any drawings or to any equipment and workmanship which in his opinion is not in accordance with the Contract. The Contractor shall give due consideration to such objections and shall either make the modifications that may be necessary to meet the said objections or shall confirm in writing to the Employer/Inspection Engineer giving reasons therein, that no modifications are necessary to comply with the Contract.
- 8.3.11 All Test Reports and documents to be submitted in English during final inspection of equipment by POWERGRID or as and when required for submission.
- 8.3.12 When the factory tests have been completed at the Contractor's or Sub-Contractor's works, the Employer/Inspection Engineer(IE) shall issue a certificate to this effect within fifteen (15) days after completion of tests & submission of documents by Contractor/manufacturer but if the tests are not witnessed by the Employer/IE, the certificate shall be issued within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the Contractor's Test certificate by the Employer/IE. Contractor shall, on completion of all tests, submit test reports within Ten (10) days to POWERGRID IE. Failure of the Employer/IE to issue such a certificate shall not prevent the Contractor from proceeding with the Works.

The completion of these tests or the issue of the certificate shall not bind the Employer to accept the equipment should, it, on further tests after erection, be found not to comply with the Contract.

- 8.3.13 In all cases, where the Contract provides for tests whether at the premises or works of the Contractor or of any Sub- Contractor, the Contractor, except where otherwise specified, shall provide free of charge such items as labour, materials, electricity, fuel, water, stores, apparatus and instruments as may be reasonably demanded by the Employer/Inspector or his authorised representative to carry out effectively such tests of the equipment in accordance with the Contract and shall give facilities to the Employer/Inspection Engineer or to his authorised representative to accomplish testing.
- 8.3.14 The inspection and acceptance by Employer and issue of Inspection Certificate thereon shall in no way limit the liabilities and responsibilities of the Contractor in respect of the agreed quality assurance programme forming a part of the Contract, or if such equipment is found to be defective at a later stage.
- 8.3.15 The Employer will have the right of having at his own expenses any other test(s) of reasonable nature carried out at Contractor's premises or at site or in any other place in addition of aforesaid type and routine tests, to satisfy that the material comply with the specification.
- 8.3.16 The Employer reserves the right for getting any additional field tests conducted on the completely assembled equipment at site to satisfy that material complies with specifications.
- 8.3.17 Rework/ Re-engineering, if any, on any item/equipment shall be carried out only after mutual discussions and in accordance with mutually agreed procedure. Contractor shall submit Joint Inspection Report of equipments under Re-Work/Re-Engineering alongwith procedure for the same to POWERGRID for approval, before taking up the Re-Work/Re-Engineering, failing which POWERGRID reserves the right to reject the equipment.
- 8.3.18 Contractor may establish a field test Laboratory to execute Civil Construction testing requirements at site with the condition that all testing equipment shall be calibrated from POWERGRID approved accredited Testing laboratories, with calibration certificates kept available at site and all testing personnel employed in the Field Testing Laboratories to be qualified and experienced Engineers or testing to be carried out at POWERGRID approved Third Party Laboratories.
- 8.3.19 Contractor shall ensure that all possible steps are taken to avoid damages to the equipment during transport, storage and erection.
- 8.3.20 Contractor shall implement additional stringent quality checks and preparation during installation of GIS at site (if applicable) as per POWERGRID approved guidelines/Technical specifications.
- 8.3.21 Contractor shall ensure commissioning of all CSDs along with Circuit Breakers wherever applicable.

#### **8.3.22** For EHV transformers/reactors:

Insulation oil shall be as per POWERGRID Technical specifications and same grade shall be used for impregnation of the active part & testing at the works of Transformer/Reactor Manufacturer and as well as for filling the Transformer/Reactors at site. Contractor to ensure that windings for Transformer/Reactors are made in airconditioned environment. Core-coil assembly shall be performed in positive pressurized dust controlled environment. Dust measurements shall be monitored

regularly at Transformer / Reactor Manufacturer works. Contractor shall ensure that respective civil foundations & Fire walls for Transformer/Reactors units to be commissioned, shall be made ready at concerned sites before receipt of Transformer/Reactors units. All the requisite material for Neutral & Delta Bus formation required for charging of complete bank of 765KV class 1-ph Transformer/Reactor units shall be made available at the concerned sites before receipt of the Transformer/Reactor units at site.

8.3.23 The Employer reserves the right to increase or decrease their involvement in inspections at Contractor's Works or at his Sub-Contractor's premises or at the Employer's site or at any other place of Work based on performance of Contractor/sub-Contractor.

#### 9.0 TYPE TESTING & CLEARANCE CERTIFICATE

- 9.1 All equipment being supplied shall conform to type tests as per technical specification and shall be subject to routine tests in accordance with requirements stipulated under respective sections.
- 9.2 The reports for all type tests as per technical specification shall be furnished by the Contractor along with equipment / material drawings. However, type test reports of similar equipments/ material already accepted in POWERGRID shall be applicable for all projects with similar requirement. The type tests conducted earlier should have either been conducted in accredited laboratory (accredited based on ISO / IEC Guide 25 / 17025 or EN 45001 by the national accreditation body of the country where laboratory is located) or witnessed by POWERGRID/representative authorized by POWERGRID/representative of Utility /representative of accredited test lab/ representative of The National Accreditation Board for Certification Bodies( NABCB) certified agency shall also be acceptable.

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere, the type test reports submitted shall be of the tests conducted within the years specified below from the date of NOA. In case the test reports are of the test conducted earlier than the years specified below from the date of NOA, the contractor shall repeat these test(s) at no extra cost to the Employer.

S.No	Name of Equipment	Validity of type test( in
		years )
1	Power Transformer	5
2	LT Transformer	5
3	Shunt Reactor	5
4	OLTC	10
5	Bushing of Power Transformers/Reactors	7
6	Fittings and accessories for Power	10
	transformers & Reactors	
7	Circuit Breaker	10
8	Isolator	10
9	Lighting Arrester	10
10	Wave Trap	10
11	Instrument transformer	7
12	GIS & Hybrid GIS	10
13	LT Switchgear	10
14	Cable and associated accessories	10
15	Relays	7
16	Capacitors	10

17	Battery & Battery Charger	7
18	Conductor & Earth wire	10
19	Insulators ( Porcelain/Glass)	10
20	Composite Insulators	5
21	PLCC	5

Note

For all other equipment's validity of type test shall be 10 years from date of NOA

Further, in the event of any discrepancy in the test reports i.e. any test report not acceptable due to any design/manufacturing changes or due to non-compliance with the requirement stipulated in the Technical Specification or any/all type tests not carried out, same shall be carried out without any additional cost implication to the Employer.

The Contractor shall intimate the Employer the detailed program about the type tests at least two (2) weeks in advance in case of domestic supplies & six (6) weeks in advance in case of foreign supplies.

- 9.3 The Employer intends to repeat those type tests which are indicated in the price schedule and the same shall be payable as per provision of contract. The price of conducting type tests shall be included in Bid price and break up of these shall be given in the relevant schedule of Bid Proposal Sheets. These Type test charges would be considered in bid evaluation. In case Bidder does not indicate charges for any of the type tests or does not mention the name of any test in the price schedules, it will be presumed that the particular test has been offered free of charge. Further, in case any Bidder indicates that he shall not carry out a particular test, his offer shall be considered incomplete and shall be liable to be rejected. The Employer reserves the right to waive the repeating of type tests partly or fully and in case of waival, test charges for the same shall not be payable.
- 9.4 The Employer reserves the right to witness any or all the type tests. The Employer shall bear all expenses for deputation of Employer's representative(s) for witnessing the type tests except in the case of re-deputation if any, necessitated due to no fault of the Employer.
- 9.5 The list of makes of various items, for which Type test reports are not required to be submitted are specified at Annexure-J.

#### 10.0 TESTS

#### 10.1 Pre-commissioning Tests

On completion of erection of the equipment and before charging, each item of the equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned and then inspected jointly by the Employer and the Contractor for correctness and completeness of installation and acceptability for charging, leading to initial pre-commissioning tests at Site. The list of pre-commissioning tests to be performed are given in respective chapters and shall be included in the Contractor's quality assurance programme.

# 10.2 Commissioning Tests

- 10.2.1 The available instrumentation and control equipment will to be used during such tests and the Employer will calibrate, all such measuring equipment and devices as far as practicable.
- 10.2.2 Any special equipment, tools and tackles required for the successful completion of the Commissioning Tests shall be arranged by the Contractor at his own cost.

10.2.3 The specific tests requirement on equipment have been brought out in the respective chapters of the technical specification.

#### 10.3.4 PRECOMMISSIONING, COMMISSIONING, TRIAL-RUN & COMPLETION

As soon as the Facilities covered by these specifications are physically completed in all respects, the Pre commissioning, Commissioning, Trial-run and Completion of the Facilities, as mentioned below, shall be attained in accordance with the procedure given in the Conditions of Contract, Vol.-I of the Bidding Documents.

(i) Pre commissioning : As per relevant Sections

(ii) Commissioning : Charging of the Facilities at rated voltage.

Further, wherever appearing in these specifications, the words-'commissioning checks', 'installation checks', 'site tests', 'performance guarantee tests for fire protection system', are to be considered as 'pre commissioning checks'.

(iii) Trial-run

: Operation of the Facilities or any part thereof by the Contractor immediately after the Commissioning for a continuous period of 72 (Seventy two) hours continuously. In case of interruption due to problem/failure in the respective equipment, the contractor shall rectify the problem and after rectification, continuous 72 (Seventy two) hours period start after such rectification.

(iv) Completion : Upon successful completion of Trial-run.

'Guarantee Test(s)' and/or 'Functional Guarantees' are applicable only for Substation Automation System as specified in Section-'Substation Automation System.'

10.3. The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining statutory clearances from the concerned authorities for commissioning the equipment and the switchyard. However necessary fee shall be reimbursed by POWERGRID on production of requisite documents.

#### 11.0 PACKAGING & PROTECTION

- All the equipments shall be suitably protected, coated, covered or boxed and crated to prevent damage or deterioration during transit, handling and storage at Site till the time of erection. On request of the Employer, the Contractor shall also submit packing details/associated drawing for any equipment/material under his scope of supply, to facilitate the Employer to repack any equipment/material at a later date, in case the need arises. While packing all the materials, the limitation from the point of view of availability of Railway wagon sizes in India should be taken into account. The Contractor shall be responsible for any loss or damage during transportation, handling and storage due to improper packing. Any demurrage, wharfage and other such charges claimed by the transporters, railways etc. shall be to the account of the Contractor. Employer takes no responsibility of the availability of the wagons.
- All coated surfaces shall be protected against abrasion, impact, discolouration and any other damages. All exposed threaded portions shall be suitably protected with either a metallic or a non-metallic protecting device. All ends of all valves and pipings and conduit equipment connections shall be properly sealed with suitable devices to protect them from damage.

#### 12.0 FINISHING OF METAL SURFACES

All metal surfaces shall be subjected to treatment for anti-corrosion protection. All ferrous surfaces for external use unless otherwise stated elsewhere in the specification or specifically agreed, shall be hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. All steel conductors including those used for earthing/grounding (above ground level) shall also be galvanized according to IS: 2629.

#### 12.2 HOT DIP GALVANISING

- The minimum weight of the zinc coating shall be 610 gm/sq.m and minimum average thickness of coating shall be 86 microns for all items having thickness 6mm and above and 900 gm/sq.m for coastal area (if defined in Section Project) For items lower than 6mm thickness requirement of coating thickness shall be as per relevant ASTM. For surface which shall be embedded in concrete, the zinc coating shall be 610 gm/sq.m minimum and 900 gm/sq.m for coastal area (if specified in Section-Project).
- The galvanized surfaces shall consist of a continuous and uniform thick coating of zinc, firmly adhering to the surface of steel. The finished surface shall be clean and smooth and shall be free from defects like discoloured patches, bare spots, unevenness of coating, spelter which is loosely attached to the steel globules, spiky deposits, blistered surface, flaking or peeling off, etc. The presence of any of these defects noticed on visual or microscopic inspection shall render the material liable to rejection.
- 12.2.3 After galvanizing, no drilling or welding shall be performed on the galvanized parts of the equipment excepting that nuts may be threaded after galvanizing. Sodium dichromate or alternate approved treatment shall be provided to avoid formation of white rust after hot dip galvanization.
- 12.2.4 The galvanized steel shall be subjected to four numbers of one minute dips in copper sulphate solution as per IS-2633.
- 12.2.5 Sharp edges with radii less than 2.5 mm shall be able to withstand four immersions of the Standard Preece test. All other coatings shall withstand six immersions. The following galvanizing tests should essentially be performed as per relevant Indian Standards.
  - Coating thickness
  - Uniformity of zinc
  - Adhesion test
  - Mass of zinc coating
- 12.2.6 Galvanised material must be transported properly to ensure that galvanised surfaces are not damaged during transit. Application of touch-up zinc rich paint at site shall be allowed with approval of Engineer Incharge.

#### 12.3 PAINTING

12.3.1 All sheet steel work shall be degreased, pickled, phosphated in accordance with the IS-6005 "Code of practice for phosphating iron and sheet". All surfaces, which will not be easily accessible after shop assembly, shall beforehand be treated and protected for the life of the equipment. The surfaces, which are to be finished painted after installation or require corrosion protection until installation, shall be shop painted with at least two coats of primer. Oil, grease, dirt and swaf shall be thoroughly removed by emulsion cleaning. Rust and scale shall be removed by pickling with dilute acid followed by washing with running water, rinsing with slightly alkaline hot water and drying.

- 12.3.2 Hot Phosphating shall be done for phosphating process under pretreatment of sheets After phosphating, thorough rinsing shall be carried out with clean water followed by final rinsing with dilute dichromate solution and oven drying. The phosphate coating shall be sealed with application of two coats of ready mixed, stoving type zinc chromate primer. The first coat may be "flash dried" while the second coat shall be stoved.
- 12.3.3 After application of the primer, two coats of finishing synthetic enamel paint shall be applied, each coat followed by stoving. The second finishing coat shall be applied after inspection of first coat of painting.
- The exterior and interior colour of the paint in case of new substations shall preferably be RAL 7032 for all equipment, marshalling boxes, junction boxes, control cabinets, panels etc. unless specifically mentioned under respective sections of the equipments. Glossy white colour inside the equipments /boards /panels/junction boxes is also acceptable. The exterior colour for panels shall be matching with the existing panels in case of extension of a substation. Each coat of primer and finishing paint shall be of slightly different shade to enable inspection of the painting. A small quantity of finishing paint shall be supplied for minor touching up required at site after installation of the equipments.
- 12.3.5 In case the contractor proposes to follow his own standard surface finish and protection procedures or any other established painting procedures, like electrostatic painting etc., the procedure shall be submitted during detailed engineering for Employer's review & approval.
- 12.3.6 The colour scheme as given below shall be followed for Fire Protection and Air Conditioning systems

S.No.	PIPE LINE	Base colour	Band colour
Fire Pr	otection System		
1	Hydrant and Emulsifier system pipeline/NIFPS	FIRE RED	-
2	Emulsifier system detection line – water	FIRE RED	Sea Green
3	Emulsifier system detection line -Air	FIRE RED	Sky Blue
4	Pylon support pipes	FIRE RED	
Air Cor	<u>nditioning Plant</u>		
5	Refrigerant gas pipeline – at compressor suction	Canary Yellow	-
6	Refrigerant gas pipeline – at compressor discharge	Canary Yellow	Red
7	Refrigerant liquid pipeline	Dark Admiralty Green	-
8	Chilled water pipeline	Sea Green	-
9	Condenser water pipeline	Sea Green	Dark Blue

The direction of flow shall be marked by  $\rightarrow$  (arrow) in black colour.

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Base Colour Direction of flow Band Colour

12.3.7 For aluminium casted surfaces, the surface shall be with smooth finish. Further, in case of aluminium enclosures, the surface shall be coated with powder (coating thickness of 60 microns) after surface preparation for painting. For stainless steel surfaces, no painting is envisaged.

12.3.8 Band colour is required for Emulsifier system detection line only if both water and air detection lines are present at the same substation. Further, band colour shall be applied at an interval of 2 meters approx. along the length and minimum width of band shall be 25mm.

### 13.0 HANDLING, STORING AND INSTALLATION

- In accordance with the specific installation instructions as shown on manufacturer's drawings or as directed by the Employer or his representative, the Contractor shall unload, store, erect, install, wire, test and place into commercial use all the equipment included in the contract. Equipment shall be installed in a neat, workmanlike manner so that it is level, plumb, square and properly aligned and oriented. Commercial use of switchyard equipment means completion of all site tests specified and energisation at rated voltage.
- 13.2 Contractor may engage manufacturer's Engineers to supervise the unloading, transportation to site, storing, testing and commissioning of the various equipment being procured by them separately. Contractor shall unload, transport, store, erect, test and commission the equipment as per instructions of the manufacturer's supervisory Engineer(s) and shall extend full cooperation to them.
- The contractor must ensure that the open storage platform (as per Drawing No. C-ENGG-CVL-STD-PLATFORM-01, Rev.0) is constructed for storage of outdoor type equipment/material prior to commencement of delivery at site. Outdoor equipment shall be stored on open storage platform, properly covered with waterproof and dustproof covers to protect them from water seepage and moisture ingress.

However, all indoor equipments including control & protection panels, Communication equipments and operating mechanism boxes etc. of outdoor equipments shall be stored indoors.

Storage of equipment on top of another one is not permitted if the wooden packing is used and there is possibility of equipment/packing damage. Material opened for joint inspection shall be repacked properly as per manufacturer's recommendations.

During storage of material regular periodic monitoring of important parameters like oil level / leakage, SF6 / Nitrogen pressure etc. shall be ensured by the contractor.

- In case of any doubt/misunderstanding as to the correct interpretation of manufacturer's drawings or instructions, necessary clarifications shall be obtained from the Employer. Contractor shall be held responsible for any damage to the equipment consequent to not following manufacturer's drawings/instructions correctly.
- 13.5 Where assemblies are supplied in more than one section, Contractor shall make all necessary mechanical and electrical connections between sections including the connection between buses. Contractor shall also do necessary adjustments/alignments for proper operation of circuit breakers, isolators and their operating mechanisms. All components shall be protected against damage during unloading, transportation, storage, installation, testing and commissioning. Any equipment damaged due to negligence or carelessness or otherwise shall be replaced by the Contractor at his own expense.
- Contractor shall be responsible for examining all the shipment and notify the Employer immediately of any damage, shortage, discrepancy etc. for the purpose of Employer's information only. The Contractor shall submit to the Employer every week a report detailing all the receipts during the weeks. However, the Contractor shall be solely responsible for any shortages or damages in transit, handling and/or in storage and

erection of the equipment at Site. Any demurrage, wharfage and other such charges claimed by the transporters, railways etc. shall be to the account of the Contractor.

- The Contractor shall be fully responsible for the equipment/material until the same is handed over to the Employer in an operating condition after commissioning. Contractor shall be responsible for the maintenance of the equipment/material while in storage as well as after erection until taken over by Employer, as well as protection of the same against theft, element of nature, corrosion, damages etc.
- Where material / equipment is unloaded by Employer before the Contractor arrives at site or even when he is at site, Employer by right can hand over the same to Contractor and there upon it will be the responsibility of Contractor to store the material in an orderly and proper manner.
- The Contractor shall be responsible for making suitable indoor storage facilities, to store all equipment which requires indoor storage.
- 13.10 The words 'erection' and 'installation' used in the specification are synonymous.
- Exposed live parts shall be placed high enough above ground to meet the requirements of electrical and other statutory safety codes.
- The design and workmanship shall be in accordance with the best engineering practices to ensure satisfactory performance throughout the service life. If at any stage during the execution of the Contract, it is observed that the erected equipment(s) do not meet the above minimum clearances the Contractor shall immediately proceed to correct the discrepancy at his risks and cost.

# 13.13 Equipment Bases

A cast iron or welded steel base plate shall be provided for all rotating equipment which is to be installed on a concrete base unless otherwise agreed to by the Employer. Each base plate shall support the unit and its drive assembly, shall be of a neat design with pads for anchoring the units, shall have a raised lip all around, and shall have threaded drain connections.

13.14 Erection, testing and commissioning of Transformers, Reactors, Circuit breakers, Isolators, Substation automation system, Control & protection panels, PLCC, PMU, Telecommunication Equipments, NIFPS System etc. shall be done by the contractor under the supervision of respective equipment manufacturers. Charges for the above supervision shall be included by the bidder in the erection charges for the respective equipment in the BPS.

#### **14.0 TOOLS**

#### **14.1 TOOLS & PLANTS (T&P)**

The Contractor shall arrange all T&P (such as necessary supports, cranes, ladders, platforms etc.) for erection, testing & commissioning of the system at his own cost. Further, all consumables, wastage and damages shall be to the account of contractor.

All such T&P shall be taken back by the contractor after commissioning of the system.

#### 14.2 SPECIAL TOOLS AND TACKLES

The contractor shall supply all special tools and tackles required for Operation and maintenance of equipment. The special tools and tackles shall only cover items which are specifically required for the equipment offered and are proprietary in nature. The list of special tools and tackles, if any, shall be finalized during detail engineering and the same shall be supplied without any additional cost implication to the Employer.

#### 14.3 FACILITIES TO BE PROVIDED BY THE EMPLOYER

- 14.3.1 Employer shall make available the auxiliary supplies at a single point in the substation on chargeable basis. The prevailing energy rates of the state shall be applicable. All further distribution from the same for construction supply shall be made by the contractor. However, in case of failure of power due to any unavoidable circumstances, the contractor shall make his own necessary arrangements like diesel generator sets etc. at his own cost so that progress of work is not affected and Employer shall in no case be responsible for any delay in works because of non-availability of power.
- Employer shall make available construction water supply at a single point in the substation. All further distribution for the same shall be made by the Contractor. In case of non-availability or inadequate availability of water for construction work, the contractor shall make his own arrangement at his own cost and the Employer shall in no case be responsible for any delay in works because of non-availability or inadequate availability of water.

#### 15.0 AUXILIARY SUPPLY

The auxiliary power for station supply, including the equipment drive, cooling system of any equipment, air-conditioning, lighting etc shall be designed for the specified Parameters as under. The DC supply for the instrumentation and PLCC system shall also conform the parameters as indicated in the following table:

Normal Voltage	Variation in Voltage	Frequency in HZ	Phase/Wire	Neutral connection
415V	<u>+</u> 10%	50 <u>+</u> 5%	3/4 Wire	Solidly Earthed.
240V	<u>+</u> 10%	50 ± 5%	1/2 Wire	Solidly Earthed.
220V	190V to 240V	DC	Isolated 2 wire System	-
110V	95V to 120V	DC	Isolated 2 wire System	-
48V		DC	2 wire system (+) earthed	-

Combined variation of voltage and frequency shall be limited to  $\pm$  10%.

Pickup value of binary input modules of Intelligent Electronic Devices, Digital protection couplers, Analog protection couplers shall not be less than 50% of the specified rated station auxiliary DC supply voltage level.

#### 16.0 SUPPORT STRUCTURE

The equipment support structures shall be suitable for equipment connections at the first level i.e 14.0 meter, 8.0 meter, 5.9 meter and 4.6 meter from plinth level for 765kV, 400kV, 220kV and 132kV substations respectively. All equipment support structures shall be supplied alongwith brackets, angles, stools etc. for attaching the operating mechanism, control cabinets & marshalling box (wherever applicable) etc.

The minimum vertical distance from the bottom of the lowest porcelain/polymer part of the bushing, porcelain/polymer enclosures or supporting insulators to the bottom of the equipment base, where it rests on the foundation pad shall be 2.55 metres.

#### 17.0 CLAMPS AND CONNECTORS INCLUDING TERMINAL CONNECTORS

All power clamps and connectors shall conform to IS:5561 or other equivalent international standard and shall be made of materials listed below:

Sl. No.	Description	Materials
a)	For connecting ACSR conductors/AAC conductors/Aluminium tube	Aluminum alloy casting, conforming to designation 4600 of IS:617 and all test shall conform to IS:617
b)	For connecting equipment terminals mad of copper with ACSR conductors/AAC conductors/ Aluminium tube	Bimetallic connectors made from aluminum alloy casting, conforming to designation <b>4600</b> of IS:617 with 2mm thick bimetallic liner/strip and all test shall conform to IS:617
c)	For connecting G.I	Galvanised mild steel shield wire
d)	Bolts, nuts & plain washers	Electro-galvanised for sizes below M12, for others hot dip galvanised.
e)	Spring washers	Electro-galvanised mild steel suitable for atleast service condition-3 as per IS:1573

- 17.2 Necessary clamps and connectors shall be supplied for all equipment and connections. If corona rings are required to meet these requirements they shall be considered as part of that equipment and included in the scope of work.
- Where copper to aluminum connections are required, bi-metallic clamps shall be used, which shall be properly designed to ensure that any deterioration of the connection is kept to a minimum and restricted to parts which are not current carrying or subjected to stress.
- Low voltage connectors, grounding connectors and accessories for grounding all equipment as specified in each particular case, are also included in the scope of Work.
- No current carrying part of any clamp shall be less than 10 mm thick. All ferrous parts shall be hot dip galvanised. Copper alloy liner/strip of minimum 2 mm thickness shall be cast integral with aluminum body or 2 mm thick bi-metallic liner/strips shall be provided for Bi-metallic clamps.
- 17.6 All casting shall be free from blow holes, surface blisters, cracks and cavities. All sharp edges and corners shall be blurred and rounded off.
- 17.7 Flexible connectors, braids or laminated straps made for the terminal clamps for bus posts shall be suitable for both expansion or through (fixed/sliding) type connection of IPS AL tube as required. In both the cases the clamp height (top of the mounting pad to centre line of the tube) should be same.
- 17.8 Current carrying parts (500A and above) of the clamp/connector shall be provided with minimum four numbers of bolts preferably for 132kV and above.
- 17.9 All current carrying parts shall be designed and manufactured to have minimum contact resistance.
- 17.10 Power Clamps and connectors shall be designed to control corona as per requirement.

#### 17.11 Tests

Clamps and connectors should be type tested on minimum three samples as per IS:5561 and shall also be subjected to routine tests as per IS:5561. Following type test reports shall be submitted for approval. Type test once conducted shall hold good. The requirement of test conducted within last ten years, shall not be applicable.

- i) Temperature rise test (maximum temperature rise allowed is 35°C over 50°C ambient)
- ii) Short time current test
- iii) Corona (dry) and RIV (dry) test [for 132kV and above voltage level clamps]
- iv) Resistance test and Pullout strength test
- v) Cantilever Strength test on bus support clamps & connectors

# 18.0 CONTROL CABINETS, JUNCTION BOXES, TERMINAL BOXES MARSHALLING BOXES FOR OUTDOOR EQUIPMENT

- All types of boxes, cabinets etc. shall generally conform to & be tested in accordance with IS/IEC 61439-0, as applicable, and the clauses given below:
- 18.2 Control cabinets, junction boxes, Marshalling boxes & terminal boxes, Out door ACDB cum DCDB panels shall be made of stainless steel of atleast 1.5 mm thick or aluminum enclosure of atleast 1.6 mm thick and shall be dust, water and vermin proof. Stainless steel used shall be of grade SS304 (SS316 for coastal area) or better. The box shall be properly braced to prevent wobbling. There shall be sufficient reinforcement to provide level surfaces, resistance to vibrations and rigidity during transportation and installation. In case of aluminum enclosed box the thickness of aluminum shall be such that it provides adequate rigidity and long life as comparable with sheet steel of specified thickness.

Control cabinets, junction boxes, marshalling boxes & terminal boxes, out-door ACDB cum DCDB panels shall have adequate space/clearance as per guidelines/technical specifications to access/replace any component. Necessary component labelling to be also done on non-conducting sheet.

FOR OUTDOOR EQUIPMENT Junction Box, wire should be as per IS or equivalent IEC with FRLS grade

Machine laid PU Foam gasket may be permitted for use in Control Cabinets etc.

- 18.3 A canopy and sealing arrangements for operating rods shall be provided in marshalling boxes / Control cabinets to prevent ingress of rain water.
- 18.4 Cabinet/boxes with width more than 700 mm shall be provided with double hinged doors with padlocking arrangements. The distance between two hinges shall be adequate to ensure uniform sealing pressure against atmosphere.
- All doors, removable covers and plates shall be gasketed all around with suitably profiled EPDM/Neoprene/PU gaskets. The gasket shall be tested in accordance with approved quality plan, IS:11149 and IS:3400. Ventilating Louvers, if provided, shall have screen and filters. The screen shall be fine wire mesh made of brass.

Further, the gasketing arrangement shall be such that gaskets are pasted in slots (in door fabrication/gasket itself) in order to prevent ingression of dust and moisture

inside the panels so that no internal rusting occurs in panels during the operation of the equipment.

- All boxes/cabinets shall be designed for the entry of cables by means of weather proof and dust-proof connections. Boxes and cabinets shall be designed with generous clearances to avoid interference between the wiring entering from below and any terminal blocks or accessories mounted within the box or cabinet. Suitable cable gland plate above the base of the marshalling kiosk/box shall be provided for this purpose along with the proper blanking plates. Necessary number of cable glands shall be supplied and fitted on this gland plate. Gland plate shall have provision for some future glands to be provided later, if required. The Nickel plated glands shall be dust proof, screw on & double compression type and made of brass. The gland shall have provision for securing armour of the cable separately and shall be provided with earthing tag. The glands shall conform to BS:6121.
- 18.7 A 240V, single phase, 50 Hz, 15 amp AC plug and socket shall be provided in the cabinet with ON-OFF switch for connection of hand lamps. Plug and socket shall be of industrial grade.
- 18.8 LED based illumination of minimum 9 watts shall be provided. The switching of the fittings shall be controlled by the door switch.

For junction boxes of smaller sizes such as lighting junction box, manual operated earth switch mechanism box etc., plug socket, heater and illumination is not required to be provided.

- All control switches shall be of MCB/rotary switch type and Toggle/piano switches shall not be accepted.
- 18.10 Earthing of the cabinet shall be ensured by providing two separate earthing pads. The earth wire shall be terminated on to the earthing pad and secured by the use of self etching washer. Earthing of hinged door shall be done by using a separate earth wire.
- The bay marshalling kiosks shall be provided with danger plate and a diagram showing the numbering/connection/feruling by pasting the same on the inside of the door.
- 18.12 The following routine tests alongwith the routine tests as per IS:5039 shall also be conducted:
  - i) Check for wiring
  - ii) Visual and dimension check
- 18.13 The enclosure of bay marshalling kiosk, junction box, terminal box and control cabinets shall conform to IP-55 as per IS/IEC60947 including application of 1kV rms for 1 (one) minute, after IP-55 test.

#### 19.0 DISPOSAL OF PACKING MATERIAL & WASTE FROM CONSTRUCTION SITE

After completion of the work, Contractor shall dispose-off all the packing & waste materials including empty conductor drums, cable drums, wooden containers, oil drums, gas cylinders and other waste/scrapped materials from construction site at his own cost and shall make the substation area properly cleaned.

#### 20.0 TERMINAL BLOCKS AND WIRING

- 20.1 Control and instrument leads from the switchboards or from other equipment will be brought to terminal boxes or control cabinets in conduits. All interphase and external connections to equipment or to control cubicles will be made through terminal blocks.
- 20.2 Terminal blocks shall be 650V grade and have continuous rating to carry the maximum expected current on the terminals and non-breakable type. These shall be of moulded

piece, complete with insulated barriers, stud type terminals, washers, nuts and lock nuts. Screw clamp, overall insulated, insertion type, rail mounted terminals can be used in place of stud type terminals. But the terminal blocks shall be non-disconnecting stud type except for the secondary junction boxes of Current Transformer and Voltage Transformer.

- 20.3 Terminal blocks for current transformer and voltage transformer secondary leads shall be provided with test links and isolating facilities. The current transformer secondary leads shall also be provided with short circuiting and earthing facilities.
- The terminal shall be such that maximum contact area is achieved when a cable is terminated. The terminal shall have a locking characteristic to prevent cable from escaping from the terminal clamp unless it is done intentionally.
- The conducting part in contact with cable shall preferably be tinned or silver plated however Nickel plated copper or zinc plated steel shall also be acceptable.
- The terminal blocks shall be of extensible design, multilayer terminal arrangement is not allowed in any junction box (Common MB, Individual MB, JB etc.). There should be sufficient space at both sides of terminals so that ferrule number of wires / TB numbers are clearly visible during wire removal or insertion.
- The terminal blocks shall have locking arrangement to prevent its escape from the mounting rails.
- The terminal blocks shall be fully enclosed with removable covers of transparent, nondeteriorating type plastic material. Insulating barriers shall be provided between the terminal blocks. These barriers shall not hinder the operator from carrying out the wiring without removing the barriers.
- 20.9 Unless otherwise specified terminal blocks shall be suitable for connecting the following conductors on each side.

a)	All circuits except CT/PT circuits	Minimum of two of 2.5 sq mm copper flexible.
b)	All CT/PT circuits	Minimum of 4 nos. of 2.5 sq mm copper flexible.

- The arrangements shall be in such a manner so that it is possible to safely connect or disconnect terminals on live circuits and replace fuse links when the cabinet is live.
- Atleast 20 % spare terminals shall be provided on each panel/cubicle/box and these spare terminals shall be uniformly distributed on all terminals rows.
- There shall be a minimum clearance of 250 mm between the First/bottom row of terminal block and the associated cable gland plate for outdoor ground mounted marshalling box and the clearance between two rows of terminal blocks shall be a minimum of 150 mm.
- 20.13 The Contractor shall furnish all wire, conduits and terminals for the necessary interphase electrical connections (where applicable) as well as between phases and common terminal boxes or control cabinets.

#### 21.0 LAMPS & SOCKETS

#### 21.1 Lamps & Sockets

All lamps shall use a socket base as per IS-1258, except in the case of signal lamps.

All sockets (convenience outlets) shall be suitable to accept both 5 Amp & 15 Amp pin round Standard Indian plugs. They shall be switched sockets with shutters.

#### 21.2 Hand Lamp:

A 240 Volts, single Phase, 50 Hz AC plug point shall be provided in the interior of each cubicle with ON-OFF Switch for connection of hand lamps.

#### 21.3 Switches and Fuses:

- 21.3.1 Each panel shall be provided with necessary arrangements for receiving, distributing, isolating and fusing of DC and AC supplies for various control, signaling, lighting and space heater circuits. The incoming and sub-circuits shall be separately provided with miniature circuit breaker / switch fuse units. Selection of the main and Sub-circuit fuse ratings shall be such as to ensure selective clearance of sub-circuit faults. Potential circuits for relaying and metering shall be protected by HRC fuses.
- All fuses shall be of HRC cartridge type conforming to relevant IS mounted on plug-in type fuse bases. Miniature circuit breakers with thermal protection and alarm contacts will also be accepted. All accessible live connection to fuse bases shall be adequately shrouded. Fuses shall have operation indicators for indicating blown fuse condition. Fuse carrier base shall have imprints of the fuse rating and voltage.

#### 22.0 BUSHINGS, HOLLOW COLUMN INSULATORS, SUPPORT INSULATORS:

- Bushings shall be manufactured and tested in accordance with IS:2099 & IEC-60137 while hollow column insulators shall be manufactured and tested in accordance with IEC-62155/IS:5621. The support insulators shall be manufactured and tested as per IS:2544/IEC-60168 and IEC-60273. The insulators shall also conform to IEC-60815 as applicable.
  - The bidder may also offer composite hollow insulators, conforming to IEC-61462.
- Support insulators, bushings and hollow column insulators shall be manufactured from high quality porcelain. Porcelain used shall be homogeneous, free from laminations, cavities and other flaws or imperfections that might affect the mechanical or dielectric quality and shall be thoroughly vitrified tough and impervious to moisture.
- Glazing of the porcelain shall be uniform brown in colour, free from blisters, burrs and similar other defects.
- 22.4 Support insulators/bushings/hollow column insulators shall be designed to have ample insulation, mechanical strength and rigidity for the conditions under which they will be used.
- When operating at normal rated voltage there shall be no electric discharge between the conductors and bushing which would cause corrosion or injury to conductors, insulators or supports by the formation of substances produced by chemical action. No radio interference shall be caused by the insulators/bushings when operating at the normal rated voltage.
- Bushing porcelain shall be robust and capable of withstanding the internal pressures likely to occur in service. The design and location of clamps and the shape and the strength of the porcelain flange securing the bushing to the tank shall be such that there is no risk of fracture. All portions of the assembled porcelain enclosures and supports other than gaskets, which may in any way be exposed to the atmosphere shall be composed of completely non hygroscopic material such as metal or glazed porcelain.
- All iron parts shall be hot dip galvanised and all joints shall be air tight. Surface of joints shall be trued up porcelain parts by grinding and metal parts by machining. Insulator/bushing design shall be such as to ensure a uniform compressive pressure on the joints.

#### 22.8 Void

#### 22.9 RTV Coating on porcelain insulators (for coastal area)

RTV coating shall be done at site on all porcelain insulators (i.e. bushings, hollow and solid insulators, disc insulators etc.) for substation(s) in coastal area if defined in section Project. The cost of RTV coating shall be deemed to be included in the respective equipment/items' erection cost. The technical details of RTV coating is attached in **Annexure-H**.

In case, different designs of lattice and pipe structures other than Employer supplied structures are required to be adopted in view of higher creep age (31mm/kV) of the switchgear/equipment's, insulator strings, bushings & bus post insulators etc., Design, supply & erection of such structures shall be in the scope of contractor against respective standard structure. However dimensional details (except height) shall not be less than that specified in standard structure drawing of respective equipment's.

#### **23.0 MOTORS**

Motors shall be "Squirrel Cage" three phase induction motors of sufficient size capable of satisfactory operation for the application and duty as required for the driven equipment and shall be subjected to routine tests as per applicable standards. The motors shall be of approved make.

#### 23.1 Enclosures

- a) Motors to be installed outdoor without enclosure shall have hose proof enclosure equivalent to IP-55 as per IS: 4691. For motors to be installed indoor i.e. inside a box, the motor enclosure, shall be dust proof equivalent to IP-44 as per IS: 4691.
- b) Two independent earthing points shall be provided on opposite sides of the motor for bolted connection of earthing conductor.
- c) Motors shall have drain plugs so located that they will drain water resulting from condensation or other causes from all pockets in the motor casing.
- d) Motors weighing more than 25 Kg. shall be provided with eyebolts, lugs or other means to facilitate lifting.

#### 23.2 Operational Features

- a) Continuous motor rating (name plate rating) shall be at least ten (10) percent above the maximum load demand of the driven equipment at design duty point and the motor shall not be over loaded at any operating point of driven equipment that will rise in service.
- b) Motor shall be capable at giving rated output without reduction in the expected life span when operated continuously in the system having the particulars as given in Clause 15.0 of this Section.

#### 23.3 Starting Requirements:

a) All induction motors shall be suitable for full voltage direct-on-line starting. These shall be capable of starting and accelerating to the rated speed alongwith the driven equipment without exceeding the acceptable winding temperature even when the supply voltage drops down to 80% of the rated voltage.

- b) Motors shall be capable of withstanding the electrodynamic stresses and heating imposed if it is started at a voltage of 110% of the rated value.
- c) The locked rotor current shall not exceed six (6) times the rated full load current for all motors, subject to tolerance as given in IS:325.
- d) Motors when started with the driven equipment imposing full starting torque under the supply voltage conditions specified under Clause 15.0 shall be capable of withstanding atleast two successive starts from cold condition at room temperature and one start from hot condition without injurious heating of winding. The motors shall also be suitable for three equally spread starts per hour under the above referred supply condition.
- e) The locked rotor withstand time under hot condition at 110% of rated voltage shall be more than starting time with the driven equipment of minimum permissible voltage by at least two seconds or 15% of the accelerating time whichever is greater. In case it is not possible to meet the above requirement, the Bidder shall offer centrifugal type speed switch mounted on the motor shaft which shall remain closed for speed lower than 20% and open for speeds above 20% of the rated speed. The speed switch shall be capable of withstanding 120% of the rated speed in either direction of rotation.

#### 23.4 Running Requirements:

- a) The maximum permissible temperature rise over the ambient temperature of 50 degree C shall be within the limits specified in IS:325 (for 3-phase induction motors) after adjustment due to increased ambient temperature specified.
- b) The double amplitude of motor vibration shall be within the limits specified in IS: 4729. Vibration shall also be within the limits specified by the relevant standard for the driven equipment when measured at the motor bearings.
- c) All the induction motors shall be capable of running at 80% of rated voltage for a period of 5 minutes with rated load commencing from hot condition.

#### 23.5 TESTING AND COMMISSIONING

An indicative list of tests is given below. Contractor shall perform any additional test based on specialities of the items as per the field Q.P./Instructions of the equipment Contractor or Employer without any extra cost to the Employer. The Contractor shall arrange all instruments required for conducting these tests alongwith calibration certificates and shall furnish the list of instruments to the Employer for approval.

- (a) Insulation resistance.
- (b) Phase sequence and proper direction of rotation.
- (c) Any motor operating incorrectly shall be checked to determine the cause and the conditions corrected.

#### 24. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENT OF EQUIPMENTS

Following equipment shall be offered from the **Indian Manufacturing facilities** of manufacturer(s) who meets the technical requirements as stipulated here, provided the same equipment are not covered under the Bidder's Qualifying requirement of the Bidding Documents.

#### Legend:

\*: voltage class of respective equipment as applicable.

- #: **satisfactory operation** means certificate issued by the Employer/Utility certifying the operation without any adverse remark.
- @: Circuit Breaker Bay means a bay used for controlling a line or a transformer or a reactor or a bus section or a bus coupler and comprising of at least one circuit breaker, one disconnector and three nos. of single phase CTs / Bushing CTs

NOA: means Notification Of Award

- Technical requirements for 765/400/220/132/110kV\* Air Insulated Switchgear (AIS) Equipment\* (i.e Circuit Breaker, Isolator, Current Transformer, Capacitive Voltage transformer, Inductive Voltage transformer, Surge Arrester and Wave Trap)
  - (i) The manufacturer(s) whose 765/400/220/132/110kV\* equipment(s) are offered, must have, manufactured, type tested (as per IEC/IS or equivalent standard) and supplied 715/345/220/132/110kV\* or higher voltage class equipment(s), which are in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
  - (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India for the offered equipment and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
    - a) 715/345/220/132/110kV\* or higher Voltage class equipment(s) must have been manufactured in the above Indian works & type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied as on the date of NOA.
    - b) In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two(2) years over & above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the entire quantity of the offered equipment to be supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of the equipments(s)\* for the additional warranty period in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor

#### 24.2 Technical Requirement for 765kV class Transformer

- (i) The Manufacturer whose 765kV Transformer(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 715 kV or higher voltage class one (1) number 1-phase Transformer of at least 500 MVA capacity or at least three (3) numbers 1-phase Transformers each having a capacity of at least 166 MVA, and the same transformer (s) should have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) 715 kV or higher voltage class either One (1) no. 1-phase Transformer of at least 166 MVA capacity or One (1) no. 1-phase Reactor of at least 80 MVAR capacity must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on

technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and same should have been supplied as on the date of NOA.

- b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply 765kV transformer in India, shall be submitted.
- c) the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor

#### 24.3 Technical Requirement for 765kV class Reactor

(i) The Manufacturer whose 765kV Reactor(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 715 kV or higher voltage class one (1) number 1-phase Reactor of at least 110 MVAR capacity or at least three (3) numbers 1-phase Reactors each having a capacity of at least 36.7 MVAR and the same Reactor(s) should have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

OR

The Manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 715 kV or higher voltage class one (1) number 1-phase Transformer of at least 500 MVA capacity or at least three (3) numbers 1-phase Transformers each having a capacity of at least 166 MVA and the bidder should have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 345 kV or higher voltage class one (1) number 3-phase Reactor of at least 50 MVAR capacity or at least three (3) numbers 1-phase Reactors each having a capacity of at least 16.7 MVAR and the same Transformer(s) & Reactor(s) should have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) 715 kV or higher voltage class either One (1) no. 1-phase Reactor of at least 80 MVAR capacity or One (1) no. 1-phase Transformer of at least 166 MVA capacity must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and same should have been supplied as on the date of NOA.
  - b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer/license to design, manufacture, test and supply 765kV Reactor in India, shall be submitted.
  - c) the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

# 24.4 Technical Requirement for 400kV, 220kV, 132kV class Transformer

(i) The manufacturer whose transformer(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied transformers as per table below:

345kV or above class 3-phase transformers of at least 200 MVA or at least three (3) nos. 1-phase Transformers each having capacity of at least 66.7 MVA	applicable for supply of 400kV class Transformer
220kV or above class 3-phase transformers of at least 50 MVA or at least three (3) nos. 1-phase Transformers each having capacity of at least 16.7 MVA	applicable for supply of 220kV class Transformer
commissioned 132kV or above class 3- phase transformers of at least 20 MVA or at least three (3) nos. 1-phase Transformers each having capacity of at least 6.7 MVA	applicable for supply of 132kV class Transformer

These Transformer(s) must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
- a) 220kV (applicable for supply of 400kV class Transformer)/ 132kV (applicable for supply of 220kV class Transformer)/ 66kV (applicable for supply of 132kVclass Transformer) or higher voltage class transformers must have been designed, manufactured in the above Indian works based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied as on the date of NOA.
- b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply 400kV/220kV/132kV\* transformer in India, shall be submitted.
- c) The collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

#### 24.5 Technical Requirement for 400kV, 220kV and 132kV class Reactor

(i) The Manufacturer whose 400kV/220kV/132kV\* Reactor(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied Reactor as per table below:

	345kVor above class 3-phase shunt	applicable for supply of 400kV class
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reactor of at least 50 MVAR	Reactors
capacity or at least three (3) nos. 1-	
phase Shunt Reactors, each having	
capacity of at least 16.7 MVAR	
220kV or above class 3-phase shunt	applicable for supply of 220kV class
reactor of at least 20 MVAR	Transformer
capacity or at least three (3) nos. 1-	
phase Shunt Reactors each having	
capacity of at least 6.67 MVAR	
132kV or above class 3-phase shunt	applicable for supply of 132kV class
reactor of at least 15 MVAR	Transformer
capacity or at least three (3) nos. 1-	
phase Shunt Reactors each having	
capacity of at least 5 MVAR	

These Reactor(s) must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
- a) Such manufacturer has designed, manufactured based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied 400kV class transformer or 220kV or above class shunt reactors (applicable for supply of 400kV class Reactors) / 220kV class transformer or 132kV or above class shunt reactors (applicable for supply of 220kV class Reactors) / 132kV class transformer or 66kV or above class shunt reactors (applicable for supply of 132kV class Reactors) as on the date of NOA.
- b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer/license to design, manufacture, test and supply the Reactor in India, shall be submitted.
- c) the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

#### 24.6 Technical Requirement for 400 kV Grade XLPE Power Cables

- (i) The manufacturer(s) whose XLPE Power Cables are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 5 (five) km of single core, 400kV grade XLPE insulated cable which must be in operation for atleast 2 (two) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that

a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied 400kV grade XLPE insulated cable and which must be in satisfactory operation# for atleast one (1) year as on the date of NOA.

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b) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and completed Pre-qualification (PQ) tests as per IEC for 400kV grade XLPE insulated Cable as on the date of NOA.

Note: In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two(2) years over & above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the entire quantity of cable to supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of the equipments(s)\* and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

#### 24.7 Technical Requirement for 220KV,132kV,110kV Grade XLPE Power Cables

- (i) The manufacturer(s) whose XLPE Power Cables are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 5 (five) km of single core, 220kV/132kV/110kV\* or higher grade XLPE insulated cable which must be in operation for atleast 2 (two) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied 220kV/132kV/110kV\* or higher grade XLPE insulated cable and which must be in satisfactory operation# for atleast one (1) year as on the date of NOA.

OR

b) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and completed Pre-qualification (PQ) tests as per IEC for 220kV/132kV/110kV\* or higher grade XLPE insulated Cable as on the date of NOA.

Note: In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two(2) years over & above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the entire quantity of cable to supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of the equipments(s)\* and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor

#### 24.8 Technical Requirement for 66kV Grade XLPE Power Cables

- (i) The manufacturer(s) whose XLPE Power Cables are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 5 (five) km of single core, 66kV or higher grade XLPE insulated cable which must be in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that

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a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied 66kV or higher grade XLPE insulated cable and which must be in satisfactory operation# for atleast one (1) year as on the date of NOA.

#### 24.9 Technical Requirement for 1.1 KV Grade PVC Control Cable

The manufacturer(s), whose PVC control cables are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 100 Kms of 1.1kV grade PVC insulated control cables as on the date of NOA. Further the manufacturer must also have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied atleast 1 km of 27C x 2.5 Sq.mm or higher size as on the date of NOA.

## 24.10 Technical Requirement for 1.1 KV Grade PVC Power Cable

The manufacturer(s), whose PVC Power Cables are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 100 Kms of 1.1 kV or higher grade PVC insulated power cables as on the date of NOA. Further the manufacturer must also have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied atleast 1 km of 10 km or higher size as on the date of NOA.

#### 24.11 Technical Requirement for 1.1 KV Grade XLPE Power Cables

The manufacturer(s), whose XLPE Power cables are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 25 Kms of 1.1 KV or higher grade XLPE insulated power cables as on the date of NOA. Further the manufacturer must also have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied atleast 1 km of  $1C \times 630$  Sq. mm or higher size as on the date of NOA.

## 24.12 Technical Requirement for LT Switchgear

- i) The manufacturer whose LT Switchgear(s) are offered, must be a manufacturer of LT Switchboards of the type and rating being offered. He must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied atleast 50 nos. draw out circuit breaker panels, out of which atleast 5 nos. should have been with relay and protection schemes with current transformer. He must have also manufactured atleast 50 nos. MCC panels comprising of MCCBs (ie Moulded Case Circuit Breakers) modules of the type offered which must be in satisfactory operation# as on the date of NOA.
- ii) The Switchgear items (such as circuit breakers, fuse switch units, contactors etc.), may be of his own make or shall be procured from reputed manufacturers and of proven design, atleast one hundred circuit breakers of the make and type being offered must have been in satisfactory operation# as on the date of NOA.

## 24.13 Technical Requirements for Battery

The manufacturer whose Batteries are offered, must have designed, manufactured and supplied DC Batteries of the type specified and being offered, having a capacity of atleast 600 AH and these must be satisfactory operation\* for atleast two (2) years in power sector or industrial installations as on the date of NOA.

## 24.14 Technical Requirements for Battery Charger

The manufacturer, whose Battery Chargers are offered, must have designed, manufactured and supplied Battery Chargers generally of the type offered, with static automatic voltage regulators and having a continuous output of atleast ten (10) KW and these must have been in satisfactory operation# as on the date of NOA.

## 24.15 Technical Requirements for LT Transformer

i) The manufacturer, whose LT transformer(s) are offered, must have designed, manufactured, type tested including short circuit test as per IEC/IS or equivalent

standards and supplied transformer(s) of atleast 33kV class of 315kVA or higher. The transformer must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that At least 33kV class of 315kVA or higher rating LT transformer(s) must have been designed, manufactured in the above Indian works, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) including short circuit test and supplied as on the date of NOA.

Note In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two(2) years over & above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the entire quantity of the offered equipment to be supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of the equipments(s)\* for the additional warranty period in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor

# 24.16 Technical Requirements for Composite Long Rod Polymer Insulator (765kV & 400kV)

- (i) The manufacturer whose Composite Long rod Insulator are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied Composite Long rod Insulator of 120KN or higher electro-mechanical strength for 765kV/400kV\* or higher voltage class and the same must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied Composite Long rod Insulator of 120KN or above electro-mechanical strength for 765kV/400kV\* or higher voltage class and the same must have been in satisfactory operation# as on the date of NOA.
  - b) Contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the exworks cost of the equipments(s)\* and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

Note: In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two(2) years over & above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the entire quantity of the offered equipment to be supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of the equipments(s)\* for the additional warranty period in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor

# 24.17 Technical Requirements for Control, Relay & Protection System and Sub-station Automation System

The manufacturer whose Control, Relay & Protection System (Control & protection Intelligent Electronic Devices (IEDs)), and Sub-station Automation System (as applicable) are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested, installed and

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commissioned Control, Relay & Protection system along with Sub-station Automation System which must have been in satisfactory operation# on (i) 400 kV system [applicable for 765kV substation] & (ii) specified voltage level or above [applicable for 400kV & below substation] for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

#### AND

The Manufacturer or their joint venture or subsidiary company or parent company must be a manufacturer of control and protection IEDs and must have established repair, testing and integration (atleast for 4 bays) facilities for Control, Relay & Protection System and Sub-station Automation System in India.

# 24.18 Technical Requirements for analog and digital PLCC panels (765kV, 400kV, 220kV & 132kV)

- (i) The manufacturer whose PLCC panels are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested, supplied and commissioned PLCC panels for (i) 400kV system or above [applicable for 765 kV & 400 kV substation], (ii) 220 kV System or above [applicable for 220 kV Substation] & (iii) 132 kV system or above [applicable for 132 kV substation] and the same must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) PLCC panels must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied as on the date of NOA.
  - b) collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.
  - c) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply PLCC panels in India, shall be submitted.

## 24.19 Technical Requirement of Communication Equipment

The SDH equipment shall be offered from a manufacturer(s) who is a "Local Supplier" as per DPIIT PP notification & has been Manufacturing SDH equipments for the last three (3) years and SDH equipment Manufactured by such manufacturer(s) shall have been satisfactory operation in 110kV or higher voltage Power Substations for at least two (2) years as on the date of NOA

#### 24.20 Technical Requirement for 400kV GIS Equipment

(i) The manufacturer whose 400kV GIS bays are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested\*\* (as per IEC or equivalent standard), supplied and supervised erection & commissioning of at least two (2) nos. Gas Insulated Switchgear (GIS) circuit breaker bays@ of 345kV or above voltage class in one (1) Substation or Switchyard during the last seven (7) years and these bays must be in satisfactory operation# for at least two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

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- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) Atleast one no. 345kV or above voltage class GIS Circuit Breaker bay@ must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on the technological support of the Collaborator(s) and either supplied or type tested the above CB bay (as per IEC or equivalent standard) as on the date of NOA.
  - b) The collaborator(s) meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply 400kV or above voltage level GIS equipment in India, shall be submitted.
  - c) The Collaborator(s) shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to Contract Performance Guarantee to be submitted by the bidder.

Note :-

(\*\*) Type test reports of the collaborator/ parent company/ subsidiary company/ group company shall also be acceptable

## **25.0** Technical Requirement of Sub-contractors:

The sub-contractor must have either of the following experience of having successfully completed similar works during last 7 years as on the last day of month previous to the one in which the sub-contractor is proposed to be engaged:

a) Three similar works costing not less than the amount equal to 40% of the cost of the work to be sub-contracted.

OR

b) Two similar works costing not less than the amount equal to 50% of the cost of the work to be sub-contracted.

OR

- c) One similar work costing not less than the amount equal to 80% of the cost of the work to be sub-contracted.
- 1. Minimum Average Annual Turnover \*\*(MAAT) for best three years i.e. 36 months out of last five financial years of the sub-contractor should be.....:

\*\*Annual Gross Revenue from operations/ Gross operating income as incorporated in the profit & loss account excluding Other Income.

Note:

- a) Similar work shall mean the work which are of similar in nature to the work to be sub-contracted e.g. for the scope of civil work to be sub-contracted, the experience should be of civil work.
- b) The aforesaid qualifying requirement shall however, not be applicable for engaging labour as per extant policy.
- c) The cost of the work to be sub-contracted shall be considered as available in the Contract Agreement. However, if the value is not available in the Contract Agreement, the same shall be the estimated value for such work.
- d) The above criteria is in addition to extant policy on selection of sub-contractor as per WPPP, Vol-II.
- e) The MAAT requirement shall be worked out basis the following formula:

Minimum Average = Cost of the work to be sub-Annual Turnover contractedx1.5/Completion period in (MAAT) years\*\*

## 26.0 Technical Requirement of Sub-contractors of GIS Packages

In case of GIS is supplied from Indian GIS manufacturer, the erection, testing & commissioning of GIS shall be executed either by the bidder himself or by the Subcontractor meeting the following technical requirement:

The bidder/Subcontractor must have erected, tested and commissioned at least two (2) nos. GIS/AIS Circuit breaker equipped bays@ of voltage class\*\* as specified below or higher in one (1) substation or switchyard during the last seven (7) years and these bays must be in satisfactory operation# as on the date of NOA.

S.no	Voltage class of GIS Package	Minimum Voltage class
		Circuit Breaker Equipped
		of Bay(**)
1	765kV & 400kV GIS	345kV
2	220kV	220kV
3	132kV	110kV
4	66kV	66kV

Further, the sub-contractor shall also meet the requirement specified at Clause No. 25.0 of this section.

#### Note:

1. (@) For the purpose of technical requirement, one no. of circuit breaker bay shall be considered as a bay used for controlling a line or a transformer or a reactor or a bus section or a bus coupler and comprising of at least one circuit breaker, one disconnector and three nos. of single phase CTs / Bushing CTs. GIS means SF6 Gas insulated Switchgear. AIS Means Air Insulated Switchgear.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The completion period shall be considered as 1 year even if the same is less than 1 year.

2.	# satisfactory operation means certific operation without any adverse remark.	cate issued by	the Owner/Utility certifying th

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ANNEXURE-A

#### CORONA AND RADIO INTERFERENCE VOLTAGE (RIV) TEST

#### 1. General

Unless otherwise stipulated, all equipment together with its associated connectors, where applicable, shall be tested for external corona (for 400kV & above) both by observing the voltage level for the extinction of visible corona under falling power frequency voltage and by measurement of radio interference voltage (RIV) for 132kV and above.

#### 2. Test Levels:

The test voltage levels for measurement of external RIV and for corona extinction voltage are listed under the relevant clauses of the specification.

#### 3. Test Methods for RIV:

- 3.1 RIV tests shall be made according to measuring circuit as per International Special-Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR) Publication 16-1(1993) Part -1. The measuring circuit shall preferably be tuned to frequency with 10% of 0.5 Mhz but other frequencies in the range of 0.5 MHz to 2 MHz may be used, the measuring frequency being recorded. The results shall be in microvolts.
- 3.2 Alternatively, RIV tests shall be carried out in accordance with relevant IEC of respective equipment or NEMA standard Publication No. 107-1964.
- 3.3 In measurement of, RIV, temporary additional external corona shielding may be provided. In measurements of RIV only standard fittings of identical type supplied with the equipment and a simulation of the connections as used in the actual installation will be permitted in the vicinity within 3.5 meters of terminals.
- 3.4 Ambient noise shall be measured before and after each series of tests to ensure that there is no variation in ambient noise level. If variation is present, the lowest ambient noise level will form basis for the measurements. RIV levels shall be measured at increasing and decreasing voltages of 85%, 100%, and 110% of the specified RIV test voltage for all equipment unless otherwise specified. The specified RIV test voltage for 765kV, 400 kV, 220 KV is listed in the detailed specification together with maximum permissible RIV level in microvolts.
- 3.5 The metering instruments shall be as per CISPR recommendation or equivalent device so long as it has been used by other testing authorities.
- 3.6 The RIV measurement may be made with a noise meter. A calibration procedure of the frequency to which noise meter shall be tuned shall establish the ratio of voltage at the high voltage terminal to voltage read by noise meter.

#### 4. Test Methods for Visible Corona

The purpose of this test is to determine the corona extinction voltage of apparatus, connectors etc. The test shall be carried out in the same manner as RIV test described above with the exception that RIV measurements are not required during test and a search technique shall be used near the onset and extinction voltage, when the test voltage is raised and lowered to determine their precise values. The test voltage shall be raised to 110% of specified corona extinction voltage and maintained there for five minutes. In case corona inception does not take place at 110%, test shall be stopped,

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otherwise test shall be continued and the voltage will then be decreased slowly until all visible corona disappears. The procedure shall be repeated at least 3 times with corona inception and extinction voltage recorded each time. The corona extinction voltage for purposes of determining compliance with the specification shall be the lowest of the three values at which visible corona (negative or positive polarity) disappears.

The test to determine the visible corona extinction voltage need not be carried out simultaneously with test to determine RIV levels.

However, both test shall be carried out with the same test set up and as little time duration between tests as possible. No modification on treatment of the sample between tests will be allowed. Simultaneous RIV and visible corona extinction voltage testing may be permitted at the discretion of Employer's inspector if, in his opinion, it will not prejudice other test

#### 5. Test Records:

In addition to the information previously mentioned and the requirements specified as per CISPR or NEMA 107-1964 the following data shall be included in test report:

- a) Background noise before and after test.
- b) Detailed procedure of application of test voltage.
- c) Measurements of RIV levels expressed in micro volts at each level.
- d) Results and observations with regard to location and type of interference sources detected at each step.
- e) Test voltage shall be recorded when measured RIV passes through 100 microvolts in each direction.
- f) Onset and extinction of visual corona for each of the four tests required shall be recorded.

ANNEXURE-B

#### SEISMIC WITHSTAND TEST PROCEDURE

The seismic withstanding test on the complete equipment (for 400kV and above) shall be carried out along with supporting structure. Seismic Withstand Test carried out using either lattice or pipe structure is acceptable." **Seismic Calculations certified by NABL Labs shall also be acceptable** 

The Bidder shall arrange to transport the structure from his Contractor's premises/POWERGRID sites for the purpose of seismic withstand test only.

The seismic level specified shall be applied at the base of the structure. The accelerometers shall be provided at the Terminal Pad of the equipment and any other point as agreed by the Employer. The seismic test shall be carried out in all possible combinations of the equipment. The seismic test procedure shall be furnished for approval of the Employer.

The frequency range for the earthquake spectra shall be as per IEC-62271-300.

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## LIST OF GENERAL STANDARDS AND CODES

CODES	TITLE
	India Electricity Rules
	Indian Electricity Act
	Indian Electricity (Supply) Act
	Indian Factories Act
IS-5	Colors for Ready Mixed Paints and Enamels
IS-335	New Insulating Oils
IS-617	Aluminium and Aluminium Alloy Ingots and Castings for General Engineering Purposes
IS-1448 (P1 to P 145)	Methods of Test for Petroleum and its Products
IS-2071 (P1 to P3)	Methods of High Voltage Testing
IS-12063	Classification of degrees of protection provided by enclosures of electrical equipment
IS-2165 ; P1:1997, P2:1983	Insulation Coordination
IS-3043	Code of Practice for Earthing
IS-6103	Method of Test for Specific Resistance (Resistivity) of Electrical Insulating Liquids
IS-6104	Method of Test for Interfacial Tension of Oil against Water by the Ring Method
IS-6262	Method of test for Power factor & Dielectric Constant of Electrical Insulating Liquids
IS-6792	Method for determination of electric strength of insulating oils
IS-5578	Guide for marking of insulated conductors
IS-11353	Guide for uniform system of marking & identification of conductors & apparatus terminals.
IS-8263	Methods for Radio Interference Test on High voltage Insulators
IS-9224 (Part 1,2&4)	Low Voltage Fuses
IEC-60060 (Part 1 to P4)	High Voltage Test Techniques
IEC 60068	Environmental Test
IEC-60117	Graphical Symbols
IEC-60156	Method for the Determination of the Electrical Strength of Insulation Oils
IEC-60270	Partial Discharge Measurements
IEC-60376	Specification and Acceptance of New Sulphur Hexafloride
IEC-60437	Radio Interference Test on High Voltage Insulators
IEC-60507	Artificial Pollution Tests on High Voltage Insulators to be used on AC Systems
IEC-62271-1	Common Specification for High Voltage Switchgear & Control gear Standards
IEC-60815	Guide for the Selection of Insulators in respect of Polluted Conditions

CODES	TITLE
IEC-60865 (P1 & P2)	Short Circuit Current - Calculation of effects
ANSI-C.1/NFPA.70	National Electrical Code
ANSI-C37.90A	Guide for Surge Withstand Capability (SWC) Tests
ANSI-C63.21, C63.3	Specification for Electromagnetic Noise and Field Strength Instrumentation 10 KHz to 1 GHZ
C36.4ANSI-C68.1	Techniquest for Dielectric Tests
ANSI-C76.1/EEE21	Standard General Requirements and Test Procedure for Outdoor Apparatus Bushings
ANSI-SI-4	Specification for Sound Level Meters
ANSI-Y32-2/C337.2	Drawing Symbols
ANSI-Z55.11	Gray Finishes for Industrial Apparatus and Equipment No. 61 Light Gray
NEMA-107T	Methods of Measurements of RIV of High Voltage Apparatus
NEMA-ICS-II	General Standards for Industrial Control and Systems Part ICSI- 109
CISPR-1	Specification for CISPR Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus for the frequency range 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz
CSA-Z299.1-1978h	Quality Assurance Program Requirements
CSA-Z299.2-1979h	Quality Control Program Requirements
CSA-Z299.3-1979h	Quality Verification Program Requirements
CSA-Z299.4-1979h	Inspection Program Requirements
TRANSFORMERS AND RE	ACTORS
IS:10028 (Part 2 & 3)	Code of practice for selection, installation & maintenance of Transformers (P1:1993), (P2:1991), (P3:1991)
IS-2026 (P1 to P4)	Power Transformers
IS-3347 (part 1 to Part 8)	Dimensions for Porcelain transformer Bushings for use in lightly polluted atmospheres
IS-3639	Fittings and Accessories for Power Transformers
IS-6600	Guide for Loading of oil immersed Transformers
IEC-60076 (Part 1 to 5)	Power Transformers
IEC-60214	On-Load Tap-Changers
IEC-60289	Reactors
IEC- 60354	Loading Guide for Oil - Immersed power transformers
IEC-60076-10	Determination of Transformer and Reactor Sound Levels
ANSI-C571280	General requirements for Distribution, Power and Regulating Transformers
ANSI-C571290	Test Code for Distribution, Power and Regulation Transformers
ANSI-C5716	Terminology & Test Code for Current Limiting Reactors
ANSI-C5721	Requirements, Terminology and Test Code for Shunt Reactors Rated Over 500 KVA
ANSI-C5792	Guide for Loading Oil-Immersed Power Transformers upto and including 100 MVA with 55 deg C or 65 deg C Winding Rise

CODES	TITLE
ANSI-CG,1EEE-4	Standard Techniques for High Voltage Testing
IEC 60076	Power transformers
IEC 60076-1	Part 1: General
IEC 60076-2	Part 2: Temperature rise
IEC 60076-3	Part 3: Insulation levels, dielectric tests and external clearances in air
IEC 60076-4	Part 4: Guide to the lightning impulse and switching impulse testing - Power transformers and reactors
IEC 60076-3-1	Part 3-1: Insulation Levels and Dielectric Tests –External Clearances in Air
IEC 60076-5	Part 5: Ability to withstand short circuit
IEC 60076-6	Part 6: Reactors
IEC 60076-7	Part 7: Loading guide for oil-immersed power transformers
IEC 60076-8	Part 8: Application guide
IEC 60076-10	Part 10: Determination of sound levels
IEC 60076-10-1	Part 10-1: Determination of sound levels - Application guide
IEC 60076-11	Part 11: Dry-type transformers
IEC 60076-12	Part 12: Loading guide for dry-type power transformers
IEC 60076-13	Part 13: Self-protected liquid-filled transformers
IEC 60076-14	Part 14: Design and application of liquid-immersed power transformers using high-temperature insulation materials
IEC 60076-15	Part 15: Gas-filled power transformers
IEC 60076-16	Part 16: Transformers for wind turbine applications
IEC 60076-18	Part 18: Measurement of frequency response
IEC 60076-19	Part 19: Rules for the determination of uncertainties in the measurement of losses in power transformers and reactors
IEC 60076-21	Part 21: Standard requirements, terminology, and test code for step-voltage regulators
IEC 60044, BS 3938	Current transformers
IEC 60050	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary
IEC 60050(421)	International Electrotechnical vocabulary- Chapter 421 : Power Transformers and Reactors
IEC 60060	High Voltage test techniques
IEC 60060-1	General definitions and test requirements
IEC 60060-2	Measuring systems
IEC 60071	Insulation co-ordination
IEC 60071-1	Part 1: Definitions, principles and rules
IEC 60071-2	Part 2 : Application guide
IEC 60137	Bushing for alternating voltage above 1000V
IEC 60214	On-Load Tap changers
IEC 255-21-3	Relays vibration

CODES	TITLE
IEC 60270	Partial discharge measurements
IEC 60296	Specification for Unused Mineral Oil for Transformers and Switchgear
IEC 60422	Supervision and Maintenance guide for Mineral Insulating Oil in Electrical Equipment
IEC 60475	Method of Sampling Liquid dielectrics
IEC 60529	Classification of Degrees of Protection provided by Enclosures
IEC 60542	Application Guide for On-Load Tap-Changers
IEC 60567	Guide for the Sampling of Gases and of Oil from Oil-filled Electrical Equipment for the Analysis of Free and Dissolved Gases
IEC 60651	Sound Level Meters
IEC 61083	Digital Recorders and Software for High Voltage Impulse testing
IEC 61083-1	Part 1: Requirements for digital recorders in high voltage impulse tests
IEC 61083-2	Part 2: Evaluation of software used for the determination of the parameters of impulse waveforms
CISPR 16	Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus
CISPR 16-1	Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus
CISPR-18	Radio Interference Characteristics of Power Lines and High Voltage Equipment
ISO 9001	Quality system-Model for Quality Assurance in Design
	/development
Cigre Publication 202	Guidelines for conducting design reviews for transformers 100 MVA and 123 kV and above. August 2002-Cigre Working Group 12.22
WG 12-15	Guide for Customers Specifications for Transformers 100 MVA and 123 kV and above
WG 12 19	Short Circuit Performance of Transformers.
BS-4360	Specification for weldable structural steel
BS-5135	Specification for arc welding of carbon and carbon manganese steels
BS-5500	Specification for unfired fusion welded pressure vessels
IS-3618	Specification for phosphate treatment of iron & steel for protection against corrosion
IS-6005	Code of practice for phosphating of Iron and Steel
ISO-8501	Preparation of steel surface before application of Paints and related product
IEC-60599	Mineral oil impregnated electrical equipment in service – guide to the interpretation of dissolved and free gases analysis
IS-10593	Method of evaluating the analysis of gases in oil filled electrical equipment in service
IS-2099	Bushings for alternating voltages above 1000 volts

CODES	TITLE
IS-3347 Part I to 8	Dimension for porcelain transformer bushing
DIN-42530	Bushing up to 1000kV from 250A-5000A for liquid filled Transformer
IS-2026 Part 1 to 5	Power transformer
IS-4691	Degrees of protection provided by enclosure for rotating electrical machinery
IEC-60034-5	Degrees of protection provided by integral design of rotating electrical machines(IP Code) classification
IS:325 / IEC -60034	Performance of cooling fan / oil pump motor
IS-13947 part 1 to 5	Specification for low voltage switchgear and control gear
IS:3400	Methods of test for vulcanised rubber
IS:7016 part 1 to 14	Methods of test for coated and treated fabrics
IS:803	Code of practice for design, fabrication and erection of vertical mild steel cylindrical welded oil storage tanks.
IS:3637	Gas operated Relays
IS:335	New Insulating oils – Specification
IEC-62271-203	Gas insulated metal enclosed switchgear for rated voltage above 52kV
IEC-61639	Direct connection between power transformers and gas- insulated metal enclosed switchgear for rated voltages of 52.5 kV and above.
IS:3400 / BS 903 / IS:7016	Air cell (Flexible Air Separator)
IEC 60529 / IP: 55	Degree of protection for cooler control cabinet, MOLG, Cooling fan, oil pump, Buchholz Relay
IEC 60529 / IP: 56	Degree of protection for Pressure Relief Device
IEC 60529 / IP: 43	Degree of protection for Remote tap Changer cubicle (RTCC)
CIRCUIT BREAKERS	
IEC-62271-100	High-voltage switchgear and control gear - Part 100: Alternating current circuit-breakers
IEC-62271-101	High-voltage switchgear and control gear - Part 101: Synthetic testing
IEC-62155	Hollow pressurized and unpressurized ceramic and glass insulators for use in electrical equipment with rated voltages greater than 1000 V
IEC-62271-110	High-voltage switchgear and control gear - Part 110: Inductive load switching
IEC-62271-109	High-voltage switchgear and control gear - Part 110: Inductive load switching
CURRENT TRANSFORM VOLTAGE TRANSFORM	IERS, VOLTAGE TRANSFORMERS AND COUPLING CAPACITOR IERS
IS-2705- (P1 to P4)	Current Transformers

CODES	TITLE
IS:3156- (P1 to P4)	Voltage Transformers
IS-4379	Identification of the Contents of Industrial Gas Cylinders
IEC-61869 (Part-1)	Instrument transformers - Part 1: General requirements
IEC-61869 (Part-2)	Instrument transformers - Part 2: Additional requirements for current transformers
IEC-61869 (Part-3)	Instrument transformers - Part 3: Additional requirements for inductive voltage transformers
IEC-61869 (Part-4)	Instrument transformers - Part 4: Additional requirements for combined transformers
IEC-61869 (Part-5)	Instrument transformers - Part 5: Additional requirements for capacitor voltage transformers
IEC-61869 (Part-6)	Instrument transformers - Part 6: Additional general requirements for low-power instrument transformers
IEC-61869 (Part-9)	Instrument transformers - Part 9: Digital interface for instrument transformers
IEC-61869 (Part-102)	Instrument transformers - Part 102: Ferroresonance oscillations in substations with inductive voltage transformers
IEC-61869 (Part-103)	Instrument transformers - The use of instrument transformers for power quality measurement
BUSHING	•
IS-2099	Bushings for Alternating Voltages above 1000V
IEC-60137	Insulated Bushings for Alternating Voltages above 1000V
SURGE ARRESTERS	
IS-3070 (PART2)	Lightning arresters for alternating current systems : Metal oxide lightning arrestors without gaps
IEC-60099-4	Metal oxide surge arrestors without gaps
IEC-60099-5	Selection and application recommendation
ANSI-C62.1	IEE Standards for S A for AC Power Circuits
NEMA-LA 1	Surge Arresters
CUBICLES AND PANELS &	OTHER RELATED EQUIPMENTS
IS-722, IS-1248	Electrical relays for power system
IS-3231, 3231 (P-3)	Protection
IS:5039	Distributed pillars for Voltages not Exceeding 1000 Volts
IEC-60068.2.2	Basic environmental testing procedures Part 2: Test B: Dry heat
IEC-60529	Degree of Protection provided by enclosures
IEC-60947-4-1	Low voltage switchgear and control gear
IEC-61095	Electromechanical Contactors for household and similar purposes
IEC-60439 (P1 & 2)	Low Voltage Switchgear and control gear assemblies
ANSI-C37.20	Switchgear Assemblies, including metal enclosed bus
ANSI-C37.50	Test Procedures for Low Voltage Alternating Current Power

CODES	TITLE
	Circuit Breakers
ANSI-C39	Electric Measuring instrument
ANSI-C83	Components for Electric Equipment
IS: 8623: (Part I to 3)	Specification for Switchgear & Control Assemblies
NEMA-AB	Moulded Case Circuit and Systems
NEMA-CS	Industrial Controls and Systems
NEMA-PB-1	Panel Boards
NEMA-SG-5	Low voltage Power Circuit breakers
NEMA-SG-3	Power Switchgear Assemblies
NEMA-SG-6	Power switching Equipment
NEMA-5E-3	Motor Control Centers
1248 (P1 to P9)	Direct acting indicating analogue electrical measuring instruments & their accessories
Disconnecting switches	
IEC-62271-102	High-voltage switchgear and control gear - Part 102: Alternating current disconnectors and earthing switches
IEC-60265 (Part 1 & 2)	High Voltage switches
ANSI-C37.32	Schedule of preferred Ratings, Manufacturing Specifications and Application Guide for high voltage Air Switches, Bus supports and switch accessories
ANSI-C37.34	Test Code for high voltage air switches
NEMA-SG6	Power switching equipment
PLCC and line traps	
IS-8792	Line traps for AC power system
IS-8793	Methods of tests for line traps
IS-8997	Coupling devices for PLC systems
IS-8998	Methods of test for coupling devices for PLC systems
IEC-60353	Line traps for A.C. power systems
IEC-60481	Coupling Devices for power line carrier systems
IEC-60495	Single sideboard power line carrier terminals
IEC-60683	Planning of (single Side-Band) power line carrier systems
CIGRE	Teleprotection report by Committee 34 & 35
CIGRE	Guide on power line carrier 1979
CCIR	International Radio Consultative Committee
CCITT	International Telegraph & Telephone Consultative Committee
EIA	Electric Industries Association
Protection and control ed	quipment
IEC-60051: (P1 to P9)	Recommendations for Direct Acting indicating analogue electrical measuring instruments and their accessories
IEC-60255 (Part 1 to 23)	Electrical relays
IEC-60297 (P1 to P4)	Dimensions of mechanical structures of the 482.6mm (19 inches)

CODES	TITLE
	series
IEC-60359	Expression of the performance of electrical & electronic measuring equipment
IEC-60387	Symbols for Alternating-Current Electricity meters
IEC-60447	Man machine interface (MMI) - Actuating principles
IEC-60521	Class 0.5, 1 and 2 alternating current watt hour metres
IEC-60547	Modular plug-in Unit and standard 19-inch rack mounting unit based on NIM Standard (for electronic nuclear instruments)
ANSI-81	Screw threads
ANSI-B18	Bolts and Nuts
ANSI-C37.1	Relays, Station Controls etc
ANSI-C37.2	Manual and automatic station control, supervisory and associated telemetering equipment
ANSI-C37.2	Relays and relay systems associated with electric power apparatus
ANSI-C39.1	Requirements for electrical analog indicating instruments
MOTORS	
IS-325	Three phase induction motors
IS-4691	Degree of protection provided by enclosure for rotating electrical machinery
IEC-60034 (P1 to P19:)	Rotating electrical machines
IEC-Document 2	Three phase induction motors
(Central Office)	Motors and Generators
NEMA-MGI	
Electronic equipment an	d components
MIL-21B, MIL-833	Environmental testing
& MIL-2750	
EC-60068 (P1 to P5)	Printed boards
IEC-60326 (P1 to P2)	Material and workmanship standards
IS-1363 (P1 to P3)	Hexagon head bolts, screws and nuts of product grade C
IS-1364 (P1 to P5)	Hexagon head bolts, screws and nuts of products grades A and B
IS-3138	Hexagonal Bolts and Nuts (M42 to M150)
ISO-898	Fasteners: Bolts, screws and studs
ASTM	Specification and tests for materials
Clamps & connectors	
IS-5561	Electric power connectors
NEMA-CC1	Electric Power connectors for sub station
NEMA-CC 3	Connectors for Use between aluminium or aluminum-Copper Overhead Conductors
Bus hardware and insula	itors

CODES	TITLE
	power lines
IS-731	Porcelain insulators for overhead power lines with a nominal voltage greater than 1000 V
IS-2486 (P1 to P4)	Insulator fittings for overhead power lines with a nominal voltage greater than 1000 V
IEC-60120	Dimensions of Ball and Socket Couplings of string insulator units
IEC-60137	Insulated bushings for alternating voltages above 1000 V
IEC-60168	Tests on indoor and outdoor post insulators of ceramic material or glass for Systems with Nominal Voltages Greater than 1000 V
IEC-62155	Hollow pressurized and unpressurized ceramic and glass insulators for use in electrical equipment with rated voltages greater than 1 000 V
IEC-60273	Characteristics of indoor and outdoor post insulators for systems with nominal voltages greater than 1000V
IEC-61462	Pressurized and un-pressurized insulator for use in electrical equipment with rated voltage greater than 1000V – Definitions, Test methods, acceptance criteria and design recommendations
IEC-60305	Insulators for overhead lines with nominal voltage above 1000V-ceramic or glass insulator units for ac systems Characteristics of String Insulator Units of the cap and pin type
IEC-60372 (1984)	Locking devices for ball and socket couplings of string insulator units: dimensions and tests
IEC-60383 (P1 and P2)	Insulators for overhead lines with a nominal voltage above 1000 V
IEC-60433	Characteristics of string insulator units of the long rod type
IEC-60471	Dimensions of Clevis and tongue couplings of string insulator units
ANSI-C29	Wet process porcelain insulators
ANSI-C29.1	Test methods for electrical power insulators
ANSI-C92.2	For insulators, wet-process porcelain and toughened glass suspension type
ANSI-C29.8	For wet-process porcelain insulators apparatus, post-type
ANSI-G.8	Iron and steel hardware
CISPR-7B	Recommendations of the CISPR, tolerances of form and of Position, Part 1
ASTM A-153	Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on iron and steel hardware
Strain and rigid bus-con	ductor
IS-2678	Dimensions & tolerances for Wrought Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys drawn round tube
IS-5082	Wrought Aluminum and Aluminum Alloy Bars. Rods, Tubes and Sections for Electrical purposes
ASTM-B 230-82	Aluminum 1350 H19 Wire for electrical purposes

CODES	TITLE
ASTM-B 231-81	Concentric - lay - stranded, aluminum 1350 conductors
ASTM-B 221	Aluminum - Alloy extruded bar, road, wire, shape
ASTM-B 236-83	Aluminum bars for electrical purpose (Bus-bars)
ASTM-B 317-83	Aluminum-Alloy extruded bar, rod, pipe and structural shapes for electrical purposes (Bus Conductors)
Batteries	I
IS:1651	Stationary Cells and Batteries, Lead-Acid Type (with Tubular Positive Plates)
IS:1652	Stationary Cells and Batteries, Lead-Acid Type (with Plante Positive Plates)
IS:1146	Rubber and Plastic Containers for Lead-Acid Storage Batteries
IS:6071	Synthetic Separators for Lead-Acid Batteries
IS:266	Specification for Sulphuric Acid
IS:1069	Specification for Water for Storage Batteries
IS:3116	Specification for Sealing Compound for Lead-Acid Batteries
IS:1248	Indicating Instruments
IS:10918	Vented type nickel Cadmium Batteries
IEC:60896-21&22	Lead Acid Batteries Valve Regulated types – Methods of Tests & Requirements
IEC: 60623	Vented type nickel Cadmium Batteries
IEC:60622	Secondary Cells & Batteries – Sealed Ni-Cd rechargeable single cell
IEC:60623	Secondary Cells & Batteries – Vented Ni-Cd rechargeable single cell
IEC:60896-11	Stationary Lead Acid Batteries – Vented Type – General requirements & method of tests
IEEE-485	Recommended practices for sizing of Lead Acid Batteries
IEEE-1115	Sizing of Ni-Cd Batteries
IEEE-1187	Recommended practices for design & installation of VRLA Batteries
IEEE-1188	Recommended practices for design & installation of VRLA Batteries
IEEE-1189	Guide for selection of VRLA Batteries
Battery Charger	
IS:3895	Mono-crystalline Semiconductor Rectifier Cells and Stacks
IS:4540	Mono-crystalline Semiconductor Rectifier Assemblies and Equipment
IS:6619	Safety Code for Semiconductor Rectifier Equipment
IS:2026	Power Transformers

CODES	TITLE
IS:2959	AC Contactors for Voltages not Exceeding 1000 Volts
IS:1248	Indicating Instruments
IS:2208	HRC Fuses
IS:13947 (Part-3)	Air break switches, air break disconnectors & fuse combination units for voltage not exceeding 1000V AC or 1200V DC
IS:2147	Degree of protection provided by enclosures for low voltage switchgear and control gear
IS:6005	Code of practice for phosphating of Iron and Steel
IS:3231	Electrical relays for power system protection
IS:3842	Electrical relay for AC Systems
IS:5	Colours for ready mix paint
IEEE-484	Recommended Design for installation design and installation of large lead storage batteries for generating stations and substations
IEEE-485	Sizing large lead storage batteries for generating stations and substations
Wires and cables	
ASTMD-2863	Measuring the minimum oxygen concentration to support candle like combustion of plastics (oxygen index)
IS-694	PVC insulated cables for working voltages upto and including 1100 Volts
IS-1255	Code of practice for installation and maintenance of power cables, upto and including 33 kV rating
IS-1554 (P1 and P2)	PVC insulated (heavy duty) electric cables (part 1) for working voltage upto and including 1100 V
	Part (2) for working voltage from 3.3 kV upto and including 11kV
IS:1753	Aluminium conductor for insulated cables
IS:2982	Copper Conductor in insulated cables
IS-3961 (P1 to P5)	Recommended current ratings for cables
IS-3975	Mild steel wires, formed wires and tapes for armouring of cables
IS-5831	PVC insulating and sheath of electric cables
IS-6380	Elastometric insulating and sheath of electric cables
IS-7098	Cross linked polyethylene insulated PVC sheathed cables for working voltage upto and including 1100 volts
IS-7098	Cross-linked polyethyle insulated PVC sheathed cables for working voltage from 3.3kV upto and including 33 kV
IS-8130	Conductors for insulated electrical cables and flexible cords
IS-1753	Aluminum Conductors for insulated cables
IS-10418	Specification for drums for electric cables
IEC-60096 (part 0 to p4)	Radio Frequency cables
IEC-60183	Guide to the Selection of High Voltage Cables

CODES	TITLE
IEC-60189 (P1 to P7)	Low frequency cables and wires with PVC insulation and PVC sheath
IEC-60227 (P1 to P7)	Polyvinyl Chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750V
IEC-60228	Conductors of insulated cables
IEC-60230	Impulse tests on cables and their accessories
IEC-60287 (P1 to P3)	Calculation of the continuous current rating of cables (100% load factor)
IEC-60304	Standard colours for insulation for low-frequency cables and wires
IEC-60331	Fire resisting characteristics of Electric cables
IEC-60332 (P1 to P3)	Tests on electric cables under fire conditions
IEC-60502	Extruded solid dielectric insulated power cables for rated voltages from 1 kV upto to 30 kV
IEC-754 (P1 and P2)	Tests on gases evolved during combustion of electric cables
AIR conditioning and v	entilation
IS-659	Safety code for air conditioning
IS-660	Safety code for Mechanical Refrigeration
ARI:520	Standard for Positive Displacement Refrigeration Compressor and Condensing Units
IS:4503	Shell and tube type heat exchanger
ASHRAE-24	Method of testing for rating of liquid coolers
ANSI-B-31.5	Refrigeration Piping
IS:2062	Steel for general structural purposes
IS:655	Specification for Metal Air Dust
IS:277	Specification for Galvanised Steel Sheets
IS-737	Specification for Wrought Aluminium and Aluminium Sheet & Strip
IS-1079	Hot rolled cast steel sheet & strip
IS-3588	Specification for Electrical Axial Flow Fans
IS-2312	Propeller Type AC Ventilation Fans
BS-848	Methods of Performance Test for Fans
BS-6540 Part-I	Air Filters used in Air Conditioning and General Ventilation
BS-3928	Sodium Flame Test for Air Filters (Other than for Air Supply to I.C. Engines and Compressors)
US-PED-2098	Method of cold DOP & hot DOP test
MIL-STD-282	DOP smoke penetration method
ASHRAE-52	Air cleaning device used in general ventilation for removing particle matter
IS:3069	Glossary of Terms, Symbols and Units Relating to Thermal Insulation Materials

TITLE
Expanded Polystyrene for Thermal Insulation Purposes
Bonded Mineral Wool
Evaluation of Thermal Conductivity properties by means of guarded hot plate method
Standard specification for rigid preformed cellular urethane thermal insulation
Centrifugal Fans
Method of Performance Test for Centrifugal Fans
Induction motors, three-phase
Rotating electrical machines
Three phase foot mounted Induction motors, dimensions of
Designations of types of construction and mounting arrangements of rotating electrical machines
Vertical shaft motors for pumps, dimensions of
Guide for testing insulation resistance of rotating machines
Guide for testing three phase induction motors
Rotating electrical machines, vibration of, Measurement and evaluation of
Degree of protection provided by enclosures for rotating electrical machinery
Guide for testing single-phase ac motors
Flame proof enclosure for electrical apparatus
Noise levels
Zinc Ingot
Recommended Practice for Hot-Dip galvanizing on iron and steel
Methods for testing uniformity of coating of zinc coated articles
Specification for zinc (Hot Galavanizing) Coatings, on products Fabricated from rolled, pressed and forged steel shapes, plates, bars and strips
Zinc-coated (Galvanized) steel barbed wire
Code of practice for phosphating of iron and steel
Gray finishes for industrial apparatus and equipment
Steel structure painting council
·
Fire protection manual issued by tariff advisory committee (TAC) of India
FAL PUMPS
Horizontal centrifugal pumps for clear, cold and fresh water
Code for acceptance test for centrifugal & axial pumps

CODES	TITLE
IS:5120	Technical requirement – Rotodynamic special purpose pumps
API-610	Centrifugal pumps for general services
	Hydraulic Institutes Standards
BS:599	Methods of testing pumps
PTC-8.2	Power Test Codes - Centrifugal pumps
DIESEL ENGINES	
IS:10000	Methods of tests for internal combustion engines
IS:10002	Specification for performance requirements for constant speed compression ignition engines for general purposes (above 20 kW)
BS:5514	The performance of reciprocating compression ignition (Diesel) engines, utilizing liquid fuel only, for general purposes
ISO:3046	Reciprocating internal combustion engines performance
IS:554	Dimensions for pipe threads where pressure tight joints are required on threads
ASME Power Test Code	Internal combustion engine PTC-17
	Codes of Diesel Engine Manufacturer's Association, USA
PIPING VALVES & SPECIA	ALITIES
IS:636	Non percolating flexible fire-fighting delivery hose
IS:638	Sheet rubber jointing and rubber inserting jointing
IS:778	Gun metal gate, globe and check valves for general purpose
IS:780	Sluice valves for water works purposes (50 to 300 mm)
IS:901	Couplings, double male and double female instantaneous pattern for fire fighting
IS:902	Suction hose couplings for fire-fighting purposes
IS:903	Fire hose delivery couplings branch pipe nozzles and nozzle spanner
IS:1538	Cast iron fittings for pressure pipes for water, gas and sewage
IS:1903	Ball valve (horizontal plunger type) including floats for water supply purposes
IS:2062	SP for weldable structural steel
IS:2379	Colour Code for the identification of pipelines
IS:2643	Dimensions of pipe threads for fastening purposes
IS:2685	Code of Practice for selection, installation and maintenance of sluice valves
IS:2906	Sluice valves for water-works purposes (350 to 1200 mm size)
IS:3582	Basket strainers for fire-fighting purposes (cylindrical type)
IS:3589	Electrically welded steel pipes for water, gas and sewage (150 to 2000 mm nominal diameter)
IS:4038	Foot valves for water works purposes
IS:4927	Unlined flax canvas hose for fire fighting

CODES	TITLE
IS:5290	Landing valves (internal hydrant)
IS:5312 (Part-I)	Swing check type reflex (non-return) valves
IS:5306	Code of practice for fire extinguishing installations and
	equipment on premises
Part-I	Hydrant systems, hose reels and foam inlets
Part-II	Sprinkler systems
BS:5150	Specification for cast iron gate valves
MOTORS & ANNUNCI	ATION PANELS
IS:325	Three phase induction motors
IS:900	Code of practice for installation and maintenance of induction motors
IS:996	Single phase small AC and universal electric motors
IS:1231	Dimensions of three phase foot mounted induction motors
IS:2148	Flame proof enclosure of electrical apparatus
IS:2223	Dimensions of flange mounted AC induction motors
IS:2253	Designations for types of construction and mounting
15.2255	arrangements of rotating electrical machines
IS:2254	Dimensions of vertical shaft motors for pumps
IS:3202	Code of practice for climate proofing of electrical equipment
IS:4029	Guide for testing three phase induction motors
IS:4691	Degree of protection provided by enclosure for rotating electrical machinery
IS:4722	Rotating electrical machines
IS:4729	Measurement and evaluation of vibration of rotating electrical machines
IS:5572	Classification of hazardous areas for electrical (Part-I) installations (Areas having gases and vapours)
IS:6362	Designation of methods of cooling for rotating electrical machines
IS:6381	Construction and testing of electrical apparatus with type of protection 'e'
IS:7816	Guide for testing insulation for rotating machine
IS:4064	Air break switches
IEC DOCUMENT 2	Three Phase Induction Motor
(Control Office) 432	
VDE 0530 Part I/66	Three Phase Induction Motor
IS:9224 (Part-II)	HRC Fuses
IS:6875	Push Button and Control Switches
IS:694	PVC Insulated cables
IS:1248	Indicating instruments
IS:375	Auxiliary wiring & busbar markings

CODES	TITLE
IS:2147	Degree of protection
IS:5	Colour Relay and timers
IS:2959	Contactors
PG Test Procedures	·
NFPA-13	Standard for the installation of sprinkler system
NFPA-15	Standard for water spray fixed system for the fire protection
NFPA-12A	Standard for Halong 1301 Fire Extinguishing System
NFPA-72E	Standard on Automatic Fire Detectors
	Fire Protection Manual by TAC (Latest Edition)
NFPA-12	Standard on Carbon dioxide extinguisher systems
IS:3034	Fire of industrial building
	Electrical generating and distributing stations code of practice
IS:2878	CO2 (Carbon dioxide) Type Extinguisher
IS:2171	DC (Dry Chemical Powder) type
IS:940	Pressurised Water Type
D.G. SET	'
IS:10002	Specification for performance requirements for constant speed compression ignition (diesel engine) for general purposes
IS:10000	Method of tests for internal combustion engines
IS:4722	Rotating electrical machines-specification
IS:12063	Degree of protection provided by enclosures
IS:12065	Permissible limit of noise levels for rotating electrical machines
	Indian Explosive Act 1932
Steel structures	<u>'</u>
IS-228 (1992)	Method of Chemical Analysis of pig iron, cast iron and plain carbon and low alloy steels.
IS-802 (P1 to 3)	Code of practice for use of structural steel in overhead transmission line towers
IS-806	Code of practice for use of steel tubes in general building construction
IS-808	Dimensions for hot rolled steel beam, column channel and angle sections
IS-814	Covered electrodes for manual arc welding of carbon of carbon manganese steel
IS-816	Code of Practice for use of metal arc welding for general construction in Mild steel
IS-817	Code of practice for training and testing of metal arc welders. Part 1 : Manual Metal arc welding
IS-875 (P1 to P4)	Code of practice for design loads (other than earthquake) for buildings and structures
IS-1161	Steel tubes for structural purposes

CODES	TITLE
IS-1182	Recommended practice for radiographic examination of fusion welded butt joints in steel plates
IS-1363 (P1 to P3)	Hexagonal head bolts, screws & nuts of products grade C
IS-1364	Hexagon head bolts, screws and nuts of product grades A and B
IS-1367 (P1 to P18)	Technical supply condition for threaded steel fasteners
IS-1599	Methods for bend test
IS-1608	Method for tensile testing of steel products
IS-1893	Criteria for earthquake resistant design of structures
IS-1978	Line Pipe
IS-2062	Steel for general structural purposes
IS-2595	Code of practice for Radiographic testing
IS-3063	Single coil rectangular section spring washers for bolts, nuts and screws
IS-3664	Code of practice for ultrasonic pulse echo testing by contact and immersion methods
IS-7205	Safety code for erection of structural steel work
IS-9595	Recommendations for metal arc welding of carbon and carbon manganese steels
ANSI-B18.2.1	Inch series square and Hexagonal bolts and screws
ANSI-B18.2.2	Square and hexagonal nuts
ANSI-G8.14	Round head bolts
ASTM-A6	Specification for General Requirements for rolled steel plates, shapes, sheet piling and bars of structural use
ASTM-A36	Specifications of structural steel
ASTM-A47	Specification for malleable iron castings
ASTM-A143	Practice for safeguarding against embilement of Hot Galvanized structural steel products and procedure for detaching embrilement
ASTM-A242	Specification for high strength low alloy structural steel
ASTM-A283	Specification for low and intermediate tensile strength carbon steel plates of structural quality
ASTM-A394	Specification for Galvanized steel transmission tower bolts and nuts
ASTM-441	Specification for High strength low alloy structural manganese vanadium steel
ASTM-A572	Specification for High strength low alloy colombium-Vanadium steel of structural quality
AWS D1-0	Code for welding in building construction welding inspection
AWS D1-1	Structural welding code
AISC	American institute of steel construction
NEMA-CG1	Manufactured graphite electrodes

CODES	TITLE
Piping and pressure ve	essels
IS-1239 (Part 1 and 2)	Mild steel tubes, tubulars and other wrought steel fittings
IS -3589	Seamless Electrically welded steel pipes for water, gas and sewage
IS-6392	Steel pipe flanges
ASME	Boiler and pressure vessel code
ASTM-A120	Specification for pipe steel, black and hot dipped, zinc-coated (Galvanized) welded and seamless steel pipe for ordinary use
ASTM-A53	Specification for pipe, steel, black, and hot-dipped, zinc coated welded and seamless
ASTM-A106	Seamless carbon steel pipe for high temperature service
ASTM-A284	Low and intermediate tensile strength carbon-silicon steel plates for machine parts and general construction
ASTM-A234	Pipe fittings of wrought carbon steel and alloy steel for moderate and elevated temperatures
ASTM-S181	Specification for forgings, carbon steel for general purpose piping
ASTM-A105	Forgings, carbon steel for piping components
ASTM-A307	Carbon steel externally threated standard fasteners
ASTM-A193	Alloy steel and stainless steel bolting materials for high temperature service
ASTM-A345	Flat rolled electrical steel for magnetic applications
ASTM-A197	Cupola malleable iron
ANSI-B2.1	Pipe threads (Except dry seal)
ANSI-B16.1	Cast iron pipe flangesand glanged fitting. Class 25, 125, 250 and 800
ANSI-B16.1	Malleable iron threaded fittings, class 150 and 300
ANSI-B16.5	Pipe flanges and flanged fittings, steel nickel alloy and other special alloys
ANSI-B16.9	Factory-made wrought steel butt welding fittings
ANSI-B16.11	Forged steel fittings, socket-welding and threaded
ANSI-B16.14	Ferrous pipe plug, bushings and locknuts with piple threads
ANSI-B16.25	Butt welding ends
ANSI-B18.1.1	Fire hose couplings screw thread
ANSI-B18.2.1	Inch series square and hexagonal bolts and screws
ANSI-B18.2.2	Square and hexagonal nuts
NSI-B18.21.1	Lock washers
ANSI-B18.21.2	Plain washers
ANSI-B31.1	Power piping
ANSI-B36.10	Welded and seamless wrought steel pipe
ANSI-B36.9	Stainless steel pipe
Other civil works standards	

IS-269   33 grade ordinary portland cement   IS2721   Galvanized steel chain link fence fabric   IS-278   Galvanized steel barbed wire for fencing   IS-383   Coarse and fine aggregates from natural sources for concrete   IS-432 (P1 and P2)   Mild steel and medium tensile steel bars and hard-dawn steel wire for concrete reinforcement   IS-456   Code of practice for plain and reinforced concrete   IS-516   Method of test for strength of concrete   IS-800   Code of practice for general construction in steel   IS-806   Steel tubes for structural purposes   IS-1172   Basic requirements for water supply, drainage and sanitation   IS-1199   Methods of sampling and analysis of concrete   IS-1366   Hard-dawn steel wire fabric for concrete reinforcement   IS-1742   Code of Practice for Building drainage   IS-1785   Plain hard-drawn steel wire for pre-stressed concrete   IS-1786   High strength deformed Steel Bars and wires for concrete reinforcement   IS-1893   Criteria for earthquake resistant design of structures   IS-2062   Steel for general structural purposes   IS-2064   Selection, installation and maintenance of sanitary appliances-code of practices   IS-2090   High tension steel bars used in pre-stressed concrete   IS-2140   Standard Galvanized steel wire for fencing   IS-2470 (P1 & P2)   Code of practice for water supply in buildings   IS-2514   Concrete vibrating tables   IS-2645   Integral cement waterproofing compounds   IS-2490   Play to   Code of practice for installation of septic tanks   IS-2491   Code of practice for design and construction of foundations for transmission line towers and poles   IS-4490   Plywood for concrete shuttering work   IS-4990   Sewage and drainage pumps   IS-4990   Plywood for concrete fabric   IS-3600   Sewage and drainage pumps   IS-4111 (Part 1 to P5)   Code of practice for ancillary structures in sewerage system   IS-4990   Plywood for concrete shuttering work   IS-600   Sewage and drainage pumps   IS-4111 (Part 1 to P5)   Code of practice for ancillary structures in sewera	CODES	TITLE
IS-278	IS-269	33 grade ordinary portland cement
IS-383 Coarse and fine aggregates from natural sources for concrete IS-432 (P1 and P2) Mild steel and medium tensile steel bars and hard-dawn steel wire for concrete reinforcement  IS-456 Code of practice for plain and reinforced concrete IS-516 Method of test for strength of concrete IS-800 Code of practice for general construction in steel  IS-806 Steel tubes for structural purposes  IS-1172 Basic requirements for water supply, drainage and sanitation IS-1199 Methods of sampling and analysis of concrete  IS-1566 Hard-dawn steel wire fabric for concrete reinforcement  IS-1742 Code of Practice for Building drainage  IS-1785 Plain hard-drawn steel wire for pre-stressed concrete  IS-1786 High strength deformed Steel Bars and wires for concrete reinforcement  IS-1811 Methods of sampling Foundry sands  IS-1893 Criteria for earthquake resistant design of structures  IS-2062 Steel for general structural purposes  IS-2064 Selection, installation and maintenance of sanitary appliances-code of practices  IS-2090 High tension steel bars used in pre-stressed concrete  IS-2140 Standard Galvanized steel wire for fencing  IS-2470 (P1 & P2) Code of practice for installation of septic tanks  IS-2514 Concrete vibrating tables  IS-2645 Integral cement waterproofing compounds  IS-3025 (Part 1 to Methods of sampling and test (Physical and chemical) for water and waste water  IS-4991 Code of practice for design and construction of foundations for transmission line towers and poles  IS-4111 (Part 1 to P5) Code of practice for ancillary structures in sewerage system  IS-4990 Plywood for concrete shuttering work  IS-600 Sewage and drainage pumps  National building code of India 1970  USBR E12 Earth Manual by United States Department of the interior Bureau of Reclamation  ASTM-A392-81 Zinc/Coated steel chain link fence fabric	IS2721	Galvanized steel chain link fence fabric
IS-432 (P1 and P2)  Mild steel and medium tensile steel bars and hard-dawn steel wire for concrete reinforcement  IS-456  Code of practice for plain and reinforced concrete  IS-516  Method of test for strength of concrete  IS-800  Code of practice for general construction in steel  IS-806  Steel tubes for structural purposes  IS-1172  Basic requirements for water supply, drainage and sanitation  IS-1199  Methods of sampling and analysis of concrete  IS-1566  Hard-dawn steel wire fabric for concrete reinforcement  IS-1742  Code of Practice for Building drainage  IS-1785  Plain hard-drawn steel wire for pre-stressed concrete  IS-1786  High strength deformed Steel Bars and wires for concrete reinforcement  IS-1811  Methods of sampling Foundry Sands  IS-1893  Criteria for earthquake resistant design of structures  IS-2062  Steel for general structural purposes  IS-2064  Selection, installation and maintenance of sanitary appliances-code of practices  IS-2090  High tension steel bars used in pre-stressed concrete  IS-2470 (P1 & P2)  Code of practice for water supply in buildings  IS-2470 (P1 & P2)  Code of practice for installation of septic tanks  IS-2514  Concrete vibrating tables  IS-2645  Integral cement waterproofing compounds  IS-3025 (Part 1 to  Methods of sampling and test (Physical and chemical) for water and waste water  IS-4091  Code of practice for design and construction of foundations for transmission line towers and poles  IS-4111 (Part 1 to P5)  Code of practice for design and construction of foundations for transmission line towers and poles  IS-4990  Plywood for concrete shuttering work  Sewage and drainage pumps  National building code of India 1970  USBR E12  Earth Manual by United States Department of the interior Bureau of Reclamation  ASTM-A392-81  Zinc/Coated steel chain link fence fabric	IS-278	Galvanized steel barbed wire for fencing
wire for concrete reinforcement	IS-383	Coarse and fine aggregates from natural sources for concrete
IS-516 Method of test for strength of concrete IS-800 Code of practice for general construction in steel IS-806 Steel tubes for structural purposes IS-1172 Basic requirements for water supply, drainage and sanitation IS-1199 Methods of sampling and analysis of concrete IS-1566 Hard-dawn steel wire fabric for concrete reinforcement IS-1742 Code of Practice for Building drainage IS-1785 Plain hard-drawn steel wire for pre-stressed concrete IS-1786 High strength deformed Steel Bars and wires for concrete reinforcement IS-1811 Methods of sampling Foundry sands IS-1893 Criteria for earthquake resistant design of structures IS-2062 Steel for general structural purposes IS-2064 Selection, installation and maintenance of sanitary appliances-code of practices IS-2090 High tension steel bars used in pre-stressed concrete IS-2140 Standard Galvanized steel wire for fencing IS-2470 (P1 & P2) Code of practice for installation of septic tanks IS-2514 Concrete vibrating tables IS-2645 Integral cement waterproofing compounds IS-3025 (Part 1 to Methods of sampling and test (Physical and chemical) for water and waste water IS-4091 Code of practice for design and construction of foundations for transmission line towers and poles IS-4111 (Part 1 to P5) Code of practice for ancillary structures in sewerage system IS-4990 Plywood for concrete shuttering work IS-5600 Sewage and drainage pumps  National building code of India 1970  USBR E12 Earth Manual by United States Department of the interior Bureau of Reclamation  ASTM-A392-81 Zinc/Coated steel chain link fence fabric	IS-432 (P1 and P2)	
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IS-806       Steel tubes for structural purposes         IS-1172       Basic requirements for water supply, drainage and sanitation         IS-1199       Methods of sampling and analysis of concrete         IS-1566       Hard-dawn steel wire fabric for concrete reinforcement         IS-1742       Code of Practice for Building drainage         IS-1785       Plain hard-drawn steel wire for pre-stressed concrete         IS-1786       High strength deformed Steel Bars and wires for concrete reinforcement         IS-1811       Methods of sampling Foundry sands         IS-1893       Criteria for earthquake resistant design of structures         IS-2062       Steel for general structural purposes         IS-2064       Selection, installation and maintenance of sanitary appliances-code of practices         IS-2065       Code of practice for water supply in buildings         IS-2090       High tension steel bars used in pre-stressed concrete         IS-2140       Standard Galvanized steel wire for fencing         IS-2470 (P1 & P2)       Code of practice for installation of septic tanks         IS-2514       Concrete vibrating tables         IS-3025 (Part 1 to Part 1 to Part 48)       Methods of sampling and test (Physical and chemical) for water and waste water         IS-4091       Code of practice for design and construction of foundations for transmission line towers and poles	IS-516	Method of test for strength of concrete
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USBR E12 Earth Manual by United States Department of the interior Bureau of Reclamation  ASTM-A392-81 Zinc/Coated steel chain link fence fabric	IS-5600	
of Reclamation  ASTM-A392-81 Zinc/Coated steel chain link fence fabric	National building code of	of India 1970
,	USBR E12	
ASTM-D1557-80 test for moisture-density relation of soils using 10-lb (4.5 kg)	ASTM-A392-81	Zinc/Coated steel chain link fence fabric
	ASTM-D1557-80	test for moisture-density relation of soils using 10-lb (4.5 kg)

CODES	TITLE
	rame land 18-in. (457 mm) Drop
ASTM-D1586(1967)	Penetration Test and Split-Barrel Sampling of Soils
ASTM-D2049-69	Test Method for Relative Density of Cohesionless Soils
ASTM-D2435	Test method for Unconsolidated, (1982)
	Undrained Strengths of Cohesive Soils in Triaxial Compression
BS-5075	Specification for accelerating Part I Admixtures, Retarding Admixtures and Water Reducing Admixtures
CPWD	Latest CPWD specifications
ACSR MOOSE CONDUCTOR	R
IS:6745	Methods for Determination of
BS:443-1969	Mass of zinc coating on zinc
10.0262	coated Iron and Steel Articles
IS:8263	Methods for Radio Interference
IEC:437-1973	Test on High Voltage Insulators
NEMA:107-1964	
CISPR	
IS:209, BS:3436-1961	Zinc Ingot
IS:398 Part - V	Aluminum Conductors for Overhead Transmission Purposes
IEC:209-1966	
BS:215(Part-II),	Aluminium Conductors galvanized steel reinforced extra high voltage (400 kV and above)
IEC:209-1966	
IS:1778, BS:1559-1949	Reels and Drums for Bare Conductors
IS:1521, ISO/R89-1959	Method for Tensile Testing of steel wire
IS:2629	Recommended practice for Hot dip Galvanising on Iron and Steel
IS:2633	Method for Testing Uniformity of coating of zinc Coated Articles
IS:4826/	Hot dip galvanised coatings on round steel wires
ASTMA-472-729	
GALVANISED STEEL EART	•
IS:1521, ISO/R:89-1959	Method for Tensile Testing of Steel Wire
IS:1778	Reels and Drums for Bare Conductors
IS:2629	Recommended practice for Hot Dip Galvanising on Iron and Steel
IS:2633	Methods for testing Uniformity of Coating of Zinc Coated Articles
IS:4826/ ASTM:	Hot dip Galvanised Coatings on Round Steel Wires
A 475-72a	
BS:443-1969	
IS:6745/ BS:443-1969	Method for Determination of mass of Zinc Coating on Zinc coated Iron and Steel Articles.
IS:209/BS:3463-1961	Zinc ingot
IS:398 (Pt. I to P5:1992)/	Aluminum Conductors for overhead transmission purposes
BS:215 (Part-II	

CODES	TITLE
Lighting Fixtures and Acc	essories
IS:1913	General and safety requirements for electric lighting fittings
IS:3528	Water proof electric lighting fittings
IS:4012	Dust proof electric lighting fittings
IS:4013	Dust tight proof electric lighting fittings
IS:10322	Industrial lighting fittings with metal reflectors
IS:10322	Industrial lighting fittings with plastic reflectors
IS:2206	Well glass lighting fittings for use under ground in mines (non-flameproof type)
IS:10322	Specification for flood light
IS:10322	Specification for decorative lighting outfits
IS:10322	Luminaries for street lighting
IS:2418	Tubular fluorescent lamps
IS:9900	High pressure mercury vapour lamps
IS:1258	Specification for Bayonet lamp fluorescent lamp
IS:3323	Bi-pin lamp holder tubular fluorescent lamps
IS:1534	Ballasts for use in fluorescent lighting fittings. (Part-I)
IS:1569	Capacitors for use in fluorescent lighting fittings
IS:2215	Starters for fluorescent lamps
IS:3324	Holders for starters for tubular fluorescent lamps
IS:418	GLS lamps
IS:3553	Water tight electric fittings
IS:2713	Tubular steel poles
IS:280	MS wire for general engg. Purposes
Conduits, Accessories and	d Junction Boxes
IS:9537	Rigid steel conduits for electrical wiring
IS:3480	Flexible steel conduits for electrical wiring
IS:2667	Fittings for rigid steel conduits for electrical wiring
IS:3837	Accessories for rigid steel conduits for electrical wiring
IS:4649	Adaptors for flexible steel conduits
IS:5133	Steel and Cast Iron Boxes
IS:2629	Hot dip galvanising of Iron & Steel
Lighting Panels	
IS:13947	LV Switchgear and Control gear(Part 1 to 5)
IS:8828	Circuit breakers for over current protection for house hold and similar installations
IS:5	Ready mix paints
IS:2551	Danger notice plates
IS:2705	Current transformers

CODES	TITLE
IS:9224	HRC Cartridge fuse links for voltage above 650V(Part-2)
IS:5082	Wrought aluminium and Al. alloys, bars, rods, tubes and sections for electrical purposes
IS:8623	Factory built Assemblies of Switchgear and Control Gear for voltages upto and including 1000V AC and 1200V DC
IS:1248	Direct Acting electrical indicating instruments
<b>Electrical Installation</b>	
IS:1293	3 pin plug
IS:371	Two to three ceiling roses
IS:3854	Switches for domestic and similar purposes
IS:5216	Guide for safety procedures and practices in electrical work
IS:732	Code of practice for electrical wiring installation (system voltage not exceeding 650 Volts.)
IS:3043	Code of practice for earthing
IS:3646	Code of practice of interior illumination part II & III
IS:1944	Code of practice for lighting of public through fares
IS:5571	Guide for selection of electrical equipment for hazardous areas
IS:800	Code of practice for use of structural steel in general building construction
IS:2633	Methods of Testing uniformity of coating on zinc coated articles
IS:6005	Code of practice for phosphating iron and steel
	INDIAN ELECTRICITY ACT
	INDIAN ELECTRICITY RULES
LT SWITCHGEAR	
IS:8623 (Part-I)	Specification for low voltage switchgear and control gear assemblies
IS:13947 (Part-I)	Specification for low voltage switchgear and control gear, Part 1 General Rules
IS:13947 (part-2)	Specification for low voltage switchgear and control gear, Part 2 circuit breakers
IS:13947 (part-3)	Specification for low voltage switchgear and control gear. Part 3 Switches, Disconnectors, Switch-disconnectors and fuse combination units
IS:13947 (part-4)	Specification for low voltage switchgear and control gear. Part 4 Contactors and motors starters
IS:13947 (part-5)	Specification for low voltage switchgear and control gear. Part 5 Control-circuit devices and switching elements
IS:13947 (part-6)	Specification for low voltage switchgear and control gear. Part 6 Multiple function switching devices
IS:13947 (part-7)	Specification for low voltage switchgear and control gear. Part 7 Ancillary equipments
IS:12063	Degree of protection provided by enclosures

## **ANNEXURE-C**

CODES	TITLE	
IS:2705	Current Transformers	
IS:3156	Voltage Transformers	
IS:3231	Electrical relays for power system protection	
IS:1248	Electrical indicating instruments	
IS:722	AC Electricity meters	
IS:5578	Guide for Marking of insulated conductors of apparatus terminals	
IS:13703 (part 1)	Low voltage fuses for voltage not exceeding 1000V AC or 1500V DC Part 1 General Requirements	
IS:13703 (part 2)	Low voltage fuses for voltage not exceeding 1000V AC or 1500V DC Part 2 Fuses for use of authorized persons	
IS:6005	Code of practice of phosphating iron and steel	
IS:5082	Wrought Aluminum and Aluminum alloys for electrical purposes	
IS:2633	Hot dip galvanising	

Note: If any standard is expired or does not exist anymore than other standard which has substituted it, shall be applicable.

## **LIST OF DRAWINGS/DOCUMENTS FOR SECOND ADVANCE**

## A. ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS/DOCUMENTS FOR SWITCHYARD

- (1) Single Line Diagram
- (2) Electrical Layout Plan and Sections
- (3) DSLP Calculation and drawing
- (4) Structure Layout (Plan & Section) drawing
- (5) Foundation & Cable Trench Layout
- (6) Earthmat Layout
- (7) Short circuit Force and Critical Span Calculations (for non-standard span)
- (8) Cantilever Strength calculations (for non-standard span)

## B. CIVIL DRAWINGS/DOCUMENTS

- (1) Soil Investigation Report (if applicable)
- (2) Structure Design, Foundation Design & Drawing, Plinth Beam Design & Drawing and column Design & Drawing up to G.F. Level of control room building
- (3) Structure Design, Foundation Design & Drawing, Plinth Beam Design & Drawing and column Design & Drawing of GIS building(s)

#### C. DRAWINGS/DOCUMENTS OF EQUIPMENT

- (1) Circuit Breaker, Isolator, CT, CVT, IVT, Surge Arrestor, Bus Post Insulator
  - Drawing, GTP and Type test Reports
- (2) Control and Relay Panels
  - GTP and Type test Reports
- (3) Substation Automation System (SAS)
  - GTP and Type test Reports

## D. DRAWINGS/DOCUMENTS OF POWER TRANSFORMER

- (1) Design Review documents
- (2) GA drawings for transformer, bushings
- (3) Foundation Plan
- (4) GTP
- (5) RTCC-GA and schematic drawings
- (6) Rating and Diagram Plate
- (7) Power Transformer foundation design & drawings (if Applicable)
- (8) For Single Phase Autotransformer (if Applicable)
  - Single Line Diagram
  - Electrical Layout & Section
  - Foundation Layout including Neutral & Delta Formation

## LIST OF DRAWINGS/DOCUMENTS FOR SECOND ADVANCE

## E. DRAWINGS/DOCUMENTS OF REACTOR

- (1) Design Review documents
- (2) GA drawings for reactor, NGR, LA, bushings
- (3) Foundation Plan
- (4) GTP
- (5) Rating and Diagram Plate
- (6) Shunt Reactor, NGR & SA foundation design & drawings (if Applicable)
- (7) For Single Phase Reactor (if Applicable)
  - Single Line Diagram
  - Electrical Layout & Section
  - Foundation Layout including Neutral Formation

## F. DRAWINGS/DOCUMENTS OF GIS

- (1) GTP
- (2) Gas Line Diagram
- (3) GIS Layout Drawing

## G. DRAWINGS/DOCUMENTS OF EHV Cable (132kV of Above)

- (1) GTP
- (2) Cross Section Drawing

#### NOTES:-

- 1. The list of drawings/ documents mentioned above is a standard list. Some of the items may not be applicable and need not to be referred for a particular substation package.
- 2. In case type tests are to be repeated/conducted, then approval of type test reports is not required at this stage.
- 3. Category-II approved drawings shall also be considered for release of second/engineering advance.

Comprehensive List of Drawing Submission Schedule			
SL.NO.	DRAWINGS/DOCUMENTS TITLE	CATEGORY	
1.00	DRAWING FOR SWITCHYARD		
1.01	Over all General Arrangement Drawing	A	
1.02	Single Line Diagram	A	
1.03	Electrical layout plan & section	A	
1.04	Structure loading diagram cum layout arrangement	A	
1.05	DSLP Calculation & layout	A	
1.06	Switchyard Foundation & cable Trench Layout	A	
1.07	Indoor Cable Trench Layout ( As applicable for Control Room Building, GIS Hall ,Switchyard panel Room, FFPH Building)	A	
1.08	Buried Cable Trench layout	A	
1.09	Erection Key Diagram (plan & section) & Erection Bill of Quantity	A	
1.10	Earthmat layout	A	
1.11	Indoor Illumination layout ( As applicable for Control Room Building, FFPH Building, Transit Camp, Switchyard panel Room, GIS Halll )	A	
1.12	Out door illumination Layout	A	
1.13	SLD of LT AC/DC System	A	
1.14	Panel arrangement layout in Control Room Building	A	
1.15	Panel arrangement layout in Switchyard panel room/LCR Room of GIS Hall	A	
1.16	Fire detection and alarm system for control Room building, GIS Building and Switchyard panel room	A	
1.17	Air Conditioning Layout ( As applicable for Control Room Building, LCR room in GIS Hall ,Switchyard panel Room)		
1.18	LT Station Layout	A	
1.19	Power and control cable schedule	A	
2.00	DESIGN CALCULATION		
2.01	DSLP calculation	R	
2.02	Lighting system design calculation (if applicable)	R	
2.03	Earthing system design calculation (if applicable)	R	
2.04	Battery sizing calculation (if applicable)	R	
2.05	Hydrolic Calculation for Fire protection (if applicable)	R	
2.06	AC and ventilation calculation for GIS Building ( if applicable)	R	
2.07	EOT crane sizing calculation	R	
3.00	GAS INSULATED SWITCHGEAR		
3.01	Design Review along with all supporting documents for new design of GIS	A	

	Comprehensive List of Drawing Submission Schedule	
3.02	Guaranteed Technical Particular (GTP)	A
3.03	Type Test Reports of GIS	
3.04	Drawings, GTP & Type Test Reports of SF6/Air Bushing	A
3.05	Component Drawing of Each type of GIS Equipment	R
3.06	Single Line Diagram	A
3.07	Layout for GIS Arrangement (Plan and Section View and plate form arrangement)	A
3.08	Foundation for GIS (Including Loading Data)	A
3.09	Earthing Layout including Special Earthing Requirement for GIS	R
3.10	Gas System Diagram	A
3.11	GIS support Structure layout including Details of Support Structure.	A
3.12	GIS Key Diagram	R
3.13	PD Location Layout along with sensitivity attenuation calculation	R
3.14	GA & Schematic drawings of Local Control Cabinets (LCC)	A
3.15	Type Test Reports of Local Control Cabinets (LCC)	A
3.16	Spare Parts List (Based on Contract)	A
3.17	Special Tools List (Based on Contract)	A
3.18	Name Plates	A
3.19	GA, Data Sheet and Catalogues for	
a)	SF6 gas leakage detector	R
b)	SF6 gas filling & evacuation plant	R
c)	SF6 gas Analyser	R
d)	Partial discharge monitoring system	R
e)	catalogue of UHF sensors	R
3.20	GA & Schematic drawings of overhead crane	A
4.00	AUTOTRANSFORMER	
4.01	Design Review	R
4.02	Guaranteed Technical Particulars	A
4.03	Outline General Arrangement Drawing with Bill of material (OGA parts list) & Shipping details	A
4.04	Foundation Plan	A
4.05	GA & schematic drawing of Cooler control cabinet/Marshalling Box and Write up	A
4.06	GA & schematic drawing of Common Marshalling Box and Write up (as applicable)	A
4.07	GA & schematic drawing of Drive Mechanism Box and Write up	A
4.08	Bushing dwg and GTP (HV, IV, LV and Neutral as applicable)	A
4.09	Radiator Details	A
4.10	Magnetising Characteristics of bushings CT	A
4.11	Rating and Diagram plate	A

	Comprehensive List of Drawing Submission Schedule	
4.12	Valve Schedule plate rating	A
4.13	Twin-Bi directional roller	Α
4.14	Type Test Report	Α
4.15	Instruction Manual	R
5.00	REACTOR	
5.01	Design Review	R
5.02	Guaranteed Technical Particulars	A
5.03	Outline General Arrangement Drawing with Bill of material (OGA parts list) & Shipping details	A
5.04	Foundation Plan	A
5.05	Bushing dwg and GTP (HV and Neutral)	A
5.06	GA & schematic drawing of Marshalling Box and Write up	A
5.07	Magnetization characteristics of Reactor Core and bushing CTs	A
5.08	Rating and diagram plate	A
5.09	Twin bi-directional roller	A
5.10	Radiator Details	A
5.11	Type test Report	A
5.12	Instruction Manual	R
6.0	NEUTRAL GROUNDING REACTOR (NGR)	
A	Air Core NGR	
6.01	Design Review	R
6.02	Guaranteed Technical Particulars	A
6.03	General Arrangement Drawing with pedestal details and Bill of material (OGA parts list) & Shipping details	A
6.04	Foundation Plan	Α
6.05	Rating and diagram plate	Α
В	Oil Filled Type NGR	
6.06	Design Review	R
6.07	Guaranteed Technical Particulars	A
6.08	General Arrangement Drawing with Bill of material (OGA parts list) & Shipping details	A
6.09	Foundation Plan including Combined Foundation for NGR & LA	A
6.10	Rating and diagram plate	A
7.00	CIRCUIT BREAKER	
	GA drg of SF6 CB	A
7.01	U	
7.01	OGA drawing of control unit	Α
	OGA drawing of control unit OGA drawing of support insulator, interrupter insulator	A R

	Comprehensive List of Drawing Submission Sche	dula
7.05	Electrical schematic diagram	A
7.06	Rating and name plate drawing	A
7.07	Hydraulic/SF6 gas connection diagram	R
7.07	Schematic diagram of operating mechanism	R
7.09	Wiring diagram	R
7.10	Terminal connector and corona rings	R
7.11	Sectional view of interrupter	R
7.12	GTP	A
7.13	Type Test Reports	A
7.14	Instruction Manual	R
,,,,,	mod devien randa	A.
8.00	ISOLATOR	
8.01	GA drawing of Isolator without earth switch	A
8.02	Contact blade assembly (main & earth switch)	R
8.03	Terminal pad & hinge contacts	R
8.04	GA of MOM – main switch	R
8.05	Schematic & wiring drg. for main switch	R
8.06	Name plate - details	A
8.07	GA of terminal connectors	A
8.08	GA of post insulator for isolator	R
8.09	GTP	A
8.10	Type Test Report	A
8.11	Instruction Manual	R
9.00	INSTRUMENT TRANSFORMER (CT/CVT/IVT)	
9.01	GTP	A
9.02	General Arrangement	A
9.03	Sectional view	R
9.04	Sec. terminal box GA	R
9.05	GA of Junction box	R
9.06	Data sheet of junction box	A
9.07	Wiring drg of JB incl. interpole	R
9.08	Terminal connectors	A
9.09	Schematic & rating plate	R
9.10	Porcelain insulator	R
9.11	Corona ring	R
9.12	Type Test Reports	A
9.13	Instruction Manual	R
10.00	SURGE ARRESTER	

Comprehensive List of Drawing Submission Schedule	e
	A
GTP	A
Porcelain insulator	R
Cross sectional view	R
Arrestor and unit name plate	A
Grading rings	R
Insulating base / surge counter detail	R
Outline drg of surge counter	R
Circuit diagram of surge counter	R
GA of ZnO element	R
Line terminal bracket with corona rings	R
Drawing showing pressure relief arrangement.	R
Type Test Report	A
Instruction Manual	R
BUS POST INSULATOR	
GA drawing & GTP	A
Type Test Reports	A
Marshaling Box, Junction Boxes	
GA Drawings	A
Schematic Drawing	A
Type Test reports A	
Conductor, Al Tube & GS Earth Switch	
Type Test Reports (if applicable)	A
DISC INSULATOR (if applicable)	
GA drawing	A
Type Test Reports	A
LONG ROD POLYMER INSULATOR	
GA drawing	A
Type Test Reports	A
INSULATOR STRINGS WITH HARDWARE ASSEMBLY	
GA DRG	A
	+
Component drawings Type Test Reports	R A
	Porcelain insulator Cross sectional view Arrestor and unit name plate Grading rings Insulating base / surge counter detail Outline drg of surge counter Circuit diagram of surge counter GA of ZnO element Line terminal bracket with corona rings Drawing showing pressure relief arrangement. Type Test Report Instruction Manual  BUS POST INSULATOR GA drawing & GTP Type Test Reports  Marshaling Box, Junction Boxes GA Drawings Schematic Drawing Type Test reports  Conductor, Al Tube & GS Earth Switch Type Test Reports  DISC INSULATOR (if applicable) GA drawing Type Test Reports  LONG ROD POLYMER INSULATOR GA drawing Type Test Reports

Comprehensive List of Drawing Submission Schedule			
17.00	CLAMPS & CONNECTORS		
17.01	Drawings	A	
17.02	Type Test Reports	A	
18.00	HORN GAP FUSE		
18.01	GA OF HG FUSE	A	
18.02	Type Test Reports	A	
19.00	BATTERY AND BATTERY CHARGER		
19.01	GTP	A	
19.02	Drawings	A	
19.03	Type Test Reports	A	
20.00	ILLUMINATION		
20.01	GTP of all types of fittings/fixtures & cotrol gear	A	
20.02	GA drg. of lighting poles/posts	A	
20.03	Wiring drgs. of panel/LDBs to fixtures	R	
20.04	GA of Junction box	A	
20.05	GA street lighting panel/outdoor lighting panel	A	
20.06	GA of Receptacles	A	
21.00	LT SWITCHGEAR		
21.01	GA drg of ACDB	A	
21.02	SLD of ACDB	A	
21.03	GA drg of 220V DCDB	A	
21.04	SLD of 220V DCDB	A	
21.05	GA drg of 50V DCDB	A	
21.06	SLD of 50V DCDB	A	
21.07	Data sheet	A	
21.08	Sch. of each type of module	R	
21.09	Type Test Reports	A	
21.10	Instruction Manual	R	
22.00	HT Power Cable		
22.01	GTP & Catalogue	A	
22.02	Type Test Reports	A	
23.00	POWER & CONTROL CABLE		
23.01	Type Test Reports for Power Cable	A	
23.02	Type Test Reports for Control Cable	A	

	Comprehensive List of Drawing Submission Schedule	
	CONTROL AND RELAY PANELS & SUBSTATION AUTOMATION	
24.00	SYSTEM (SAS)	
24.01	GTP & detailed technical literature & O&M manuals of all types of relays, SAS Equipments	A/R
24.02	Type Test Reports of all relays & equipments	R
	GA and schematic drgs. for :-	
a)	Relay and protection panels for all type line(s)	A
b)	Relay and protection panels for all type autotransformer(s) including tertiary loading	A
c)	Relay and protection panels for bus/line reactor(s)	A
d)	Relay and protection panels for tie bay(s)	
e)	Relay and protection panels for TBC bay(s)	A
<u>f)</u>	Relay and protection panels for BC bay(s)	A
g)	Busbar protection panel (s)	A
h)	Circuit Breaker relay panel(s)	
24.03	Panel Construction Details	A
24.04	SAS Architecture	A
24.05	Relay Settings	A
25.00	Visual Monitoring System	
25.01	GTP/Catalogue of VMS Equipment and Camera	A
25.02	VMS Architectural Drawing	A
26.00	PLCC EQUIPMENTS	
26.01	GTP & technical literature	A/R
26.02	Type Test Reports of all PLCC equipment	A
26.03	GA & GTPs for wave trap	A
26.04	GA drg of PLCC terminal	R
26.05	Digital/ Analog Protection coupler	R
26.06	SNR calculation (if applicable)	R
26.07	Coupling device	R
26.08	GTP of HF cable	A
26.09	Testing & maintenance equipments	R
26.10	Frequency Planning	A
27.00	DG SET	
27.01	GTP	A
-/.01		Λ
27.02	Drawings/manuals	A

	Comprehensive List of Drawing Submission Schedule		
28.01	GTP	A	
28.02	Drawings	A	
28.03	A/C sizing calculation	A	
29.00	LT TRANSFORMER		
29.01	GTP	A	
29.02	Drawings	A	
29.03	Type Test Reports	A	
30.00	FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEM		
30.01	Piping layout in the switchyard	A	
30.02	HVW spray system drawings (plan, elevation, side view, isometric view and pylon support details)	R	
30.03	Pylon support locations	R	
30.04	Schematic and GA for LCP for deluge valve operation	A	
30.05	Hydraulic calculations for HVW spray network	R	
30.06	Drawing for deluge valve housing	A	
30.07			
30.08	Drawing of valve pit details		
30.09	System writeup with various settings		
30.10	GTP & drgs. for gate valve, check valve, solenoid valve, outdoor hydrant valve		
30.11	GTP & catalogue for deluge valve, spray nozzles & projectors	A	
30.12	GTP & catalogue for quatrzoid bulb detector	A	
30.13	GTP & drg. for pressure switch, pressure gauge	A	
30.14	GTP for G.I. & M.S. pipes & pipe accessories	A	
31.00	CONTROL ROOM BUILDING / TRANSIT CAMP /FFPH BUILDING/SWITCHAYRD PANEL ROOM/INDOOR HT SWITCHGEAR ROOM/TOWNSHIP BUILDINGS (AS applicable)		
31.01	Architectural drawing		
a)	Plan, Section & elevation	A	
b)	Doors and Window Schedule	A	
31.02	Building design calculation( if applicable)  A		
31.03	Civil Construction Drawings	A	
32.00	DRAWING FOR GIS BUILDING ( if Applicable)	A	
31.01	Architectural drawing	A	
a)	Plan, section & elevation	A	
b)	Doors & windows schedule	Α	

#### **ANNEXURE-E**

	Comprehensive List of Drawing Submission Schedule	
31.02	GIS Building Superstructure drawings & design calculation	A
31.03	Civil Construction Drawings	A
31.04	GIS Equipment foundation inside GIS building	A
33.0	SWITCHYARD CIVIL CONSTRUCTION DRAWING (AS APPLICABLE)	
33.01	Tower Foundation	A
33.02	Equipment Foundation	A
33.03	Transformer Foundation	A
33.04	Reactor Foundation	A
33.05	Road Construction including culverts, rail cum roads	A
33.06	Switchyard fencing and Gate	A
33.07	Cable trench section	A
33.08	Drain Section	A
33.09	Rain water harvesting	A
33.10	Boundary wall	A
33.11	DG Set foundation	
33.12	LT transformer foundation	A
33.13	Car parking Shed/Security Room	A
33.14	Out Door GIB foundations	A
33.15	Outdoor Sf6/Air Bushing Foundation A	
33.16	BMK/Lighting pole foundation	A
33.17	Fire wall	A
33.18	Contour layout	A
33.19	Drawing of formation level	A
33.20	Soil investigation Report	A
33.21	Any other foundation in Switchyard	A
34.00	DESIGN, FABRICATION & PROTO CORRECTED DRAWINGS OF ALL TYPES OF TOWERS & BEAMS	R
35.00	DESIGN, FABRICATION DRAWINGS FOR EQUIPMENT SUPPORT STRUCTURES	R
36.00	MISCELLANEOUS CIVIL DRGS	A

LEGEND:- A- for Approval; R:- for Record

Note: i) The above list of Drawing is indicative. The same shall be used for formulation of Master Drawing List (MDL) in DREAMS System.

#### Annexure- F

# Assessment report from Contractor for proposed sub-vendor along with following enclosures (to the extent available):

- 1. Registration / License of the works
- 2. Organization chart with name and qualification of key persons
- 3. List of Plant and Machinery.
- 4. List of testing equipment with their calibration status.
- 5. List of Raw material, bought out items with sourcing details
- 6. List of out-sourced services with sourcing details.
- 7. List of supply in last three years.
- 8. Third party approval, if any (viz. ISO, BIS),
- 9. Pollution clearance wherever applicable
- 10. Energy Conservation & Efficiency report (Applicable to industries having contract load more than 100 KVA)
- 11. Formats for RM, in process and acceptance testing
- 12. Type test approvals conducted in last 5 years, if applicable
- 13. Performance Certificates from customers
- 14. Photographs of factory, plant and machinery & testing facilities

Technical Specification: GTR C/ENGG/SPEC/GTR (Rev. No.:-15, Dec 2020)

# MQP & INSPECTION LEVEL REQUIREMENT

Sl. No	Item / Equipment	Reference document for inspection	Inspection Level
A.01	LT Transformer /Power Transformer/ Reactor/ Converter Transformer/ Filter Reactor	MQP/ITP	IV
A.02	Bushing	MQP	IV
A.03	Insulating Oil	POWERGRID TS	III
A.04	Oil storage tank for transformers	MQP	III
A.05	Nitrogen injection based explosion prevention system	FAT/ITP	III
A.06	On Line oil drying system for transformers	POWERGRID TS	П**
A.07	On Line DGA and moisture monitoring system	POWERGRID TS	II**
A.08	Flow sensitive conservator isolation valve	POWERGRID TS	II**
A.09	Oil Filtration Machine	MQP	III
B.01	Circuit Breakers	MQP	IV
B.02	Current Transformers	MQP/ITP	IV
B.03	CVT/PT/IVT	MQP	IV
B.04	Isolators	MQP/ITP	IV
B.05	Surge Arrestors	MQP/ITP	III
B.06	Line Trap & Air Core Reactor	MQP/ITP	III
B.07	Point On switching device (CSD) for Circuit Breaker (wherever required)	FAT/ITP	IV
C.01	STATCOM including Valve, valve base electronics, DC capacitor, series reactor and all accessories	ITP	IV
C.02	Mechanically switched Reactor bank (3-ph) including all accessories (MSR Branches)	ITP	IV
C.03	Mechanically switched Capacitor bank (3-ph) including all accessories (MSC Branches)	ITP	IV
C.04	Harmonic Pass filters	ITP	IV
C.05	HT Capacitor	MQP	IV
D.01	Thyristor Valve	FAT/ITP	III
D.02	PLC Capacitors for HVDC	FAT/ITP	III
D.03	Valve Cooling system for	FAT/ITP	III

Sl. No	Item / Equipment	Reference document for inspection	Inspection Level
	HVDC		
D.04	AC/DC Filter Resistors	ITP	III
D.05	DC Current and Voltage measuring device for HVDC	FAT/ITP	III
D.06	Maintenance platform for valve hall	POWERGRID TS	П
D.07	Optical signal column for FSC	FAT/ITP	II
E.01	GIS including spares	MQP/ITP	IV
E.02	Dew Point Meter for GIS	POWERGRID TS	I*
E.03	Portable Partial Discharge monitoring system for GIS	POWERGRID TS	Ι*
E.04	Partial Discharge Monitoring System (Online) for GIS	ITP	III
E.05	PEB Structure and Puf Panels	MQP	III
F.01	Substation Automation system	FAT/MQP	III
F.02	Event Logger	POWERGRID TS	III
F.03	PLCC equipment Viz PLCC Terminal ,Carrier equipment, Protection Coupler , Coupling Device but excluding EPAX / HF Cable	MQP	III
F.04	Control & Relay Panels	MQP	III
G.01	EHV Cables	MQP/ITP	III
G.02	Power Cables & Control Cables	MQP	Ш
G.03	Cable Joints (11 kV and above)	POWERGRID TS	II
G.04	Cable Lugs & Glands / Clamps/Terminations	POWERGRID TS	I
H.01	LT Switchgear & ACDB/DCDB/MLDB/ELDB	MQP	III
H.02	Battery	POWERGRID TS	II
H.03	Battery Charger	MQP	III
H.04	UPS & Voltage Stablizer	MQP/FAT	III
H.05	D. G. Set	FAT/ITP	III
H.06	Lighting Panel	POWERGRID TS	II
H.07	Lighting Poles	POWERGRID TS	II
H.08.1	Lighting Fixtures, Lighting Earthwire, Switches / sockets, Conduits, Lamps & fans including exhaust fans	POWERGRID TS	I
H.8.2	Solar based LEDs System including street light/pole solar panel, Inverter controller/LED fixture	FAT	III
H.09	MS/GI /PVC Pipes for cable	POWERGRID TS	I

Sl. No	Item / Equipment	Reference document for inspection	Inspection Level
	trenches and lighting	Tor Inspection	
H.10	Outdoor Receptacle	POWERGRID TS	I
H.11	Split A.C/window A.C./ precision AC/ Kiosk AC/ Cascade AC/ Tower AC	POWERGRID TS	I
H.12	Occupancy sensors for control of lighting	POWERGRID TS	I
H.13	Solar based street lighting pole including Solar Panel, Inverter, Controller, etc.	POWERGRID TS	III
H.14	Junction Box / Lighting Switch Boards / Bay MB / Portable Flood Light Panel	POWERGRID TS	II
H.15	Lighting transformer	POWERGRID TS	II
I.01	SF6 gas processing unit, SF6 gas Leakage detector, SF6 gas Analyzer	POWERGRID TS	I*
I.02	SF6 Gas	POWERGRID TS	I
I.03	Spark Gap	FAT/ITP	III
I.04	Time synchronizing Equipment (GPS Clock)	POWERGRID TS	I
I.05	Galvanized Cable trays	POWERGRID TS	II
I.06	Video Monitoring System	FAT/ITP	I
I.07	Public Address System (All Components)	POWERGRID TS	Ι
I.08	Building Management System (All components)	POWERGRID TS	I
I.09	Access Control System (All Components)	POWERGRID TS	I
I.10	Video Display system/ Video Projection system	POWERGRID TS	I
I.11	VESDA (smoke detector)	POWERGRID TS	I
I.12	High Mast Pole	MQP	III
J.01	Aluminium ladder	POWERGRID TS	I
J.02	Hume Pipes	POWERGRID TS	I
J.03	Castle Key	POWERGRID TS	I
J.04	Water Treatment plant (All components).	POWERGRID TS	I
J.05	Furniture	POWERGRID TS	I
J.06	DOL Starter	POWERGRID TS	I
J.07	Oil Sample Bottles and Syringe	POWERGRID TS	I
J.08	Test & Measuring Equipment, T&P	POWERGRID TS	I*
K.01	EOT Crane	POWERGRID TS	II

Sl. No	Item / Equipment	Reference document for inspection	<b>Inspection Level</b>
K.02	Boom Crane/Golf Cart/Platform Truck/Man Lift/ Fork Lift/ Lifts	POWERGRID TS	II
L.00	Fire Protection System		
L.001	Panels, Hydro pneumatic tank for fire protection system.	POWERGRID TS	III
L.002	Deluge valve, Strainers, MS/GI pipes, Pumps, motors, air compressor, and other valves, Diesel Engines	POWERGRID TS	П
L.003	Others	POWERGRID TS	I
M.00	HVAC SYSTEM		
M.001	Air Cooled Chiller	POWERGRID TS	III
M.002	Pump	POWERGRID TS	II
M.003	Air Handling Unit	POWERGRID TS	II
M.004	Fan Filter Unit With Centrifugal Blower	POWERGRID TS	П
M.005	Axial Flow Fan	POWERGRID TS	II
M.006	Main Climate Control Unit (Dehumidifier)	POWERGRID TS	I
M.007	Dampers	POWERGRID TS	II
M.008	Fire Dampers	POWERGRID TS	II
M.009	Pressure Gauge, Thermometers, Other Instruments / Sensors	POWERGRID TS	I
M.010	Grill, Diffuser, Jet Nozzle, Louvers etc	POWERGRID TS	I
M.011	Ducting	POWERGRID TS	III
M.012	M S Pipe	POWERGRID TS	II
M.013	Pipe Insulation Material	POWERGRID TS	I
M.014	Duct Insulation Material	POWERGRID TS	I
M.015	Underdeck Insulation Material	POWERGRID TS	I
M.016	Gate Valve & Non Return valve	POWERGRID TS	I
M.017	Y Strainer	POWERGRID TS	II
M.018	Ball Valve/ Motorised Butterfly Valve/ Balancing Valve	POWERGRID TS	I
M.019	Closed Expansion Tank	POWERGRID TS	II
M.020	Air Separator	POWERGRID TS	Ι
M.021	MCC /PLC /Electrical Panels	POWERGRID TS	III
M.022	Propeller Fan/ Conduit	POWERGRID TS	II
M.023	Air Filter/ Mixing Valve with Thermostat	POWERGRID TS	I

Sl. No	Item / Equipment	Reference document for inspection	Inspection Level
N.01	SDH Equipment	FAT/ITP	IV
N.02	Termination Equipment Primary/ DI Multiplexer	FAT/ITP	IV
N.03	DACS	FAT/ITP	IV
N.04	Optical Amplifier	FAT/ITP	IV
N.05	FODP including pigtail, Joint Box, FDMS	FAT/ITP	II
N.06	IMPS	FAT/ITP	IV
N.07	Optical bypass switch	FAT/ITP	IV
N.08	Air Purifier	FAT/ITP	I
N.09	Patch cord & connector	FAT/ITP	I
N.10	NMS	FAT/ITP	IV
N.11	OPGW Cable	MQP/ITP/FAT	III
N.12	Hardware Fittings for OPGW cable	MQP/ITP	III
N.13	DCPS	FAT/ITP	III
N.14	Radio Links	FAT/ITP	III
N.15	SMPS based DC Power Supply (DCPS) system	FAT/ITP	Ш
N.16	WAMS (PMU & Accessories)	FAT/ITP	III
N.17	PUF Shelter	FAT/ITP	III
N.18	Aerial OFC/UGOFC/ADSS/FO Cable	FAT/ITP	III
N.19	DWDM	FAT/ITP	III
N.20	OTN	FAT/ITP	III
N.21	MPLS-TP Equipment	FAT/ITP	III
N.22	L2 Switch	FAT/ITP	III
N.23	IP-MPLS Router	FAT/ITP	III
N.24	HDPE Pipes	POWERGRID TS	II
N.25	Equipment Cabinets	POWERGRID TS	II
N.26	Main Distribution Frame	POWERGRID TS	I
N.27	Telephone system, EPAX, Telephone wires, Telephone sockets	POWERGRID TS	Ι
N.28	Fibre Optic Cable	MQP	III
N.29	Hardware Fittings for Fibre Optic cable	MQP	III
O.01	Re-rollers of MS/HT Angle Section and galvanized tower parts.	MQP	IV
O.02	Conductor	MQP	IV
O.03	Hardware fittings and Conductor & Earthwire Accessories	MQP	IV
O.04	Earth wire	MQP	IV

## Annexure-G

Sl. No	Item / Equipment	Reference document for inspection	Inspection Level
O.05	Insulator	MQP	IV
O.06	Bolts & Nuts of Gr 8.8 / 8	MQP	IV
O.07	Mono Pole	MQP	IV
O.08	Foundation Bolts & Anchor Bolts	POWERGRID TS	III
O.09	D-shackle/ Hanger / Links and associated Special bolt/nuts	MQP	III
O.10	Span Marker, Obstruction lights and Wind Measuring Equipment	POWERGRID TS	III
O.11	MS ROD rolled by Approved Re-roller of POWERGRID	MQP	III
O.12	MS ROD rolled by Approved steel producers of POWERGRID	POWERGRID TS	I
O.13	Spring Washers & Pack washers	POWERGRID TS	II
O.14	Bolts & Nuts Gr up to 5.6/5	POWERGRID TS	II
O.15	ACD & Barbed wire for ACD/Bird guard	POWERGRID TS	П
O.16	Danger Plate / Phase Plate / Number Plate / Circuit plate	POWERGRID TS	I
O.17	Sub Station Structure (lattice/pipe type)	MQP	III
O.18	Clamps & Connecters (including equipment connectors)	MQP	III
O.19	MS/ GI Flat, rod type, pipe type and other earthing material.	POWERGRID TS	II
O.20	Aluminium Tube & Busbar materials	POWERGRID TS	II
O.21	Pipe Type & Counter Poise Earthing	POWERGRID TS	П
O.22	DTS System	POWERGRID TS	II

For Equipment where requirement of MQP is envisaged, ITP/FAT will be followed If sourced from off shore. For items required in S/S or T/L or TELECOM/LD&C , same inspection level as specified shall be followed for all the cases.

<sup>\*</sup>MICC for test and measuring equipment (inspection level I or II) shall be issued only after actual verification/ demonstration of satisfactory performance at site.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Though level-2 items, CIP/MICC can be issued also on review of TCs and visual inspection of these item.

ANNEXURE-H

## RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating (HVIC)

#### 1. SCOPE

The scope of work shall include supply, transportation and application of RTV-1 silicone rubber high voltage insulator coating and cleaning/removal of waste from the equipment.

- a) All the required materials, tools & tackles, testing equipments including man lift etc. are in the scope of successful bidders/contractor.
- b) Surface preparation:
  - All equipment surfaces to be coated should be made free from dust, grease, oil etc. & other foreign matter. Also the surface meant for application must be dry.
- c) The RTV coating supplied for application should be properly mixed before application as per the recommendations of manufacturer. The coating should cover complete surface and should be applied in manner that prevents runs, sags, drips, spills etc. The application shall be done by certified applicant of Manufacturer.
- d) Successful bidder/contractor shall submit the detailed field quality plan for approval. It is not the intention of this specification to specify completely herein all details and design requirements. However, the materials offered & work execution shall confirm in all respects to high standards of engineering and workmanship and be capable of performing in continuous commercial operation up to guarantee in a manner acceptable to purchaser.

#### 2. CLIMATIC CONDITIONS:

The overall climate is moderate hot, humid, tropical, highly polluted and conducive to rust and fungus growth. The climatic conditions are prone to wide range of outdoor service conditions.

#### 3. APPLICABLE CODES AND STANDARDS

The latest revision/amendments of the following Codes and Standards shall be applicable for the equipment/material covered in this Technical Specification. In case of conflict, the vendor/manufacturer may propose equipment/material conforming to one group of Industry Codes and Standards quoted hereunder without jeopardizing the requirements of this Technical Specification.

IEC 60243-1	Electric strength of insulating materials - Test methods - Part 1: Tests at power frequencies
IEC TR 62039	Selection guide for polymeric materials for outdoor use under HV stress
IEC 60250	Recommended methods for the determination of the permittivity and dielectric dissipation factor of electrical materials at power, audio and radio frequencies including meter wavelengths
IEC 60587	Electrical insulating materials used under severe ambient conditions - Test methods for evaluating resistance to tracking and erosion
IEC TS 62073	Guidance on the measurement of hydrophobicity of insulator surfaces
IEC 61621	Dry, solid insulating materials-Resistance test to high - voltage, low - current arc discharges
IEC 62217	Polymeric HV insulators for indoor and outdoor use-General definitions, test methods and acceptance criteria

Technical Specification: GTR C/ENGG/SPEC/GTR (Rev. No.:-15, Dec 2020)

**ANNEXURE-H** 

# RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating (HVIC)

IEC 62631-3-2	Dielectric and resistive properties of solid insulating materials - Part 3-2: Determination of resistive properties (DC methods) - Surface resistance and surface resistivity
IEEE Std 957	IEEE Guide for Cleaning Insulators
IEEE Std 1523	IEEE Guide for the Application, Maintenance and Evaluation of Room Temperature Vulcanizing (RTV) Silicone Rubber Coatings for Outdoor Insulation Applications.
ASTM D149-09	Standard Test Method for Dielectric Breakdown Voltage and Dielectric Strength of Solid Electrical Insulating Materials at Commercial Power Frequencies
ASTM D150-11	Standard Test Methods for AC Loss Characteristics and Permittivity (Dielectric Constant) of Solid Electrical Insulation
ASTM D257-14	Standard Test Methods for DC Resistance or Conductance of Insulating Materials
ASTM D495-14	Standard Test Method for High - Voltage, Low - Current, Dry Arc Resistance of Solid Electrical Insulation
CEA LWIWG-02 (1996)	Line Post Composite Insulator for Overhead Distribution Lines

#### 4. Technical Parameters

## 4.1 RTV Silicon compound in its liquid form shall have the following properties:

Material Properties	Requirement
Material Type	One part RTV
Appearance	Paint
Filler type	ATH, Quartz or both
Color	Gray
Percent of solids by weight	≥ 70%
Substrate Application Temperature Range °C	-4°C to 121°C
Tack free at 25°C and 50% RH	30 minutes

## 4.2 RTV Silicon coating after cured form shall have the following properties:

Parameters	Requirement
Application Area	Glass, Porcelain, station insulators, as well as
	bushing, instrument transformers and related
	devices
Full cure time	$\geq$ 24 hours
Coating thickness	500 microns + 10% tolerance,
	dry film thickness
Dielectric Strength	$\geq$ 20 kV/mm
Volume Resistivity	≥ 1.0*10^12 ohm.m
Tracking and Erosion test	1000 Hours
Min. Salinity Level withstood during "Artificial	$\geq$ 160 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Pollution Test using Salt Fog Method"	
Hydrophobic Recovery Test	HC2 or HC1
Method of Application	Airless Spray
Dry Arc resistance	Tract ≥ 140 seconds
	Burn Out ≥ 420 seconds

ANNEXURE-H

## RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating (HVIC)

Parameters	Requirement
Tracking and Erosion (IEC 60587, Method 1:	Class 1A 4.5kV or better
Application of constant tracking voltage)	
Primer Required	No primer material shall be allowed
Resistant to	Marine salt fog, Water, Industrial (cement dust, fly
	ash, acid emission etc.), Rough Weather
	Conditions
Other Properties	Non Hazardous to environment, surface after full
	cure shall be smooth

#### 4.3 Materials

- 4.3.1 The RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating shall be ultraviolet (UV) radiation exposure resistant. The finished product shall withstand the adverse atmospheric conditions due to weather, proximity to the coast, fumes, ozone, acids (particularly nitric acid in the coastal areas and sulphuric acid in the oil field areas), bases/alkalis, and hydrocarbon components, dust or rapid changes to air temperature (temperature extremes). There shall not be significant material degradation such as development of surface cracks and unacceptable increase in surface hardness etc.
- 4.3.2 The RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating shall be resistant to atmospheric and chemical degradation. Salt air, airborne pollutants, industrial pollutants such as cement dust, sulphur, rain and humidity shall not result in flashover on the coating.
- 4.3.3 The RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating shall be resistant to arcing and corona. The Coating shall exhibit high tracking resistance to reduce damage during salt-storms (storms arising from the sea) or other severe contamination events. The track resistance of the RTV Silicone Rubber Insulator Coating material shall meet the requirements of IEC 60587, Method 1, Class 1A 4.5kV.
- 4.3.5 The RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating shall be a single component, ready-to-use after simple mixing. It shall not require excessive mixing/shaking and thinning/dilution before use. The Coating shall be moisture curable at room temperature.
- 4.3.6 The RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating shall exhibit long-term water repellency and hydrophobicity.
- 4.3.7 The RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating shall not require use of any primer on the ceramic insulators for adhesion purposes.
- 4.3.8 The RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating shall be easy to be reapplied. The Coating shall have excellent arc resistance, excellent unprimed adhesion, easy to apply and spray-able as well as paint-able.
- 4.3.9 The RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating shall have a minimum 12 months shelf life, which shall effect from the date of manufacturing. The manufacturer shall submit the warranty to this effect. The expiry date shall be marked on the containers. The remaining shelf life of the material shall be at least six (6) months when delivered to site. The coating shall be supplied in cans weighing not more than 25kg.

#### 4.4 Composition and Properties

4.4.1 The RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating shall be capable of withstanding high-pressure water power washing. To prove this property, a power wash test shall be performed per requirements stated hereafter in this standard.

ANNEXURE-H

## RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating (HVIC)

- 4.4.2 The RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating shall protect the ceramic insulators (porcelain and glass) against flashovers caused by pollution.
- 4.4.3 The manufacturer shall advise/recommend suitable method of application and submit written application instructions and shall suggest suitable equipment set-up (size of pump and compressors, etc.) and the compatibility of his product to be reapplied on the RTV coating from other manufacturers.
- 4.4.4 The warranty for RTV coating on the equipments shall be for a period of 5 years

### 4.5 Markings

The packing and expiry dates of coating shall be labeled on the coating cans. The expiry date shall be considered from the packaging date and not from the date of shipment of the coating.

The cans shall be marked for "flammable" or "non-flammable" depending upon the type of solvent used for the dispersion of the coating.

#### 5.0 TESTS

All test results shall be provided for review and acceptance by customer.

#### 5.1 **Type Tests**

- 5.1.1 Type tests as prescribed in relevant standards shall be performed on RTV coated sample tiles or RTV coated insulators as applicable to verify the suitability of the design, materials and method of manufacture. Testing shall include, but not limited to following. These tests shall be performed only on the new design of RTV silicone high voltage insulation coating. The test reports shall be submitted from tests done in a NABL/International accredited lab.
  - a) Tracking and erosion resistance test (IEC 60587, Method 1, Class 1A 4.5kV). Samples shall consist of smooth porcelain plates of 6mm (± 0.5mm) thickness coated with the thickness of the material as proposed by the manufacturer for the offered coating. Breaking of porcelain substrate shall not be allowed.
  - b) Salt-fog tests

The 1000 hour Tracking and erosion test outlined in IEC-62217 shall be carried out.

c) Dry arc resistance test

Dry arc resistance test shall be carried out as per ASTM D495.

d) Contact Angle Measurement Test:

Receding contact angle measurement test shall be performed in accordance with IEC TS 62073.

e) BDV testing of fully cured coating.

The test shall be carried out as per IEC:60243-1 or ASTM D149.

f) Volume Resistivity Test

ANNEXURE-H

## RTV Silicone high voltage insulation coating (HVIC)

The test shall be carried out as per IEC:60093. Sample thickness shall be 2mm which can be obtained by using an open mould casting technique. The minimum volume resistivity as specified shall be achieved.

- g) Artificial Pollution Test in general with IEC 60507 without the pre-condition test.
- h) Adhesion Test as type test:

Adhesion test shall be performed in accordance with Canadian Electric Association (CEA) specification LWIWG-02 (96) or any other equivalent standard to verify the bonding characteristics of the RTV Silicone Rubber Coating when applied to ceramic insulators. Three (3) coated insulators shall be put in water having 0.1% by weight of NaCl and boiled for 100 hours (each sample separately). At the end of boiling, allow each insulator to remain in the water until the water cools to about 50°C. The coating shall not exhibit any water blisters at the interface between the insulator surface and the coating.

#### 5.2 Acceptance Tests (at Site or Factory)

a) Thickness measurement:

Dry film thickness (DFT) of the coating shall be measured at site on all Equipments randomly at least at one point of the Equipment.

b) Adhesion Test as acceptance test:

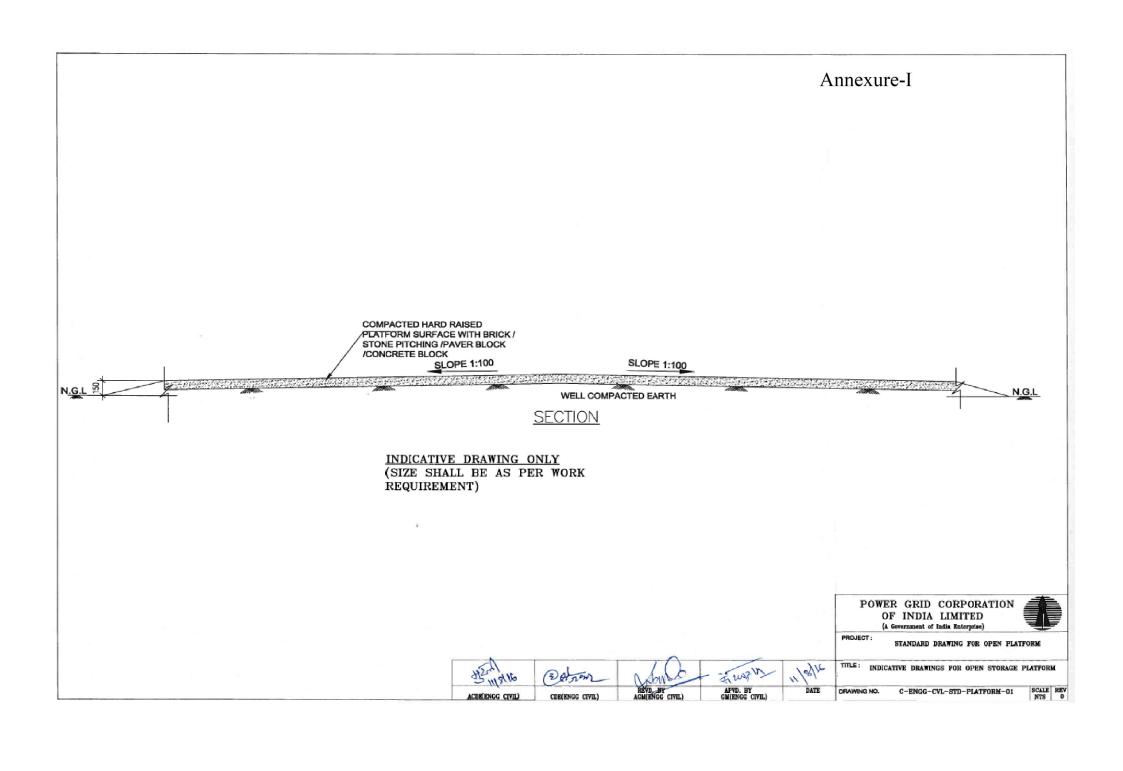
Adhesion test shall be performed at site in accordance with CEA specification LWIWG-02 (96) or any other equivalent standard to verify the bonding characteristics of the RTV Silicone Rubber Coating when applied to ceramic insulators. Three (3) coated insulators shall be put in water having 0.1% by weight of NaCl and boiled for 2 hours (each sample separately). At the end of boiling, allow each insulator to remain in the water until the water cools to about 50°C. The coating shall not exhibit any water blisters at the interface between the insulator surface and the coating.

c) High Pressure Water Withstand Test:

A power water wash test shall be performed at site on 5% sample in accordance with IEEE Std 957 to demonstrate that the RTV coated insulators can be power washed without any damage to RTV coating. The test shall be a water spray of a solid stream through a 6mm diameter nozzle at 3800 kPa for a period of 10 (ten) minutes. The nozzle of the spray equipment shall be at a distance of 3m from the insulator surface. There should not be any damage to the coating.

d) Hydrophobicity test:

Hydrophobicity test shall be carried out on virgin material at site on 5% sample on 1-2 coated equipment as per STRI guidelines and the results shall be HC2 class or better. Hydrophobicity test shall be carried out after completion of high pressure water withstand test.



#### ANNEXURE-J

# LIST OF THE MAKES FOR WHICH TYPE TEST REPORTS NOT REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED

Sl. No.	ITEM DESCRIPTION	MAKE	
<i>A</i> .	Substation Accessories [Type Testing is not envisaged]		
1.	Out door receptacles	CGL/B&C/BCH/Sakti, Chennai/Indo Asian/AVAIDS	
2.	Trefoil clamp	Moulded Fibre Glass Products, Calcutta	
3.	Diesel Engine	Cummins/Ruston & Hornsby/Greaves Cotton/Kirloskar/Mahindra/Ashok Leyland	
4.	Alternator	AVK/KIRLOSKAR/STAMFORD/ Leroy Somer	
5.	Motors	KEC/Siemens/NGEF/Crompton/ABB	
6.	Cable Glands	Sunil & Co./Arup/ Comet/QPIE	
7.	Junction Box	Sarvana/ECS/C&S/Vikas/ Maktel/Unilac/Jasper/ Amara raja/AVAIDS	
8.	EPAX	MATRIX, BPL	
9.	ACSR Conductor (Bersimis/Moose/Zebra)	Sterlite/Apar/HVPL/Sharavathy/Hiren Aluminium Ltd./Smita/Deepak Cables/Polycab wires/Cabcon/JSK	
10.	AAC Conductor (BULL)	Sterlite/Cabcon /JSK	
11.	G.S. Earthwire	Sharavathy/Bharat Wire Ropes/Ramswarup	
12.	Lighting Fixtures	Phillips/CGL/Bajaj /Havels	
13.	Lighting Transformer	Gujarat-Plug-In	
14.	Lighting Panels	Vikas/Makel/Nitya/AVAIDS	
15.	MCCB/ACB/Protective relays of LT Switchgear Boards	All approved makes as per Compendium of Vendors	
16.	EOT Crane	Reva	
В.	ACCESSORIES FOR TRANSFORMER applicable and not required to be subm	R & REACTOR [Earlier approved type test reports is nitted]	
17.	BUCHHOLZ RELAY [Upto 765kV Transformer & Reactor]	<ul> <li>(i) M/S CEDESPE, ITLAY [Model Type-EE 3 (Plug &amp; Socket type)]/</li> <li>(ii) M/s VIAT INSTRUMENTS PVT. LTD.KOLKATA [Model type-GOR-3M (Plug &amp; Socket type)]</li> </ul>	
18.	PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICE [Upto 765kV Transformer & Reactor]	(i) M/S SUKRUT UDYOG, Pune [Model type-T-6-MS-15-SHB-PS (Plug & Socket type)] /	
19.	MAGNETIC OIL LEVEL GAUGE [Upto 765kV Transformer & Reactor]	(i) M/S SUKRUT UDYOG PUNE [Model type-SO-HE-10-M-ATMS-PS (Plug & Socket type)], [Model Type:- SO-6-M-P-PS (Plug & Socket type)]/	
20.	AIR CELL (FLEXIBLE AIR SEPARATOR) [Upto 765kV Transformer & Reactor]	Type test of following makes are not to be submitted  (i) M/S PRONAL FRANCE /  (ii) FUJIKURA, JAPAN /  (iii) PRONAL ASIA, MALAYSIYA /  (iv) SHENYANG HONGDA GENERAL RUBBER  FACTORY /	

#### ANNEXURE-J

# LIST OF THE MAKES FOR WHICH TYPE TEST REPORTS NOT REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED

Sl. No.	ITEM DESCRIPTION		MAKE
		(v)	BAODING XINKE RUBBER PRODUCT INSTITUTE, CHINA /
		(vi)	M/S ZENITH INDUSTRIAL RUBBER PRODUCTS PVT. LTD. THANE/
		(vii)	M/S UNIRUB TECHNO PUNE
21.	OTI & WTI	(i)	M/S PRESIMEASURE BANGALORE [Model
	[Upto 765kV Transformer & Reactor]		type-1005A
22.	OIL PUMP	(i)	FLOWWELL PUMPS & METERS, BANGALORE
	[Upto 765kV Transformer & Reactor]		[Model type-1220D, 1250D
23.	COOLING FAN AND MOTOR	(i)	M/S MARATHON LTD KOLKATA [Model Type:-
	ASSEMBLY [Upto 765kV		36M/K75-P8, 0.7kW, 725RPM, 22J/K37-P6,
	Transformer & Reactor]		0.25kW, 940RPM,AFF 915103, 0.625kW, 550RPM]
24.	Sudden Pressure Relay	(i)	Qualitrol [Model/Drawing No.900-003-02 CS-
	[Upto 765kV Transformer & Reactor]	(**)	46518, 900-003-32 CS-46369] /
		(ii)	Shenyang KEQI Electrical Equipment Co. Ltd.
	PLICITION A PER AN	(1)	[Model/Drawing No.SYJ9-50-25TH]
25.	BUCHHOLZ RELAY	(i)	M/S CEDASPE, ITALY [Model type-EE3 (Plug &
	[Upto 400kV Transformer & Reactor]	(::)	Socket type)]/
		(ii)	VIAT INSTRUMENTS [Model type-GOR-3M (Plug
26.	PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICE	(;)	& Socket type)] M/S SKURUT UDYOG, PUNE [Model type-T-6-
20.	[Upto 400kV Transformer & Reactor]	(i)	MS-15-SHB-PS (Plug & Socket type)]
27.	MAGNETIC OIL LEVEL GAUGE	(i)	M/S SUKRUT UDYOG PUNE [Model type-SO-
27.	[Upto 400kV Transformer & Reactor]	(1)	HE-10-M-ATMS-PS (Plug & Socket type)], [Model
	[apto 400kv Trunsjormer & Reactor]		Type: SO-6-M-P-PS (Plug & Socket type)]/
		(ii)	M/S YOGYA ENTERPRISES, JHANSI [Model
		(11)	type-SO-10 (Plug & Socket type)]
28.	AIR CELL (FLEXIBLE AIR	Type	e test of following makes are not to be submitted
	SEPARATOR)	(i)	M/S THE RUBBER PRODUCTS MUMBAI /
	[Upto 400kV Transformer & Reactor]	(ii)	M/S UNIRUB TECHNO PUNE /
		(iii)	M/S PRONAL FRANCE/
		(iv)	M/S ZENITH INDUSTRIAL RUBBER PRODUCTS
			PVT. LTD. THANE /
		(v)	SHENYANG HONGDA GENERAL RUBBER
		(1)	FACTORY, CHINA
29.	Sudden Pressure Relay	(i)	Qualitrol [Model/Drawing No.900-003-02 CS-
	[Upto 400kV Transformer & Reactor]	(::)	46518, 900-003-32 CS-46369] /
		(ii)	VIAT INSTRUMENTS [Model/Drawing No.950 /
		(iii)	Shenyang KEQI Electrical Equipment Co. Ltd.
30.	RIP Bushing (52kV, 3150A)	ΔRR	[Model/Drawing No.SYJ9-50-25 <sup>TH</sup> ] Micafil, Switzerland [Model/Drawing No.
50.	THE DUSTING (OZKV, STOUR)		D073617 (Rev F)]
31.	RIP Bushing (420kV, 1250A)		, SWEDEN [Model/Drawing No.1ZSC005378A0001
01.	(12011)	REV	
32.	RIP Bushing (245kV, 1250A)		, SWEDEN [Model/Drawing No.1ZSC005416A0001
		(Rev	<u> </u>
33.	RIP Bushing (245kV, 2000A)		, SWEDEN [Model/Drawing No.1ZSC005373A0001

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ANNEXURE-J
LIST OF THE MAKES FOR WHICH TYPE TEST REPORTS NOT REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED

S1. No.	ITEM DESCRIPTION	MAKE	
		(Rev. C)]	
34.	RIP Bushing (420kV, 1250A)	HSP Germany [Model/Drawing No.327470]	
35.	RIP Bushing (245kV, 2000A)	HSP Germany [Model/Drawing No.329260]	
36.	RIP Bushing (52kV, 3150A)	HSP Germany [Model/Drawing No.329280]	
37.	RIP Bushing (420kV, 1250A)	Izolyator, Russia [Model/Drawing No.686354.603]	
38.	RIP Bushing (245kV, 2000A)	Izolyator, Russia [Model/Drawing No.686353.602]	
39.	RIP Bushing (52kV, 3150A)	Izolyator, Russia [Model/Drawing No.686351.601]	
40.	RIP Bushing (145kV, 1250A)	Izolyator, Russia [Model/Drawing No.686352.604]	
41.	RIP Bushing (420kV, 1250A)	TRENCH, CHINA [Model/Drawing No.ECT 707 (C2)]	
42.	RIP Bushing (245kV, 2000A)	TRENCH, CHINA [Model/Drawing No.ECT 617 (C3)]	
43.	RIP Bushing (245kV, 1250A)	TRENCH, CHINA [Model/Drawing No.ECT 616 (C3)]	
44.	RIP Bushing (145kV, 1250A)	TRENCH, CHINA [Model/Drawing No.ECT 516 (C3)]	
45.	RIP Bushing (52kV, 1250A)	TRENCH, CHINA [Model/Drawing No.ECT 415 (C3)]	
46.	RIP Bushing (52kV, 3150A)	TRENCH, CHINA [Model/Drawing No.ECT 419 (C3)]	
47.	RIP Bushing (420kV, 1250A)	Xian China [Model/Drawing No.75706 (Rev 09)]	
48.	RIP Bushing (245kV,2000A)	Xian China [Model/Drawing No.75618 (Rev 09)]	
49.	RIP Bushing (52kV, 3150A)	Xian China [Model/Drawing No.75366 (Rev 03)]	
50.	RIP Bushing (52kV, 3150A)	Xian China [Model/Drawing No.75332 (Rev 08)]	
51.	OIP Bushing (800kV, 2500A)	ABB, SWEDEN [Model / Drawing No. GOE-2550-1600- 2500-0.6-B, 1ZSC026186-AAM REV. H]	
52.	OIP Bushing (420kV, 2500A)	ABB, SWEDEN [Model / Drawing No.GOE-1425-1150-2500-0.6, 1ZSC026186-AAL REV. F]	
53.	OIP Bushing (800kV, 2500A)	TBEA, CHINA [Model / Drawing No.TBEA-500-765T-A0035-01, REV. 02]	
54.	OIP Bushing (420kV, 2500A)	TBEA, CHINA [Model / Drawing No.TBEA-500-765T-A0035-02, REV. 02]	
55.	OIP Bushing (420kV, 2500A)	TRENCH, CHINA [Model / Drawing No.OT-738-1 (C 5)]	
56.	OLTC (500MVA, 765kV ICT)	MR Germany [Model/Drawing No. MI 1503 72.5/RC- 12231WR]	
57.	OLTC (500MVA, 400kV ICT)	Easun MR, Chennai [Model/Drawing No. 3 x MI 1200 300/D 10.19.3W]	
58.	OLTC (220kV & below rating transformer)	BHEL, Bhopal [Model/Drawing No.MIII 600 110/C 10.19.3W]	
C.	TESTING EQUIPMENT FOR TRANSFORMER & REACTOR		
59.	Oil BDV Test Kit	Baur [Model/Drawing No.DTA 100C]	
60.	Oil BDV Test Kit	Megger [Model/Drawing No.OTS 100AF]	

#### ANNEXURE-J

## LIST OF THE MAKES FOR WHICH TYPE TEST REPORTS NOT REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED

S1.	ITEM DESCRIPTION	MAKE
No.		
61.	Online Dissolved Gas (Multi-gas) and	A Eberle GmbH & Co. KG [Model/Drawing
	Moisture Analyser	No.HYDROCAL 1008]
62.	Online Dissolved Gas (Multi-gas) and	Ningbo Ligong Online Monitoring Technology Co. LTD
	Moisture Analyser	[Model/Drawing No.MGA2000]
63.	Online Dissolved Gas (Multi-gas) and	GE Energy [Model/Drawing No.KELMAN TRANSFIX]
	Moisture Analyser	
64.	Online Dissolved Gas (Multi-gas) and	Qualitrol Company LLC [Model/Drawing
	Moisture Analyser	No.SERVERON TM 8]
65.	On line Insulating Oil Drying System	CEE DEE Vacuum Equipment Pvt. Ltd. [Model/Drawing
		No.TRANSDRY CD-002]
66.	On line Insulating Oil Drying System	PTSS [Model/Drawing No.PTSS-TDS1GA6XS]
67.	Portable Dissolved Gas Analysis of	GE Energy [Model/Drawing No. KELMAN
	Insulating Oil	TRANSPORT X]

#### **NOTES:-**

- **1.** For sub-station accessories mentioned at Sr. No. A above, model specific separate approval of type test report is not required.
- **2.** For Transformer/Reactor accessories & testing equipment mentioned at Sr. No. B & C above, wherever, model/drawing no. is specified separate approval of type test report and drawing/documents is not required, thus requirement of type test report validity of 10 years is not applicable.

SL.NO.	Power System Equipment
A	Power System Equipment
1	Transformers and Reactors (66 kV to 765 kV AC)
2	Air Insulated Switchgear (Circuit Breakers, Disconnectors), Surge Arrester, Wave trap (66 kV to 765 kV AC)
3	Gas Insulated Switchgear (66 kV to 400 kV AC)
4	Instrument Transformers (66 kV to 765 kV AC)
5	Bus Post Insulators
6	Substation structure material
7	Transmission line tower material
8	Conventional conductors and accessories
9	Porcelain Insulators and hardware fittings
10	Control & power cables
11	High Voltage Cables (upto 220 kV AC)
12	Control and Protection System including Substation Automation System
13	DG set
14	DC system (DC Battery & Battery Charger) in a substation
15	AC & DC Distribution Board for substation
16	Material for Grounding system
17	Items for illumination system
В	Telecom Products, Services and Works
1	Encryption/UTM platforms (TDM and IP)
2	IP/MPLS Core routers/ Edge/ Enterprise Router
3	Managed Leased line Network equipment
4	Ethernet Switches (L2 and L3), Hubs
5	IP based Soft Switches, IMS, Unified Communication Systems

6	Wireless/Wireline PABXs / IP PBX & / Media Gateways
7	CPE (including Wi-Fi Access points and Routers, Media Converters), 2G/3G/4G/LTE Modems, Leased-line Modems, NFV/SDN CPE
8	Set-Top Boxes
9	SDH/Carrier-Ethernet/MPLS- TP/Packet Optical Transport equipment/PTN/OTN systems
10	DWDM/CWDM systems
11	GPON/XGS-PON, NG-PON2 equipment (including ONT and OLT)
12	Optical/SDH/PDH Cross Connects/OTN Cross-connects and optical MUX, OADM
13	Small size 2 G/3 G GSM based Base Station Systems, with its various derivatives including rural & disaster response, Macro & Micro BTS, Small Cells, NIB, C-RAN BBU and RRH
14	2 G/3 G GSM based Base Station Systems, with its various derivatives including rural & disaster response, Macro & Micro BTS, Small Cells, NIB, C-RAN BBU and RRH
15	Small Size LTE/LTE-R Based Mobile Systems, with its various derivatives including rural & disaster communications, Macro & Micro eNodeB, Small Cells, EPC, NIB C-RAN BBU and RRH, LTE/LTE-R/4.5 G/ 5 G based broadband wireless access systems (eNodeB, gNB, EPC, etc.)
16	LTE/LTE-R Based Mobile Systems, with its various derivatives including rural & disaster communications, Macro & Micro eNode B, Small Cells, EPC, NIB C-RAN BBU and RRH, LTE/LTE-R/4.5 G/ 5 G based broadband wireless access systems (eNodeB, gNB, EPC, etc.)
17	Wi-Fi based broadband wireless access systems (Including Access Point, Aggregation Block, Core Block), Integrated Broadband system
18	Microwave Radio systems (IP/Hybrid), Mobile Front haul BBU and RRH (CPRI, eCPRI, FlexE, RoE, NGFI)
19	Software Defined Radio, Cognitive Radio systems
20	Repeaters (RF/RF-over-Optical), IBS, and Distributed Antenna system
21	Satellite based systems-Hubs, VSAT Disaster Communication Systems etc.
22	Copper access systems (DSL/DSLAM), high-speed xDSL (G.fast)
23	Network Management systems (NMS) with its various derivatives

## **ANNEXURE-K**

24	Security and Surveillance Communication Systems (video and sensors based) including Perimeter Security Systems
25	Optical Fiber
26	Optical Fiber Cable
27	Telecom Power System (Including Solar Power)
28	Telecom Batteries (Lead Acid & Li-ion)
29	IP audio phones / IP video Phones / Analog adaptor
30	SDN Software Controllers, NVF and CNF software
31	Telecom Cloud infrastructure, Telecom Data centers
32	2 way Analog/Digital radio including Walkie-Talkie & Mobile Radio
33	Batteries of 2 way Analog/Digital radio including Walkie-Talkie
34	Fiber Monitoring System
35	M2M/IOT Subsystems
36	Telecom Services/Works

S.No	Clause ref	Existing Clause	Proposed Text	Reason/Backg round for proposed changes
1.	Clause2.1 a)		All equipment/materials/items, as per Annexure-K, as applicable under present scope of works, shall be procured and supplied from domestic manufacturers only	New Clause Added
			Any imported equipment/material/item/parts/component (comprising of embedded systems) to be supplied under the contract shall be tested in the certified laboratories to check for any kind of embedded malware/trojans/cyber threats and for adherence to Indian Standards as per the directions issued by Ministry of Power/Govt. of India from time to time. In case of such import from specified "prior reference" countries, the requirement of prior permission from the Govt. of India including protocol for testing in certified and designated laboratories by Ministry of Power/Govt. of India shall also be complied with by the contractor.	
			The bidder/contractor shall list out the products and components producing Toxic e-waste under the contract and shall furnish to the Employer the procedure of safe disposal at the time of closing of the contract	
2.	Clause 2.6	The bidder shall be responsible for safety of human and equipment during the working	The <b>contractor</b> shall be responsible for safety of human and equipment during the working.	
3.	Clause 3.2	The equipment to be furnished under this specification shall conform to latest issue with all amendments (as on the originally scheduled date of bid opening) of standard specified under Annexure-C of this section, unless specifically mentioned in the specification.	The equipment offered by the contractor shall at least conform to the requirements specified under relevant IS standard. In case of discrepancy between IS and other international standard, provisions of IS shall prevail. The Contractor shall also note that the list of standards presented in this specification at Annex-C is not complete. Whenever necessary, the list of standards shall be considered in conjunction with specific IS. If the IS standard is not available for an equipment/material, then other applicable International standard	Changes incorporated In line with recent Guidelines from GOI.

		The section of the se	(IEC/Equivalent), as per the specification, shall be accepted.	
4.	Clause 3.3	The Bidder shall note that standards mentioned in the specification are not mutually exclusive or complete in themselves, but intended to compliment each other.	The Contractor shall note that standards mentioned in the specification are not mutually exclusive or complete in themselves, but intended to compliment each other.	
5.	Clause 3.4	The Contractor shall also note that list of standards presented in this specification is not complete. Whenever necessary the list of standards shall be considered in conjunction with specific IS/IEC.	The equipment offered by the contractor shall confirm to relevant IS standard. The list of such IS standards are given at Annexure-C. In case There is discrepancy between IS and other international standard then provision in IS shall prevail. The Contractor shall also note that list of standards presented in this specification is not complete. Whenever necessary the list of standards shall be considered in conjunction with specific IS. If the IS standard is not available for relevant equipment's/ Material is supplied from foreign country, then other internationally standard (IEC/Equivalent) will be accepted.	Changes incorporated In line with recent Guidelines from GOI
6.	Clause 4.1	The 800kV and 420kV system is being designed to limit the switching surge over voltage of 1.9 p.u. and 2.5 p.u., respectively and the power frequency over voltage of 1.4 p.u. and 1.5 p.u., respectively. In case of the 420kV system, the initial value of the temporary overvoltages could be 2.0 p.u. for 1-2 cycles. The equipment furnished under this specification shall perform all its functions and operate satisfactorily without showing undue strain, restrike etc under such over voltage conditions.	Switching surge over voltage and power frequency over voltage is specified in the system parameters below. In case of the 420kV system, the initial value of the temporary over voltages could be 2.0 p.u. for 1-2 cycles. The equipment furnished under this specification shall perform all its functions and operate satisfactorily without showing undue strain, restrike etc under such over voltage conditions.	To avoid repetition.
7.	Clause 4.4	The bidder shall design terminal connectors of the equipment taking into account various forces that are required to withstand.	The bidder Contractor shall design terminal connectors of the equipment taking into account various forces as mentioned at Sl.No.4.3 that are required to withstand.	

0	Clares 4.6	1 6 System manager			I	1 6 Crystors	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			
8.	Clause 4.6	4.6 System parameter				4.6 System pa		0.11137.0		
		132kV,66kV,33kV &						& 11kV System		
		S.No	Description	of 66		S.No	Descripti	66kV System		
			parameters		stem		on of			
		9	Rated Sh	nort 31.	.5kA		parameter			
			circuit current				S			
				II.		9	Rated	31.5kA/25kA* for 3 Sec/		
							Short			
							circuit			
							current			
						* For Tertiz		Equipment's fault level shall		
								Cother Switchyards shall be		
							in Section F			
						us specified	in Section I	Toject		
					Further	Doromotors	of 52 kV System is also			
		• Further Parameters of 52 kV System is also added								
							-1 Cl	of CON Sections is an dated		
						· ·		of 66kV System is updated		
	G1	m c	11 1 1 1 1					egulation of CEA		
9.	Clause 5.2	The Contractor sha						nit <del>4 (four) sets of <mark>All Enginee</mark></del>		
		drawings/ design doo						ments /data / detailed bill of		
			ity and 1 (one) set of test reports for the one) set of test reports) through Online Document Review and							
		approval of the Employer. The contractor shall Engineering Approval Management System(Herein after DREAMS)								
		also submit the softo	opy of the abov	e docum	nents			<mark>mployer.</mark> <del>The contractor shall</del>		
		in addition to				softcopy of the	<del>ie above doc</del>	uments in addition to hardcopy	<del>'</del>	
		hardcopy.								
10.	Clause 5.7	Approval Procedure				Approval Pro				
		Note (2)						ould be submitted in <mark>softcopy :</mark>		
		All drawings should	d be submitted	in softc	сору	<del>however</del> furt	<mark>her</mark> substatio	on design drawings like SLD,	GA, all layouts	
		form, however subs	tation design d	rawings	like	etc. shall al	so be subn	nitted in AutoCAD Version	as <mark>supporting</mark>	
		SLD, GA, all layout	s etc. shall also	be submi	itted	documents i	n DREAMS	<mark>S.</mark> SLD, GA & layout dra	wings shall be	
		in AutoCAD Vers				submitted for	the entire su	ibstation in case of substation e	extension also.	
		drawings shall be								
		substation in case of s				For Civil d	rawings, as	sociated documents shall be	e submitted in	

	, <u> </u>	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	OTA AD/E 16 DE AMO	
			STAAD/Excel format as supporting document in DREAMS.	
11.	Clause 6.1.7	All oil, grease and other consumables used in the	All oil, grease and other consumables used in the Works/Equipment	
		Works/Equipment shall be purchased in India	shall be purchased in India unless the Contractor has any special	
		unless the Contractor has any special requirement	requirement for the specific application of a type of oil or grease not	
		for the specific application of a type of oil or	available in India. If such is the case, he shall declare source of	
		grease not available in India. If such is the case, he	oil/grease /other consumables in the proposal-GTP/Drawings, where	
		shall declare in the proposal, where such oil or	such oil or grease is available. He shall help Employer in establishing	
		grease is available. He shall help Employer in	equivalent Indian make and Indian Contractor. The same shall be	
		establishing equivalent Indian make and Indian	applicable to other consumables too.	
		Contractor. The same shall be applicable to other		
12	Clause ( 2 4	consumables too.	Degree of Brotestian	IS 13947 is
12.	Clause 6.2.4	Degree of Protection	Degree of Protection	
		The degree of protection shall be in accordance	The degree of protection shall be in accordance with IS/IEC60947;	superseded by IS/IEC 60947
		with IS:13947(Part-I)/IEC-60947 (Part-I)/IS	IS/IEC60529. Type test report of relevant Degree of Protection test,	IS 12063 is
		12063/IEC-60529. Type test report for IP-55 or	shall be submitted for approval.	superseded by
		higher degree of protection shall be submitted for	shall be subfillitted for approval.	IS/IEC 60529
		approval.		15/1LC 0032)
13.	Clause 6.3.1	Each main and auxiliary item of substation is to	Each main and auxiliary item of substation is to have permanently	
		have permanently attached to it in a conspicuous	attached to it in a conspicuous position a rating plate of non-corrosive	
		position a rating plate of non-corrosive material	material upon which is to be engraved manufacturer's name, Customer	
		upon which is to be engraved manufacturer's	Name, year of manufacture, equipment name, type or serial number	
		name, , year of manufacture, equipment name,	together with details of the loading conditions under which the item of	
		type or serial number together with details of the	substation in question has been designed to operate, and such diagram	
		loading conditions under which the item of	plates as may be required by the Employer. The rating plate of each	
		substation in question has been designed to	equipment shall be according to IS/ IEC requirement.	
		operate, and such diagram plates as may be		
		required by the Employer. The rating plate of each		
		equipment shall be according to IEC requirement.		
14.	Clause 9.2	The reports for all type tests as per technical	The reports for all type tests as per technical specification shall be	In line with
		specification shall be furnished by the Contractor	furnished by the Contractor alongwith equipment / material drawings.	CEA
		alongwith equipment / material drawings.	However, type test reports of similar equipments/ material already	Guidelines for
		However, type test reports of similar equipments/	accepted in POWERGRID shall be applicable for all projects with	Validity of
		material already accepted in POWERGRID shall	similar requirement. The type tests conducted earlier should have	Type tests

be applicable for all projects with similar requirement. The type tests conducted earlier should have either been conducted in accredited laboratory (accredited based on ISO / IEC Guide 25 / 17025 or EN 45001 by the national accreditation body of the country where laboratory is located) or witnessed by POWERGRID or representative authorized by POWERGRID or Utility or representative of accredited test lab.

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere, the type test reports submitted shall be of the tests conducted within last 10 (ten) years from the date of NOA. In case the test reports are of the test conducted earlier than 10 (ten) years from the date of NOA, the contractor shall repeat these test(s) at no extra cost to the Employer

either been conducted in accredited laboratory (accredited based on ISO / IEC Guide 25 / 17025 or EN 45001 by the national accreditation body of the country where laboratory is located) or witnessed by POWERGRID/representative authorized by POWERGRID/representative of Utility /representative of accredited test lab/ representative of NABCB certified agency shall also be acceptable.

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere, the type test reports submitted shall be of the tests conducted within the years specified below from the date of NOA. In case the test reports are of the test conducted earlier than the years specified below from the date of NOA, the contractor shall repeat these test(s) at no extra cost to the Employer.

<mark>S.</mark>	Name of Equipment	Validity of
No		type test( in
		years)
1	Power Transformer	<mark>5</mark>
<mark>2</mark>	LT Transformer	<mark>5</mark>
<mark>3</mark>	Shunt Reactor	5
<mark>4</mark>	OLTC	10
<mark>5</mark>	Bushing of Power	<mark>7</mark>
	Transformers/Reactors	
<mark>6</mark>	Fittings and accessories for	10
	Power transformers &	
	Reactors	
<mark>7</mark>	Circuit Breaker	10
<mark>8</mark>	<b>Isolator</b>	10
<mark>9</mark>	Lighting Arrester	10
<mark>10</mark>	Wave Trap	10
11	Instrument transformer	<mark>7</mark>
<mark>12</mark>	GIS & Hybrid GIS	10

		I The transfer of the transfer	10 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
			13 LT Switchgear 10
			14 Cable and associated 10
			accessories
			15 Relays 7
			16 Capacitors 10
			17 Battery & Battery Charger 7
			18 Conductor & Earth wire 10
			19 Insulators ( 10
			Porcelain/Glass)
			20 Composite Insulators 5
			21 PLCC 5
			Note
			For all other equipment's validity of type test shall be 10 years from
			date of NOA
			English in the country Country Country in the death of the country in the
			Further, in the event of any discrepancy in the test reports i.e. any test
			report not acceptable due to any design/manufacturing changes or due to
			non-compliance with the requirement stipulated in the Technical Specification or any/all type tests not carried out, same shall be carried
			out without any additional cost implication to the Employer.
			out without any additional cost implication to the Employer.
			The Contractor shall intimate the Employer the detailed program about
			the type tests atleast two (2) weeks in advance in case of domestic
			supplies & six (6) weeks in advance in case of foreign supplies
15.	Clause no. 9.5	The list of makes of various items, for which Type	The list of makes of various items, for which Type test reports are not
		test reports are not required to be submitted are	required to be submitted are specified in Compendium of Vendor
		specified in Compendium of Vendors (COV).	(COV)-at Annex-J
16.	Clause 12.2	The minimum weight of the zinc coating shall be	The minimum weight of the zinc coating shall be 610 gm/sq.m and
		610 gm/sq.m and minimum average thickness of	minimum average thickness of coating shall be 86 microns for all items
		coating shall be 86 microns for all items having	having thickness 6mm and above and 900 gm/sq.m for coastal area
		thickness 6mm and above and 900 gm/sq.m for	(30km from sea shore approximately if defined in Section Project)
		coastal area (30km from sea shore	or as specified in Section-Project. For items lower than 6mm thickness
		approximately ) or as specified in Section-	requirement of coating thickness shall be as per relevant ASTM. For

17.	Clause 12.3.2	requirement of coating thickness shall be as per relevant ASTM. For surface which shall be embedded in concrete, the zinc coating shall be 610 gm/sq.m minimum and 900 gm/sq.m for coastal area as specified in Section-Project  After phosphating, thorough rinsing shall be carried out with clean water followed by final rinsing with dilute dichromate solution and oven drying. The phosphate coating shall be sealed with application of two coats of ready mixed, stoving type zinc chromate primer. The first coat may be				surface which shall be embedded in concrete, the zinc coating shall be 610 gm/sq.m minimum and 900 gm/sq.m for coastal area as specified in Section-Project  Hot Phosphating shall be done for phosphating process under pretreatment of sheets After phosphating, thorough rinsing shall be carried out with clean water followed by final rinsing with dilute dichromate solution and oven drying. The phosphate coating shall be sealed with application of two coats of ready mixed, stoving type zinc chromate primer. The first coat may be "flash dried" while the second coat shall be stoved							
18.	Clause 12.3.6	S.No	PIPE LINE Hydra nt and Emuls ifier syste m pipeli ne	BASE COL OUR Fire red	BAN D COL OUR		S.No	PIPE LINE  Hydrant and Emulsifier system pipeline /NIFPS	BASE COLOUR Fire red	BAND COLOUR			
19.	Clause no. 12.3.8				l		water and air band colour sl	detection lines	are present at at an interval of	em detection lin the same substa of 2 meters app 25mm.	ation. Further,	New added	Clause
20.	Clause No. 13.14						Erection, testing and commissioning of Transformers, Reactors, Circuit breakers, Isolators, Substation automation system, Control & protection panels, PLCC, PMU, Telecommunication Equipments, NIFPS System,				& protection	New added	Clause

	-,	THE HOUSE	1.101 _01			l .				1	
		etc. shall be done by the contractor under the supervision of respective equipment manufacturers. Charges for the above supervision shall be included by the bidder in the erection charges for the respective equipment in the BPS.									
21.	Clause no. 15.2	Pickup value of binary input modules of Intelligent Digital protection couplers, Analog protection couple than 50% of the specified rated station auxiliary level.						olers, Analog protection couplers sha	all not be less	New added	Clause
22.	Clause no. 16.2	The minimum vertical distance from the bottom of The minimum vertical distance from the bottom of the							the lowest		
		the lowest porcelain part of the bushing, porcelain				porcelain/p	<mark>olymer</mark> par	t of the bushing, porcelain/polymer	enclosures or		
		enclosures of	or supporting	g insulators to t	he bottom	supporting	insulators to	the bottom of the equipment base,	where it rests		
				, where it res	ts on the	on the foun	on the foundation pad shall be 2.55 metres.				
			foundation pad shall be 2.55 metres.								
23.	Clause 17.1	S.No	Descripti	Material					1		
			on			Sl. No.	Descrip	Materials			
		a	For	Aluminum			tion				
			connectin	alloy		a)	For	Aluminum alloy casting,			
			g ACSR	casting,			connecti	conforming to designation A6			
			conducto	conforming			ng	4600 of IS:617 and all test shall			
			rs/AAC	to			ACSR	conform to IS:617			
			conducto	designation			conduct				
			rs/	A6 of IS:617 and			ors/AA				
			Aluminiu				C				
			m tube	all test shall conform to			conduct ors/				
				IS:617			Alumini				
		b	For	Bimetallic			um tube				
			connectin	connectors			um tuoc		J		
			g	made from							
			equipmen	aluminum							
			t	alloy							
			terminals	casting,							
			mad of	conforming							

		copper to with designation ACSR A6 of conducto IS:617 with rs/AAC 2mm thick conducto bimetallic rs/ liner/strip Aluminiu and all test m tube shall conform to IS:617	b) For connecti aluminum alloy casting, ng conforming to designation equipme nt thick bimetallic liner/strip and all test shall conform to IS:617  s mad of copper with ACSR conduct ors/AA C conduct ors/ Alumini um tube
24.	Clause 17.11	Clamps and connectors should be type tested on as per IS:5561 and shall also be subjected to routine tests as per IS:5561. Following type test reports shall be submitted for approval. Type test once conducted shall hold good. The requirement of test conducted within last ten years, shall not be applicable  i) Temperature rise test (maximum temperature rise allowed is 35°C over 50°C ambient)  ii) Short time current test  iii) Corona (dry) [for 400kV and above] and RIV (dry) test [for 132kV and above voltage level clamps]	Clamps and connectors should be type tested on minimum three samples as per IS:5561 and shall also be subjected to routine tests as per IS:5561. Following type test reports shall be submitted for approval. Type test once conducted shall hold good. The requirement of test conducted within last ten years, shall not be applicable  i) Temperature rise test (maximum temperature rise allowed is 35°C over 50°C ambient)  ii) Short time current test  iii) Corona (dry) [for 400kV and above] and RIV (dry) test [for 132kV and above voltage level clamps]  iv) Resistance test and tensile test Pullout strength test  v) Cantilever strength test on bus support clamps & connectors

	ivi Periotomes test and tensile				
		iv) Resistance test and tensile			
		test			
25.	Clause 18.1	All types of boxes, cabinets etc. shall generally conform to & be tested in accordance with IS-5039/IS-8623, IEC-60439, as applicable, and the clauses given below:	All types of boxes, cabinets etc. shall generally conform to & be tested in accordance with IS 5039/IS 8623, IEC 60439 IS/IEC 61439-0, as applicable, and the clauses given below:		
26.	Clause 18.2	Control cabinets, junction boxes, Marshalling boxes, & terminal boxes shall be made of stainless steel of atleast 1.5 mm thick or aluminum enclosure of atleast 1.6 mm thick and shall be dust, water and vermin proof. Stainless steel used shall be of grade SS304 (SS316 for coastal area) or better. The box shall be properly braced to prevent wobbling. There shall be sufficient reinforcement to provide level surfaces, resistance to vibrations and rigidity during transportation and installation. In case of aluminum enclosed box the thickness of aluminum shall be such that it provides adequate rigidity and long life as comparable with sheet steel of specified thickness.	Control cabinets, junction boxes, Marshalling boxes & terminal boxes, Out door ACDB cum DCDB panels shall be made of stainless steel of atleast 1.5 mm thick or aluminum enclosure of atleast 1.6 mm thick and shall be dust, water and vermin proof. Stainless steel used shall be of grade SS304 (SS316 for coastal area) or better. The box shall be properly braced to prevent wobbling. There shall be sufficient reinforcement to provide level surfaces, resistance to vibrations and rigidity during transportation and installation. In case of aluminum enclosed box the thickness of aluminum shall be such that it provides adequate rigidity and long life as comparable with sheet steel of specified thickness.  Control cabinets, junction boxes, marshalling boxes & terminal boxes, out-door ACDB cum DCDB panels shall have adequate space/clearance as per guidelines/technical specifications to access/replace any component. Necessary component labelling to be also done on non-conducting sheet.  For CONTROL CABINETS, JUNCTION BOXES, TERMINAL BOXES MARSHALLING BOXES FOR OUTDOOR EQUIPMENT Junction Box, wire should be as per IS or equivalent IEC with FRLS grade		
			Machine laid PU Foam gasket may be permitted for use in Control Cabinets etc.		

		, ,		
27.	Clause 18.4	Cabinet/boxes shall be provided with double hinged doors with padlocking arrangements. The distance between two hinges shall be adequate to ensure uniform sealing pressure against atmosphere	Cabinet/boxes shall be provided with double hinged doors with padlocking arrangements. The distance between two hinges shall be adequate to ensure uniform sealing pressure against atmosphere.  Cabinet boxes with width more than 700 mm shall be double door double hinged with padlocking type.	
28.	Clause 18.13	The enclosure of bay marshalling kiosk, junction box, terminal box and control cabinets shall conform to IP-55 as per IS:13947 including application of 2KV rms for 1 (one) minute, insulation resistance and functional test after IP-55 test	The enclosure of bay marshalling kiosk, junction box, terminal box and control cabinets shall conform to IP-55 as per <b>IS/IEC60947</b> including application of minimum 1KV rms for 1 (one) minute, insulation resistance and functional test after IP-55 test	
29.	Clause 20.13	The Contractor shall furnish all wire, conduits and terminals for the necessary interphase electrical connections (where applicable) as well as between phases and common terminal boxes or control cabinets. For equipments rated for 400 kV and above the wiring required in these items shall be run in metallic ducts or shielded cables in order to avoid surge over voltages either transferred through the equipment or due to transients induced from the EHV circuits.	The Contractor shall furnish all wire, conduits and terminals for the necessary interphase electrical connections (where applicable) as well as between phases and common terminal boxes or control cabinets. For equipments rated for 400 kV and above the wiring required in these items shall be run in metallic ducts or shielded cables in order to avoid surge over voltages either transferred through the equipment or due to transients induced from the EHV circuits.	
30.	Clause 20.14	All input and output terminals of each control cubicle shall be tested for surge withstand capability in accordance with the relevant IEC Publications, in both longitudinal and transverse modes. The Contractor shall also provide all necessary filtering, surge protection, interface relays and any other measures necessary to achieve an impulse withstand level at the cable interfaces of the equipment.	-	Clause deleted
31.	Clause 21.3.2		All fuses shall be of HRC cartridge type conforming to relevant IS	

		conforming to IS:9228 mounted on plug-in type fuse bases. Miniature circuit breakers with thermal protection and alarm contacts will also be accepted. All accessible live connection to fuse bases shall be adequately shrouded. Fuses shall have operation indicators for indicating blown fuse condition. Fuse carrier base shall have imprints of the fuse rating and voltage	mounted on plug-in type fuse bases. Miniature circuit breakers with thermal protection and alarm contacts will also be accepted. All accessible live connection to fuse bases shall be adequately shrouded. Fuses shall have operation indicators for indicating blown fuse condition. Fuse carrier base shall have imprints of the fuse rating and voltage	
32.	Clause 22.8	Tests  In bushing, hollow column insulators and support insulators shall conform to type tests and shall be subjected to routine tests in accordance with IS:2099 & IS:2544 & IS:5621.	-	Clause deleted
33.	Clause No. 22.10		All switchgear/equipments, insulator strings, bushings, bus post insulators shall be designed for minimum creepage distance of 31mm/kV or 25mm/kV as mentioned against each substation in section project under "PHYSICAL AND OTHER PARAMETERS" Zinc coating for galvanized lattice and pipe structures, all ferrous parts of composite long rod insulators and earthing conductors shall not be less than 900 gm/sq-m irrespective of other values mentioned elsewhere in technical specification/drawings at substations where creepage distance is considered as 31mm/kV. In case, different designs of lattice and pipe structures other than Employer supplied structures are required to be adopted in view of higher creepage (31mm/kV) of the switchgear/equipments, insulator strings, bushings & bus post insulators etc., Design, supply & erection of such structures shall be in the scope of contractor against respective standard structure. However dimensional details (except height) shall not be less than that specified in standard structure drawing of respective equipments.  Silicon RTV coating:- Equipment/insulators (except equipments with polymer insulator) including mandatory spares being supplied at	New Clause added

34. Cla	lause No. 24	TECHNICAL REQUIREMENT OF EQUIPMENTS Following equipment shall be offered from the manufacturer(s) who meets the technical requirements as stipulated here, provided the same	substations where creepage distance is considered as 31mm/kV shall be with Silicon RTV coating. The price of RTV coating shall be included in the installation cost of respective equipment.  24. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENT OF EQUIPMENTS  24.1 Following equipment shall be offered from the Indian Manufacturing Facilities of manufacturer(s) who meets the technical requirements as stipulated here, provided the same equipment are not covered under the Bidder's Qualifying
		equipment are not covered under the Bidder's Qualifying requirement of the Bidding Documents.	requirement of the Bidding Documents.
35. Cla	lause 24.1	24.1 Technical requirements for 765/400/220/132/110kV* Air Insulated Switchgear (AIS) Equipment* (i.e Circuit Breaker, Isolator, Current Transformer, Capacitive Voltage transformer, Inductive Voltage transformer, Surge Arrester and Wave Trap)  (i) The manufacturer(s) whose 765/400/220/132/110kV* equipment(s) are offered, must have, manufactured, type tested (as per IEC/IS or equivalent standard) and supplied 715/345/220/132/110kV* or higher voltage class equipment(s), which are in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.	24.1 Technical requirements for 765/400/220/132/110kV* Air Insulated Switchgear (AIS) Equipment* (i.e Circuit Breaker, Isolator, Current Transformer, Capacitive Voltage transformer, Inductive Voltage transformer, Surge Arrester and Wave Trap)  (i) The manufacturer(s) whose 765/400/220/132/110kV* equipment(s) are offered, must have, manufactured, type tested (as per IEC/IS or equivalent standard) and supplied 715/345/220/132/110kV* or higher voltage class equipment(s), which are in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.  (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India for the offered equipment and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that

	r	(ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer,	a) 715/345/220/132/110kV* or higher Voltage class	
		who have established	equipment(s) must have been manufactured in the above	
		manufacturing and testing	Indian works & type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and	
		facilities in India for the offered	supplied as on the date of NOA.	
		equipment and not meeting the		
		requirement stipulated in (i)	In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement	
		above, can also be considered	through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for	
		provided that	additional warranty of two(2) years over & above the	
		•	warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall	
		a) 715/345/220/132/110kV* or higher	be applicable for the entire quantity of the offered	
		Voltage class equipment(s) must have	equipment to be supplied under the contract. Further,	
		been manufactured in the above	contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an	
		Indian works & type tested (as per	amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of the equipments(s)* for	
		IEC/IS standard) and supplied as on	the additional warranty period in addition to the contract	
		the date of NOA.	performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.	
		the date of 11071.	performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.	
		Contractor shall furnish performance		
		_		
		guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-		
		works cost of the equipments(s)* and this		
		performance guarantee shall be in addition to		
		the contract performance guarantee to be		
		submitted by the contractor.		
25.	Clause No. 24.2	Technical Requirement for 765kV class	Technical Requirement for 765kV class Transformer	
		Transformer		
		(i) The Manufacturer whose 765kV	(i) The Manufacturer whose 765kV Transformer(s) are offered must	
		Transformer(s) are offered must have designed,	have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 715 kV or higher	
		manufactured, tested & supplied 715 kV or higher	voltage class one (1) number 1-phase Transformer of at least 500 MVA	
		voltage class one (1) number three phase	capacity or at least three (3) numbers 1-phase Transformers each having	
		Transformer of atleast 500 MVA capacity (or	a capacity of at least 166 MVA, and the same transformer (s) should	
		equivalent capacity in a bank of three (3) numbers	have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the	
		single phase units). These transformer(s) must	date of NOA.	
		have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two		

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		(2) years as on the date of NOA.  (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that  a) 715kV or higher voltage class one (1) number three phase Transformer of atleast 500 MVA capacity (or equivalent capacity in a bank of three (3)numbers single phase units) must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied as on the date of NOA.  b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply 765kV transformer in India, shall be submitted.  c) the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.	(ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that  a) 715 kV or higher voltage class either One (1) no. 1-phase Transformer of at least 166 MVA capacity or One (1) no. 1-phase Reactor of at least 80 MVAR capacity must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and same should have been supplied as on the date of NOA.  b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply 765kV transformer in India, shall be submitted.  c) the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10-3% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor	
26.	Clause No. 24.3	24.3 Technical Requirement for 765kV class Reactor	<ul> <li>Technical Requirement for 765kV class Reactor</li> <li>The Manufacturer whose 765kV Reactor(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested &amp; supplied 715 kV or</li> </ul>	

(i) The Manufacturer whose 765kV Reactor(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 715kV or higher voltage class one (1) number three phase Reactor of atleast 240 MVAR capacity (or equivalent capacity in a bank of three (3) numbers single phase units). These Reactor(s) must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

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- The Manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 715kV or higher voltage class one (1) number three phase Transformer of atleast 500MVA capacity (or equivalent capacity in a bank of three (3) numbers single phase units). These Transformer(s) must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA. And the manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 345kV or higher voltage class one (1) number three phase Reactor of atleast 50MVAR capacity (or equivalent capacity in a bank of three (3) numbers single phase units). These Reactors must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
- (iii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that

higher voltage class one (1) number 1-phase Reactor of at least 110 MVAR capacity or at least three (3) numbers 1-phase Reactors each having a capacity of at least 36.7 MVAR and the same Reactor(s) should have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

OR

The Manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 715 kV or higher voltage class one (1) number 1-phase Transformer of at least 500 MVA capacity or at least three (3) numbers 1-phase Transformers each having a capacity of at least 166 MVA and the bidder should have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied 345 kV or higher voltage class one (1) number 3-phase Reactor of at least 50 MVAR capacity or at least three (3) numbers 1-phase Reactors each having a capacity of at least 16.7 MVAR and the same Transformer(s) & Reactor(s) should have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) 715 kV or higher voltage class either One (1) no. 1-phase Reactor of at least 80 MVAR capacity or One (1) no. 1-phase Transformer of at least 166 MVA capacity must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and same should have been supplied as on the date of NOA.
  - b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i)

		(iv) 715kV or higher voltage class one  (1) number three phase Reactor of atleast 240MVAR capacity (or equivalent capacity in a bank of three (3) numbers single phase units) must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied as on the date of NOA.  (v) The collaborator meets the	above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer/license to design, manufacture, test and supply 765kV Reactor in India, shall be submitted.  c) the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.
		requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer/license to design, manufacture, test and supply 765kV Reactor in India, shall be submitted.  (vi) the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the ex works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.	
27.	Clause 24.4	24.4 Technical Requirement for 400kV, 220kV, 132kV and 110kV class Transformer  (i) The manufacturer whose transformer(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied 400kV/220kV/132kV/110kV* or	24.4 Technical Requirement for 400kV, 220kV, 132kV and 110kV class Transformer  (i) The manufacturer whose transformer(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied transformers as per table below:

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higher voltage class transformers. These Transformer(s) must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
- a) 220kV (applicable for supply of 220kV 400kV and class Transformer)/ 132kV (applicable for supply of 132kV & 110kV class Transformer) or higher voltage class transformers must have designed, manufactured in the above Indian works based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied as on the date of NOA.
- b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above.
   A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply

345kV or above class 3-phase	applicable for supply
transformers of at least 200	of 400kV class
MVA or at least three (3) nos.	Transformer
1-phase Transformers each	
having capacity of at least	
66.7 MVA	
220kV or above class 3-phase	applicable for supply
transformers of at least 50	of 220kV class
MVA or at least three (3) nos.	Transformer
1-phase Transformers each	
having capacity of at least	
16.7 MVA	
commissioned 132kV or	applicable for supply
above class 3-phase	of 132kV class
transformers of at least 20	Transformer
MVA or at least three (3) nos.	
1-phase Transformers each	
having capacity of at least 6.7	
MVA	

These Transformer(s) must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

(ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the

		400kV/220kV/132kV/110kV* transformer in India, shall be submitted.  the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the exworks cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.	requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that  a) 220kV (applicable for supply of 400kV and 220kV class Transformer)/ 132kV (applicable for supply of 220kV class Transformer)/ 66kV (applicable for supply of 132kVclass Transformer) or higher voltage class transformers must have been designed, manufactured in the above Indian works based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied as on the date of NOA.
			b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply 400kV/220kV/132kV/110kV* transformer in India, shall be submitted.  the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to
			be submitted by the contractor.
28.	Clause 24.5	24.5 Technical Requirement for 400kV, 220kV and 132kV class Reactor	24.5 Technical Requirement for 400kV, 220kV and 132kV class Reactor
		(i) The Manufacturer whose 400kV/220kV/132kV* Reactor(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied	(i) The Manufacturer whose 400kV/220kV/132kV* Reactor(s) are offered must have designed, manufactured, tested & supplied Reactor as per table below:

400kV/220kV/132kV* or higher voltage class. These Reactor(s) must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.  (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also	345kVor above class 3- phase shunt reactor of at least 50 MVAR capacity or at least three (3) nos. 1- phase Shunt Reactors, each having capacity of at least 16.7 MVAR  220kV or above class 3- phase shunt reactor of at least 20 MVAR capacity or at least three (3) nos. 1- phase Shunt Reactors each having capacity of at least least three (3) nos. 1- phase Shunt Reactors each having capacity of at least
be considered provided that  a) Such manufacturer has designed, manufactured based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied 400kV class transformer or 220kV	having capacity of at least 6.67 MVAR  132kV or above class 3- phase shunt reactor of at least 15 MVAR capacity or at least three (3) nos. 1- phase Shunt Reactors each having capacity of at least 5 MVAR  applicable for supply of 132kV class Transformer
or above class shunt reactors as on the date of NOA.  b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer/license to design, manufacture, test and supply the	These Reactor(s) must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.  (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated

T T	Deagter in India shall be submitted	in (i) above can also be considered averyided that
	Reactor in India, shall be submitted.	in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
	the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the exworks cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.	a) Such manufacturer has designed, manufactured based on technological support of collaborator, type tested (as per IEC/IS standard) and supplied 400kV class transformer or 220kV or above class shunt reactors (applicable for supply of 400kV class Reactors) / 220kV class transformer or 132kV or above class shunt reactors (applicable for supply of 220kV class Reactors)/ 132kV class transformer or 66kV or above class shunt reactors (applicable for supply of 132kV class Reactors) as on the date of NOA.
		b) The collaborator meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer/license to design, manufacture, test and supply the Reactor in India, shall be submitted.
		the collaborator shall furnish performance guarantee for an
		amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and
		this performance guarantee shall be in addition to contract
		performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.
29. Clause 24	24.6 Technical Requirement for 400 kV Grade XLPE Power Cables	24.6 Technical Requirement for 400 kV Grade XLPE Power Cables
	(i) The manufacturer(s) whose XLPE Power Cables are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested and	(i) The manufacturer(s) whose XLPE Power Cables are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 5 (five) km of single core, 400kV grade

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30.	Clause 24.7	the date of NOA.  24.7 Technical Requirement for 220KV Grade XLPE Power Cables	contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.  24.7 Technical Requirement for 220KV, 132KV,110KV Grade XLPE Power Cables
		400kV grade XLPE insulated cable and which must be in satisfactory operation# for atleast one (1) year as on the date of NOA.  OR  b) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and completed Pre-qualification (PQ) tests as per IEC for 400kV grade XLPE insulated Cable as on	Note: In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two(2) years over & above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the entire quantity of cable to supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of the equipments(s)* and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to the
		be considered provided that  a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied	b) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and completed Pre-qualification (PQ) tests as per IEC for 400kV grade XLPE insulated Cable as on the date of NOA.
		(ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also	a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied 400kV grade XLPE insulated cable and which must be in satisfactory operation# for atleast one (1) year as on the date of NOA.  OR
		supplied in a single contract atleast 5 (five) km of single core, 400kV grade XLPE insulated cable which must be in operation for atleast 2 (two) years as on the date of NOA.	XLPE insulated cable which must be in operation for atleast 2 (two) years as on the date of NOA.  (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that

Major Changes in Section GTR (Rev 15) The manufacturer(s) whose XLPE Power Cables (i) are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 5 (five) km of single core, 220kV/132kV/110kV\* or higher grade XLPE insulated cable which must be in operation for atleast 2 (two) years as on the date of NOA. Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have (ii) established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied 220kV/132kV/110kV\* or higher grade XLPE insulated cable and which must be in satisfactory operation\* for atleast one (1) year as on the date of NOA. OR b) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and completed Pre-qualification (PQ) tests as per IEC for 220kV/132kV/110kV\* or higher grade XLPE insulated Cable as on the date of NOA. Note: In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two(2) years over & above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the

	lajor changes in s	bection GTK ( Rev 15)	·
			entire quantity of cable to supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of the equipments(s)* and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.
31.	Clause 24.8	24.8 Technical Requirement for 132KV,	24.8 Technical Requirement for 132KV, 110kV, 66kV Grade
31.	Clause 24.0	110kV, 66kV Grade XLPE Power Cables	XLPE Power Cables
		Tion V, bon V Grade ALT E Tower Cables	ALI E I ower Capies
		(i) The manufacturer(s) whose XLPE Power Cables are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 5 (five) km of single core, 132KV/110kV/66kV* or higher grade XLPE insulated cable which must be in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.	(i) The manufacturer(s) whose XLPE Power Cables are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 5 (five) km of single core,   132KV/110kV/66kV* or higher grade XLPE insulated cable which must be in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.  Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i)above, can also be
		(ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing	considered provided that the manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied \frac{132KV/110kV/}{66kV*} or higher grade XLPE insulated cable and which must be in satisfactory operation# for atleast one
		facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i)above, can also be considered provided that	(1) year as on the date of NOA.

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32.	Clause No. 24.9	a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied 132KV/110kV/66kV* or higher grade XLPE insulated cable and which must be in satisfactory operation# for atleast one (1) year as on the date of NOA.  Technical Requirement for 1.1 KV Grade PVC	Technical Requirement for 1.1 KV Grade PVC Control Cable	
02.		Control Cable  The manufacturer(s), whose PVC control cables are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 100 Kms of 1.1kV grade PVC insulated control cables as on the originally scheduled date of bid opening. Further the manufacturer must also have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied atleast 1 km of 27C x 2.5 Sq.mm or higher size as on the date of NOA	The manufacturer(s), whose PVC control cables are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 100 Kms of 1.1kV grade PVC insulated control cables as on the originally scheduled date of bid opening the date of NOA. Further the manufacturer must also have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied atleast 1 km of 27C x 2.5 Sq.mm or higher size as on the date of NOA	
33.	Clause No. 24.10	Technical Requirement for 1.1 KV Grade PVC Power Cable  The manufacturer(s), whose PVC Power Cables are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 100 Kms of 1.1kV orhigher grade PVC insulated power cables as on the date of NOA/award. Further themanufacturer must also have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied atleast 1 km of 1C x 150 Sq. mm or higher size as on the date of NOA.	The manufacturer(s), whose PVC Power Cables are offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied in a single contract atleast 100 Kms of 1.1kV or higher grade PVC insulated power cables as on the date of NOA/award. Further the manufacturer must also have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied atleast 1 km of 1C x 150 Sq. mm or higher size as on the date of NOA.	
34.	<b>Clause 24.15</b>	24.15 Technical Requirements for LT	24.15 Technical Requirements for LT Transformer	

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		Transformer	i) The manufacturer, whose LT transformer(s) are offered, must have
		i) The manufacturer, whose LT transformer(s) are	designed, manufactured, type tested including short circuit test as per
		offered, must have designed,manufactured, type	IEC/IS or equivalent standards and supplied transformer(s) of atleast
		tested including short circuit test as per IEC/IS or	33kV class of <del>630kVA-315kVA</del> or higher. The transformer must have
		equivalent	been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2)
		standards and supplied transformer(s) of atleast	years as on the date of NOA.
		33kV class of 630kVA or higher. The transformer	
		must have been in satisfactory operation# for	ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing
		atleast two (2)	and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated
		years as on the date of NOA.	in (i) above, can also be considered provided that At least 33kV class of
			630 kVA 315kVA or higher-rating LT transformer(s) must have been
		ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have	designed, manufactured in the above Indian works, type tested (as
		established manufacturing and testing facilities in	perIEC/IS standard) including short circuit test and supplied as on the
		India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in	date of NOA.
		(i) above, can also be considered provided that	
		a) At least 33kV class of 630 kVA or higher	In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii)
		rating LT transformer(s) must have been	above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two(2) years over
		designed, manufactured in the above	& above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall
		Indian works, type tested (as perIEC/IS	be applicable for the entire quantity of the offered equipment to be
		standard) including short circuit test and	supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish
		supplied as on the date of NOA.	performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of the
		b) the contractor shall furnish performance	equipments(s)* for the additional warranty period in addition to the
		guarantee for an amount of 10% of the	contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor
		ex-works cost of the equipment(s) and	
		this performance guarantee shall be in	
		addition to contract performance	
		guarantee to be submitted by the	
		contractor.	
35.	Clause 24.16	24.16 Technical Requirements for	24.16 Technical Requirements for Composite Long Rod
		Composite Long Rod Polymer Insulator	Polymer Insulator (765kV & 400kV)
		(765kV & 400kV)	1 Orymer insulator (705K v & 400K v)
		(/USK v & 400K v)	(i) The manufacture of the Committee Land and
			(i) The manufacturer whose Composite Long rod
		(i) The manufacturer whose	Insulator are offered, must have designed,
		Composite Long rod Insulator are	manufactured, tested and supplied Composite Long
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offered, must have designed, manufactured, tested and supplied Composite Long rod Insulator of 120KN or higher electromechanical strength for 765kV/400kV\* or higher voltage class and the same must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied Composite Long rod Insulator of 120KN or above electromechanical strength for 765kV/400kV\* or higher voltage class and the same must have been in satisfactory operation# as on the date of NOA.

rod Insulator of 120KN or higher electro-mechanical strength for  $765kV/400kV^*$  or higher voltage class and the same must have been in satisfactory operation# for atleast two (2) years as on the date of NOA.

- (ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that
  - a) The manufacturer must have designed, manufactured, type tested and supplied Composite Long rod Insulator of 120KN or above electro-mechanical strength for 765kV/400kV\* or higher voltage class and the same must have been in satisfactory operation# as on the date of NOA.

In case manufacturer meets the technical requirement through clause (ii) above, warranty obligations for additional warranty of two(2) years over & above the warranty period as specified in the bidding documents shall be applicable for the entire quantity of the offered equipment to be supplied under the contract. Further, contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3% of the ex-works cost of the equipments(s)\* for the additional warranty period in addition to the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor.

		Contractor shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 10% of the exworks cost of the equipments(s)* and this		
		performance guarantee shall be in addition to		
		the contract performance guarantee to be submitted by the contractor		
36.	Clause 24.19	24.19 Technical Requirement of Communication Equipment  The SDH equipment shall be offered from a manufacturer(s) who has been manufacturing SDH equipments for the last three (3) years and SDH equipment manufactured by such manufacturer(s) shall have been satisfactory	The SDH equipment shall be offered from a manufacturer(s) who is a "Local Supplier" as per DPIIT PP notification & has been Manufacturing SDH equipments for the last three (3) years and SDH equipment Manufactured by such manufacturer(s) shall have been satisfactory operation in 110kV or higher voltage Power Substations for at least two (2) years as on the date of NOA	
		operation in 110kV or higher voltage Power Substations for at least two (2) years as on the date of NOA.		
37.	Clause 24.20	24.20 Technical Requirement of "Indian Associate" for execution of on shore supply and services for 765 kV Transformer & Reactor package		Clause Deleted
		Indian associate must have erected at least two (2) or more circuit breaker equipped bays of 345 kV or above voltage level or at least two (2) nos. of 345 kV or above voltage class transformer/reactor; during last seven (7) years and above bays/transformer/reactors must be in satisfactory operation# as on the date of NOA		
38.	Clause 24.20		24.20 Technical Requirement for 400kV GIS Equipment	New Clause added

N	1ajor Changes in So	ection GTR (Rev 15)	
			(i) The manufacturer whose 400kV GIS bays are offered must have designed, manufactured, type tested** (as per IEC or equivalent standard), supplied and supervised erection & commissioning of at least two (2) nos. Gas Insulated Switchgear (GIS) circuit breaker bays@ of 345kV or above voltage class in one (1) Substation or Switchyard during the last seven (7) years and these bays must be in satisfactory operation# for at least two (2) years as on the date of NOA.
			<ul> <li>(ii) Alternatively, the manufacturer, who have established manufacturing and testing facilities in India and not meeting the requirement stipulated in (i) above, can also be considered provided that</li> <li>a) Atleast one no. 345kV or above voltage class GIS Circuit Breaker bay@ must have been manufactured in the above Indian works based on the technological support of the Collaborator(s) and either supplied or type tested the above CB bay (as per IEC or equivalent standard) as on the date of NOA.</li> </ul>
			b) The collaborator(s) meets the requirements stipulated in (i) above. A valid collaboration agreement for technology transfer / license to design, manufacture, test and supply 400kV or above voltage level GIS equipment in India, shall be submitted.
			c) The Collaborator(s) shall furnish performance guarantee for an amount of 3 % of the ex-works cost of such equipment(s) and this performance guarantee shall be in addition to Contract Performance Guarantee to be submitted by the bidder.

		Note :-		
		(**) Type test reports of the collaborator/ process company/ subsidiary company/ group company shall be acceptable		
39.	Clause 25.0	25.0 Technical Requirement of contractors:	Sub- New Canaded	Clause
		The sub-contractor must have either of the follo experience of having successfully completed sin works during last 7 years as on the last day of materials previous to the one in which the sub-contractor proposed to be engaged:	nilar onth	
		a) Three similar works costing not less that amount equal to 40% of the cost of the to be sub-contracted.		
		OR		
		b) Two similar works costing not less that amount equal to 50% of the cost of the to be sub-contracted.		
		OR		
		c) One similar work costing not less than amount equal to 80% of the cost of the to be sub-contracted.		
		1. Minimum Average Annual Turnover **(MA	AT)	

Major Changes in Section GTR (Rev 15)	
	for best three years i.e. 36 months out of last five financial years of the sub-contractor should be
	**Annual Gross Revenue from operations/ Gross operating income as incorporated in the profit & loss account excluding Other Income.
	Note:
	a) Similar work shall mean the work which are of similar in nature to the work to be sub-contracted e.g. for the scope of civil work to be sub-contracted, the experience should be of civil work.
	b) The aforesaid qualifying requirement shall however, not be applicable for engaging labour as per extant policy.
	The cost of the work to be sub-contracted shall be considered as available in the Contract Agreement. However, if the value is not available in the Contract Agreement, the same shall be the estimated value for such work.
	d) The above criteria is in addition to extant policy on selection of sub-contractor as per WPPP, Vol-II.
	e) The MAAT requirement shall be worked out basis the following formula:

Triajor enanges in s	ection on ( Nev 15)						
				verage <mark>=</mark> irnover	Cost of the w contractedx1.5/Comp years**	o <mark>rk to</mark> lletion	be speriod
		**The	e completion period shall be is less than 1 year.		year even if the same		
40.		In castesting himse requirement of the bat lead voltage switch	rechnical Requirement of the of GIS is supplied from a supplind from a supplied from a supplied from a supplied from a supplin	h Indian GIS manual S shall be executed ctor meeting the have erected, tested Circuit breaker and the control of the control o	facturer, the erection, deither by the bidder following technical ed and commissioned equipped bays@ of one (1) substation or		Clause
		S. no  1 2 3 4	Voltage class of GIS Package  765kV & 400kV GIS  220kV  132kV  66kV	Minimum Voltage class Circuit Breaker Equipped of Bay(**) 345kV 220kV 110kV 66kV			

		Section GTR ( Nev 15)	Further, the sub-contractor shall also meet the requirement specified at Clause No. 25.0 of this section.	
			Note:	
			<ol> <li>(@) For the purpose of technical requirement, one no. of circuit breaker bay shall be considered as a bay used for controlling a line or a transformer or a reactor or a bus section or a bus coupler and comprising of at least one circuit breaker, one disconnector and three nos. of single phase CTs / Bushing CTs. GIS means SF6 Gas insulated Switchgear. AIS Means Air Insulated Switchgear.</li> <li># satisfactory operation means certificate issued by the Owner/Utility certifying the operation without any adverse remark.</li> </ol>	
41.	Section GTR Rev 14 Annexure-A	Annex-A: Corona and Radio Interface Voltage(RIV) Test		Annexure updated
42.	Section GTR Rev 14 Para-1 at Annexure-B		"The seismic withstanding test on the complete equipment (for 400kV and above) shall be carried out along with supporting structure. Seismic Withstand Test carried out using either lattice or pipe structure is acceptable."  Seismic Calculations certified by NABL Labs shall also be	Annexure updated
43.	Annexure-D	List of General Standard/Document for second	acceptable	The Annexure
		advance		is updated with incorporation of requirement for GIS & EHV cables (

## **SECTION-GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS (GTR)**

#### ANNEXURE-L

Major Changes in Section GTR (Rev 15)

				above 132kV)
44.	Annexure F	Assessment report from main Contractor for		The Annexure
		proposed sub vendors list of enclosure		is updated
45.	Annexure-G	MOP & Inspection Level Requirement		The Annexure
				is updated
46.	Section GTR	Annex-H:RTV Silicon high voltage insulation		Annexure
	Rev 14	coating(HVIC)		updated
	Annexure-H			
47.	Annexure J		List of make for which type test reports are not required	The New
				Annexure is
				added
48.	Annexure K		List of Equipment's to be supplied from domestic manufacture only	The New
				annexure
				added

Note: The details mentioned in this annexure are only for the purpose of identification of changes in this revision of Technical Specification only, how ever details mentioned at respective clause shall be referred for execution purpose.

# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SECTION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION





## पावर ग्रिड कार्पोरेशन आफ इन्डिया लिमिटेड

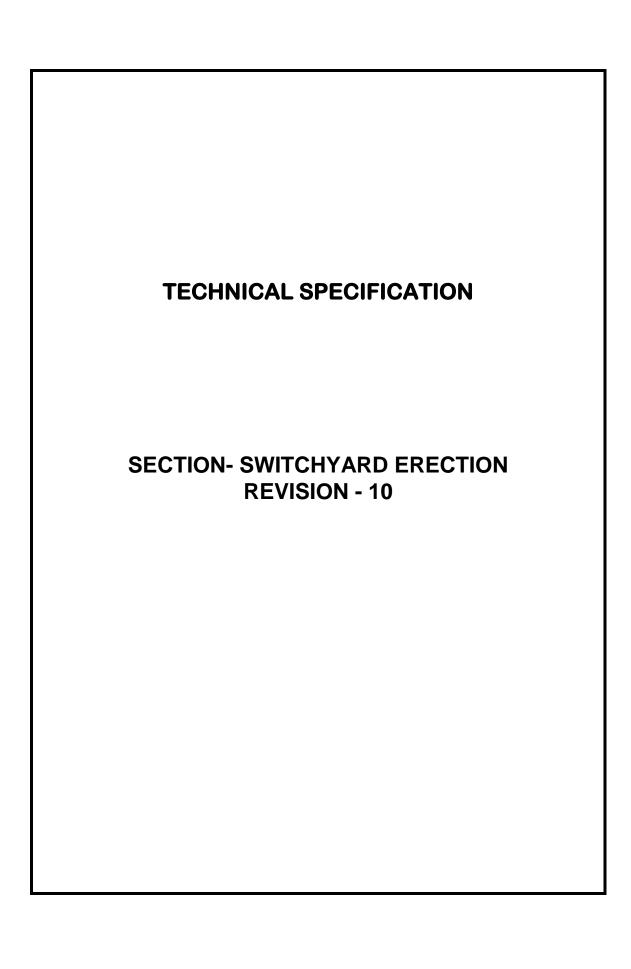
(भारत सरकार का उद्यम)

**Power Grid Corporation of India Limited** 

(A Government of India Enterprises)

Document No.: C/ENGG/SPEC/SE (Rev.10)

**April 2016** 



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#### **GENERAL** 1.0

This section covers erection of all equipment such as circuit breakers, isolators, current transformers, voltage transformers, surge arresters etc. This section also covers design, engineering, manufacture, testing at works, supply, insurance, handling, storage, erection, testing and commissioning of supply & erection of following items.

- String insulators and hardware
- AAC / ACSR conductor
- Galvanised Steel Earthwire
- Aluminium Tube
- Spacers
- Bus post insulators
- Earthing & Earthing materials
- Lightning protection materials
- Cabling material
- Other items

#### 2.0 **String Insulators & Hardware**

The insulators for suspension and tension strings shall conform to IEC-60383 and long rod insulators shall conform to IEC-60433. Insulator hardware shall conform to IS:2486. Composite long rod polymer insulator shall conform to IEC:61109. Further, the contractor shall supply insulators as per details mentioned below:

#### **Tension Insulator String** A.

SI. No.	System Voltage	Type
1.	765kV, 400kV, 220kV & 132kV (for	Composite Long Rod
	all substations in coastal, pollution	Polymer with 31mm/kV
	affected areas as identified in	Creepage
	Section-Project and for all	
	substations in Northern Region)	
2.	765kV, 400kV, 220kV & 132kV (for	Composite Long Rod
	substations not covered in 1. above)	Polymer/Porcelain/Glass
	·	with 31mm/kV Creepage

#### В. **Suspension Insulator String**

SI. No.	System Voltage	Туре
1.	765kV, 400kV, 220kV & 132kV (for all substations)	Composite Long Rod Polymer with 31mm/kV
	,	Creepage

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### 2.1 Construction Features (Porcelain & Glass Insulators)

#### 2.1.1 Porcelain insulators

- a) Suspension and tension insulators shall be wet process porcelain with ball and socket connection. Insulators shall be interchangeable and shall be suitable for forming either suspension or tension strings. Each insulator shall have rated strength, manufacturer's logo, month & year of manufacturing markings on porcelain printed and applied before firing.
- b) Porcelain used in insulator manufacturing shall be homogeneous, free from laminations, cavities and other flaws or imperfections that might affect the mechanical or dielectric quality and shall be thoroughly vitrified, tough and impervious to moisture.
- c) Glazing of the porcelain shall be of uniform brown colour, free from blisters, burrs and other similar defects.

#### 2.1.2 Glass insulators

It **shall** be made of toughened glass. Glass used for the shells shall be sound, free from defects, flows bubbles, inclusions, etc and be of uniform toughness over its entire surface. All exposed glass surfaces shall be smooth.

- 2.1.2.1 When operating at normal rated voltage, there shall be no electric discharge between conductor and insulator which would cause corrosion or **damage** to conductors or insulators by the formation of substances due to chemical action.
- 2.1.2.2 The design of the insulator shall be such that stresses due to expansion and contraction in any part of the insulator shall not lead to deterioration. All ferrous parts shall be hot dip galvanized in accordance with the latest edition of IS: 2629. The zinc used for galvanizing shall be of grade Zn-99.95 as per IS-209. The zinc coating shall be uniform, adherent, smooth, reasonably bright, continuous and free from imperfections such as flux, ash, rust stains bulky white deposits and blisters.
- 2.1.2.3 Contractor shall make available data on all the essential features of design including the method of assembly of discs and metal parts, number of discs per insulator string, the manner in which mechanical stresses are transmitted through discs to adjacent parts, provision for meeting expansion stresses, results of corona and thermal shock tests, recommended working strength and any special design or arrangement employed to increase life under service conditions.

### 2.1.3 Hardware Fittings

- 2.1.3.1 Clamps for insulator strings and Corona Control rings shall be of aluminium alloy as stipulated for clamps and connectors.
- 2.1.3.2 Insulator hardware shall be of forged steel. Malleable cast iron shall not be accepted except for insulator disc cap. The surface of hardware must be clean, smooth, without cuts, abrasion or projections. No part shall be subjected to excessive localized pressure. The metal parts shall not produce any noise generating corona under operating conditions.
- 2.1.3.3 The tension Insulator hardware assembly shall be designed for minimum 21000 kg tensile load for 765kV and minimum 12000 kg tensile load for hardware

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assembly below 765kV. Earth wire tension clamp shall be designed for minimum 1000 kg tensile load with a factor of safety of two (2).

- 2.1.3.4 The tension string assemblies shall be supplied alongwith suitable turn buckle. Sag compensation springs if required may also be provided.
- 2.1.3.5 All hardware shall be bolted type.

#### 2.2 Tests

In accordance with the stipulations of the specification, the suspension and tension strings, insulator and hardware shall be subjected to the following type tests, acceptance tests and routine tests:

- **Type Tests on Insulator Strings:** The test reports for following type tests shall be submitted for approval as per clause 9.0 of Section GTR.
  - a) Power frequency voltage withstand test with corona control rings (if applicable) under wet condition as per IEC- 60383.
  - b) Switching surge voltage withstand test [400 kV and above class only] under wet condition as per IEC-60383.
  - c) Lightning Impulse voltage withstand test with corona control rings under dry condition as per IEC-60383
  - d) Voltage distribution test (Dry) [applicable for disc insulator string only]

The voltage across each insulator unit shall be measured by sphere gap method. The result obtained shall be converted into percentage. The voltage across any disc shall not exceed 6.5% for 765 kV suspension and tension insulator strings, 9% and 10% for 400KV suspension string and tension insulator string respectively, 13% for 220KV suspension and tension insulator strings, 20% and 22% for 132KV suspension and tension insulator strings respectively.

e) Corona Extinction Voltage test (Dry) [220kV and above class only]

The sample assembly when subjected to power frequency voltage shall have a corona extinction voltage **as specified at clause 2.3.2**. There shall be no evidence of Corona on any part of the sample. The atmospheric condition during testing shall be recorded and the test results shall be accordingly corrected with suitable correction factor as stipulated in IEC 60383.

f) RIV Test (Dry) [220kV and above class only]

Under the conditions as specified under (e) above the insulator string alongwith complete hardware fittings shall have a radio interference voltage as **specified in clause 2.3.2 of this section.** The test procedure shall be in accordance with IS 8263/IEC 60437.

g) Mechanical strength test: The test shall be carried out as per following procedure.

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The complete insulator string alongwith its hardware fitting excluding arcing horn, corona control ring, grading ring, tension/suspension clamps shall be subjected to a load equal to 50% of the specified minimum ultimate tensile strength (UTS) which shall be increased at a steady rate to 67% of the minimum UTS specified. The load shall be held for five minutes and then removed. After removal of the load, the string components shall not show any visual deformation and it shall be possible to dismantle them by hand. Hand tools may be used to remove cotter pins and loosen the nuts initially. The string shall then be reassembled and loaded to 50% of UTS and the load shall be further increased at a steady rate till the specified minimum UTS and held for one minute. No fracture should occur during this period. The applied load shall then be increased until the failing load is reached and the value recorded.

### 2.2.2 Type Tests on String Insulator Units

Type test report for Thermal Mechanical Performance tests (applicable for porcelain type insulators) as per IEC-60575, Clause 3 shall be submitted for approval as per clause 9.2 of Section - GTR.

### 2.2.3 Acceptance Tests for Insulators:

- a) Visual examination as per IEC-60383/ IEC-61109 clause no. 7.2 (for composite long rod insulators).
- b) Verification of Dimensions as per IEC- 60383.
- c) Temperature cycle test as per IEC- 60383.
- d) Puncture Test as per IEC-60383 (Applicable only for porcelain insulators).
- e) Galvanizing Test as per IEC- 60383.
- f) Mechanical performance test as per IEC-60575 Cl. 4 / IEC-61109 clause no. 7.2 (for composite long rod insulators).
- g) Test on locking device for ball and socket coupling as per IEC-60372(2).
- h) Porosity test as per IEC- 60383 (Applicable only for porcelain insulators).
- i) Thermal shock test as per IEC-60383 (Applicable only for glass insulators)

#### 2.2.4 Acceptance Test on Hardware Fitting

- a) Visual Examination as per Cl. 5.10 of IS: 2486 (Part-I).
- b) Verification of Dimensions as per Cl. 5.8 of IS:2486 (Part-I)
- c) Galvanising/Electroplating tests as per Cl. 5.9 of IS:2486 (Part-I).
- d) Slip strength test as per Cl 5.4 of IS-2486 (part-I)
- e) Shore hardness test **by** the Elastometer

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f) Mechanical strength test for each component (including corona control rings and arcing horns).

The load shall be so applied that the component is stressed in the same way as it would be in actual service and the procedure as given in 2.2.1.(g) above should be followed.

Test on locking devices for ball and socket coupling as per IEC -60372(2). g)

#### 2.2.5 **Routine Test on Insulator**

- a) Visual Inspection as per IEC-60383
- b) Mechanical Routine Test as per IEC-60383
- Electrical Routine Test as per IEC-60383 c)

#### 2.2.6 **Routine Test on hardware Fittings**

- a) Visual examination as per Cl 5.10 of IS:2486 (Part-I)
- Mechanical strength Test as per Cl. 5.11 of IS:2486 (Part-I) b)

#### 2.2.7 Test during manufacture on all Components as applicable on insulator

- Chemical analysis of zinc used for galvanising: Samples taken from the a) zinc ingot shall be chemically analyzed as per IS: 209. The purity of zinc shall not be less than 99.95%.
- b) Chemical Analysis, mechanical hardness tests and magnetic particle inspection for malleable casting:

The chemical analysis, hardness tests and magnetic particle inspection for malleable casting will be as per the internationally recognized procedures for these tests. The sampling will be based on heat number and heat treatment batch. The details regarding tests will be as discussed and mutually agreed to by the Contractor and Employer in Quality Assurance Program.

#### 2.2.8 Test during manufacture on all components as applicable on hardware fittings:

Chemical analysis of zinc used for galvanising: a)

> Samples taken from the zinc ingot shall be chemically analyzed as per IS:209. The purity of zinc shall not be less than 99.95%

b) Chemical analysis, hardness tests and magnetic particle for Forgings/ fabricated hardware:

The chemical analysis, hardness tests and magnetic particle inspection for forgings/fabricated hardware will be as per the internationally recognized procedures for these tests. The sampling will be based on heat number and heat treatment batch. The details regarding tests will be as discussed and mutually agreed to by the Contractor and Employer in Quality Assurance Programme.

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## 2.3 Guaranteed technical Particular For

## 2.3.1 **Disc Insulators**

SI. No.	Description	For 765kV	For 400/220/132kV
a)	Type of insulators	Anti Fog type	Anti Fog type
b)	Physical Size of insulator units		
(i)	Diameter of Disc	As per IEC	As per IEC
(ii)	Ball to ball spacing between discs	170 mm	145 mm
c)	Electro mechanical strength	210 kN	120 kN
d)	Minimum Creepage distance of individual insulator units	460 mm	430 mm
e)	Markings		
i)	For Porcelain insulators	Markings on porcelain	Markings on porcelain
ii)	For toughened glass insulators	Markings shall be done on initial parts	Markings shall be done on initial parts
f)	Power frequency puncture withstand voltage	1.3 times the actual wet flashover voltage	1.3 times the actual wet flashover voltage

## 2.3.2 **INSULATOR STRING**

SI. No.	Description	765 kV	400kV	220kV	132kV
a)	Power frequency withstand voltage of the complete string with corona control ring (wet)  – KV rms	870	680	460	275
b)	Lightning impulse withstand Voltage of string with corona control rings (dry) - kVp	± 2100	± 1550	± 1050	± 650
c)	Switching surge withstand voltage of string with corona control rings (wet) - kVp	± 1550	± 1050	NA	NA
d)	Minimum corona extinction voltage level of string with Corona Control rings (dry) - kV rms	508	320	156	NA
e)	Maximum RIV level in micro volts of string with Corona Control rings across 300 Ohms resistor at 1 MHz	1000 (Max) at 508 kV	1000 (Max) at 320 kV	1000 (Max) at 156 kV	NA
f)	Minimum total creepage distance of the insulator string (mm)	24800	13020	7595	4495
g)	Minimum no. of discs per string (for tension string if applicable)	54	31	18	11

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h)	Electromechanical strength of	210	120	120	120
	Insulator Unit. (KN)				

### For tension application:-

Double insulator strings for 765kV, 400kV, 220kV and single insulator strings for 132 kV systems shall be used.

### For suspension application:-

V-type polymer insulator string shall be used for 765kV system and single suspension polymer insulator string shall be used for 400kV, 220kV & 132 kV systems.

#### 2.4 COMPOSITE LONG ROD POLYMER INSULATOR

Bidder shall offer composite long rod polymer insulators with suitable hardware fittings.

#### 2.4.1 **Details of Composite Long Rod Insulators**

- 2.4.1.1 Insulators shall have sheds of the "open aerodynamic profile without any under ribs" with good self-cleaning properties. Insulator shed profile, spacing projection etc. shall be strictly in accordance with the recommendation of IEC-60815.
- 2.4.1.2 Ball and socket shall be 20mm designation for 120kN & 24mm designation for 210kN Insulators in accordance with the standard dimensions stated in IEC:60120/ IS:2486 (Part-II). Insulators shall be interchangeable and shall be suitable for forming either suspension or tension strings. Each insulator shall have laser markings on housings for manufacturer's name, month & year of manufacturing, rated strength markings on each composite insulator rod unit. No negative tolerance shall be applicable to creepage distance of composite insulators
- 2.4.1.3 All ferrous parts shall be hot dip galvanized as per Section-GTR with minimum weight of zinc coating as 610 gm/sq.m for normal area and 900 gm/sg.m for coastal area as specified in Section-Project.

#### 2.4.2 **Material**

#### 2.4.2.1 Core

It shall be a glass-fiber reinforced (FRP) epoxy resin rod of high strength. The rod shall be resistant to hydrolysis. The rod shall be of electrical grade corrosion resistant (ECR), boron free glass and shall exhibit both high electrical integrity and high resistance to acid corrosion.

#### 2.4.2.2 **Housing & Weathersheds**

The FRP rod shall be covered by a sheath of a silicone rubber compound of a thickness of minimum 5mm. The housing & weathersheds should have silicon content of minimum 30% by weight. It should protect the FRP rod against environmental influences, external pollution and humidity. It shall be extruded or directly molded on the core. The interface between the housing and the core must be uniform and without voids. The strength of the bond shall be greater than the tearing strength of the polymer. The manufacturer shall follow non-

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destructive technique (N.D.T.) to check the quality of jointing of the housing interface with the core.

The weathersheds of the insulators shall be of alternate shed profile. The weathersheds shall be vulcanized to the sheath (extrusion process) or molded as part of the sheath (injection moulding process) and free from imperfections. The vulcanization for extrusion process shall be at high temperature and for injection moulding shall be at high temperature & high pressure. Any seams/ burrs protruding axially along the insulator, resulting from the injection moulding process shall be removed completely without causing any damage to the housing. The track resistance of housing and shed material shall be class 1A4.5 according to IEC60587. The strength of the weathershed to sheath interface shall be greater than the tearing strength of the polymer. The composite insulator shall be capable of high pressure washing.

### 2.4.2.3 **End Fittings**

End fittings transmit the mechanical load to the core. They shall be made of malleable cast iron/ spheroidal graphite or forged steel. They shall be connected to the rod by means of a controlled compression technique. The manufacturer shall have in-process Acoustic emission arrangement or some other arrangement to ensure that there is no damage to the core during crimping. This verification shall be in-process and done on each insulator. The system of attachment of end fitting to the rod shall provide superior sealing performance between housing and metal connection. The gap between fitting and sheath shall be sealed by a flexible silicone rubber compound. The sealing shall stick to both housing and metal end fitting. The sealing must be humidity proof and durable with time.

End fittings shall have suitable provisions for fixing grading rings at the correct position as per design requirements.

### 2.4.2.4 **Grading Rings**

Grading rings shall be used at both ends of each composite insulator unit for reducing the voltage gradient on and within the insulator and to reduce TV noise to acceptable levels. The size and placement of the metallic grading rings shall be designed to eliminate dry band arcing/corona cutting/ exceeding of permissible electrical stress of material. The insulator supplier shall furnish design calculations using appropriate electric field software showing electric field at surface of housing, inside housing & core and at the interface of housing and metal fittings with the proposed placement and design of corona **rings**. Grading rings shall be capable of installation and removal with hot line tools without disassembling any other part of the insulator assembly.

The design & supply of grading rings shall be in the scope of the composite insulator supplier.

#### 2.4.3 Tests

### 2.4.3.1 **Type Tests**

The test reports for following type tests on long rod units, components, materials or complete strings shall be submitted for approval as per clause 9.2 of Section - GTR.

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# 2.4.3.1.1 On the complete composite Long Rod Polymer Insulator String with Hardware Fittings:-

- a) Power frequency voltage withstand test with corona control rings/grading ring and arcing horns (if provided) under wet condition as per IEC:60383-1993.
- b) Switching surge voltage withstand test under wet condition as per IEC:60383-1993.
- c) Impulse voltage withstand test under dry condition as per IEC:60383-1993
- d) Corona and RIV test under dry condition. [132kV and above class only]

The sample assembly when subjected to power frequency voltage shall have a corona extinction voltage as specified in clause 2.3.2 of this section There shall be no evidence of Corona on any part of the sample. The atmospheric condition during testing shall be recorded and the test results shall be accordingly corrected with suitable correction factor as stipulated in IEC 60383.

Under the conditions as specified above the insulator string alongwith complete hardware fittings shall have a radio interference voltage level **as** specified at specified in clause 2.3.2 of this section. The test procedure shall be in accordance with IS 8263/IEC-60437.

e) Mechanical Strength test: The test shall be carried out as per following procedure.

The complete insulator string alongwith its hardware fitting excluding arcing horn, corona control ring, grading ring, tension/suspension clamps shall be subjected to a load equal to 50% of the specified minimum ultimate tensile strength (UTS) which shall be increased at a steady rate to 67% of the minimum UTS specified. The load shall be held for five minutes and then removed. After removal of the load, the string components shall not show any visual deformation and it shall be possible to dismantle them by hand. Hand tools may be used to remove cotter pins and loosen the nuts initially. The string shall then be reassembled and loaded to 50% of UTS and the load shall be further increased at a steady rate till the specified minimum UTS and held for one minute. No fracture should occur during this period. The applied load shall then be increased until the failing load is reached and the value recorded.

f) Salt-fog pollution withstand test as per IEC: 60507. The salinity level for composite long rod insulators shall be 160 Kg/m3 NaCl.

### 2.4.3.1.2 On Composite Polymer Insulator Units

- a) Tests on interfaces and connections of metal fittings as per IEC: 61109-2008.
- b) Assembled core load time test as per IEC: 61109-2008.
- c) Damage limit proof test and test of tightness of interface between end firings and insulator housing as per IEC: 61109-2008
- d) High Pressure washing test

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The washing of a complete insulator of each E&M rating is to be carried out at 3800 kPa with nozzles of 6 mm diameter at a distance of 3m from nozzles to the insulator, the washing shall be carried out for 10minutes. There shall be no damage to the sheath or metal fitting to housing interface. The verification shall be done by 1 minute wet power frequency withstand test at 680kV r.m.s for 400KV.

e) Brittle fracture resistance test

The test arrangement shall be according to Damage limit proof test with simultaneous application of 1N-HNO3 acid directly in contact with naked FRP rod. The contact length of acid shall not be less than 40mm and thickness around the core not less than 10mm. The rod shall withstand 80% of SML for 96 hours.

- f) Dye penetration test as per IEC: 61109-2008
- g) Water diffusion test as per IEC: 61109-2008
- h) Tracking and erosion test as per IEC: 61109-2008.
- i) Hardness test as per IEC: 61109-2008.
- j) Accelerated weathering test as per IEC: 61109-2008.
- k) Flammability test as per IEC: 61109-2008.
- I) Silicone content test

Minimum content of silicone shall be 30% and the same shall be verified through FT-IR spectroscopy & TGA analysis or any other approved/acceptable method.

- m) Recovery of Hydrophobicity test
- 1. The surface of selected samples shall be cleaned with isopropyl alcohol. Allow the surface to dry and spray with water. Record the HC classification. Dry the sample surface.
- 2. Treat the surface with corona discharges to destroy the hydrophobicity. This can be done utilizing a high frequency corona tester, Holding the electrode approximately 3mm from the sample surface, slowly move the electrode over an area approximately 1" x 1". Continue treating this area for 2 3 minutes, operating the tester at maximum output.
- 3. Immediately after the corona treatment, spray the surface with water and record the HC classification. The surface should be hydrophilic, with an HC value of 6 or 7. If not, dry the surface and repeat the corona treatment for a longer time until an HC of 6 or 7 is obtained. Dry the sample surface.
- 4. Allow the sample to recover and repeat the hydrophobicity measurement at several time intervals. Silicone rubber should recover to HC 1 HC 2 within 24 to 48 hours, depending on the material and the intensity of the corona treatment.
- n) Torsion test

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Three complete insulators of each electrical and mechanical rating shall be subjected to a torsional load of 55Nm. The torsional strength test shall be made with test specimen adequately secured to the testing machine. The torsional load shall be applied to the test specimen through a torque member so constructed that the test specimen is not subjected to any cantilever stress. The insulator after torsion test must pass the Dye Penetration Test as per IEC 61109.

o) Accelerated ageing test of 5000hrs as described in appendix-C of IEC 61109 or Test at multiple stresses of 5000 hrs as described in Annex-B of IEC -62217

#### 2.4.3.2 **Acceptance Tests:**

### For Composite Long Rod Polymer Insulators

a.	Verification of dimensions	IEC : 61109-2008
b.	Galvanizing test	IEC : 60383
C.	Verification of end fittings	IEC : 61109-2008
d.	Recovery of Hydrophobicity	As per Cl. 2.4.3.1.2.m) above
e.	Verification of tightness of interface between end fittings and insulator housing and of specified mechanical load	IEC : 61109-2008
f.	Silicone content test	As per Cl. 2.4.3.1.2.l) above
g.	Brittle fracture resistance test	As per Cl. 2.4.3.1.2.e) above
h.	Dye penetration test	IEC : 61109-2008
i.	Water diffusion test	IEC : 61109-2008

In the event of failure of the sample to satisfy the acceptance test(s) specified in **2.4.3.2** above, the **re-test** procedure shall be as per IEC 61109.

#### 2.4.3.3 **Routine Tests**

### For Composite Long Rod Polymer Insulator Units

a)	Visual Examination	As per IEC:61109-2008
b)	Mechanical routine test	As per IEC:61109 -2008

#### 2.4.4 Guaranteed Technical Particulars for Composite Long Rod Polymer Insulators

The technical parameters for composite long rod polymer insulator string shall be same of the insulator string specified in clause 2.3.2 of this section.

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#### AAC / ACSR CONDUCTOR 3.0

#### 3 1 **Details of AAC Conductor**

3.1.1 The Conductor shall conform to IEC: 61089/IS: 398 (Part V) - 1992 except where otherwise specified herein.

> The contractor shall supply the conductor as per the standard guaranteed technical particulars enclosed in Annexure-E of the technical specification, Section -Switchyard Erection and separate approval for quaranteed technical particulars is not required during detailed engineering.

#### **3**.2 **Details of ACSR Conductor**

- **3.**2.1 The Conductor shall conform to IEC: 61089/IS: 398 (Part V) - 1992 except where otherwise specified herein.
- **3.**2.2 The details of the ACSR Bersimis, ACSR Moose, ACSR Zebra and ACSR Panther conductors shall be as per the standard quaranteed technical particulars enclosed in Annexure-E of the technical specification, Section - Switchyard Erection and separate approval for quaranteed technical particulars is not required during detailed engineering.

#### 3.3 Workmanship

- **3.**3.1 The finished conductor shall be smooth, compact, uniform and free from all imperfections including kinks (protrusion of wires), wire cross over, over riding, looseness (wire being dislocated by finger/hand pressure and/or unusual bangle noise on tapping), material inclusions, white rust, powder formation or black spot (on account of reaction with trapped rain water etc.), dirt, grit etc.
- **3.**3.2 All the Aluminium and steel strands shall be smooth, uniform and free from all imperfections, such as spills and splits, diemarks, scratches, abrasions, etc., after drawing.
- **3.**3.3 The steel strands shall be hot dip galvanised and shall have a minimum zinc coating as indicated in the guaranteed technical particulars. The zinc coating shall be smooth, continuous and of uniform thickness, free from imperfections and shall withstand minimum three dips in standard Preece test. The steel wire rods shall be of such quality and purity that, when drawn to the size of the strands specified and coated with zinc, the finished strands and the individual wires shall be of uniform quality and have the same properties and characteristics as prescribed in IEC: 60888.
- **3.**3.4 The steel strands shall be preformed and post formed in order to prevent spreading of strands in the event of cutting of composite core wire. Care shall be taken to avoid, damages to galvanisation during pre-forming and post-forming operation.

#### 3.4 **Joints in Wires**

#### 3.4.1 **Aluminium Wires**

3.4.1.1 During stranding, no aluminium wire welds shall be made for the purpose of achieving the required conductor length.

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- 3412 No joints shall be permitted in the individual wires in the outer most layer of the finished conductor. However joints are permitted in the inner layer of the conductor unavoidably broken during stranding, provided such breaks are not associated with either inherently defective wire or with the use of short lengths of aluminium wires. Such joints shall not be more than four (4) per conductor length and shall not be closer than 15 meters from joint in the same wire or in any other aluminium wire of the completed conductor.
- 3.4.1.3 Joints shall be made by cold pressure butt welding and shall withstand a stress of not less than the breaking strength of individual strand guaranteed.

#### 3.4.2 **Steel Wires**

There shall be no joint of any kind in the finished wire used for the manufacturing of the strand. There shall also be no strand joints or strand splices in any length of the completed stranded steel core of the conductor.

#### 3.5 **Tolerances**

The manufacturing tolerances to the extent indicated in the guaranteed technical particulars shall be permitted in the diameter of individual aluminium and steel strands and lay-ratio of the conductor.

#### 3.6 **Materials**

#### 3.6.1 **Aluminium**

The aluminium strands shall be hard drawn from electrolytic aluminium rods having purity not less than 99.5% and a copper content not exceeding 0.04%. They shall have the same properties and characteristics as prescribed in IEC:60889.

#### **3.**6.2 Steel

The steel wire strands shall be drawn from high carbon steel wire rods produced by either the acid or the basic open-hearth process, the electric furnace process, or the basic oxygen process and shall conform to the chemical composition indicated in the guaranteed technical particulars.

The Steel wire strands shall have the same properties and characteristics as prescribed for regular strength steel wire in IEC: 60888.

#### **3.**6.3 Zinc

The zinc used for galvanising shall be electrolytic High Grade Zinc of 99.95% purity. It shall conform to and satisfy all the requirements of IS:209 -1979.

#### 3.7 Standard Length

**3.**7.1 The conductor shall be supplied as required. No joint shall be allowed within a single span of stringing, jumpers and equipment interconnection.

#### 3.8 Tests:

**3.**8.1 The following type, acceptance & routine tests and tests during manufacturing shall be carried out on the conductor.

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## **3.**8.1.1 **Type Tests**

In accordance with the stipulation of specification, the following type tests reports of the conductor shall be submitted for approval as per clause 9.2 of Section -GTR.

	a)	conductor.	)	
	b)	Corona extinction voltage test (dry)	)	As per Annexure-A
	(c)	Radio Interference voltage test (dry)	)	
	(d)	DC resistance test on stranded conductor	)	
<b>3.</b> 8.1.2	Accepta	nce Tests		
	a)	Visual check for joints, scratches etc. and lengths of conductor	) )	As per Annexure - A
	b)	Dimensional check on steel and aluminium strands	)	
	c)	Check for lay ratios of various layers	)	-do-
	d)	Galvanising test on steel strands	)	
	e)	Torsion and Elongation test on steel strands	)	
	f)	Breaking load test on steel and aluminium strands	)	
	g)	Wrap test on steel and aluminium strands	)	As per IEC:60888 & 60889
	h)	DC resistance test on aluminium strands	)	As per IEC:60889
	i)	UTS test on welded joint of aluminium strands	)	As per Annexure - A

# NOTE:

All the above tests except test mentioned at (a) shall be carried out on aluminium and steel strands after stranding only.

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#### **Routine Tests 3**.8 1 3

- a) Check to ensure that the joints are as per specification.
- Check that there are no cuts, fins etc. on the strands. b)
- All acceptance tests as mentioned above to be carried out on each c) coil/drum (as applicable).

#### **3.**8.1.4 **Tests During Manufacture**

a)	zinc used for galvanising	)
b)	Chemical analysis of aluminium used for making aluminium strands	) ) As per Annexure - A )
c)	Chemical analysis of steel used for making steel strands	, ) ) )

#### 4.0 **Galvanised Steel Earth wire**

#### 4.1 **Details of Earth wire**

4.1.1 The galvanised steel earth wire shall generally conform to the specification of ACSR core wire as mentioned in IEC:60888/IS: 398 (Part-II)-1976 except where otherwise specified herein.

> The contractor shall supply the earthwire as per the standard guaranteed technical particulars enclosed in Annexure-E of the technical specification, Section -Switchyard Erection and separate approval for guaranteed technical particulars is not required during detailed engineering.

#### 4.2 Workmanship

- 4.2 1 All steel strands shall be smooth, uniform and free from all imperfections, such as spills and splits, die marks, scratches, abrasions and kinks after drawing and also after stranding.
- 4.2.2 The finished material shall have minimum brittleness as it will be subjected to appreciable vibration while in use.
- **4.**2.3 The steel strands shall be hot dip galvanised and shall have minimum Zinc coating after stranding, as stipulated in guaranteed technical particulars attached with. The zinc coating shall be smooth, continuous, of uniform thickness, free from imperfections. The steel wire rod shall be of such quality and purity that, when drawn to the size of the strands specified and coated with zinc, the finished strands shall be of uniform quality and have the same properties and characteristics as prescribed in ASTM designation B498-74.
- **4.**2.4 The steel strands shall be preformed and post formed in order to prevent spreading of strands while cutting of composite earth wire. Care shall be taken to avoid damage to galvanisation during preforming and postforming operation.
- **4.**2.5 To avoid susceptibility towards wet storage stains (white rust), the finished material shall be provided with a protective coating of boiled linseed oil.

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#### 4.3 Joints in Wires

There shall be no joints of any kind in the finished steel wire strand entering into the manufacture of the earth wire. There shall be no strand joints or strand splices in any length of the completed stranded earth wire.

#### 4.4 Tolerances

The manufacturing tolerance to the extent of the limits as stipulated in guaranteed Technical Particulars attached with this specification shall only be permitted in the diameter of the individual steel strands and lay length of the earth wire.

#### 4.5 Materials

#### 4.5.1 Steel

The steel wire strands shall be drawn from high carbon steel rods and the chemical composition shall conform to the requirements as stipulated in Guaranteed Technical Particulars attached with.

#### 4.5.2 Zinc

The zinc used for galvanising shall be electrolytic High Grade Zinc. It shall conform to and satisfy all the requirements of IS: 209 -1979.

## 4.6 Standard Length

**4.**6.1 The standard length of the earth wire shall be as stipulated in Guaranteed Technical Particulars attached with, with the specified tolerance on standard length.

#### **4.8 TESTS**

**4.**8.1 The following type, routine & acceptance tests and tests during manufacturing shall be carried out on the earthwire.

### **4.**8.2 **TYPE TESTS**

a)

UTS test

In accordance with the stipulation of specification, the following type tests reports of the earthwire shall be submitted for approval as per clause 9.2 of Section - GTR.

)

	b)	DC resistance test	)	As per Annexure - B
<b>4.</b> 8.3	ACC	EPTANCE TESTS		
	a)	Visual check for joints, scratches etc. and length of Earthwire	) )	
	b)	Dimensional check	)	As per Annexure - B
	c)	Galvanising test	)	
	d)	Lay length check	)	

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e)	Torsion test	)	
f)	Elongation test	)	
g)	Wrap test	)	
h)	DC resistance test	)	IS:398 (Part-III) - 1976
i)	Breaking load test	)	13.390 (Pait-III) - 1970
j)	Chemical Analysis of	)	

#### 4.8.4 ROUTINE TESTS

- a) Check that there are no cuts, fins etc. on the strands.
- b) Check for correctness of stranding.

#### 4.8.5 TESTS DURING MANUFACTURE

a)	Chemical analysis of zinc used for galvanising	)	As per Annexure - B
b)	Chemical analysis of steel	)	

#### 5.0 **ALUMINIUM TUBE**

### 5.1 **General**

Aluminium used shall be grade 63401 WP (range 2) conforming to IS:5082.

The contractor shall supply the aluminium tubes as per the standard guaranteed technical particulars enclosed in Annexure-E of **this section** and separate approval **for guaranteed technical particulars** is not required during detailed engineering.

#### 5.2 **Constructional Features**

- 5.2.1 For outer diameter (OD) & thickness of the tube there shall **not** be **any negative** tolerance, other requirements being as per IS: 2678 and IS: 2673.
- 5.2.2 The welding of aluminium tube shall be done by the qualified welders duly approved by the Employer.

#### 5.3 Tests

In accordance with stipulations of the specification, Routine tests shall be conducted on tubular bus conductors as per IS:5082. Also the wall thickness and ovality of the tube shall be measured.

### 5.4 **Technical Parameters**

SI.	Description	3" AL.	4" AL.	4.5" AL.	5" AL.
No.		TUBE	TUBE	TUBE	TUBE
1.	Туре	3" IPS	4" IPS	4.5" IPS	5" IPS

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		(EH Type)	(EH Type)	(EH Type)	(H Type)
2.	Outer diameter	88.9 mm	114.2 mm	120.00 mm	141.30 mm
3.	Thickness	7.62 mm	8.51 mm	12.00 mm	9.53 mm
4.	Cross-sectional	1945.76	2825.61	4071.50	3945.11
	area of	sq.mm	sq.mm	sq.mm	sq.mm
	aluminium				
5.	Weight	5.25 kg/m	7.7 kg/m	11.034 kg/m	10.652 kg/m

SI.	Description	6" AL. TUBE	8" AL. TUBE	10" AL. TUBE
No.	-			
1.	Туре	6" IPS	8" IPS	10" IPS
		(H Type)	(H Type)	(H Type)
2.	Outer diameter	150 mm	202 mm	252 mm
3.	Thickness	10 mm	16 mm	17 mm
4.	Cross-sectional	4398.2	9349.3	12550.6
	area of	Sq mm	sq.mm	sq.mm
	aluminium			
5.	Weight	11.875 kg/m	25.243 kg/m	33.887 kg/m

#### 6.0 **EARTHING CONDUCTORS**

#### 6.1 **General**

All conductors burried in earth and concrete shall be of mild steel. All conductors above ground level and earthing leads shall be of galvanised steel, except for cable trench earthing. The minimum sizes of earthing conductor to be used are as indicated in clause 9.4 of this Section.

#### 6.2 Constructional Features

#### 6.2.1 Galvanised Steel

- a) Steel conductors above ground level shall be galvanised according to IS:2629.
- b) The minimum weight of the zinc coating shall be 610 gm/sq.m for normal area and 900 gm/sq.m for coastal area as specified in Section-Project and minimum thickness shall be 85 microns.
- c) The galvanised surfaces shall consist of a continuous and uniformly thick coating of zinc, firmly adhering to the surfaces of steel. The finished surface shall be clean and smooth and shall be free from defects like discoloured patches, bare spots, unevenness of coating, spelter which is loosely attached to the steel globules, spiky deposits, blistered surfaces, flaking or peeling off etc. The presence of any of these defects noticed on visual or microscopic inspection shall render the material liable to rejection.

#### 6.3 Tests

In accordance with stipulations of the specifications galvanised steel shall be subjected to four one minute dips in copper sulphate solution as per IS: 2633.

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#### 7.0 **SPACERS**

#### **7**.1 General

Spacers shall conform to IS: 10162. The spacers are to be located at a suitable spacing to limit the short circuit forces as per IEC -60865. Wherever Employer's 765kV, 400 kV, 220kV & 132kV standard gantry structures are being used, the spacer span(s) for different conductor / span configurations and corresponding short circuit forces shall be as per Annexure-D. For strung buses, flexible type spacers shall be used whereas for jumpers and other connections rigid type spacers shall be used. All quad/twin conductors between equipments/ bus shall be provided with at least one spacer.

Wherever Employer's 765kV, 400 kV, 220kV & 132kV standard gantry structures are not being used, necessary spacer span calculation shall be provided by the contractor during detailed engineering for the approval of Employer.

#### **7.**2 **Constructional Features**

- **7.**2.1 No magnetic material shall be used in the fabrication of spacers except for GI bolts and nuts.
- 7.2.2 Spacer design shall be made to take care of fixing and removing during installation and maintenance.
- **7**.2 3 The design of the spacers shall be such that the conductor does not come in contact with any sharp edge.

#### **7.**3 **Tests**

Each type of spacers shall be subjected to the following type tests, acceptance tests and routine tests:

#### **7.**3.1 Type Tests: Following type test reports shall be submitted for approval as per clause 9.2 of Section - GTR.

#### Clamp slip tests a)

The sample shall be installed on test span of twin conductor bundle string or quadruple conductor bundle string (as applicable) at a tension of 44.2 kN. One of the clamps of the sample when subjected to a longitudinal pull of 2.5 kN parallel to the axis of the conductor shall not slip on the conductor. The permanent displacement between the conductor and the clamp of sample measured after removal of the load shall not exceed 1.0 mm. Similar tests shall be performed on the other clamps of the same sample.

- b) Fault current test as per Cl 5.14.2 of IS: 10162. Alternately, the same can be carried by simulated short circuit method for which compressive forces shall be based on IEC-60865.
- c) Corona Extinction Voltage Test (Dry).

This test shall be performed on 765 kV, 400 kV and 220 kV spacers as per procedure mentioned at Annexure - C, Minimum Corona Extinction voltage shall be as per clause 2.3.2.

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d) RIV Test (Dry)

This test shall be performed as per procedure mentioned at Annexure - C, Maximum RIV levels shall be as per clause 2.3.2.

- e) Resilience test (if applicable)
- f) Tension Test
- g) Log decremant test (if applicable)
- h) Compression test
- i) Galvanising test

### 7.3.2 Acceptance Test (As per IS:10162)

- a) Visual examination
- b) Dimensional verification
- c) Movement test
- d) Clamp slip test
- e) Clamp bolt torque test (if applicable)
- f) Assembly torque test
- g) Compression test
- h) Tension test
- i) Galvanising test
- j) Hardness test for neoprene (if applicable)

The shore hardness of different points on the elastometer surface of cushion grip clamp shall be measured by shore hardness meter. It shall be between 65 to 80.

k) Ultimate Tensile Strength Test

The UTS of the retaining rods shall be measured. It shall not be less than 35 kg/Sq. mm.

### **7.**3.3 **Routine test**

- a) Visual examination
- b) Dimensional verification

## 8.0 **BUS POST INSULATORS**

The post insulators shall conform in general to latest IS: 2544, IEC-60168, IEC 60273 and IEC-60815.

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#### 8.1 **Constructional Features**

- 8.1.1 Bus Post insulators shall consist of a porcelain part permanently secured in a metal base to be mounted on the supporting structures. They shall be capable of being mounted upright. They shall be designed to withstand any shocks to which they may be subjected to by the operation of the associated equipment. Only solid core insulators will be acceptable.
- 8.1.2 Porcelain used shall be homogeneous, free from lamination, cavities and other flaws or imperfections that might affect the mechanical or dielectric quality and shall be thoroughly vitrified, tough and impervious to moisture.
- 8.1.3 Glazing of the porcelain shall be of uniform brown in colour, free from blisters, burrs and other similar defects.
- 8.1.4 The insulator shall have alternate long and short sheds with aerodynamic profile, The shed profile shall also meet the requirements of IEC-60815 for the specified pollution level.
- 8.1.5 When operating at normal rated voltage there shall be no electric discharge between conductor and insulators which would cause corrosion or damage to conductors or insulators by the formation of substance produced by chemical action.
- 8.1.6 The design of the insulators shall be such that stresses due to expansion and contraction in any part of the insulator shall not lead to deterioration.
- 8.1.7 All ferrous parts shall be hot dip galvanised in accordance with the latest edition of IS: 2633, & IS: 2629. The zinc used for galvanising shall be grade Zn 99.95 as per IS: 209. The zinc coating shall be uniform, adherent, smooth, reasonably bright, continuous and free from imperfections such as flux ash, rust stains, bulky white deposits and blisters. The metal parts shall not produce any noise generating corona under the operating conditions.
- 8.1.8 a) Every bolt shall be provided with a hop dip galvanised steel washer under the nut so that part of the threaded portion of the bolts is within the thickness of the parts bolted together.
  - b) Flat washer shall be circular of a diameter 2.5 times that of bolt and of suitable thickness. Where bolt heads/nuts bear upon the beveled surfaces they shall be provided with square tapered washers of suitable thickness to afford a seating square with the axis of the bolt.
  - c) All bolts and nuts shall be of steel with well formed hexagonal heads forged from the solid and shall be hot dip galvanised. The nuts shall be good fit on the bolts and two clear threads shall show through the nut when it has been finally tightened up.
- 8.1.9 Bidder shall furnish drawings for the essential design features of assembly of shells and metal parts, and number of shells per insulator.

#### 8.2 **Tests**

In accordance with the stipulations of the specification, the post insulators shall be subjected to type, acceptance, sample and routine tests as per IEC-60168.

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- 8.2.1 In accordance with the stipulation of specification, the following **type tests** reports of the post insulators shall be submitted for approval as per clause 9.2 of Section GTR.
  - a) Power frequency withstand test (dry & wet)
  - b) Lightning impulse test (dry)
  - c) Switching impulse test (wet) (For 420 kV and above class Insulator only)
  - d) Measurement of R.I.V (Dry) (As per Annexure C)
  - e) Corona extinction voltage test (Dry) (As per Annexure C)
  - f) Test for deflection under load
  - g) Test for mechanical strength.
- 8.2.2 In addition to acceptance/sample/routine tests as per IEC-60168, the following tests shall also be carried out.
  - a) Soundness test, metallurgical tests and magnetic particle Inspection (MPI) test on MCI/SGI caps as acceptance test.
  - b) All hot dip galvanised components shall be subjected to check for uniformity of thickness and weight of zinc coating on sample basis as an acceptance test.
  - c) The bending test shall be carried out at 50% minimum cantilever strength load in four directions as a routine test and at 100% minimum cantilever strength load in four directions as an acceptance test.
  - d) Acceptance norms for visual defects allowed at site and also at works shall be agreed in the Quality plan.

#### 8.3 Technical Parameters of Bus Post Insulators.

SI. No.	Description	800 kV	420 kV	245 kV	145 kV
a)	Туре	Solid Core	Solid Core	Solid Core	Solid Core
b)	Voltage Class (kV)	800	420	245	145
c)	Dry and wet one minute power frequency withstand voltage (kV rms)	830	680	460	275
d)	Dry lightning impulse withstand Voltage (kVp)	±2100	±1425	<u>+</u> 1050	<u>+</u> 650
e)	Wet switching surge withstand voltage (kVp)	±1550	±1050		
f)	Max. radio interference voltage (in microvolts) - <b>Dry</b>	1000 at 508 kV	500 at 305 kV	500 at 156 kV	500 at 105 kV
g)	Corona extinction voltage (kV rms) (min.)	508	320	156	105

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h)	Cantilever Strength				
(i)	Total minimum cantilever strength (Kg)	800	800	800	600
i)	Minimum torsional moment	As per IEC- 60273	As per IEC- 60273	As per IEC- 60273	As per IEC- 60273
j)	Total height of insulator (mm)	5700	3650	2300	1500
k)	P.C.D Top (mm)	225	127	127	127
	Bottom (mm)	325	300	254	254
I)	No. of bolts				
	Тор	4	4	4	4
	Bottom	8	8	8	8
m)	Diameter of bolt/holes (mm)				
	Тор	M16	M16	M16	M16
	Bottom dia	18	18	18	18
n)	Pollution level as per IEC-60815	Heavy(III)	Heavy(III)	Heavy(III)	Heavy(III)
0)	Minimum total creepage distance for Heavy Pollution (mm)	20000	10500	6125	3165

8.3.1 If corona extinction voltage is to be achieved with the help of corona ring or any other similar device, the same shall be deemed to be included in the scope of the Contractor. Aluminium used for corona ring shall be of grade 63401 or 19501 conforming to IS:5082.

#### 9.0 **EARTHING**

- 9.1 The earthing shall be done in accordance with requirements given hereunder and drawing titled 'Earthing Details' enclosed with the specification. The spacing for the main earthmat shall be provided by the Employer and the earthmat layout drawings shall be prepared by the contractor based on the spacing provided by the Employer. The resistivity of the stone for spreading over the ground shall be considered as 3000 ohm-m under wet condition. The resistivity measurement of stone (to be used for stone spreading) shall also be done by the Contractor to confirm the minimum resistivity value of stone considered in earth mat design. For measurement purpose, one sample of stones from each source (in case stones are supplied from more than one source) shall be used. The main earthmat shall be laid in the switchyard area in accordance with the approved earthmat layout.
- 9.2 Neutral points of systems of different voltages, metallic enclosures and frame works associated with all current carrying equipments and extraneous metal works associated with electric system shall be connected to a single earthing system unless stipulated otherwise.
- 9.3 Earthing and lightning protection system installation shall be in strict accordance with the latest editions of Indian Electricity Rules, relevant Indian Standards and Codes of practice and Regulations existing in the locality where the system is installed.
  - a) Code of practice for Earthing IS: 3043

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- b) Code of practice for the protection of Building and allied structures against lightning IS: 2309.
- c) CEA Safety Regulations 2010 & Indian Electricity Act 2003 with latest amendments.
- d) National Electricity Safety code IEEE-80.

## 9.4 **Details of Earthing System**

SI. No.	Item	Size	Material
a)	Main Earthing Conductor to be buried in ground	40mm dia	Mild Steel rod as per IS:2062/ SAE1018
b)	Conductor above ground& earthing leads (for equipment)	75x12mm G.S. flat	Galvanised Steel
c)	Conductor above ground& earthing leads(for columns & aux. structures)	75x12mm G.S. flat	Galvanised Steel
d)	Earthing of indoor LT panels, Control panels and outdoor marshalling boxes, Junction boxes& Lighting Panels etc.	50x6 mm G.S. flat	Galvanised Steel
e)	Rod Earth Electrode	40mm dia, 3000mm long	Mild Steel as per IS:2062/ SAE1018
f)	Pipe Earth Electrode (in treated earth pit) as per IS.	40mm dia, 3000mm long	Galvanised steel
g)	Earthing for motors	25x3mm GS flat	Galvanised steel
h)	Earthing conductor along outdoor cable trenches	50x6mm MS flat	Mild steel as per IS:2062/ SAE1018
I)	Earthing of Lighting Poles (for lighting poles outside switchyard)	40 mm dia 3000 mm long	Mild steel rod as per IS:2062/ SAE1018
j)	Isolator MOM Box	75X12 mm GS flat & Flexible copper braid	Galvanised steel and copper braid

The sizes of the earthing conductor indicated above are the minimum sizes.

### 9.5 **Earthing Conductor Layout**

- 9.5.1 Earthing conductors in outdoor areas shall be buried at least 600 mm below finished ground level unless stated otherwise.
- 9.5.2 Wherever earthing conductor crosses cable trenches, underground service ducts, pipes, tunnels, railway tracks etc., it shall be laid minimum 300 mm below them and shall be circumvented in case it fouls with equipment/structure foundations.
- 9.5.3 Tap-connections from the earthing grid to the equipment/structure to be earthed shall be terminated on the earthing terminals of the equipment/structure as per "Standard Earthing Details Drg No. **C/ENG/STD/EARTHINGS/09**" enclosed.

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9.5.4 Earthing conductors or leads along their run on cable trench, ladder, walls etc. shall be supported by suitable welding/cleating at intervals of 750 mm. Wherever it passes through walls, floors etc., PVC sleeves shall be provided for the passage of the conductor and both ends of the sleeve shall be sealed to prevent the passage of water through the sleeves. 9.5.5 Earthing conductor around the building shall be buried in earth at a minimum distance of 1500 mm from the outer boundary of the building. 9.5.6 Earthing conductors crossing the road shall be laid 300mm below road or at greater depth to suit the site conditions. 9.5.7 Earthing conductors embeded in the concrete shall have approximately 50mm concrete cover. **ELECTRO-MAGNETIC FIELD CONTROL** 9.6 The contractor shall provide galvanised steel earth wire at 8m level in the area where three interconnection levels (equipment interconnection, bus & jack bus interconnection) are present at 765kV switchyard to limit electric and magnetic field within permissible limit. 9.7 **Equipment and Structure Earthing** 9.7.1 Earthing pads shall be provided for the apparatus/equipment at accessible position. The connection between earthing pads and the earthing grid shall be made by two short earthing leads (one direct and another through the support structure) free from kinks and splices. In case earthing pads are not provided on the item to be earthed, same shall be provided in consultation with Employer. 9.7.2 Whether specifically shown in drawings or not, steel/RCC columns, metallic stairs etc. shall be connected to the nearby earthing grid conductor by two earthing leads. Electrical continuity shall be ensured by bonding different sections of hand-rails and metallic stairs. 9.7.3 Metallic pipes, conduits and cable tray sections for cable installation shall be bonded to ensure electrical continuity and connected to earthing conductors at regular interval. Apart from intermediate connections, beginning points shall also be connected to earthing system. 9.7.4 Metallic conduits shall not be used as earth continuity conductor. 9.7.5 Wherever earthing conductor crosses or runs along metallic structures such as gas, water, steam conduits, etc. and steel reinforcement in concrete it shall be bonded to the same. 9.7.6 Light poles, junction boxes on the poles, cable and cable boxes/glands, lockout switches etc. shall be connected to the earthing conductor running alongwith the supply cable which in turn shall be connected to earthing grid conductor at a minimum two points whether specifically shown or not. 9.7.7 Railway tracks within switchyard area shall be earthed at a spacing of 30m and also at both ends.

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Earthing conductor shall be buried 2000 mm outside the switchyard fence. All the gates and every alternate post of the fence shall be connected to earthing grid.

9.7.8

The stone spreading shall also be done 2000 mm outside switchyard fence. The criterian for stone spreading shall be followed in line with requirement specified elsewhere in the specification

- 9.7.9 Flexible earthing connectors shall be provided for the moving parts.
- 9.7.10 All lighting panels, junction boxes, receptacles fixtures, conduits etc. shall be grounded in compliance with the provision of I.E. rules
- 9.7.11 A continuous ground conductor of 16 SWG GI wire shall be run all along each conduit run. The conductor shall be connected to each panel ground bus. All junction boxes, receptacles, switches, lighting fixtures etc. shall be connected to this 16 SWG ground conductor.
- 9.7.12 50mm x 6mm MS flat shall run on the top tier and all along the cable trenches and the same shall be welded to each of the racks. Further this flat shall be earthed at both ends and at an interval of 30 mtrs. The M.S. flat shall be finally painted with two coats of Red oxide primer and two coats of Zinc riched enamel paint.
- 9.7.13 One number 40 mm dia, 3000 mm long MS earth electrode with test link, CI frame and cover shall be provided to connect each down conductor of surge arresters, capacitive voltage transformers, lightning masts and towers with peak.

## 9.8 **Jointing**

- 9.8.1 Earthing connections with equipment earthing pads shall be bolted type. Contact surfaces shall be free from scale, paint, enamel, grease, rust or dirt. Two bolts shall be provided for making each connection. Equipment bolted connections, after being checked and tested, shall be painted with anti corrosive paint/compound.
- 9.8.2 Connection between equipment earthing lead and main earthing conductors and between main earthing conductors shall be welded type. For rust protections, the welds should be treated with red oxide primer and afterwards coated with two layers bitumen compound to prevent corrosion.
- 9.8.3 Steel to copper connections shall be brazed type and shall be treated to prevent moisture ingression.
- 9.8.4 Resistance of the joint shall not be more than the resistance of the equivalent length of the conductor.
- 9.8.5 All ground connections shall be made by electric arc welding. All welded joints shall be allowed to cool down gradually to atmospheric temperature before putting any load on it. Artificial cooling shall not be allowed.
- 9.8.6 All arc welding with large dia. conductors shall be done with low hydrogen content electrodes.
- 9.8.7 The 75x12mm GS flat shall be clamped with the equipment support structures at 1000mm interval.

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#### 9.9 **Power Cable Earthing**

Metallic sheaths and armour of all multi core power cables shall be earthed at both equipment and switchgear end. Sheath and armour of single core power cables shall be earthed at switchgear end only.

## 9.10 Specific Requirement for Earthing Systems

- 9.10.1 Each earthing lead from the neutral of the power transformer/Reactor shall be directly connected to two numbers pipe electrodes in treated earth pit (as per IS) which in turn, shall be buried in Cement Concrete pit with a ISI marked cast iron cover hinged to a cast iron frame to have an access to the joints. All accessories associated with transformer/reactor like cooling banks, radiators etc. shall be connected to the earthing grid at minimum two points.
- 9.10.2 Earthing terminal of each lightning arrester & capacitor voltage transformer shall be directly connected to rod earth electrode which in turn, shall be connected to station earthing grid.
- 9.10.3 Auxiliary earthing mat comprising of 40mm dia M.S. rods closely spaced (300 mm x 300 mm) conductors shall be provided at depth of 300mm from ground level below the operating handles of the M.O.M. Box of the isolators. M.O.M. boxes shall be directly connected to the auxiliary earthing mat. Flexible copper braid connection to be provided between MOM box and GI flat to take care of soil sagging. The size of auxiliary earthing mat shall be of 1500mmx1500mm size for 220kV and above voltage class isolators and 900mmx900mm size for 132kV and below voltage class isolators. Factory welded auxiliary earthmat is preferable.

### 9.11 **Insulating mats**

- 9.11.1 The scope covers supply and laying of insulating mats of "class A" conforming to IS: 15652-2006.
- 9.11.2 These insulating mats shall be laid in front of all floor mounted AC and DC switchboards and control & relay panels located in control room building/ Switchyard panel room.
- 9.11.3 The insulating mats shall be made of elastomer material free from any insertions leading to deterioration of insulating properties. It shall be resistant to acid, oil and low temperature.
- 9.11.4 Upper surface of the insulating mats shall have small aberration (rough surface without edges) to avoid slippery effects while the lower surface shall be plain or could be finished slip resistant without affecting adversely the dielectric property of the mat.
- 9.11.5 Insulating mat **(wherever applicable)** shall be of pastable type, to be fixed permanently on the front of the panels except for the chequered plate area which shall not be pasted as per requirement. The insulating mats shall generally be fixed and joints shall be welded as per recommendations in Annexure-A of IS: 15652.
- 9.11.6 Width of insulating mats shall generally be of 1.5 meters or as per site requirements. Length shall be supplied as per site requirements.
- 9.11.7 The insulating mats offered shall conform to IS: 15652-2006.

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#### 10.0 Bus Bars

The brief description of the bus switching scheme, bus bar layout and equipment connection to be adopted are indicated elsewhere in the specification. The bus bar arrangements are shown in electrical layout drawings enclosed with the bid documents.

- 10.1 The Contractor shall furnish supporting calculations where the design is to be done by the contractor for the bus bars/conductors to show adequacy of design parameters for:
  - a) Fibre-stress (applicable for aluminum tube)
  - b) Cantilever strength of post insulators (applicable for aluminum tube)
  - c) Aeolain vibrations (applicable for aluminum tube)
  - d) Vertical deflection of bus bars (applicable for aluminum tube)
  - e) Short circuit forces in bundle conductor and spacer location for each span of ACSR conductor stringing as per layout drawings.
- 10.1.1 The welds in the aluminium tubes shall be kept to the minimum and there shall not be more than one weld per span. The procedure and details of welding shall be subject to Employer's approval. Material for welding sleeve shall be same as that of Aluminium tube. Welding sleeve shall be of 600mm length
- 10.1.2 Corona bells shall be provided wherever the bus extends beyond the clamps and on free ends, for sealing the ends of the tubular conductor against rain and moisture and to reduce the electrostatic discharge loss at the end points. There shall be a small drain hole in the corona bell. The material of Corona bell shall be Aluminium alloy similar to that of clamps & connectors.
- 10.1.3 To minimise the vibrations in the aluminium tubes, damping conductor shall be provided inside the aluminium tubes. For this purpose, the cut pieces of ACSR conductor which otherwise are considered wastages, shall be used as damping conductor.
- 10.1.4 Details of past experience of the persons proposed to be employed for Aluminium tube welding and the test reports of the welded pieces to prove the electrical and mechanical characteristics shall also be furnished **to Employer**. Welding at site shall be done by adopting a qualified procedure and employing qualified welders as per ASME-Section IX.
- Joints shall be avoided in strung bus to avoid joint failure / hot spots and hardwares to be designed accordingly.

#### 11.0 **BAY EQUIPMENT**

- 11.1 The disposition of various bay equipments shall be as per single line diagrams and layout drawings.
- 11.2 Bay Marshalling Kiosk:-

Bay marshalling kiosk shall be fabricated from 304 grade stainless steel of minimum thickness of 1.6mm. For other constructional details, technical specification of section-GTR shall be referred. Further, for stainless steel type bay marshaling kiosk, no painting is envisaged.

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One no. of bay marshalling kiosk shall be provided for each 765 kV, 400 kV, 220 kV and 132 kV bay under present scope. For one and half breaker scheme, one number bay marshalling kiosk shall be provided for each controlling feeder (Line/transformer/ bus reactor etc) of the diameter and no bay marshalling kiosks are required to be provided for the tie bays. In addition to the requirements specified elsewhere in the specification, the bay marshalling kiosk shall have two distinct compartments for the following purpose:-

## A. For 765kV, 400 kV & 220 kV Bays

- (i) To receive two incoming 415V, 3 phase, 63Amps, AC supply with auto changeover and MCB unit and distribute minimum nine (9) numbers outgoing 415V, 3 phase, 16 Amps AC supplies controlled by MCB.
- (ii) To distribute minimum two numbers outgoing 415V, 63Amps three phase supplies to be controlled by MCB to be drawn from above 3 phase incomers for supply to switchyard panel rooms.
- (iii) To distribute minimum ten numbers outgoing 240V, 10 Amps single phase supplies to be controlled by MCB to be drawn from above 3 phase incomers.
- (iv) Necessary Terminal Blocks for terminating cables from ACDB and necessary heating circuits.

### B. For 132kV & 66 kV Bays

- (i) To receive two incoming 415V, 3 phase, 63Amps, AC supply with auto changeover and MCB unit and distribute minimum four (4) number outgoing 415V, 3 phase, 16 Amps AC supplies controlled by MCB.
- (ii) To distribute minimum six (6) numbers outgoing 240V, 10 Amps single phase supplies to be controlled by MCB to be drawn from above 3 phase incomers.
- (iii) 100 nos. terminal blocks in vertical formation for interlocking facilities for substations without automation system.
- (iv) Necessary Terminal Blocks for terminating cables from ACDB and necessary heating circuits.
- 11.3 Further, all Bay Marshalling Kiosks shall be erected such that a minimum height of 1000mm is maintained between FGL & bottom of the marshalling box. Size of Marshalling box shall be such that cables are properly terminated and wires are dressed with provision of loop.

### 11.4 BAY AND PHASE IDENTIFICATION

- 11.4.1 The name plate for the bays shall be provided by the contractor as per standard drawing (Drawing no. C/ENG/STD/BAY NAME PLATE) enclosed in this technical specification.
- 11.4.2 All the phases are to be identified by painting the structures Red, Yellow and Blue by reflecting colour as per as built condition. Phase identification colour is to be provided around the top of the structure with colour band of 100 mm width at a height of approximately 2000mm from the finished ground level.

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12.0	LIGHTNING PROTECTION
12.1	Direct stroke lightning protection (DSLP) shall be provided in the EHV switchyard by lightning masts and shield wires. The layout drawings enclosed indicate the tentative arrangement. The final arrangement shall be decided after approval of the DSLP calculations.
12.2	The lightning protection system shall not be in direct contact with underground metallic service ducts and cables.
12.3	Conductors of the lightning protection system shall not be connected with the conductors of the safety earthing system above ground level.
12.4	Down conductors shall be cleated on the structures at 2000 mm interval.
12.5	Connection between each down conductor and rod electrodes shall be made via test joint (pad type compression clamp) located approximately 1500 mm above ground level. The rod electrode shall be further joined with the main earthmat.
12.6	Lightning conductors shall not pass through or run inside G.I. conduits.
12.7	Lightning protection shall also be provided for various buildings like control building, FFPH, Township buildings as per relevant standard.
13.0	EQUIPMENT ERECTION DETAILS
13.1	All circuit breaker and isolator erection shall be done under the supervision of equipment manufacturer and erection of all switchyard equipments shall be done as per POWERGRID approved Field Quality Plan (FQP) and as per provision of Technical Specification.
13.2	For equipment interconnection, the surfaces of equipment terminal pads, Aluminium tube, conductor & terminal clamps and connectors shall be properly cleaned. After cleaning, contact grease shall be applied on the contact surfaces of equipment terminal pad, Aluminium tube/conductor and terminal clamps to avoid any air gap in between. Subsequently bolts of the terminal pad/terminal connectors shall be tightened and the surfaces shall be cleaned properly after equipment interconnection.
13.3	Muslin or leather cloth shall be used for cleaning the inside and outside of hollow insulators.
13.4	All support insulators, circuit breaker interrupters and other fragile equipment shall preferably be handled with cranes having suitable booms and handling capacity.
13.5	Bending of Aluminium tube and compressed air piping if any should be done by a bending machine and through cold bending only. Bending shall be such that inner diameter of pipe is not reduced.
	All welding done at site for equipment and structures, shall be painted with zinc rich paint immediately to avoid corrosion.
13.6	Cutting of the pipes wherever required shall be such as to avoid flaring of the ends. Hence only a proper pipe cutting tool shall be used. Hack saw shall not be used.
13.7	Handling of equipment shall be done strictly as per manufacturer's/supplier's

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instructions/instruction manual.

13.8 Handling equipment, sling ropes etc. should be tested periodically before erection for strength. 13.9 The slings shall be of sufficient length to avoid any damage to insulator due to excessive swing, scratching by sling ropes etc. 14.0 **STORAGE** 14.1 The Contractor shall provide and construct adequate storage shed as per the Filed Quality Plan for proper storage of equipments, where sensitive equipments shall be stored indoors. All equipments during storage shall be protected against damage due to acts of nature or accidents. The storage instructions of the equipment manufacturer/Employer shall be strictly adhered to. POWERGRID approved Field Quality Plan shall be followed alongwith the provision of Technical Specification for storage. 15.0 **CABLING MATERIAL** 15.1 **CABLE TAGS AND MARKERS** 15.1.1 Each cable and conduit run shall be tagged with numbers that appear in the cable and conduit schedule. 15.1.2 The tag shall be of aluminium with the number punched on it and securely attached to the cable conduit by not less than two turns of 20 SWG GI wire conforming to IS:280. Cable tags shall be of rectangular shape for power cables and of circular shape for control cables. 15.1.3 Location of cables laid directly underground shall be clearly indicated with cable route marker made of galvanised iron plate. 15.1.4 Location of underground cable joints shall be indicated with cable route marker with an additional inscription "Cable joints". 15.1.5 The cable route marker shall project 150 mm above ground and shall be spaced at an interval of 30 meters and at every change in direction. They shall be located on both sides of road and drain crossings as per relevant standard. 15.1.6 Cable tags shall be provided on all cables at each end (just before entering the equipment enclosure), on both sides of a wall or floor crossing, on each duct/conduit entry and at each end & turning point in cable tray/trench runs. Cable tags shall be provided inside the switchgear, motor control centres, control and relay panels etc., wherever required for cable identification, where a number of cables enter together through a gland plate. 15.2 **Cable Supports and Cable Tray Mounting Arrangements** 15.2.1 The Contractor shall provide embedded steel inserts on concrete floors/walls to secure supports by welding to these inserts or available building steel structures. 15.2.2 The supports shall be fabricated from standard structural steel members.

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Insert plates will be provided at an interval of 750 mm wherever cables are to be supported without the use of cable trays, such as in trenches, while at all other

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15.2.3

places these will be at an interval of 2000 mm.

15.2.4	Vertical run of cables on equipment support structure shall be supported on perforated cable trays of suitable width which shall be suitably bolted/clamped with the equipment support structure.
15.3	Cable Termination and Connections
15.3.1	The termination and connection of cables shall be done strictly in accordance with cable and termination kit manufacturer's instructions, drawing and/or as directed by the Employer.
15.3.2	The work shall include all clamping, fittings, fixing, plumbing, soldering, drilling, cutting, taping, heat shrinking (where applicable), connecting to cable terminal, shorting and grounding as required to complete the job.
15.3.3	Supply of all consumable material shall be in the scope of Contractor.
15.3.4	The equipment will be generally provided with undrilled gland plates for cables/conduit entry. The Contractor shall be responsible for drilling of gland plates, painting and touching up. Holes shall not be made by gas cutting.
15.3.5	Control cable inside control panel/switchgear/MCCB/MCC/ miscellaneous panels shall be neatly bunched, clamped and tied with nylon strap or PVC perforated strap to keep them in position.
15.3.6	The Contractor shall use printed ferrules for control cable cores at all terminations, as instructed by the Employer. Each cable wire shall be identified with a number and detailed cable schedule may be prepared indicating the wire numbers.
15.3.7	Spare cores shall be similarly encaped & tagged with cable numbers and coiled up with end cap.
15.3.8	All cable entry points shall be sealed and made vermin and dust proof. Unused openings shall be effectively closed.
15.3.9	Double compression type nickel plated (coating thickness not less than 10 microns) brass cable glands shall be provided by the Contractor for all power and control cables to provide dust and weather proof terminations.
15.3.10	The cable glands shall conform to BIS:6121. They shall comprise of heavy duty brass casting, machine finished and nickel plated, to avoid corrosion and oxidation. Rubber components used in cable glands shall be neoprene and of tested quality. Cable glands shall be of approved make.
15.3.11	The cable glands shall also be suitable for dust proof and weather proof termination.
15.3.12	If the cable-end box or terminal enclosure provided on the equipment is found unsuitable and requires modification, the same shall be carried out by the Contractor, as directed by the Employer.
15.3.13	Crimping tool used shall be of approved design and make.
15 3 14	Control Cable lugs shall be tinned copper solderless crimping type conforming to

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IS-8309 & 8394. Aluminium Bimetallic lugs for power cables as required shall be used depending upon type of cables and terminations.

15.3.15 Solderless crimping of terminals shall be done by using corrosion inhibitory compound. The cable lugs shall suit the type of terminals provided.

#### 15. 4 **Storage and handling of Cable Drums**

15.4.1 Cable drums shall be unloaded, handled and stored in an approved manner and rolling of drums shall be avoided as far as possible. For short distances, the drums may be rolled provided they are rolled slowly and in proper direction as marked on the drum.

#### 16.0 **DIRECTLY BURIED CABLES**

- The Contractor shall construct the cable trenches required for directly buried cables. The scope of work shall include excavation, preparation of sand bedding, soil cover, supply and installation of brick or concrete protective covers, back filling and ramming, supply and installation of route markers and joint markers.
- The cable (power and control) between LT station, DG set location and fire lighting pump house and control room shall be laid in the burried cable trenches. In addition to the above, for lighting purpose also, buried cable trench can be used in outdoor area.
- 16.3 Power cables from Main Switchboard to colony shall be laid in burried cable trench. Location of cable termination point at colony shall be as per site condition and shall be decided in consultation with Employer's site-in-charge. Power Cables for oil filtration plant shall be laid in open cable trench or burried trench upto transformer/reactor area and can be looped from adjacent receptacles provided for power supply of oil filtration plant.
- 16.4 Cable route and joint markers and RCC warning covers shall be provided wherever required. The voltage grade of cables shall be engraved on the marker. Cable markers shall be grounded in a concrete base.

#### 17.0 **INSTALLATION OF CABLES**

- 17.1 Cabling in the control room shall be done on ladder type cable trays for vertical runs while cabling in switchyard area shall be done on angles in the trench.
- All cables from bay cable trench to equipments including and all interpole cables (both power and control) for all equipment, shall be laid in PVC pipes of minimum 50 mm nominal outside diameter of class 4 as per IS 4985 which shall be buried in the ground at a depth of 250mm below finish formation level. Separate PVC pipes shall be laid for control and power cables. Cable pull boxes of adequate size shall be provided if required. For vertical runs on equipments, perforated cable trays shall be provided for all equipments under scope of the contract or any equipment to be provided by the owner (including for owner supplied circuit breakers).
- 17.3 Cables shall be generally located adjoining the electrical equipment through the pipe insert embedded in the floor. In the case of equipments located away from cable trench either pipe inserts shall be embedded in the floor connecting the cable trench and the equipment or in case the distance is small, notch/opening on the wall shall be provided. In all these cases necessary bending radius as

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recommended by the cable manufacturer shall be maintained. Embedded pipes shall be dressed properly at the equipment termination points.

- 17.4 Cable racks and supports shall be painted after installation with two coats of metal primer (comprising of red oxide and zinc chromate in a synthetic medium) followed by two finishing coats of aluminium paint. The red oxide and zinc chromate shall conform to IS:2074.
- 17.5 Suitable arrangement should be used between fixed pipe/cable trays and equipment terminal boxes, where vibration is anticipated.
- 17.6 Power and control cables in the cable trench shall be laid in separate tiers. The order of laving of various cables shall be as follows, for cables other than directly buried.
  - a) Power cables preferably on top tiers.
  - b) Control instrumentation and other service cables in bottom tiers.
  - For cabling from control room to switchyard in main cable trench, cable c) shall be laid such that bottom tiers are preferably filled first and top tiers are kept for filling future cables as per the instructions of Engineer-In-Charge.
- 17.7 For Single core cables in trefoil formation shall be laid with a distance of three times the diameter of cable between trefoil centre lines. Further, for horizontal cables a minimum centre to centre distance equal to twice the diameter of the cable of higher size of cables shall be maintained.
- 17.8 Trefoil clamps for single core cables shall be of pressure die cast aluminium (LM-6), Nylon-6 or fibre glass and shall include necessary fixing GI nuts, bolts, washer etc. These are required at every 2 metre of cable runs.
- 17.9 Power and control cables shall be securely fixed to the trays/supports with self locking type nylon ties with de-interlocking facility at every 5 metre interval for horizontal run. Vertical and inclined cable runs shall be secured with 25 mm wide and 2 mm thick aluminium strip clamps at every 2m.
- 17.10 Cables shall not be bent below the minimum permissible limit. The permissible limits are as follows:

Table of Cable and Minimum bending radius

Power cable 12 D Control cable 10 D

D is overall diameter of cable

- 17.11 Where cables cross roads, drains and rail tracks, these shall be laid in reinforced spun concrete or steel pipes buried at not less than one metre depth. The size of hume/steel pipe shall be such that approximately 70% area is only occupied. For meeting future requirement, additional hume/steel pipe shall be laid for future bay provision.
- 17.12 In each cable run some extra length shall be kept at a suitable point to enable one (for LT cables)/ two (for H.T. cables) straight through joints to be made in case the cable develop fault at a later date.
- 17.13 Selection of cable drums for each run shall be so planned as to avoid using straight through joints. Cable splices will not be permitted except where called for

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by the drawings, unavoidable or where permitted by the Employer. If straight through joints are unavoidable, the Contractor shall use the straight through joints kit of reputed make.

- 17.14 Control cable terminations inside equipment enclosures shall have sufficient lengths so that changing of termination in terminal blocks can be done without requiring any splicing.
- 17.15 Metal screen and armour of the cable shall be bonded to the earthing system of the station, wherever required by the Employer.
- 17.16 Rollers shall be used at intervals of about two metres while pulling cables to avoid damage.
- 17.17 All due care shall be taken during unreeling, laying and termination of cable to avoid damage due to twist, kinks, sharp bends, etc.
- 17.18 Cable ends shall be kept sealed to prevent damage. In cable vault, fire resistant seal shall be provided underneath the panels.
- 17.19 Inspection on receipt, unloading and handling of cables shall generally be in accordance with IS:1255 and other Indian Standard Codes of practices.
- 17.20 Wherever cable pass through floor or through wall openings or other partitions, GI/PVC wall sleeves with bushes having a smooth curved internal surface so as not to damage the cable, shall be supplied, installed and properly sealed by the Contractor at no extra charges.
- 17.21 In case the outer sheath of a cable is damaged during handling/installation, the Contractor shall repair it at his own cost to the satisfaction of the Employer. In case any other part of a cable is damaged, the same shall be replaced by a healthy cable at no extra cost to the Employer, i.e. the Contractor shall not be paid for installation and removal of the damaged cable.
- 17.22 All cable terminations shall be appropriately tightened to ensure secure and reliable connections. The Contractor shall cover the exposed part of all cable lugs whether supplied by him or not with insulating tape, sleeve or paint.

### 17.23 Cable trays

- i) The cable trays shall be of G.S Sheet and minimum thickness of sheet shall be 2mm.
- ii) The Contractor shall perform all tests and inspection to ensure that material and workmanship are according to the relevant standards. Contractor shall have to demonstrate all tests as per specification and equipment shall comply with all requirements of the specification.
  - a) Test for galvanising (Acceptance Test)
    The test shall be done as per approved standards.

#### 17.24 Conduits, Pipes and Duct Installation

17.24.1 Contractor shall supply and install all rigid conduits, mild steel pipes, flexible conduits, hume pipes etc. including all necessary sundry materials such as tees, elbows, check nuts, bushing, reducers, enlargers, coupling cap, nipples, gland

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sealing fittings, pull boxes etc as required. The size of the conduit/pipe shall be selected on the basis of 40% fill criterion.

- Contractor shall have his own facility for bending, cutting and threading the 17.24.2 conduits at site. Cold bending should be used. All cuts & threaded ends shall be made smooth without leaving any sharp edges. Anticorrosive paint shall be applied at all field threaded portions.
- 17.24.3 All conduit/pipes shall be extended on both sides of wall/floor openings. The fabrication and installation of supports and the clamping shall be included in the scope of work by Contractor.
- 17.24.4 Installation of optical cables/ special cables:

GI pipe (light grade) of suitable size (minimum 25 mm) along with required bends, joints etc. shall be used for special cables such as cables for visual monitoring system (VMS), substation automation system (SAS). Further, single pipe can be used for laying multiple cables.

- 17 24 5 All conduits/pipes shall have their ends closed by caps until cables are pulled. After cables are pulled, the ends of conduits/pipes shall be sealed in an approved manner to prevent damage to threaded portions and entrance of moisture and foreign material.
- 17.24.6 All unarmoured cables shall run within the conduits from lighting panels to lighting fixtures, receptacles etc.
- Size of conduit for lighting shall be selected by the Contractor during detailed 17 24 7 engineering.
- 17.24.8 Exposed conduits shall be run in straight lines parallel to building columns, beams and walls. Unnecessary bends and crossings shall be avoided to present a neat appearance.
- 17.24.9 Conduit supports shall be provided at an interval of 750mm for horizontal runs and 1000mm for vertical runs.
- 17.24.10 Conduit supports shall be clamped on the approved type spacer plates or brackets by saddles or U- bolts. The spacer plates or brackets in turn, shall be securely fixed to the building steel by welding and to concrete or brick work by grouting or by nylon rawl plugs. Wooden plug inserted in the masonary or concrete for conduit support is not acceptable.
- 17.24.11 Embedded conduits shall be securely fixed in position to preclude any movement. In fixing embedded conduit, if welding or brazing is used, extreme care should be taken to avoid any injury to the inner surface of the conduit.
- 17.24.12 Spacing of embedded conduits shall be such as to permit flow of concrete between them.
- 17.24.13 Where conduits are placed alongwith cable trays, they shall be clamped to supporting steel at an interval of 600mm.
- 17.24.14 For directly embedding in soil, the conduits shall be coated with an asphalt-base compound. Concrete pier or anchor shall be provided wherever necessary to support the conduit rigidly and to hold it in place.

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17.24.15 Conduit shall be installed in such a way as to ensure against trouble from trapped condensation. 17.24.16 Conduits shall be kept, wherever possible, at least 300mm away from hot pipes, heating devices etc. when it is evident that such proximity may reduce the service life of cables. 17.24.17 Slip joints shall be provided when conduits cross structural expansion joints or where long run of exposed conduits are installed, so that temperature change will cause no distortion due to expansion or contraction of conduit run. 17.24.18 For long conduit run, pull boxes shall be provided at suitable intervals to facilitate wirina. 17.24.19 Conduit shall be securely fastened to junction boxes or cabinets, each with a lock nut inside and outside the box. 17.24.20 Conduits joints and connections shall be made thoroughly water-tight and rust proof by application of a thread compound which insulates the joints. White lead is suitable for application on embedded conduit and red lead for exposed conduit. 17.24.21 Field bends shall have a minimum radius of four (4) times the conduit diameter. All bends shall be free of kinks, indentations of flattened surfaces. Heat shall not be applied in making any conduit bend. Separate bends may be used for this purpose. 17.24.22 The entire metallic conduit system, whether embedded or exposed, shall be electrically continuous and thoroughly grounded. Where slip joints are used, suitable bounding shall be provided around the joint to ensure a continuous ground circuit. 17.24.23 After installation, the conduits shall be thoroughly cleaned by compressed air before pulling in the wire. 17.24.24 Lighting fixtures shall not be suspended directly from the junction box in the main conduit run. 17.25 Cable Sealing System

Modular multi-diameter cable sealing system consisting of frames, blocks and accessories shall be installed where the underground and over ground cables enter or leave concrete bay kiosks/switchyard panel room & control rooms in the substations. Cable sealing system shall consist of multi-diameter type peel-able or adjustable blocks of different sizes to suit the various cables. It should be simple, easy and quick to assemble & re-assemble the cable sealing system. Solid blocks shall not be used on frame. Frames & stay-plate material shall be of galvanized steel and for compression, single piece wedge with galvanized steel bolts shall be used. 30% spare blocks on the frame shall be provided for expansion in future. Cable sealing system should have been tested for fire/water/smoke tightness.

Cable sealing system having earthing strip can alternately be used in place of cable gland arrangement for indoor panels such as LCC, C&R, PLCC panels etc.

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#### 18.0 LIGHTING JUNCTION BOX

The Contractor shall supply and install ISI marked junction boxes complete with terminals as required. The brackets, bolts, nuts, screws etc required for erection are also included in the scope of the Contractor.

#### 19.0 TESTING AND COMMISSIONING

All pre/commissioning activities and works work for substation equipment shall be carried out in accordance with Employer's "Pre- Commissioning procedures for Switchyard Equipments (Doc. No. D-2-01-03-01-03)" by the contractor. This document shall be provided to the successful contractor during detailed engineering stage. Test results in the prescribed formats shall be duly filled by the contractor and shall be submitted to the Owner in soft form (CD or Pen Drive)

The Contractor shall arrange all equipments instruments and auxiliaries required for testing and commissioning of equipments alongwith calibration certificates.

#### 19.2 **GENERAL CHECKS**

- (a) Check for physical damage.
- (b) Visual examination of zinc coating/plating.
- (c) Check from name plate that all items are as per order/specification.
- (d) Check tightness of all bolts, clamps and connecting terminals using torque wrenches.
- (e) For oil filled equipment, check for oil leakage, if any. Also check oil level and top up wherever necessary.
- (f) Check ground connections for quality of weld and application of zinc rich paint over weld joint of galvanised surfaces.
- (g) Check cleanliness of insulator and bushings.
- (h) All checks and tests specified by the manufacturers in their drawings and manuals as well as all tests specified in the relevant code of erection.
- (i) Check for surface finish of grading rings (Corona control ring).

#### 19.3 **STATION EARTHING**

- a) Check soil resistivity
- b) Check continuity of grid wires
- c) Check earth resistance of the entire grid as well as various sections of the same.
- d) Check for weld joint and application of zinc rich paint on galvanised surfaces.
- e) Dip test on earth conductor prior to use.

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# 19.4 AAC/ACSR STRINGING WORK, TUBULAR BUS WORK AND POWER CONNECTORS

- a) Physical check for finish
- b) Electrical clearance check
- c) Testing of torque by torque wrenches on all bus bar power connectors and other accessories.
- d) Millivolt drop test on all power connectors.
- e) Sag and tension check on conductors.

#### 19.5 **ALUMINIUM TUBE WELDING**

- a) Physical check
- b) Millivolt drop test on all joints.
- c) Dye penetration test & Radiography test on 10% sample basis on weld joints.
- c) Test check on 5% sample joints after cutting the weld piece to observe any voids etc.

## 19.6 **INSULATOR**

Visual examination for finish, damage, creepage distance etc.

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**ANNEXURE "A"** 

## (Testing Procedure for ACSR/AAC Conductor)

#### 1.0 UTS Test on Stranded Conductor

Circles perpendicular to the axis of the conductor shall be marked at two places on a sample of conductor of minimum 5m length suitably compressed with dead end clamps at either end. The load shall be increased at a steady rate upto 50% of minimum specified UTS and held for one minute. The circles drawn shall not be distorted due to Relative movement of strands. Thereafter the load shall be increased at a steady rate to 100% of minimum specified UTS and held for one minute. The conductor sample shall not fail during this period. The applied load shall then be increased until the failing load is reached and the value recorded.

### 2.0 Corona Extinction Voltage Test

Two samples of conductor of 5m length shall be strung with a spacing of 450 mm between them at a height not exceeding 8.0 m above ground. This assembly shall be tested as per Annexure-C, Corona extinction voltage shall not be less than 510 kV (rms) & 320 KV (RMS) Line to ground for 765 kV & 400 kV respectively.

## 3.0 Radio Interference Voltage Test

Under the conditions as specified under (2.0) above, the conductor samples shall have radio interference voltage as indicated in the guaranteed technical particulars enclosed with. This test may be carried out with corona control rings and arcing horns. The test procedure shall be in accordance with IEC-60437.

#### 4.0 D.C Resistance Test on Stranded Conductor

On a conductor sample of minimum 5 m length two contact clamps shall be fixed with a pre-determined bolt torque. The resistance shall be measured by a Kelvin double bridge by placing the clamps initially zero metre and subsequently one metre apart. The test shall be repeated at least five times and the average value recorded. The value obtained shall be corrected to the value at 20°C as per clause no. 12.8 of IS:398 (Part V)-1982. The resistance corrected at 20°C shall conform to the requirements of this specification.

#### 5.0 **Chemical Analysis of Zinc**

Samples taken from the zinc ingots shall be chemically/spectrographically analysed. The same shall be in conformity to the requirements stated in this specification.

#### 6.0 Chemical Analysis of Aluminium and Steel

Samples taken from the Aluminium ingots/coils/strands shall be chemically/spectrographically analysed. The same shall be in conformity to the requirements stated in this specification.

### 7.0 Visual Check for Joints, Scratches etc.

Conductor drums shall be rewound in the presence of the inspector. The

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inspector shall visually check for scratches, joints, etc. and that the conductor generally conform to the requirements of this specification. The length of conductor wound on the drum shall be measured with the help of counter meter during rewinding.

#### 8.0 Dimensional Check for Steel and Aluminium Strands.

The individual strands shall be dimensionally checked to ensure that they conform to the requirements of this specification.

### 9.0 Check for Lay-ratios of various Layers.

The lay-ratios of various layers shall be checked to ensure that they conform to the requirements of this Specification.

## 10.0 **Galvanising Test**

The test procedure shall be as specified in IEC:60888. The material shall conform to the requirements of this Specification. The adherence of zinc shall be checked by wrapping around a mandrel four times the diameter of steel wire.

## 11.0 Torsion and Elongation Tests on Steel Strands

The test procedures shall be as per clause No. 10.3 of IEC:60888. In torsion test, the number of complete twists before fracture shall not be less than that indicated in the GTP. In case test sample length is less or more than 100 times the stranded diameter of the strand, the minimum number of twists will be proportioned to the length and if number comes in the fraction then it will be rounded off to next higher whole number. In elongation test, the elongation of the strand shall not be less than 4% for a gauge length of 250 mm.

#### 12.0 Procedure Qualification test on welded Aluminium strands

Two Aluminium wires shall be welded as per the approved quality plan and shall be subjected to tensile load. The breaking strength of the welded joint of the wire shall not be less than the breaking strength of individual strands.

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**ANNEXURE "B"** 

## (Testing procedure for Galvanised Steel Earthwire)

### 1. UTS TEST

Circles perpendicular to the axis of the earthwire shall be marked at two places on a sample of earthwire of minimum 5m length suitably compressed with dead end clamps at either end. The load shall be increased at steady rate upto 50% of UTS and held for one minute. The circles drawn shall not be distorted due to relative movement of strands. Thereafter, the load shall be increased at a steady rate to 100% of UTS and held for one minute. The earthwire sample shall not fail during this period. The applied load shall then be increased until the failing load is reached and value recorded.

### 2. **D.C. RESISTANCE TEST**

On an earthwire sample of minimum 5m length, two contact clamps shall be fixed with a predetermined Bolt torque. The resistance shall be measured by a Kelvin double-bridge by placing the clamps initially zero meter and subsequently one meter apart. The test shall be repeated at least five times and the average value recorded. The value obtained shall be corrected to the value at 20°C shall conform to the requirements of this specification.

### 3. Visual check for joints, scratches etc. and length of earthwire

Earthwire drums shall be rewound in the presence of the inspector. The inspector shall visually check for joints, scratches etc. and see that the earthwire generally conforms to the requirements of this specification. The length of earthwire wound on the drum shall be measured with the help of counter meter during rewinding.

#### 4. TORSION TEST

The minimum number of twists which a single steel strand shall withstand during torsion test shall be eighteen for a length equal to 100 times the standard diameter of the strand. In case the test sample length is less or more than 100 times the standard diameter of the strand, the minimum number of twists will be proportionate to the length and if number comes in the fraction then it will be rounded off to next higher whole number.

#### 5. **DIMENSIONAL CHECK**

The individual strands shall be dimensionally checked to ensure that they conform to the requirements of this specification.

## 6. **LAY LENGTH CHECK**

The lay length shall be checked to ensure that they conform to the requirements of this specification.

## 7. GALVANISING TEST

The test procedure shall as specified in IS:4826-1968. The material shall conform to the requirements of this specification. The adherence of zinc shall be

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checked by wrapping around a mandrel four times the diameter of steel wire.

### 8. CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF ZINC USED FOR GALVANIZING

Samples taken from zinc ingots shall be chemically/spectrographically analysed. The same shall be in conformity to the requirements stated in this specification.

### 9. CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF STEEL

Samples taken from steel ingots/coils/strands shall be chemically/ spectrographically analysed. The same shall be in conformity to the requirements stated in this specification.

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**ANNEXURE-C** 

#### CORONA AND RADIO INTERFERENCE VOLTAGE (RIV) TEST

#### 1. General

Unless otherwise stipulated, all equipment together with its associated connectors, where applicable, shall be tested for external corona both by observing the voltage level for the extinction of visible corona under falling power frequency voltage and by measurement of radio interference voltage (RIV).

#### 2. **Test Levels:**

The test voltage levels for measurement of external RIV and for corona extinction voltage are listed under the relevant clauses of the specification.

#### 3. **Test Methods for RIV:**

- RIV tests shall be made according to measuring circuit as per International Special-3.1 Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR) Publication 16-1(1993) Part -1. The measuring circuit shall preferably be tuned to frequency with 10% of 0.5 Mhz but other frequencies in the range of 0.5 MHz to 2 MHz may be used, the measuring frequency being recorded. The results shall be in microvolts.
- 3.2 Alternatively, RIV tests shall be in accordance with NEMA standard Publication No. 107-1964, except otherwise noted herein.
- 3.3 In measurement of, RIV, temporary additional external corona shielding may be provided. In measurements of RIV only standard fittings of identical type supplied with the equipment and a simulation of the connections as used in the actual installation will be permitted in the vicinity within 3.5 meters of terminals.
- 3.4 Ambient noise shall be measured before and after each series of tests to ensure that there is no variation in ambient noise level. If variation is present, the lowest ambient noise level will form basis for the measurements. RIV levels shall be measured at increasing and decreasing voltages of 85%, 100% and 110% of the specified RIV test voltage for all equipment unless otherwise specified. specified RIV test voltage for 765kV, 400kV, 220kV is listed in the detailed specification together with maximum permissible RIV level in microvolts.
- 3.5 The metering instruments shall be as per CISPR recommendation or equivalent device so long as it has been used by other testing authorities.
- 3.6 The RIV measurement may be made with a noise meter. A calibration procedure of the frequency to which noise meter shall be tuned shall establish the ratio of voltage at the high voltage terminal to voltage read by noisel meter.

#### 4. Test Methods for Visible Corona [applicable for 400kV and above]

The purpose of this test is to determine the corona extinction voltage of apparatus, connectors etc. The test shall be carried out in the same manner as RIV test described above with the exception that RIV measurements are not required during test and a search technique shall be used near the onset and extinction voltage. when the test voltage is raised and lowered to determine their precise values. The test voltage shall be raised to 110% of RIV test voltage and maintained there for five minutes. In case corona inception does not take place at 110%, test shall be stopped, otherwise test shall be continued and the voltage will then be decreased slowly until all visible corona disappears. The procedure shall be repeated at least 4

times with corona inception and extinction voltage recorded each time. The corona extinction voltage for purposes of determining compliance with the specification shall be the lowest of the four values at which visible corona (negative or positive polarity) disappears. Photographs with laboratory in complete darkness shall be taken under test conditions, at all voltage steps i.e. 85%, 100%, and 110%. Additional photographs shall be taken at corona inception and extinction voltages. At least two views shall be photographed in each case using Panchromatic film with an ASA daylight rating of 400 with an exposure of two minutes at a lens aperture of f/5.6 or equivalent. The photographic process shall be such that prints are available for inspection and comparison with conditions as determined from direct observation. Photographs shall be taken from above and below the level of connector so as to show corona on bushing, insulators and all parts of energised connectors. The photographs shall be framed such that test object essentially, fills the frame with no cut-off.

In case corona inception does not take place at 110%, voltage shall not be increased further and corona extinction voltage shall be considered adequate.

- 4.1 The test shall be recorded on each photograph. Additional photograph shall be taken from each camera position with lights on to show the relative position of test object to facilitate precise corona location from the photographic evidence.
- In addition to photographs of the test object preferably four photographs shall be taken of the complete test assembly showing relative positions of all the test equipment and test objects. These four photographs shall be taken from four points equally spaced around the test arrangement to show its features from all sides. Drawings of the laboratory and test set up locations shall be provided to indicate camera positions and angles. The precise location of camera shall be approved by Purchaser's inspector, after determining the best camera locations by trial energisation of test object at a voltage which results in corona.
- 4.3 The test to determine the visible corona extinction voltage need not be carried out simultaneously with test to determine RIV levels.
- 4.4 However, both test shall be carried out with the same test set up and as little time duration between tests as possible. No modification on treatment of the sample between tests will be allowed. Simultaneous RIV and visible corona extinction voltage testing may be permitted at the discretion of Purchaser's inspector if, in his opinion, it will not prejudice other test.

#### 5. Test Records:

In addition to the information previously mentioned and the requirements specified as per CISPR or NEMA 107-1964 the following data shall be included in test report:

- a) Background noise before and after test.
- b) Detailed procedure of application of test voltage.
- c) Measurements of RIV levels expressed in micro volts at each level.
- d) Results and observations with regard to location and type of interference sources detected at each step.
- e) Test voltage shall be recorded when measured RIV passes through 100 microvolts in each direction.
- f) Onset and extinction of visual corona for each of the four tests required shall be recorded.

#### ANNEXURE - D

#### A. SHORT CIRCUIT FORCES AND SPACER SPAN FOR 765kV GANTRY STRUCTURE

SI. No.	Max. Span	Conductor Configuration	Ph-Ph Spacing	Normal Tension	SCF per Phase	Spacer span				
I.	For Fault Level of 40kA/50 kA for 1 sec.									
1.	54.0 mtr	QUAD AAC BULL	15 mtr	3.96 T	5.98 T	3.5 mtr				
2.	56.0 mtr	QUAD AAC BULL	15 mtr	4.52 T	6.77 T	4.0 mtr				
3.	87.9 mtr	QUAD AAC BULL	15 mtr	8.35 T	11.22 T	6.5 mtr				
4.	104.0 mtr	QUAD AAC BULL	15 mtr	9.00 T	12.72 T	7.5 mtr				
5.	108.61 mtr	QUAD AAC BULL	15 mtr	9.00 T	12.72 T	8.0 mtr				

#### B. SHORT CIRCUIT FORCES AND SPACER SPAN FOR 400kV GANTRY STRUCTURE

SI. No.	Max. Span	Conductor Configuration	Ph-Ph Spacing	Normal Tension	SCF per Phase	Spacer span				
I.	For Fault Level of 40 kA for 1 sec.									
1.	54 mtr	QUAD ACSR	7 mtr	4 T	5.64 T	6 mtr				
2.	70 mtr	TWIN ACSR	7 mtr	4 T	5.64 T	5 mtr				
3.	54 mtr	QUAD ACSR	6 mtr	4 T	5.10 T	5 mtr				
4.	70 mtr	TWIN ACSR	6 mtr	4 T	5.10 T	5 mtr				
5.	48 mtr	QUAD ACSR	6 mtr	4 T	4.82T	5 mtr				
6.	52.5 mtr	QUAD ACSR	6 mtr	4 T	4.85T	5 mtr				
7.	56.5 mtr	QUAD ACSR	6 mtr	4 T	4.88T	5 mtr				
8.	52.5 mtr	TWIN ACSR	6 mtr	4 T	4.97T	5 mtr				
9.	56.5 mtr	TWIN ACSR	6 mtr	4 T	5.00 T	5 mtr				
II.	For Fault Le	vel of 50 kA for 1 s	ec.							
1.	48 mtr	QUAD AAC BULL	6 mtr	4 T	5.10 T	4 mtr				
2.	52.5 mtr	QUAD ACSR	6 mtr	4 T	5.18 T	4 mtr				
3.	56.5 mtr	QUAD ACSR	6 mtr	4 T	5.20 T	4 mtr				
III.	For Fault Level of 63 kA for 1 sec.									
1.	48 mtr	QUAD AAC BULL	6 mtr	4 T	6.00 T	4 mtr				
2.	52.5 mtr	QUAD ACSR	6 mtr	4 T	6.33 T	4 mtr				
3.	56.5 mtr	QUAD ACSR	6 mtr	4 T	6.37 T	4 mtr				

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#### ANNEXURE - D

#### C. SHORT CIRCUIT FORCES AND SPACER SPAN FOR 220 kV GANTRY STRUCTURE

SI. No.	Max. Span	Conductor Configuration	Ph-Ph Spacing	Normal Tension	SCF per Phase	Spacer span				
I.	For Fault Level of 40 kA for 1 sec.									
1.	54 mtr	QUAD ACSR	4.5 mtr	4 T	5.00 T	2.5 mtr				
2.	54 mtr	TWIN ACSR	4.5 mtr	2 T	3.50 T	2.5 mtr				
3.	74 mtr	TWIN ACSR	4.5 mtr	4 T	5.00 T	2.5 mtr				
4.	54 mtr	QUAD ACSR	4.0 mtr	4 T	5.70 T	2.5 mtr				
5.	54 mtr	TWIN ACSR	4.0 mtr	2 T	3.50 T	2.5 mtr				
6.	74 mtr	TWIN ACSR	4.0 mtr	4 T	5.70 T	2.5 mtr				
7.	48 mtr	QUAD ACSR	4.0 mtr	4 T	5.30 T	2.5 mtr				
8.	52 mtr	QUAD ACSR	4.0 mtr	4 T	5.35 T	2.5 mtr				
9.	68 mtr	TWIN ACSR	4.0 mtr	4 T	5.20 T	2.5 mtr				
10.	56 mtr	QUAD ACSR	4.0 mtr	4 T	5.50 T	2.5 mtr				
11.	72 mtr	TWIN ACSR	4.0 mtr	4 T	5.27 T	2.5 mtr				
II.	For Fault Level of 50 kA for 1 sec.									
1.	48 mtr	QUAD ACSR	4.0 mtr	4 T	5.41 T	2.0 mtr				
2.	52 mtr	QUAD ACSR	4.0 mtr	4 T	5.50 T	2.0 mtr				
3.	36 mtr	TWIN ACSR	4.0 mtr	2 T	3.50 T	2.0 mtr				

NOTE: ACSR conductor as mentioned above indicates that it is suitable for both ACSR MOOSE as well as ACSR BERSIMIS conductor.

#### D. SHORT CIRCUIT FORCES AND SPACER SPAN FOR 132 kV GANTRY STRUCTURE

SI. No.	Max. Span	Conductor Configuration	Ph-Ph Spacing	Normal Tension	SCF per Phase	Spacer span				
I.	For Fault Level of 31.5kA for 1 sec.									
1.	36 mtr	Twin Moose/ Zebra ACSR	3 mtr	1 T	2.15 T	2.5 mtr				
2.	31.5 mtr	Twin Moose/ Zebra ACSR	2.7mtr	1 T	2.15 T	2.5 mtr				
3.	48 mtr	Single Moose/ Zebra ACSR	3 mtr	1 T	2.05 T	NA				
4.	42 mtr	Single Moose/ Zebra ACSR	2.7 mtr	1 T	2.03 T	NA				

#### **ANNEXURE-E**

# STANDARD TECHNICAL DATA SHEETS FOR AAC/ACSR CONDUCTORS, GS EARTHWIRE AND ALUMINIUM TUBE

#### 1.0 GENERAL

Employer has stardardised the guaranteed technical particulars for the following AAC/ACSR conductors, Galvanised steel earthwire and aluminum tube. The contractor shall supply the conductors as per the standard GTP mentioned below. Any deviation to the following GTP shall be clearly brought out by the bidder in their bid.

#### 1.1 Guaranteed Technical Particulars (GTP) for conductors:

#### A. GTP of AAC BULL and AAC TARANTULA conductor:

SI.	Description	Unit	AAC BULL	AAC TARANTULA	
1.0	Applicable Standard		IS:398		
2.0	Raw Materials	l	,		
2.1	Steel Wire / Rods				
2.1.1	Aluminium				
a)	Minimum purity of Aluminium	%	99.50	99.50	
b)	Maximum copper content	%	0.04	0.04	
3.0	Aluminum strands after	strand	ing		
3.1	Diameter				
a)	Nominal	mm	4.25	5.23	
b)	Maximum	mm	4.29	5.28	
c)	Minimum	mm	4.21	5.18	
3.2	Minimum breaking load o	fstrand			
a)	Before stranding	KN	2.23	3.44	
b)	After stranding	KN	2.12	3.27	
c)	Maximum D.C. resistance of strand at 20 deg. Centigrade	Ohm /KM	3.651	3.627	
3.3	Maximum resistance of 1 m length of strand at 20 deg. C	Ohm	0.00203	0.001341	
4.0	AAC Conductor				
4.1. a)	Stranding		Al – 61/4.25 mm	Al – 37/ 5.23 mm	
b)	Number of Strands				
i.	1st Aluminium Layer	Nos.	1	1	
ii.	2nd Aluminium Layer	Nos.	6	6	

### **ANNEXURE-E**

SI.	Description	Unit	AAC BULL	AAC TARANTULA
iii.	3rd Aluminium Layer	Nos.	12	12
iv.	4th Aluminium Layer	Nos.	18	18
V.	5th Aluminium Layer	Nos.	24	-
4.2	Sectional Area of aluminium	Sq.	865.36	794.80
4.3	Total sectional area	Sq. mm	865.36	794.80
4.4	Approximate Weight	Kg/m	2.4	2.191
4.5	Diameter of the conductor	mm	38.25	36.60
4.6	UTS of the conductor	kN	139 (Min.)	120 (Min.)
4.7	Lay ratio of the conductor	mm	Max Min	Max Min
a)	6 wire Aluminium layer	mm	16 10	16 10
b)	12 wire Aluminium layer	mm	16 10	16 10
c)	18 wire Aluminium layer	mm	16 10	14 10
d)	24 wire Aluminium layer	mm	14 10	-
4.8	DC resistance of the conductor at 20°C	ohm/ km	0.03340	0.03628
4.9	Standard length of the conductor	m	1000	1000
4.10	Tolerance on Standard length	%	(+/-) 5	(+/-) 5
4.11	Direction of lay of outer layer		Right Hand	Right Hand
4.12	Linear mass of the condu	ctor		
a)	Standard	kg/ km	2400	2192
b)	Minimum	kg/ km	2355	2150
c)	Maximum	kg/ km	2445	2234
4.13	Modulus of Elasticity	Kg/sq .mm	4709 (Initial) 5869 (Final)	4709 (Initial) 5869 (Final)
4.14	Co-efficient of Linear Expansion	Per Deg. C	23.0x10 <sup>-6</sup>	23.0x10 <sup>-6</sup>
4.15	Minimum Corona Extinction Voltage	KV (rms)	508	320
4.16	RIV at 1 Mhz	Micro	Less than 1000 at 508 kV (rms)	Less than 1000 at 320 kV (rms)
5.0	Drum Dimensions	1 5.1.0	Generally conform	

#### **ANNEXURE-E**

SI.	Description	Unit	AAC BULL	AAC TARANTULA
a)	Flange Diameter	mm	1855	1855
b)	Traverse width	mm	925	925
c)	Barrel Diameter	mm	850	850
d)	Flange thickness	mm	50x50	50x50

#### B. GTP of ACSR BERSIMIS and ACSR MOOSE conductor:

SI.		Description	Unit	ACSR BERSIMIS	ACSR MOOSE
1.0		Applicable Standard		IS:398 / II	EC - 61089
2.0		Raw Materials			
2.1		Aluminium			
	a)	Minimum purity of Aluminium	%	99.50	99.50
	b)	Maximum copper content	%	0.04	0.04
2.2		Steel wires/ rods			
	a)	Carbon	%	0.50 to 0.85	0.50 to 0.85
	b)	Manganese	%	0.50 to 1.10	0.50 to 1.10
	c)	Phosphorous	%	Not more than 0.035	Not more than 0.035
	d)	Sulphur	%	Not more than 0.045	Not more than 0.045
	e)	Silicon	%	0.10 to 0.35 (Max.)	0.10 to 0.35 (Max.)
2.3		Zinc			
	a)	Minimum purity of Zinc	%	99.95	99.95
3.0		Aluminum strands after	strand	ing	
3.1		Diameter			
	a)	Nominal	mm	4.57	3.53
	b)	Maximum	mm	4.61	3.55
	c)	Minimum	mm	4.53	3.51
3.2		Minimum breaking load o	fstrand		
	a)	Before stranding	KN	2.64	1.57
	b)	After stranding	KN	2.51	1.49
	c)	Maximum D.C. resistance of strand at 20 deg. Centigrade	Ohm/ KM	1.738	2.921
3.3		Maximum resistance of 1 m length of strand at 20 deg. C	Ohm	0.001738	0.002921

### **ANNEXURE-E**

SI.	Description	Unit	ACSR BERSIMIS	ACSR MOOSE
4.0	Steel strand after strand	ling		
4.1	Diameter			
a)	Nominal	mm	2.54	3.53
b)	Maximum	mm	2.57	3.60
c)	Minimum	mm	2.51	3.46
4.2	Minimum breaking load of	f strand		
a)	Before stranding	KN	6.87	12.86
b)	After stranding	KN	6.53	12.22
4.3	Galvanising		l	I
a)	Minimum weight of zinc coating per sq.m.	gm	260	260
b)	Minimum number of dips that the galvanised strand can withstand in the standard preece test	Nos.	2 dips of one minute & 1 dip of half minute	2 dips of one minute & 1 dip of half minute
c)	Min. No. of twists in guage length equal 100 times the dia. of wire which the strand can withstand in the torsion test (after stranding)	Nos	16 (After stranding) 18 (Before stranding)	16 (After stranding) 18 (Before stranding)
5.0	ACSR Conductor			
5.1.a)	Stranding		Al -42/4.57 mm+ Steel-7/2.54 mm	Al -54/3.53 mm+ Steel-7/3.53 mm
b)	Number of Strands			
i.	Steel centre	Nos.	1	1
ii.	1st Steel Layer	Nos.	6	6
iii.	1st Aluminium Layer	Nos.	8	12
iv.	2nd Aluminium Layer	Nos.	14	18
٧.	3rd Aluminium Layer	Nos.	20	24
5.2	Sectional Area of aluminium	Sq. mm	689.50	528.50
5.3	Total sectional area	Sq. mm	725.00	597.00
5.4	Approximate Weight	Kg/m	2.181	2.004
5.5	Diameter of the conductor	mm	35.05	31.77
5.6	UTS of the conductor	kN	154 (Min.)	161.20 (Min.)
5.7	Lay ratio of the conductor	mm	Max Min	Max Min

#### **ANNEXURE-E**

SI.	Description	Unit	ACSR BERSIMIS	ACSR MOOSE
a)	Outer Steel layer	mm	24 10	6 18 16
b)	8/12 wire Aluminium layer	mm	17 10	) 14 12
c)	14/ 18 wire Aluminium layer	mm	16 10	0 13 11
d)	20/24 wire Aluminium layer	mm	13 10	) 12 10
5.8	DC resistance of the conductor at 20°C	ohm/ km	0.04242	0.05552
5.9	Standard length of the conductor	m	1800	1800
5.10	Tolerance on Standard length	%	(+/-) 5	(+/-) 5
5.11	Direction of lay of outer layer	-	Right Hand	Right Hand
5.12	Linear mass of the condu	ictor		
a)	Standard	kg/ km	2181	2004
b)	Minimum	kg/ km	2142	1965
c)	Maximum	kg/ km	2221	2045
5.13	Modulus of Elasticity (Final State)	Kg/sq .mm		6860
5.14	Co-efficient of Linear Expansion	Per Deg. C	21.5x10 <sup>-6</sup>	19.3x10 <sup>-6</sup>
5.15	Minimum Corona Extinction Voltage	KV (rms)	320	320
5.16	RIV at 1 Mhz under dry condition	Micro volts	Max. 1000 at 320 kV (rms)	Max. 1000 at 320 kV (rms)
6.0	Drum Dimensions		Generally confo	rms to IS:1778
a)	Flange Diameter	mm	1800	1800
b)	Traverse width	mm	950	950
c)	Barrel Diameter	mm	650	650
d)	Flange thickness	mm	50x50	50x50

### C. B. GTP of ACSR ZEBRA and ACSR PANTHER conductor:

SI.		Description	Unit	ACSR ZEBRA	ACSR PANTHER		
1.0		Applicable Standard	IS:398 / IEC-61089				
2.0		Raw Materials					
2.1		Aluminium					
	a)	Minimum purity of Aluminium	%	99.50	99.50		

### **ANNEXURE-E**

SI.		Description	Unit	ACSR ZEBRA	ACSR PANTHER
	b)	Maximum copper content	%	0.04	0.04
2.2		Steel wires/ rods			
	a)	Carbon	%	0.50 to 0.85	0.50 to 0.85
	b)	Manganese	%	0.50 to 1.10	0.50 to 1.10
	c)	Phosphorous	%	Not more than 0.035	Not more than 0.035
	d)	Sulphur	%	Not more than 0.045	Not more than 0.045
	e)	Silicon	%	0.10 to 0.35 (Max.)	0.10 to 0.35 (Max.)
2.3		Zinc			
	a)	Minimum purity of Zinc	%	99.95	99.95
3.0		Aluminum strands after	strand	ing	
3.1		Diameter			
	a)	Nominal	mm	3.18	3.00
	b)	Maximum	mm	3.21	3.03
	c)	Minimum	mm	3.15	2.97
3.2		Minimum breaking load o	f strand		
	a)	Before stranding	KN	1.29	1.17
	b)	After stranding	KN	1.23	1.11
3.3		Maximum resistance of 1 m length of strand at 20 deg. C	Ohm	0.003626	0.004107
4.0		Steel strand after strand	ding		
4.1		Diameter			
	a)	Nominal	mm	3.18	3.00
	b)	Maximum	mm	3.24	3.06
	c)	Minimum	mm	3.12	2.94
4.2		Minimum breaking load o	f strand	l	
	a)	Before stranding	KN	10.43	9.29
	b)	After stranding	KN	9.91	8.85
4.3		Galvanising	l	1	
	a)	Minimum weight of zinc coating per sq.m.	gm	260	260
	b)	Minimum number of dips that the galvanised strand can withstand in the standard preece test	Nos.	2 dips of one minute & 1 dip of half minute	2 dips of one minute & 1 dip of half minute

### **ANNEXURE-E**

SI.	Description	Unit	ACSR ZEBRA	Α	CSR PANT	HER
c)	Min. No. of twists in guage length equal 100 times the dia. of wire which the strand can withstand in the torsion test (after stranding)	Nos	16 (After stranding) 18 (Before stranding)	18	6 (After stran 8 (Before rranding)	ding)
5.0	ACSR Conductor					
5.1.a)	Stranding		AI -54/3.18 mm Steel-7/3.18 mr		l -30/3.00 m teel-7/3.00 r	
b)	Number of Strands					
i.	Steel centre	Nos.	1	1		
ii.	1st Steel Layer	Nos.	6	6		
iii.	1st Aluminium Layer	Nos.	12	12	2	
iv.	2nd Aluminium Layer	Nos.	18	18	8	
V.	3rd Aluminium Layer	Nos.	24	N	NΑ	
5.2	Sectional Area of aluminium	Sq.	428.9	2	12.10	
5.3	Total sectional area	Sq. mm	484.5	20	61.50	
5.4	Approximate Weight	Kg/m	1.621	0.	.974	
5.5	Diameter of the conductor	Mm	28.62	2	1.00	
5.6	UTS of the conductor	kN	130.32 (Min.)	89	9.67 (Min.)	
5.7	Lay ratio of the conductor	mm	Max Mi		lax	Min
a)	Outer Steel layer	mm	28 1	3 28	8	16
b)	12 wire Aluminium layer	mm	17 1	0 16	6	10
c)	18 wire Aluminium layer	mm	16 1	0 14	4	10
d)	24 wire Aluminium layer	mm	14 1		A	
5.8	DC resistance of the conductor at 20°C	ohm/ km	0.06868	0.	.140	
5.9	Standard length of the conductor	m	1800	18	800	
5.10	Tolerance on Standard length	%	(+/-) 5	,	+/-) 5	
5.11	Direction of lay of outer layer		Right Hand	R	ight Hand	
5.12	Linear mass of the condu	ictor				
a)	Standard	kg/ km	1621	97	74	
b)	Minimum	kg/	1589	9	54	

#### **ANNEXURE-E**

SI.	Description	Unit	ACSR ZEBRA	ACSR PANTHER
		km		
c)	Maximum	kg/ km	1653	993
5.13	Modulus of Elasticity	Kg/sq .mm		8158
5.14	Co-efficient of Linear	Per	19.3x10 <sup>-6</sup>	17.8x10 <sup>-6</sup>
	Expansion	Deg. C		
5.15	Minimum Corona Extinction Voltage	KV (rms)	154	92
5.16	RIV at 1 Mhz	Micro	Less than 1000	Less than 500
		volts	at 154 kV (rms)	at 92 kV (rms)
6.0	Drum Dimensions		Generally conform	s to IS:1778
a)	Flange Diameter	mm	1850	1850
b)	Traverse width	mm	925	925
c)	Barrel Diameter	mm	650	650
d)	Flange thickness	mm	50x50	50x50

### 1.2 Guaranteed technical particulars of Galvanised Steel Earthwire

		Description	Unit	Standard Values
1.0		Raw Materials	<u> </u>	
1.1		Steel wires / rods		
	a)	Carbon	%	Not more than 0.55
	b)	Manganese	%	0.40 to 0.90
	c)	Phosphorous	%	Not more than 0.04
	d)	Sulphur	%	Not more than 0.04
	e)	Silicon	%	0.15 to 0.35
1.2		Zinc		
	a)	Minimum purity of Zinc	%	99.95
2.0	,	Steel strands		
2.1		Diameter		
	a)	Nominal	mm	3.66
	b)	Maximum	mm	3.74
	c)	Minimum	mm	3.58
2.2.		Minimum breaking load of strar	nd	
	a)	After stranding	KN	10.58
2.3		Galvanising	I .	1
	a)	Minimum weight of zinc coating per sq.m. after stranding	gms.	275
	b)	Minimum number of dips that the galvanized strand can withstand	Nos.	3 dips of 1 minute and

#### **ANNEXURE-E**

		in the standard preece test		one dip of ½ minute
	c)	Minimum number of twists in a gauge length equal to 100 times diameter of wire which the strand can withstand in the torsion test, after stranding	Nos.	18
3.0		Stranded Earth wire		
3.1		UTS of Earth wire	KN	68.4 (min.)
3.2		Lay length of outer steel layer	I .	l
	a)	Standard	mm	181
	b)	Maximum	mm	198
	c)	Minimum	mm	165
3.3		Maximum DC resistance of earth wire at 20° C	Ohm/km	3.375
3.4		Standard length of earth wire	М	2000 or actual quantity whichever is less.
3.5		Tolerance on standard length	%	±5
3.6		Direction of lay for outside layer		Right hand
3.7		Linear mass		
	a)	Standard	Kg/km	583
	b)	Maximum	Kg/km	552
	c)	Minimum	Kg/km	600
3.8		Overall diameter	mm	10.98

#### 1.3 Guaranteed Technical Parameters of Aluminum Tube

# A. GTP for 3" IPS & 4" IPS AL. TUBE

SI. No.	Description	3" AL. TUBE	4" AL. TUBE
1.	Size	3" IPS (EH Type)	
2.	Material	Aluminium Alloy 61	
		63401 WP (range 2	) of IS 5082 : 1998
3.	Chemical Composition		
i)	Cu	0.05	Max
ii)	Mg	0.4 to	o 0.9
iii)	Si	0.3 to	o 0.7
iv)	Fe	0.5	Max
V)	Mn	0.03	Max
Vi)	Al	Rema	ainder
4.	Outer diameter	88.90 mm	114.2 mm
5.	Tolerance on outer	+2.2 mm, - 0.0 mm	+2.2 mm, - 0.0 mm
	diameter		
6.	Thickness	7.62 mm	8.51 mm
7.	Tolerance on thickness	+2.2 mm, - 0.0 mm	+2.2 mm, - 0.0 mm
8.	Cross-sectional area	1945.76 sq.mm	2825.61 sq.mm
9.	Weight	5.25 kg/m	7.7 kg/m
10.	Moment of Inertia	1621589.99 mm⁴	3972577.97 mm <sup>4</sup>
11.	Section Modulus	36481.21 mm <sup>3</sup>	69572.29 mm <sup>3</sup>

#### **ANNEXURE-E**

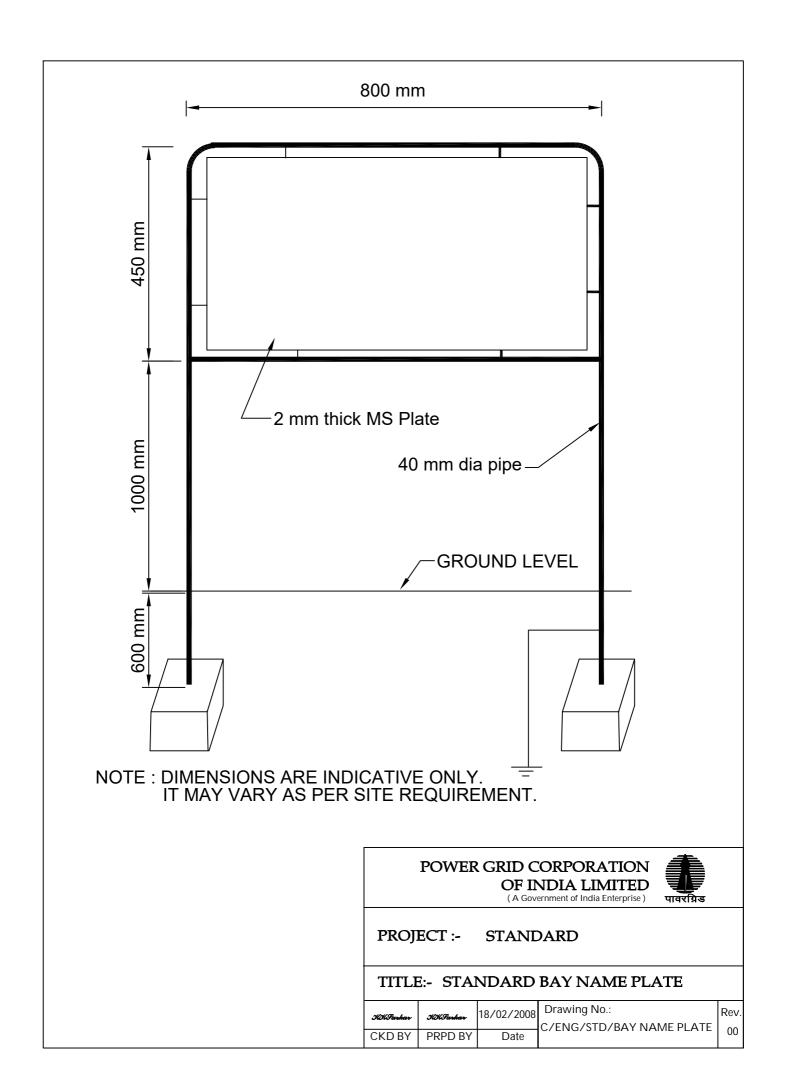
12.	Minimum Ultimate Tensile Strength	20.5 Kg/s	sq.mm
13.	Temperature co-efficient of resistance	0.00364 per Deg.C	
14.	Minimum Electrical Conductivity at 20 deg.C	55% of	IACS
15.	Linear Temperature Co- efficient of Expansion (20 Deg.C -200 Deg.C)	0.000023	
16.	Modulus of Elasticity	6700 Kg/	sq.mm
17.	Minimum Elongation on 50 mm	10%	6
18.	Thermal Conductivity at 100 Deg.C	0.43 Calories/sec/s	sq.mm/cm/deg.C
19.	Minimum 0.2% proof stress	17.34 Kg/	sq.mm
20	Minimum Yield point	17.50 Kg/sq.mm	17.50 Kg/sq.mm
21	Minimum Breaking Strength	20.42 Kg/sq.mm	20.42 Kg/sq.mm

#### B. GTP for 4.5" IPS & 5" IPS AL. TUBE

SI. No.	Description	4.5" AL. TUBE	
1.	Size	4.5" IPS (EH Type)	5" IPS
2.	Material	Aluminium Alloy 61	01 T6 confirms to
		63401 WP (range 2)	of IS 5082 : 1998
3.	Chemical Composition		
i)	Cu	0.05 1	
ii)	Mg	0.4 to	
iii)	Si	0.3 to	
iv)	Fe	0.5 N	
v)	Mn	0.03 I	Max
Vi)	Al	Remai	
4.	Outer diameter	120.0 mm	141.3 mm
5.	Tolerance on outer	+1.5 mm,	+2.8 mm,
	diameter	- 0.0 mm	- 0.0 mm
6.	Thickness	12.0 mm	9.53 mm
7.	Tolerance on thickness	+1.0 mm,	+0.8 mm,
		- 0.0 mm	- 0.0 mm
8.	Cross-sectional area	4071.50 sq.mm	3945.11 sq.mm
9.	Weight	10.993 kg/m	10.652 kg/m
10.	Moment of Inertia	6011958.58 mm <sup>4</sup>	8610787.65 mm <sup>4</sup>
11.	Section Modulus	100199.31 mm <sup>3</sup>	121879.51 mm <sup>3</sup>
12.	Minimum Ultimate Tensile Strength	20.5 Kg/	,
13.	Temperature co-efficient of resistance	0.00364 p	er Deg.C
14.	Minimum Electrical	55% of	IACS
	Conductivity at 20 deg.C		
15.	Linear Temperature Co-	0.000	023
	efficient of Expansion (20		
	Deg.C -200 Deg.C)		
16.	Modulus of Elasticity	6700 Kg/	•
17.	Minimum Elongation on 50	10°	%

### **ANNEXURE-E**

	mm		
18.	Thermal Conductivity at 100	0.43 Calories/sec/sq.mm/cm/deg.C	
	Deg.C		
19.	Minimum 0.2% proof stress	17.34 Kg/	sq.mm
20	Minimum Yield point	14.50 Kg/sq.mm	17.50 Kg/sq.mm
21	Minimum Breaking Strength	17.50 Kg/sq.mm	20.42 Kg/sq.mm



## GENERAL INSTRUCTION FOR EARTHING:

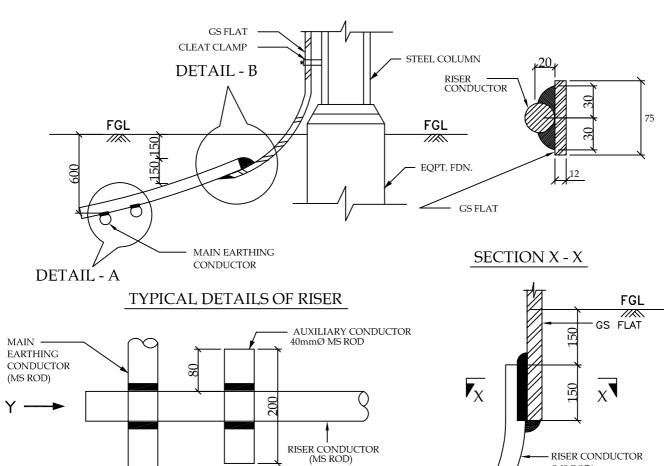
- 1. Location of earthing conductors / risers shown in the earthing drawing may change to suit the site condition.
- 2. Two different risers of one structure/equipment shall be connected to different conductors of main earthmat.
- 3. Earthing conductor around the building shall be burried at a minimum distance of 1500 mm from the outer boundary of the building.
- 4. Minimum distance of 6000 mm shall be maintained between two treated (pipe) electrode.
- 5. For surge arrester, earthing lead from surge counter to to main earthmat shall be shortest in length as pratically as possible. Earthing lead from surge arrester shall not be passed through any pipe.
- 6. No welding is allowed in the over ground earthing leads/risers if the length is less than 6m.

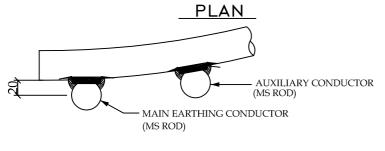
#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION

# POWER GRID CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED (A Government of India Enterprise) (1979)

PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

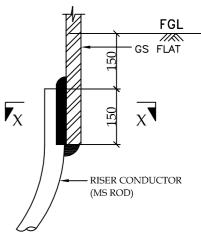
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CKD BY	PRPD BY	Date	SHEET # 1



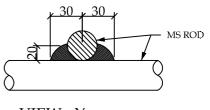


100

**ELEVATION** DETAIL - A



**ELEVATION** DETAIL - B



VIEW - Y

#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION

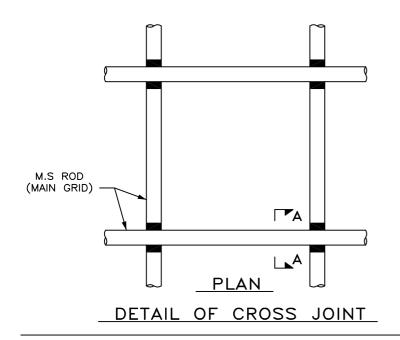
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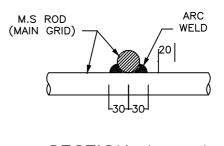
पावरग्रिड

( A Government of India Enterprise )

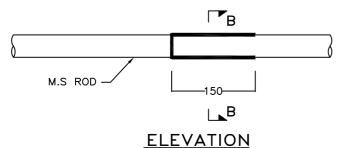
PROJECT:-TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-**SWITCHYARD ERECTION** 

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CKD BY	PRPD BY	Date	SHEET # 2

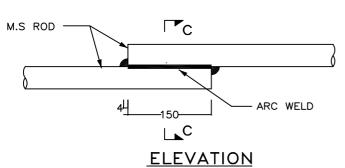




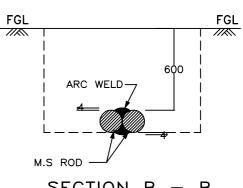
SECTION A - A



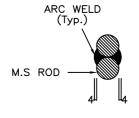
(CONDUCTORS KEPT ON SIDES)



(CONDUCTORS ONE ABOVE THE OTHER)



SECTION B - B



SECTION C - C

#### DETAIL OF LAP JOINT

#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION

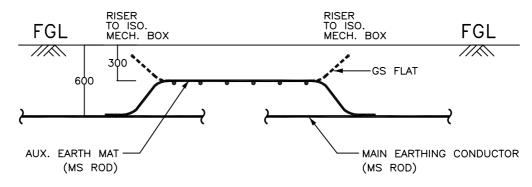
# POWER GRID CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

पावरग्रिड

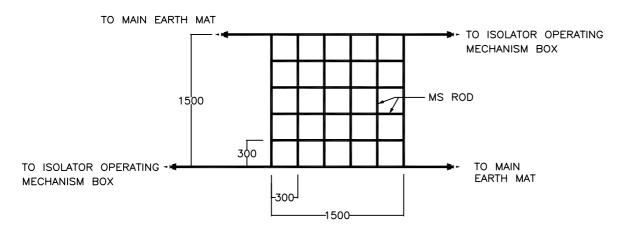
( A Government of India Enterprise )

PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

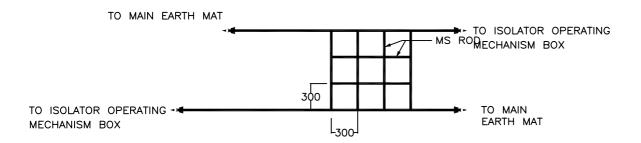
KKSarkar	KKSarkar	Dec-2013	Drawing No.: C/ENG/STD/EARTHINGS/09
CKD BY	PRPD BY	Date	SHEET #3



#### ELEVATION



# PLAN (For 220kV & above class isolators)



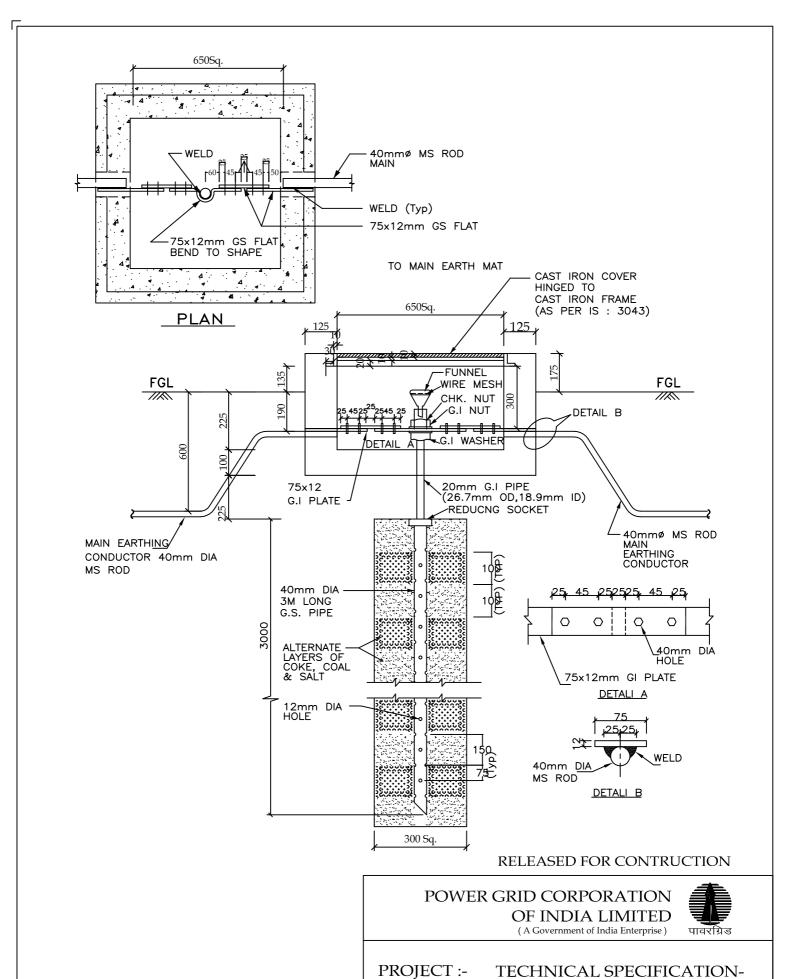
# PLAN (For 132kV & below class isolators)

#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION



PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

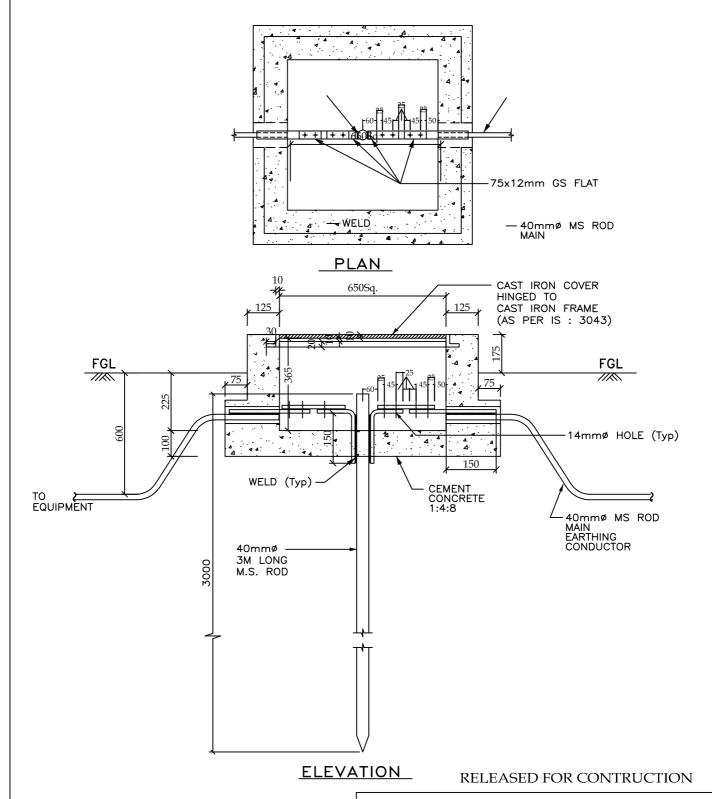
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CKD BY	PRPD BY	Date	SHEET # 4



# SWITCHYARD ERECTION

KKSarkar	KKSarkar	Dec-2013	Drawing No.:  C/ENG/STD/EARTHINGS/09
CKD BY	PRPD BY	Date	SHEET # 5

# ROD ELECTRODE WITH TEST LINK FOR LM, TOWER WITH PEAK, CVT, LA



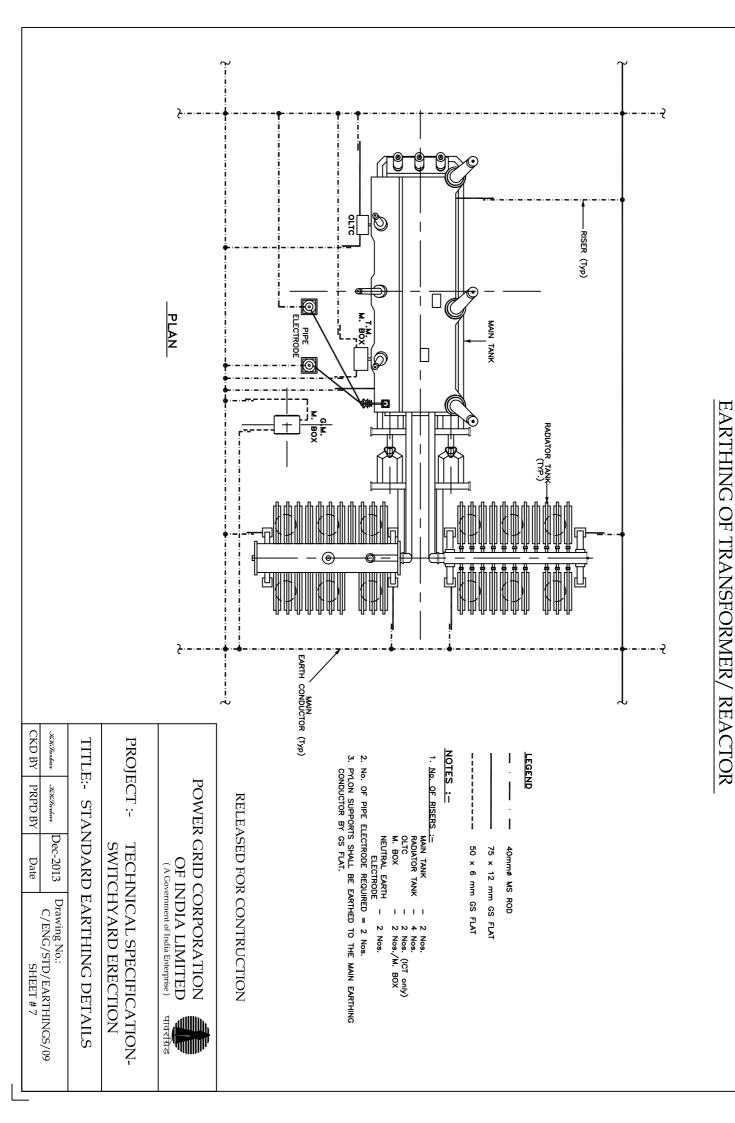
POWER GRID CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

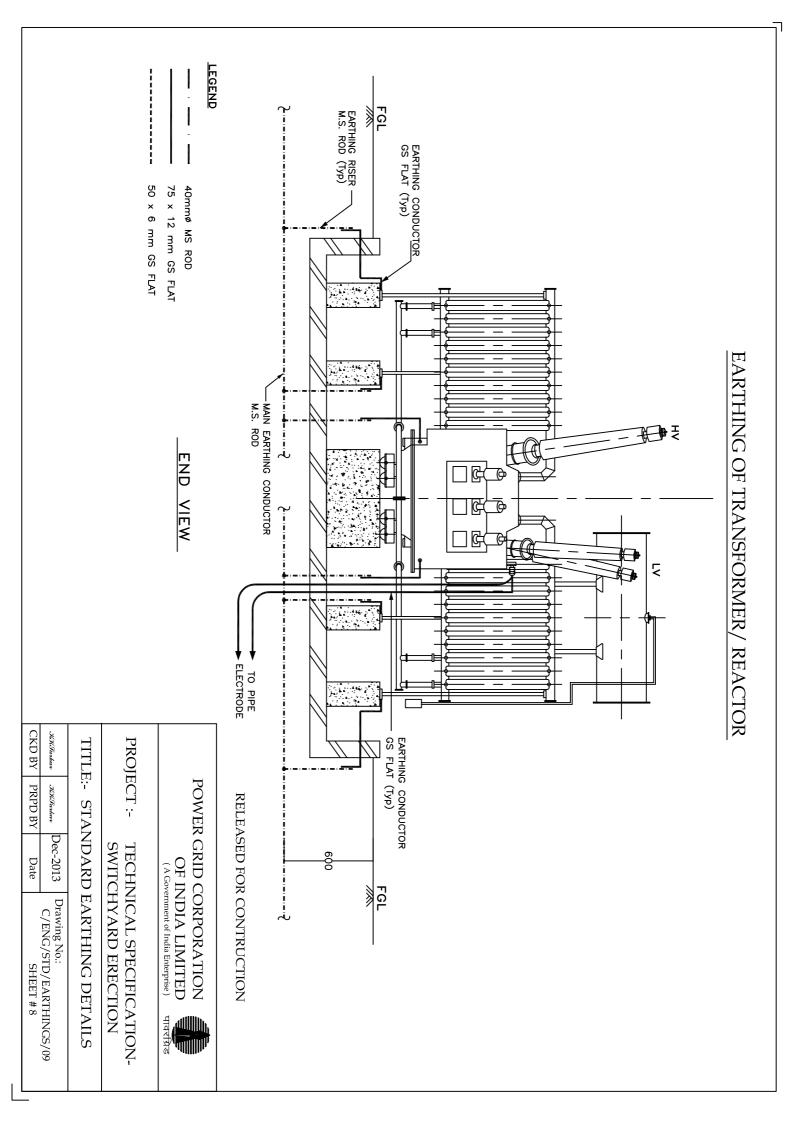


( A Government of India Enterprise )

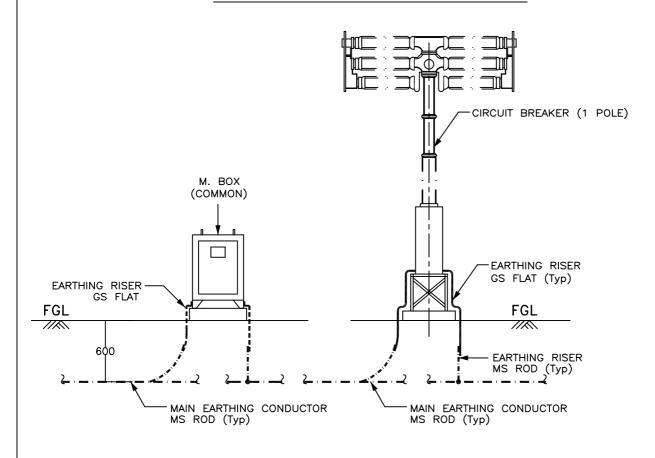
PROJECT :- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

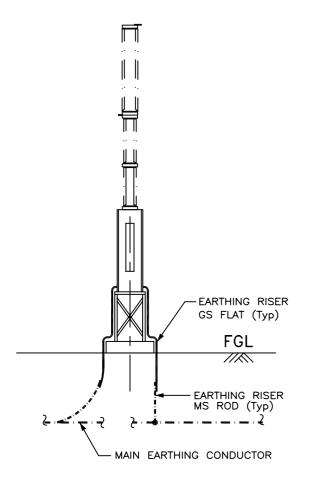
KKSarkar	KKSarkar	Dec-2013	Drawing No.:  C/ENG/STD/EARTHINGS/09
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## EARTHING OF CIRCUIT BREAKER





#### ELEVATION

#### NOTES :-

- 1. No. OF RISERS FOR CIRCUIT BREAKER = 2 Nos. / PHASE
- 1. No. OF RISERS FOR LADDER (IF Applicable) = 2 Nos.
- 2. No. OF RISERS FOR MAR. BOX = 2 Nos.
- 3. CLEAT CLAMP SHALL BE PROVIDED AT 1000mm INTERVAL.

#### **LEGEND**

\_\_\_\_\_ 40mmø MS ROD

75 x 12 mm GS FLAT

50 x 6 mm GS FLAT

#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION

# POWER GRID CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

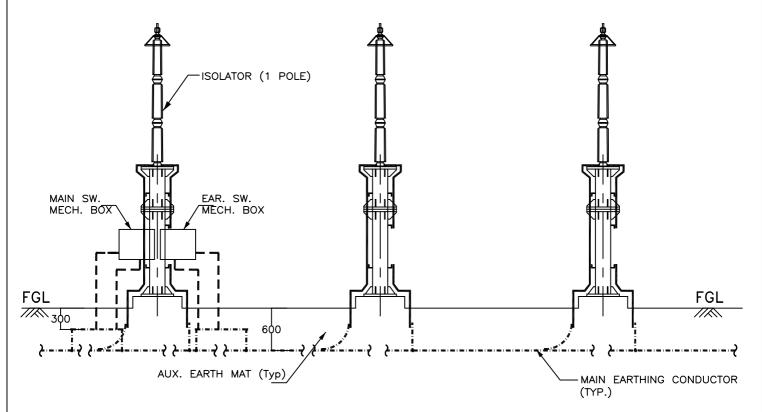


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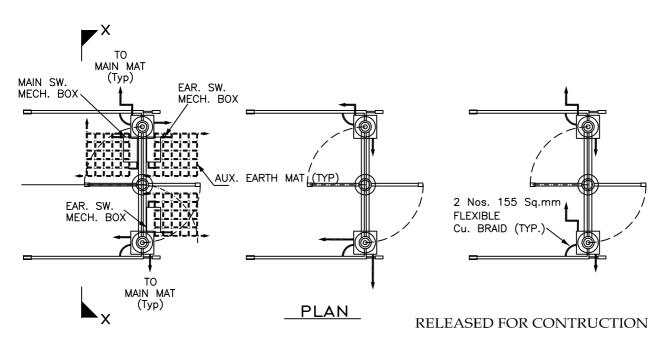
PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

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## EARTHING OF ISOLATOR



#### ELEVATION



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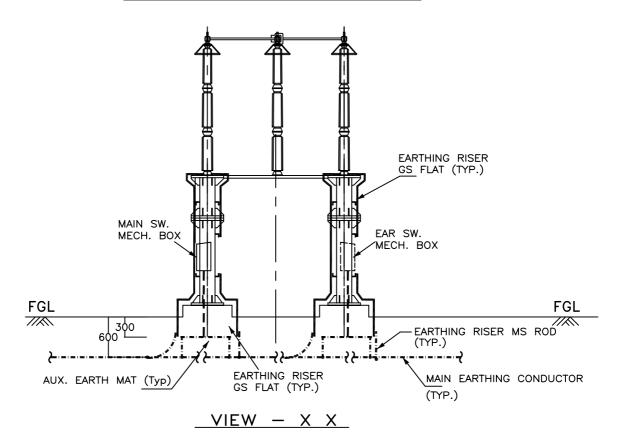
( A Government of India Enterprise )

PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

TITLE:- STANDARD EARTHING DETAILS

JGHSurkurJGHSurkurDec-2013Drawing No.:<br/>C/ENG/STD/EARTHINGS/09CKD BYPRPD BYDateSHEET # 10

## EARTHING OF ISOLATOR (1 PH)



#### **LEGEND**

#### NOTES :-

- 1. No. OF RISERS FOR ISOLATOR = 4 Nos. / PHASE.
- 2. No. OF RISERS FOR MAIN MECH. BOX = 2 Nos.
- 3. No. OF RISERS FOR EARTH SW. MECH. BOX = 2 Nos. / BOX.
- 4. No. OF AUXILIARY EARTH MAT = 1 Nos. FOR EACH MB
- 5. CLEAT CLAMP SHALL BE PROVIDED AT 1000mm INTERVAL.
- 6. NO. OF AUX. EARTHMAT IS INDICATIVE ONLY. IT SHALL BE EXECUTED AS PER ACTUAL NUMBER/POSITION OF EARTH SWITCHES.

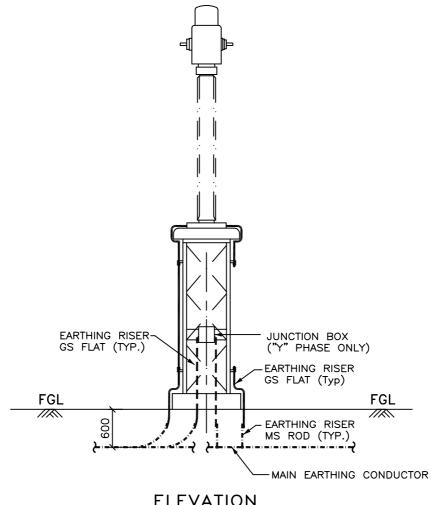
#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION



PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

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# EARTHING OF CURRENT TRANSFORMER (1 PH)



### ELEVATION

#### **LEGEND**

40mmø MS ROD 75 x 12 mm GS FLAT 50 x 6 mm GS FLAT

#### NOTES :-

- 1. No. OF RISERS = 2 Nos. / PHASE.
- 2. No. OF RISERS FOR JUN. BOX = 2 Nos.
- 3. CLEAT CLAMP SHALL BE PROVIDED AT 1000mm INTERVAL.

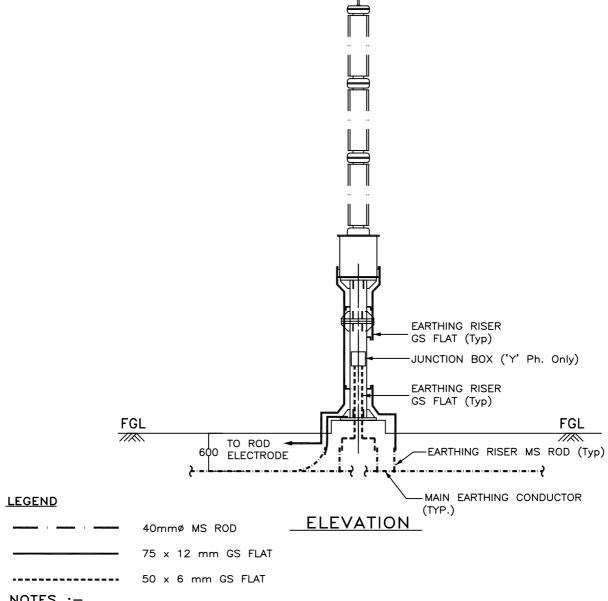
#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION



PROJECT:-TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-**SWITCHYARD ERECTION** 

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# EARTHING OF CAPACITIVE VOLTAGE TRANSFORMER (1 PH)



#### NOTES :-

- 1. No. OF RISERS = 3 Nos. / PHASE.
- 2. No. OF RISERS FOR J. BOX = 2 Nos.
- 3. No. OF ROD ELECTRODE REQUIRED = 1 No. / PHASE.
- 4. CLEAT CLAMP SHALL BE PROVIDED AT 1000mm INTERVAL.

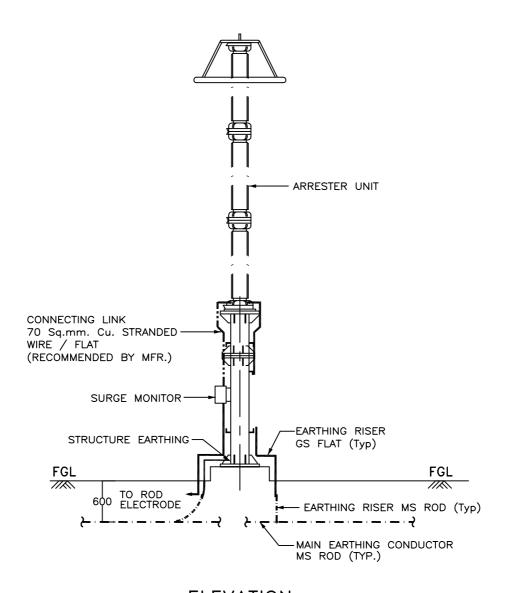
RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION

#### POWER GRID CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED ( A Government of India Enterprise ) पावरग्रिड

PROJECT:-TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-**SWITCHYARD ERECTION** 

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# EARTHING OF SURGE ARRESTER (1PH)



### ELEVATION

# NOTES :-

1 . No. OF RISERS = 3 Nos. / PHASE.

2 . No. OF ROD ELECTRODE REQUIRED = 1 No. / PHASE.

3 . CLEAT CLAMP SHALL BE PROVIDED AT 1000mm INTERVAL.

#### <u>LEGEND</u>

40mmø MS ROD

- 75 x 12 mm GS FLAT

#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION

# POWER GRID CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

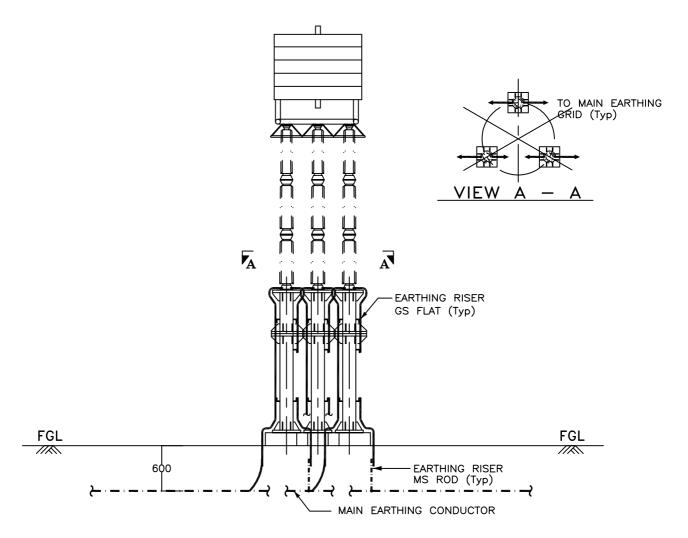
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PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

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# EARTHING OF WAVE TRAP (1PH)



#### ELEVATION

#### **LEGEND**

40mmø MS ROD
75 x 12 mm GS FLAT

#### NOTE :-

- 1. No. OF RISERS = 6 Nos. / PHASE.
- 2. CLEAT CLAMP SHALL BE PROVIDED AT 1000mm INTERVAL.

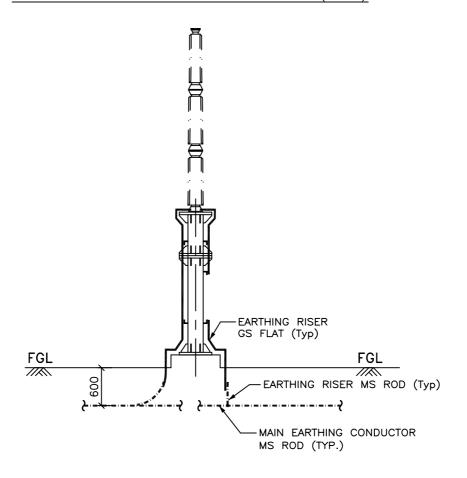
#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION



PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

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# EARTHING OF POST INSULATOR (1PH)



#### ELEVATION

#### **LEGEND**

40mmø MS ROD
75 x 12 mm GS FLAT

#### NOTES :-

- 1. No. OF RISERS = 2 Nos. / PHASE.
- 2. CLEAT CLAMP SHALL BE PROVIDED AT 1000mm INTERVAL.

#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION



PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

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# TANDEM ISOLATOR EARTHING RISER (Typ) MAIN SW. MECH. BOX **FGL FGL** Зф0 -EARTHING RISER MS ROD (Typ) AUX. EARTH MAT MAIN EARTHING CONDUCTOR MS ROD MS ROD VIEW - X X TO AIN MAT MAIN SW. MECH. BOX (Typ) AUX. EARTH MAT (Typ) MAIN MAT X (Typ)

#### <u>PLAN</u>

#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION

# POWER GRID CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

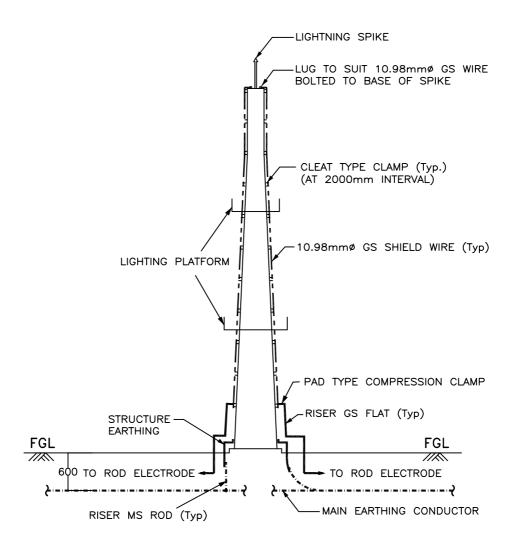
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PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

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# EARTHING OF LIGHTNING MAST



#### ELEVATION

# NOTES:— 1. No. OF RISERS = 4 Nos. 2. No. OF ROD ELECTRODE REQUIRED = 2 Nos. 3. No. OF PAD TYPE CLAMP = 2 Nos. LEGEND 40mmø MS ROD 75 x 12 mm GS FLAT

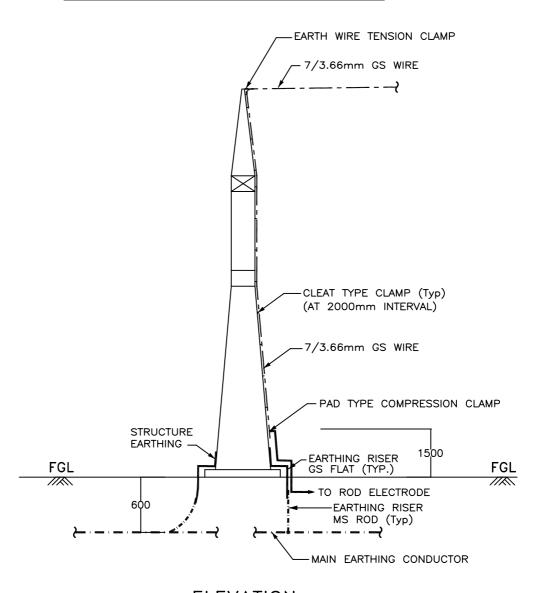
#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION



PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

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### EARTHING OF TOWER WITH PEAK



# NOTES: 1. No. OF RISERS = 3 Nos. 2. No. OF ROD ELECTRODE REQUIRED = 1 No. ELEVATION - - - 40mmø MS ROD 75 x 12 mm GS FLAT

3. No. OF PAD TYPE CLAMP = 1 No.

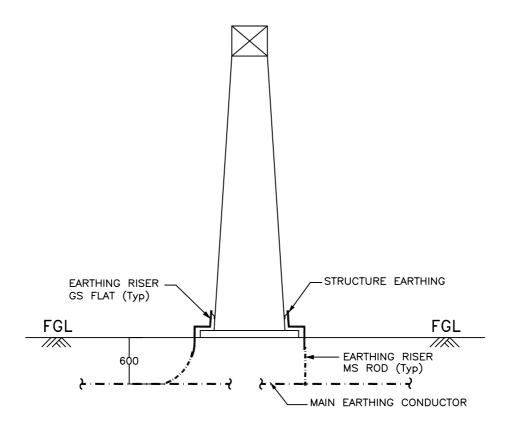
#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION



PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

KKSarkar	KKSarkar	Dec-2013	Drawing No.: C/ENG/STD/EARTHINGS/09
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# EARTHING OF TOWER WITHOUT PEAK



#### ELEVATION

#### **LEGEND**

40mmø MS ROD

75 x 12 mm GS FLAT

#### NOTES :-

1. No. OF RISERS = 2 Nos.

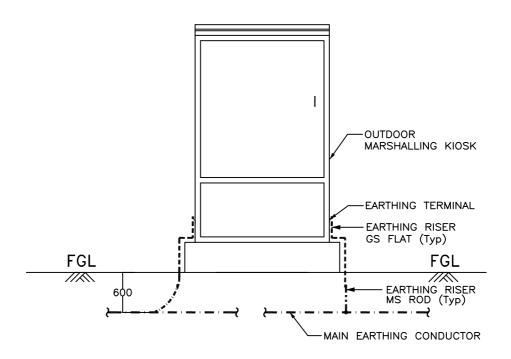
#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION



PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

KKSarkar	KKSarkar	Dec-2013	Drawing No.: C/ENG/STD/EARTHINGS/09
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## EARTHING OF BAY MARSHALLING BOX



# ELEVATION

#### **LEGEND**

40mmø MS ROD

75 x 12 mm GS FLAT

50 x 6 mm GS FLAT

#### NOTE :-

1. No. OF RISERS = 2 Nos.

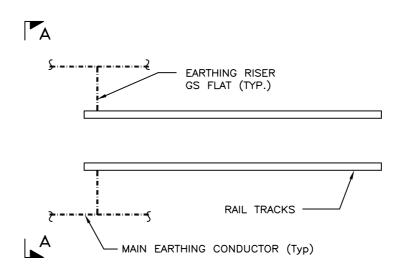
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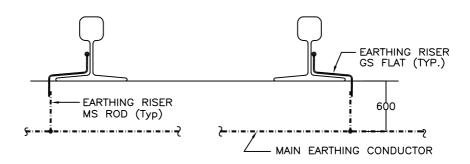


PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

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# EARTHING OF RAIL TRACK





### SECTION A - A

#### **LEGEND**

40mmø MS ROD
75 x 12 mm GS FLAT

#### NOTES :-

1. EACH RAIL SHALL BE EARTHED AT 30M INTERVAL AND ALSO AT BOTH ENDS.

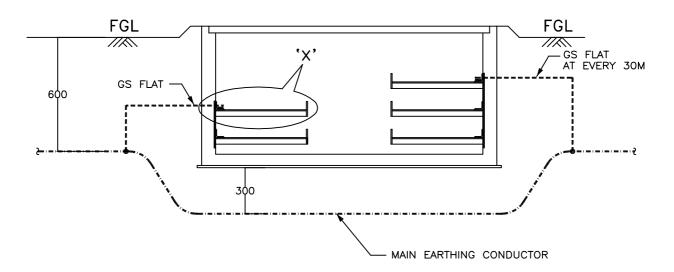
#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION



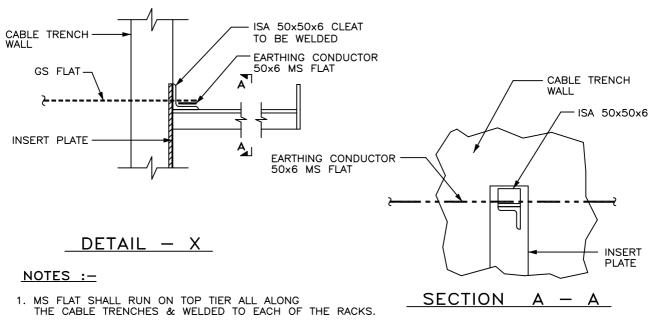
PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

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## EARTHING OF CABLE TRENCH



## TYPICAL CROSS SECTION OF CABLE TRENCH



2. MS FLAT SHALL BE EARTHED AT 30M INTERVAL AND ALSO AT BOTH ENDS.

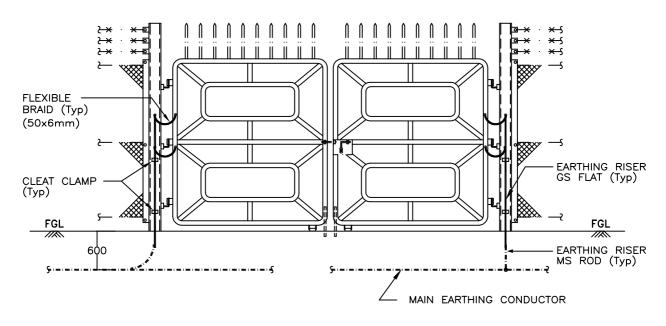
#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION



PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

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# EARTHING OF GATES



MAIN GATE



40mmø MS ROD
75 x 12 mm GS FLAT

 $50 \times 6$  mm MS FLAT

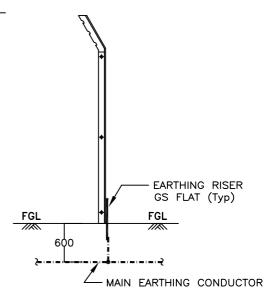
NOTES:- FENCE MAIN POST GATE

1 . No. OF RISERS REQUIRED 1 2

3. ALL GATES & EVERY ALTERNATE FENCE SHALL BE

CONNECTED TO EARTHING GRID.

2 . No. OF FLEXIBLE BRAID



FENCE POST (ALTERNATE FENCE POST)

#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION

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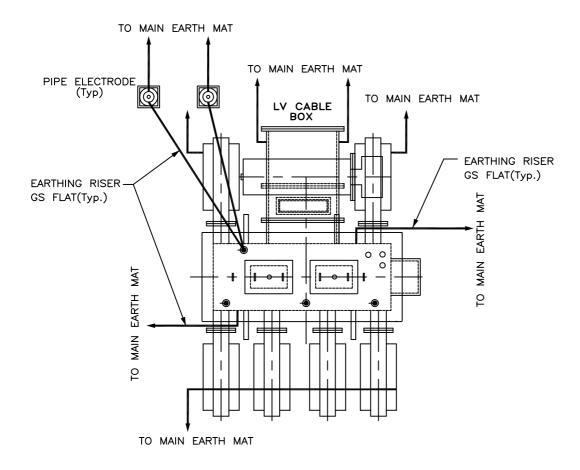
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PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

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# EARTHING OF LT TRANSFORMER



# PLAN

#### **LEGEND**

#### NOTES :-

- 1. No. OF RISERS FOR MAIN TANK & T.M. MAR. BOX = 4 Nos.
- 2. No. OF RISERS FOR LV CABLE BOX & RADIATOR = 4 Nos.
- 3. No. OF RISERS FOR PIPE ELECTRODE = 2 Nos.
- 4. No. OF PIPE ELECTRODES REQUIRED = 2 Nos.

#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION

# POWER GRID CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

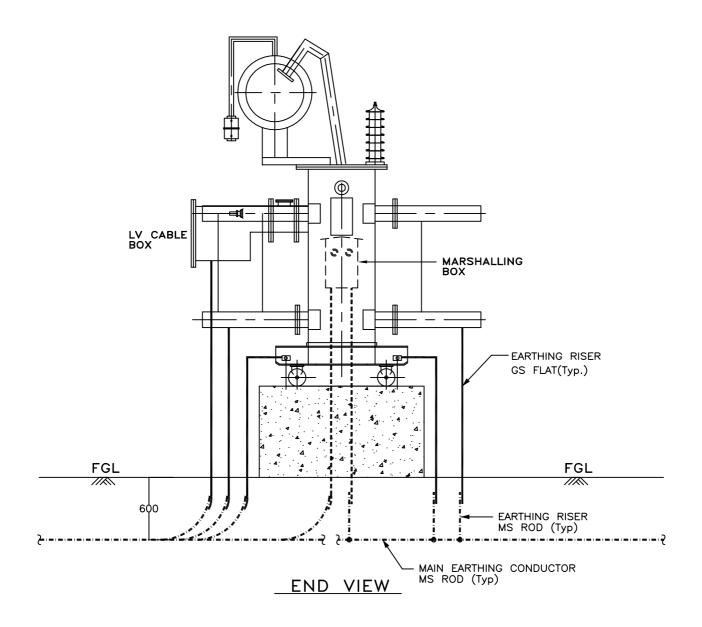


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PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

	KKSarkar	KKSarkar	Dec-2013	Drawing No.:	
				C/ENG/STD/EARTHINGS/09	
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# EARTHING OF LT TRANSFORMER



#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION

# POWER GRID CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED

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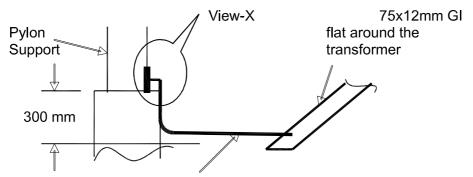
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PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

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# **EARTHING OF PYLON SUPPORTS**

Pylon supports shall be grounded through 50x6mm GI flat to the ring around the Pylon supports of 75x12mm GI flat which in turn is connected to the main grid (40 mm dia MS rod) at 2 to3 points as available.



50x6mm GI flat welded to the main flat

Fig.- Elevation (Earthing of Pylon Supports)

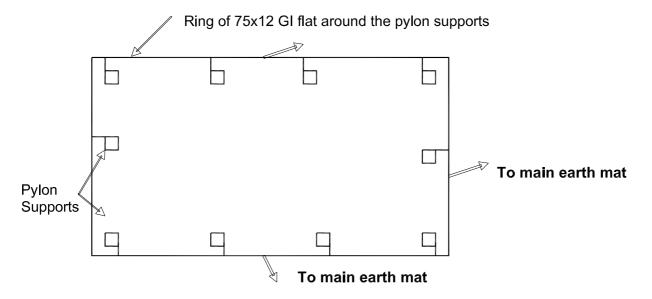
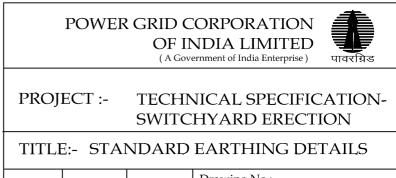


Fig.- Layout (Earthing of Pylon Supports)

#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION



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#### **EARTHING OFHYDRANT/ HVW SPRAY PIPING**

These pipes shall be grounded at pump house through 50x6mm GI flat connected to the main flat, 75x12mm running around the room.

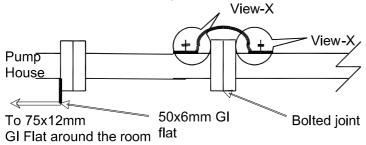


Fig.-Earthing of Hydrant / HVW Spray Piping

#### **EARTHING OFHYDRANT POST/ HOSE BOX**

A bolt shall be welded to these structures at the time of installation which can be used to connect them to the nearest riser or main 75x12mm GI flat through 50x6mm GI flat.

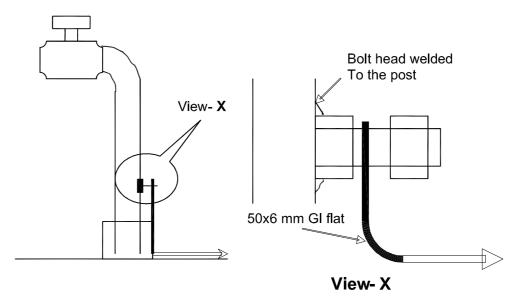


Fig.- Earthing of hydrant box / hose box

#### RELEASED FOR CONTRUCTION



PROJECT:- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION-SWITCHYARD ERECTION

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# SECTION: STRUCTURE

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FABRICATION AND ERECTION	5
BOLTING	5
WELDING	5
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STABILITY OF STRUCTURE	6
GROUTING	6
GALVANISING	6
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INSPECTION BEFORE DISPATCH	7
TEST CERTIFICATE	7
SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	7
	GENERAL DESIGN REQUIREMENTS FOR STRUCTURES NOT COVERED IN STANDARDISED LIST DESIGN DRAWINGS, BILL OF MATETRIALS AND DOCUMENTS FABRICATION AND ERECTION BOLTING WELDING FOUNDATION BOLTS STABILITY OF STRUCTURE GROUTING GALVANISING TOUCH-UP PAINTING INSPECTION BEFORE DISPATCH TEST CERTIFICATE

#### **SECTION: STRUCTURES**

#### 1.0 GENERAL

The scope of specification covers fabrication, proto-assembly, supply and erection of galvanised steel structures for towers, beams, lightning masts and equipment support structures. If specified in section – Project, design of steel structure shall also be in the scope of contractor. The structures shall be of pipe type or lattice type as per Bid Proposa Sheet. Lattice structures shall be fabricated from structural steel conforming to IS: 2062 (latest). All pipe structures shall be fabricated from GI pipe conforming to YST 22 or of higher grade as per IS 806.

Line diagrams of Towers, beams, Lightning masts, equipment support structures are enclosed with the tender document. The fabrication drawings along with BOMs for these structures shall be provided to the successful bidder after the award. However structure, which are to be designed at detailed engineering stage by the employer, only line diagram shall be provided by POWERGRID and fabrication drawing shall be prepared by the Contractor. Support structure for circuit breaker shall be designed by the Manufacturer. Any other structure necessary to suit the layout for a particular substation to complete the work in all respect shall be designed by the employer / contractor at detailed Engineering stage.

Equipment support structure standardization has been carried out by the employer with the provision of stool to facilitate interchangeability of equipments at a later stage. Stools shall be provided by the Contractor between the equipment and its support structure to match the bus bar height. The top of stool shall be connected to the equipment and the bottom of the stool shall be connected to the Base support structure.

The scope shall include supply and erection of all types of structures including bolts, nuts, washers, step bolts, inserts in concrete, gusset plates, equipment mounting bolts, structure earthing bolts, foundation bolts, spring washers, fixing plates and any other items as required to complete the job.

The connection of all structures to their foundations shall be with base plates and embedded anchor/foundation bolts. All steel structures including anchor/foundation bolts shall be fully galvanized. The weight of the zinc coating shall be at least 610 gm/sq.m. Zinc coating for costal areas, if defined in section – Project shall not be less than 900gm/sq.m

Suitable modification shall be carried out in the drawings of equipment support structures by the Contractor in order to suit fixation of accessories such as marshalling boxes, MOM boxes, Control Cabinets, Junction box,

surge counter, etc. in the standard structure fabrication drawings. Nothing extra shall be payable or recoverable from the contractor on account of modification in support structures.

- **2.0 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS FOR STRUCTURES** (To be referred only for structures to be designed by the Contractor)
- 2.1 For design of steel structures loads such as dead loads, live loads, wind loads etc. shall be based on IS:875,Parts I to V.
- 2.2 For materials and permissible stresses IS: 802, Part-I, Section-2 shall be followed in general. However, additional requirements given in following paragraphs shall also be considered.
- 2.3 Minimum thickness of galvanized tower member shall be as follows:

Members	Minimum thickness (mm)
Leg members, Ground wire Peak members/Main members	5
Other members	4
Redundant members	4

Size and thickness of gusset plate, pack washer and pack plate shall be as per requirement.

- 2.4 Maximum slenderness ratios for leg members, other stressed members and redundant members for compression force shall be as per IS-802.
- 2.5 Minimum distance from hole center to edge shall be 1.5 x bolt diameter. Minimum distance between center to center of holes shall be 2.5 x bolt diameter.
- 2.6 All bolts shall be M16 or higher as per design requirement.

#### 2.7 Step Bolts

In order to facilitate inspection and maintenance, the structures shall be provided with climbing devices. Each tower shall be provided with M16 step bolts 175mm long spaced not more than 450mm apart, staggered on faces on one leg extending from about 0.5 meters above plinth level to the top of the tower. The step bolt shall conform to IS: 10238.

#### 2.8 **Design Criteria**

- a) All structures shall be designed for the worst combination of dead loads, live loads, wind loads as per code IS:875, seismic forces as per code IS:1893, loads due to deviation of conductor, load due to unbalanced tension in conductor, torsional load due to unbalanced vertical and horizontal forces, erection loads, short circuit forces including "snatch" in the case of bundled conductors etc. Short circuit forces shall be calculated considering a fault level of 40 kA, 50kA, 63kA or as applicable. IEC-60865 may be followed for evaluation of short circuit forces.
- b) Switchyard gantry structures shall be designed for the two conditions i.e. normal condition and short circuit condition. In both conditions the design of all structures shall be based on the assumption that stringing is done only on one side i.e. all the three (phase) conductors broken on the other side. Factor of safety of 2.0 under normal conditions and 1.5 under short circuit condition shall be considered for the design of switchyard structures.
- c) Vertical load of half the span of conductors/string and the earth wires on either side of the beam shall be taken into account for the purpose of design. Weight of man with tools shall be considered as 150 kgs. for the design of structures.
- d) Terminal/line take off gantries shall be designed for a minimum conductor tension of 9 metric tonnes per phase for 765kV, 4 metric tonnes per phase for 400kV, 2 metric tonnes per phase for 220kV and 1 metric tonne per phase for 132 kV or as per requirements whichever is higher. The distance between terminal gantry and dead end tower shall be taken as 200 metres for 765/400/220kV and 100m for 132KV. The design of these terminal gantries shall also be checked considering +/- 30 deg deviation of conductor in both vertical and horizontal planes. For other gantries the structural layout requirements shall be adopted in design.
- e) The beams shall be connected with towers/ columns by bolted joints.
- f) All Pipe support structures used for supporting equipments shall be designed for the worst combination of dead loads, erection load. Wind load/seismic forces, short circuit forces and operating forces acting on the equipment and associated bus bars as per IS:806. The material specification shall be as per IS: 1161 read in conjunction with IS: 806.
- g) If luminaries are proposed to be fixed on gantries, then the proper loading for the same shall be considered while designing. Also holes for fixing the brackets for luminaries should be provided wherever required.
- h) Foundation bolts shall be designed for the loads for which the structures are designed.

i) Height of Lightning masts shall be as per approved structure layout and designed for diagonal wind condition. Lightning masts shall be provided with plateforms for mounting lighting fixtures and a structural steel ladder within its base up to the level of plateform. The ladder shall be provided with protection rings. The platforms shall also have protection railing. The details of lighting fixtures would be as per the approved drawings.

#### 3.0 DESIGN DRAWINGS, BILL OF MATETRIALS AND DOCUMENTS

3.1 Structures, for which line diagram has already been provided along with tender documents, fabrication drawings (structure assembly drawing) along with Bill of Material shall be provided to the successful bidder after award based on which structures shall be supplied. Fabrication drawings issued to the contractor for any project shall be valid for other projects also if wind speed of the area is same. These drawings are also available on the POWERGRID web site and can be downloaded from the web site. Hard copies, if needed, can be obtained from employer. These drawings shall be good for fabrication and inspection of steel structures for any substation. Release for construction stamp for particular substation is not required. Replacing MS section with higher section or replacing MS section with HT section of same size due to non availability of particular section shall not require employer's approval and this can be done without any additional financial implication to the employer.

#### 3.2 STRUCTURES DESIGNED DURING DETAILED ENGINEERING:

- 3.2.1 In case deisign of structure is to be done by employer, only line diagram of the structure shall be provided to the contractor and fabrication drawing shall be prepared by contractor based on line diagram and submitted for approval.
- 3.2.2 In case design of structure is covered in the scope of contract, the contractor shall submit design alongwith line diagram for approval and based on approved line diagram, fabrication drawing shall be prepared and submitted for employers'approval. The line diagram should indicate not only profile, but section, numbers and sizes of bolts and details of typical joints.
- 3.2.3 The fabrication drawings to be prepared and furnished by the Contractor shall be based on line diagram provided by employer or the design approved by the employer. These fabrication drawings shall indicate complete details of fabrication and erection including all erection splicing details and typical fabrication splicing details, lacing details, weld sizes and lengths. Bolt details and all customary details in accordance with standard structural engineering practice whether or not given by the employer. The fabrication drawings and bill of material based on fabrication drawing shall be submitted to the employer for approval. Approved bill of material prepared based on fabrication drawing shall be the basis for payment.

3.3 Such approval shall, however, not relieve the Contractor of his responsibility for the safety and durability of the structure and good connections and any loss or damage occurring due to defective fabrication, design or workmanship shall be borne by the Contractor.

#### 4.0 FABRICATION AND ERECTION

- 4.1 The fabrication and erection works shall be carried out generally in accordance with IS 802. A reference however may be made to IS 800 in case of non-stipulation of some particular provisions in IS 802. All materials shall be completely shop fabricated and finished with proper connection material and erection marks for ready assembly in the field.
- 4.2 The component parts shall be assembled in such a manner that they are neither twisted nor otherwise damaged and shall be so prepared that the specified camber, if any, is provided. In order to minimize distortion in member the component parts shall be positioned by using the clamps, clips, dogs, jigs and other suitable means and fasteners (bolts and welds) shall be placed in a balanced pattern. If the individual components are to be bolted, paralleled and tapered drifts shall be used to align the part so that the bolts can be accurately positioned.
- 4.3 Sample towers, beams, lightning masts and equipment support structures may be trial assembled in fabrication shop in order to ensure fitment of various members and to avoid problems during erection.
- 4.4 The Contractor should arrange on his own all plant and equipment, welding set, tools and tackles, scaffolding, trestles equipments and all other accessories and ancillaries required for carrying out erection without causing any stresses in the members which may cause deformation and permanent damage. Minor modification, if any, required during erection shall be done at site with the approval of Engineer in- charge.

#### 5.0 BOLTING

- i) Every bolt shall be provided with a washer under the nut so that no part of the threaded portion of the bolt is within the thickness of the parts bolted together.
- ii) In case of fasteners, the galvanizing shall confirm to IS-1367(Part 13). The spring washer shall be electro galvanized as per Grade IV of IS-1573.

#### 6.0 WELDING

The work shall be done as per approved fabrication drawings which shall clearly indicate various details of joints to be welded, type of weld, length and size of weld, Symbols for welding on erection and shop drawings shall be

according to IS:813. Welding shall be carried out in accordance with IS:816.

#### 7.0 FOUNDATION BOLTS

- **7.1** Foundation bolts for the towers and equipment supporting structures shall be embedded in first stage concrete while the foundation is cast. The Contractor shall ensure the proper alignment of these bolts to match the holes in the base plate.
- 7.2 The Contractor shall be responsible for the correct alignment and leveling of all steel work on site to ensure that the towers/structures are plumb.
- 7.3 All foundation bolts for lattice structure, pipe structure are to be supplied by the Contractor.
- 7.4 All foundation bolts shall be provided with two no. standard nuts of class 5 confirming to IS:1363/1367/6639, one check nut of class 4 confirming to IS:1364, one anchore plate at the bottom of foundation bolt and one plain washer.
- 7.5 All foundation bolts shall conform to IS 5624, however, the material, shall be MS conforming to IS:2062/ SAE:1018.

#### 8.0 STABILITY OF STRUCTURE

The Contractor shall be responsible for the stability of the structure at all stages of its erection at site and shall take all necessary measures by the additions of temporary bracings and guying to ensure adequate resistance to wind and also to loads due to erection equipment and their operations.

#### 9.0 GROUTING

The method of grouting the column bases shall be subject to approval of employer and shall be such as to ensure a complete uniformity of contact over the whole area of the steel base plate. No additional payment for grouting shall be admissible.

#### 10.0 GALVANISING

All structural steel works, equipment support structures and foundation bolts shall be galvanized after fabrication. The galvanization shall be done as per requirement of IS 4579. Purity of zinc to be used shall be 99.95% as per IS:209.

#### 11.0 TOUCH-UP PAINTING

Minor defects in hot dip galvanized members shall be repaired by applying

zinc rich primer and two coats of enamel paint to the satisfaction the employer before erection.

#### 12.0 INSPECTION BEFORE DISPATCH

Each part of the fabricated steel work shall be inspected as per approved quality plans and certified by the employer or his authorized representative as satisfactory before it is dispatched to the erection site. Such certification shall not relieve the Contractor of his responsibility regarding adequacy and completeness of fabrication.

#### 13.0 TEST CERTIFICATE

Copies of all test certificates relating to material procured by the Contractor for the works shall be submitted during inspection.

#### 14.0 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

The Contractor shall strictly follow at all stages of fabrication, transportation and erection of steel structures, raw materials and other tools and tackles, the stipulations contained in Indian Standard Code for Safety during erection of structural steel work-IS:7205.

All tests mentioned in standard field quality plans shall have to be carried out and conformity of materials and workmanship shall be ascertained.