# NTPC Limited

(A Government of India Enterprise)



# LARA SUPER THERMAL POWER PROJECT STAGE-II (2x800 MW)

# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION**

FOR EPC PACKAGE

PART – B

(BOOK 4 OF 5 – CIVIL WORKS)

**SECTION - VI** 

**BIDDING DOCUMENT NO.: CS-9587-001R-2** 

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D-1-1	GENERAL				
1.01.00	arrangement drawings	cover, survey works, site leveling , construction and fabrication draw structural and architectural work	wings, supply of labour & m	-	
	given hereinafter. The	items of work under this specific complete work under this scope plant and systems, facilities, etc.	e is referred to as civil wo	rks. Various	
	construction, erection a works, temporary stora constructional plants, f but reasonably implied	be performed under this specification consists of design, engineering, erection and providing all labour, materials, consumables, equipment, temporary orary storage sheds, temporary colony for labour and staff, temporary site offices, all plants, fuel supply, transportation and all incidental items not shown or specified by implied or necessary for the completion and proper functioning of the plant, all dance with the specifications including revisions and amendments thereto as may			
	All construction materials including cement, reinforcement steel, coarse & fine aggregate, structural steel and construction water etc., shall be arranged by the Bidder.				
	The scope shall also include setting up by the Bidder a complete testing laboratory in the field to carry out all relevant tests for structural steel, reinforcement steel & reinforced concrete (RCC) works.				
	Preliminary geotechnical investigation in the proposed area has been carried out by the Owner and the bore-log data is furnished in Annexure 'C'.				
	The work shall be carried out according to the design/drawings to be developed by the Bidder and approved by the Employer. For all buildings, facilities, systems, structures, etc., necessary layout and details are to be developed by the Bidder keeping in view the statutory and functional requirements and providing enough space and access for operation, use and maintenance. The Bidder's work shall cover the complete requirements as per IS codes, fire safety norms, requirements of various statutory bodies, International Standards, best prevailing practices and to the complete satisfaction of the Employer.				
	The Bidder shall make and the nearest GSI b As per the directions of of the layout and leve	the layout and levels of all structure enchmark or other acceptable be the Engineer. The Bidder shall be ls and shall also provide necessineer for general checking of the	ctures from the general gri enchmark of Government e solely responsible for the eary instruments, materials	department. correctness s, access to	
	All the quality standards, tolerances, welding standards and other technical requirements shall be strictly adhered to.				
	The Bidder shall fully apprise himself of the prevailing conditions at the proposed site, climatic conditions including monsoon pattern, soil conditions, local conditions and site-specific parameters and shall include for all such conditions and contingent measures in the bid, including those which may not have been specifically brought out in the specifications.				
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	l '	ct between stipulations in variou ould be applicable for implement		
	l .	nomaly in the design concept betwing Concept of Buildings, the dated as final.		
	1	engaged as detailer for fabricatior rhouse structures or steel plan ment etc.		
	 ERMAL POWER PROJECT E-II (2X800 MW)	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SECTION-VI, PART-B	SUB-SECTION-D-1-1 CIVIL WORKS	PAGE 2 OF 2

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GENERAL

CLAUSE NO.		TECHNICAL REQUIREMEN	тѕ (	एनहीपीसी NTPC
D-1-2	SCOPE OF WORK			
	The scope of work for erection of all civil, struthis Specification.	r the EPC contractor shall included the transfer of the transf	de the analysis, design, call other items mentioned	onstruction in Part-A of
2.01.00	Construction Facilitie	es		
	For details of construct	tion facilities refer to Part-A of this	s specification.	
2.02.00	Exclusions:			
	The details of exclusio	ns and terminal points, refer to Pa	art-A of this specification.	
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D-1-3	SUBMISSIONS			
3.01.00	The drawings included in the Bidding Document provide a general idea about the work to be performed under the scope of this contract. These are preliminary drawings for bidding purposes only and are by no means the final drawings or show the full range of the work under the scope. Work has to be executed according to drawings prepared by the contractor. The following documents and drawing shall be submitted and got approved before commencement of detailed engineering. The list given below is not exhaustive but indicative only.			
	a) Project design intent, design criteria which shall cover all design aspects, design parameters, material of construction and its specifications, structural idealization including framing system for gravity loads and lateral loads(wind and seismic), load cases, load combinations, assumptions, references, basis of analysis & design of all buildings, machine foundations, facilities, systems and structures etc.			
	b) Survey drawings indicating spot levels for the area under the scope of work.			
	c) Plants 'General Layout Plan' drawing with coordinates of roads, boundary wall buildings and facilities, pipe/cable corridors, railway lines, Green Belt etc			
	d) Geotechnical investigation scheme			
	e) Geotechnical Investigation report including foundation system recommendations.			
	f) Typical design of pile, if applicable, in terms of type, rated capacity, length, diameter and the termination criteria to locate the founding level.			
	g) Scheme for initial and routine load test of Pile foundation high strain dynamic load test and pile integrity test methodology.			
	h) Details of corrosion protection measures for all structures, foundations etc.			
	i) Architectural concept designs which shall cover all concept plans and elevations finishes and area statements of all buildings and facilities			
	j) The following sequence of submission of drawings/ documents is to be followed: - Architectural drawings, wherever applicable - Relevant GA drawings & loading document - Analysis & design of structures/ buildings/ facilities with drawings Analysis & design of foundations with drawings.			
3.02.00	Detailed construction drawings and design calculations for all civil works for static as well as dynamic analysis shall be submitted for approval prior to undertaking construction work.			
3.03.00	Design calculations shall be done in M.S. Office (latest version) and Drawings shall be prepared in Auto Cad (latest version). The analysis shall be done by using STAAD PRO ANSYS/SAP2000 (latest version). However, design may be carried out manually, using computer work sheets or by using suitable software programs, as mutually agreed by Employer. Final calculations and drawings shall be submitted as mentioned in Genera technical specification.			
STAGI	ERMAL POWER PROJECT TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SUB-SECTION-D-1-3 PAGE E-II (2X800 MW) SECTION-VI, PART-B CIVIL WORKS 1 OF2 SUBMISSIONS			

CLAUSE NO.		TECHNICAL REQUIREMEN	TS	एनहीपीसी NTPC
3.04.00	Civil Task drawings indicating various equipment loading and supporting arrangement and floor loads shall be submitted along with design calculations. Soft copies of all STAAD/Other Softwares input and output files shall be submitted along with the design calculations for all revisions.			
3.05.00	Structural steel fabrication drawings to be prepared by the contractor will not be approved by the Employer. However, the Contractor shall submit all fabrication drawings for Employer's reference. Copy of detailed bar bending schedule as prepared by contractor shall also be submitted to Engineer in charge for the reference.			
3.06.00	of his responsibility redrawing.	on drawings prepared by the con egarding the safety and adequa	ractor shall not relieve the	thess of the
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D-1-4	GENERAL LAYOUT PLAN			
4.01.00	The preliminary layout plan proposed for the project is shown in the drawing no 95 POC-F-001 titled "General Layout Plan".		9587-999-	
	his scope. Area identi	for further elaboration by the Biddified for facilities remain same a of building may be done to optin	as indicated in GLP, how	
	Bidder shall prepare th submit the same for Ov	e detailed layout of the plant fac wner's approval.	ilities which are in his scop	oe and shall
		tailed layout, planning his facilitie e shall ensure the following aspe		ansportation
		equirements including safe distar s/acts/laws including local bye-la		lities as per
		ildings and facilities are located in 20m with respect to center line o		an offset of
		struction activity shall take into ac		of the unit in
	d) The interface contracting ag	requirements with the plant co encies engaged by Owner. The with the Bidder within the plant	enstruction/erection activiti se agencies engaged will	
	e) Available Area for laydown, preassembly and batching plant have been earmarked of the General Layout Plan.		armarked on	
	f) No permanent facility shall be located within the safety zone limit around the fuel of storage tanks etc., except those permitted by Owner.		the fuel Oil	
	g) Transportation of all equipment and materials shall be by road as envisaged. Any other mode envisaged by the bidder may be proposed.		d. Any other	
	h) All parts of the buildings and facilities shall be approachable by fire tenders.		rs.	
	i) Main roads /peripheral roads are only shown in GLP and road layout tender drawing Approach made of heavy-duty paving/passage to buildings/structures/facilities in the scope of bidder from nearby plant road/peripheral road/grid road/internal access road shall be provided. Multiple numbers of access to different parts of any building /facility like main plant building, control room, transformer yard etc. should be provided.		cilities in the access road ding /facility	
<b>4.02.00 4.03.00</b> 4.03.01	Site Levelling and Slope Protection Work Complete levelling of entire plant area as shown in drawing no. 9587-001-POC-A-003 T 'Site Levelling Plan' shall be done by the Bidder. Filling in reservoir area below the be reservoir and for the reservoir embankment shall also be done by the Bidder. Deta requirements for the same are specified under head 'Raw Water Reservoir' elsewhere in specifications.  Bidder shall carry out the topographical survey before he commences detailed design and leveling. This survey shall cover the entire plant area including the areas earmarked for based units, ash silos, railyard, raw water pump house & associated facilities, reservoir the diversion drains in Bidder's scope of work. Based on field observations the contractor's prepare and submit the survey maps of the surveyed site on suitable scale, indicating lines, contour lines and demarcating all permanent features like roads, railways, water-w buildings, power lines, natural streams, trees etc. For each area survey maps shall		the bed of r. Detailed	
			rked for ash eservoir and stractor shall dicating grid water-ways,	
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# CLAUSE NO. **TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS** prepared and submitted, one showing the spot levels and contours with grid lines and the other showing the grid lines, contours and permanent features. Established methods of surveying like triangulation, traversing, fly leveling etc. shall be adopted for the survey work. Spot levels shall be taken at 25 meter interval and at closer intervals where pits, undulations etc. are met with. These levels shall be taken in two orthogonal directions. Contours shall be plotted at 5m interval. It is proposed that for the purposes of site leveling the entire plant and associated areas will be divided into various blocks as defined in the drawing no. 9587-001-POC-A-003 titled, "Site Levelling Plan". Each block shall be finished to the formation level as specified in drawing. Bidder shall deploy adequate number of experienced site leveling contracting agency(s) with requisite earth moving and compacting equipment to complete the work as per schedule. Preparation of leveling & grading as per proposed finished ground level (FGL) is in the Bidder scope. Bidder shall ensure that road access and drainage facilities for each block is available when site leveling in that block is completed. Unless otherwise mentioned, all roads and drains within a block shall be constructed by the bidder within a month from the date of completion of site leveling of that block. The specified formation level(s) shall be achieved either by excavation where the existing ground levels are higher than the specified formation level or by raising by controlled filling with borrowed earth where the existing ground levels are lower than the specified level. The excavation shall be in all types of soils or rock or a mixture of these. Bidder should assess and satisfy himself about the actual nature of soil present at site, before submitting his bid. All natural materials arising out of site clearance and excavation shall be the property of owner. They shall be dealt with in the manner specified by the Engineer. Earth / boulders / rock etc. excavated and useful portion (serviceable materials) of trees cut shall be stacked at suitable places within Owner's acquired land for the plant in a manner as directed by the engineer. Woods, branches, trunks of trees shall be termed as serviceable material. Other materials like twigs, leaves, roots, vegetable and organic matters etc. shall be termed as unserviceable material and shall be sorted out from the serviceable materials before disposal. They shall be cleared from the area and disposed off at places within Owner's acquired land for the plant in a manner as directed by the engineer. If the excavated material is suitable and accepted by the Engineer as fill material, the same can be used for filling in other areas were raising by filling is required. Otherwise, the same shall be taken and stacked at places(s) within the plant boundary as directed by the Engineer. Filling with rock shall be done only after the written permission of the Engineer in the following manner:

For filling the areas involving water bodies, dewatering, removal of much, dismantling of existing slope protection of water including all other scope of work required for filling of area to be done by the bidder.

- Filling with rock shall be done only in areas identified for laydown and preassembly and ash based units.
- Maximum size of rock used for filling should not be more than 150mm in all direction.
- Original ground after removal of all organic and vegetable matters shall be consolidated by rolling as directed by the engineer subject to a minimum of six passes of 8-10 tonne roller.

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CLAUSE NO.	TECHNICAL R	REQUIREMENTS であるは	
	exceeding 300mm in compacted the elsewhere.  - It shall be ensured that the top soil	(300mm), soil shall be filled in horizontal layers hickness. The soil shall be compacted as specil layer is in minimum 3 layers of 300 mm each. ber of rockfill layers below can be suitably adjusted	ified To
	Owner is enclosed for the purpose of gu 999-POC-F-002". However, Owner does the survey details furnished and any vareason for changing the terms and cocarry out his independent assessment of	rea based on the preliminary survey carried out luidance of Bidder. Refer tender drawing no. "958 as not lake any responsibility about the accuracy ariation of the said data shall not constitute a vale conditions of the contract. Bidder is requested of the existing ground levels before furnishing his bill Bidder after award of work and all findings as state eview.	7- of lid to id.
4.03.02	those proposed to be constructed by the before taking up any construction. The	It and other areas associated with the plant exce the Owner shall be suitably diverted by the Bidd ese diversions shall be so designed as to ensu accumulation or flooding within the limits of over- eas.	ler ire
4.03.03	shrubs bushes, weeds, trees etc. in removed along with their roots and disto be filled is clear of any water, slurolling as directed by the Engineer subtroller. The earth shall then be spread compacted thickness. Each layer shall content and with such equipment as may of Standard Proctor's maximum drimaterial shall be controlled to obtain in The fill material shall be tested for determining moisture content to of the above tests, one sample for every Additional samples shall be tested, whe material. The compacted soil shall be to reart-XXVIII). Samples shall be taken area for each compacted layer. In additional soils by means of Proctor needle penetic results immediately after completion of the test when the in-situ dry density is maximum dry density. If a sample taken	all organic and vegetable matters like grass, plant in the areas to be filled, shall be complete sposed off. It shall also be ensured that the areas ush etc. Original ground shall be compacted be object to a minimum of six passes of 8 to 10 tone of in horizontal layers not exceeding 300 mm. It be watered and compacted with proper moistury be required to obtain a compaction of 95% or moistry density. The moisture content of the enear optimum moisture content during compaction mining optimum moisture content and maximum dear IS: 2720 (Part-VII). The fill material shall also be before compaction as per IS: 2720 (Part-II). For early 10,000 cubic metre of fill material shall be tested enever there is a change in the source or type of the ested for its dry density as per IS: 2720 (Part-XXII) at the rate of one sample for every 10,000 sq. on, random checks shall be carried out in compacte tration. Bidder shall submit to the Engineer, the test the tests. A sample shall be deemed to have passed equal to or more than the specified percentage in from a layer fails to pass the test, the layer shall in and tested from this layer pass without any negative urther layers shall be taken up.	ely eaby ne in refill in lry e ch. fill X m. ed st ed of be
4.03.04	methodology to be adopted for comp shall also carry out compaction trials to	hall submit to the Owner his proposal for the paction for each type of fill material. The Bidd o establish the proposed methodology. The Bidd er approval of the methodology by the Owner	er
STAG	ERMAL POWER PROJECT TECHNICAL SP 1-II (2X800 MW) SECTION-VI		

CLAUSE NO.	TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS			
4.03.05	The surface of the cut/filled up areas after reaching final level shall be dressed to the required levels and slopes. The difference in levels shall not be more than +/- 10cm locally.			
4.03.06	The borrow areas outside the overall plant boundary limits for obtaining suitable fill material which is required over and above the earth available after cutting high grounds within the plant area, for site levelling shall be arranged by the Bidder himself and all expenses in respect of royalties, taxes, duties, etc. for borrow areas/fill material shall be borne by him. He shall also obtain and submit to the Owner the necessary clearances/permission from the concerned authorities for the borrow areas/fill material.			
4.03.07	Material suitable for filling shall be loaded and transported to the filling site by the Bidder. Any coarse grained or fine grained low plastic soil, free from shingle, salts, organic matter, sod or any other foreign substances, may be used for filling. The Bidder shall test the fill material to establish its suitability and submit its results to the Owner. Fill material shall be approved by the Owner. The following types of materials shall not be used for filling:			
	a) Material from swamps, marshes and bogs.			
	b) Expansive clays			
	c) Peat, logs, stumps, sod and perishable materials.			
	d) Materials susceptible to combustion			
	e) Any material or industrial and domestic produce which will adversely affect other materials in the work.			
	a) Materials from prohibited areas			
4.03.08	Bidder shall include in his offer any extra filling that may be required on account of subsidence of the original ground due to overburden of filling above and/or compaction works for site levelling.			
4.03.09	After levelling, the contractor shall establish concrete pillars at the intersection points of the grid lines for future reference. These pillars shall project at least 450 mm above the formation level and shall be labelled permanently with their respective coordinates and reduced levels.			
4.03.10	Filling upto the specified formation level shall extend at least 2.0 m beyond the outside face of boundary wall/fence. Thereafter, it shall be finished at a suitable slope (not steeper than 1 Vertical: 2 Horizontal).			
4.03.11	For site levelling of railway siding area (as marked in site levelling drawing) shall also comply to Railway Design & Standards Organisation (RDSO) guidelines.			
LARA SUPER THERMAL POWER PROJECT TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SUB-SECTION-D-1-4 STAGE-II (2X800 MW) SECTION-VI, PART-B CIVIL WORKS EPC PACKAGE GENERAL LAYOUT PLAN				

# **TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS** D-1-5 SALIENT FEATURES & DESIGN CONCEPT This section of specification covers salient features and design concepts of Civil. Structural and architectural works pertaining to Power Plant components as detailed below. 5.01.00 Architectural Concepts & Design: a) All the Architectural design works shall be carried out by professionally qualified architects having adequate experience (minimum five years) in the design and detailing of architectural work of power plant buildings. Bidder may have in-house Architects with the required experience for the above or engage Architect Consultant having similar experience. b) Power plant buildings shall be architecturally treated, based on functional requirements, in such a way that they retain the desired scale, and present a pleasing composition of mass and void. The overall impact of the buildings shall be one of aesthetically unified architectural treatment having a comprehendible scale, blending colour scheme with the surroundings. c) All buildings and structures shall be architecturally treated in such a way so as to be in complete harmony with the main plant building, surrounding structures and environment. Due considerations shall be given to orientation, landscape design, and interior design. All finishes for floors, walls, ceiling, structural elements, partitions for offices and industrial areas shall be suitable for their aesthetics, durability and functional requirements and shall include the latest building material & technology. Consideration shall be given for achieving standardization & fast track construction. d) Overall colour scheme of the buildings shall be designed judiciously and in a comprehensive manner taking into account the mass and void of buildings, its facade, equipment, exposed structural elements, piping, trestles, bus ducts, and other service elements. Architectural design of all power plant buildings shall be suitable for installation of photovoltaic panel on rooftop for renewable energy purpose. e) For adequate light and ventilation, National Building Code recommendations shall be followed. All buildings having height more than 4.0 m shall have fixed glazed ventilators. Architectural design of all Power Plant Building shall be suitable for installation of solar photovoltaic panels on roof tops for renewable energy purpose. g) All the buildings shall be architecturally designed to meet the National Building Code requirement & Fire Safety Regulations. h) All public buildings shall be designed incorporating the provision of barrier free environment for physically disabled persons. All the buildings and site development including landscaping shall be designed to take care of rain water harvesting & ground water recharging. Development of rainwater harvesting scheme for the project and obtaining approval of the scheme from Central Ground water board is in bidder's scope LARA SUPER THERMAL POWER PROJECT TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SUB-SECTION-D-1-5 PAGE **CIVIL WORKS** 1 OF 86 STAGE-II (2X800 MW) SECTION-VI, PART-B

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SALIENT FEATURES AND

**DESIGN CONCEPT** 



- j) For Control Rooms, CER, UPS Charger Room area in MPH dry wall construction technology shall be incorporated. Control room shall be designed as designer control room with ACP Cladded wall paneling for housing LVS.
- k) Full glass wall partition with aluminium frame over solid wall with skirting 150 mm high to be provided between CCR and CER of AHP CR, WS CR & CHP control room and MPH Control room.
- I) All control room shall be provided with air lock lobby.
- m) The development of green belt is not in bidder scope. However, bidder has to plan the facilities leaving the space for green belt as indicated in "General Layout Plan". In addition to that laydown areas and other vacant land of the plant will be used by owner for the development of green belt.
- n) All floor areas indicated in subsequent pages shall be total floor area required.

#### 5.02.00 Main plant Buildings/Structures shall comprise of:

- a) Mill Bunker Building
- b) Transfer Points, Conveyor Galleries & Trestles
- c) Machine Foundations in Main Plant
- d) Boiler Structure
- e) Compressor House
- f) ESP Structure
- g) ESP Control Building
- h) Pipe & Cable Gallery
- i) Main Power House

The, Main Power House, Bunker building, transfer points, conveyor galleries and trestles, boiler supporting structure, compressor house, ESP supporting structures including inlet and exhaust duct support structures, Pipe cable Galleries & trestles shall have structural steel framed super structure.

All other buildings may have either RCC or structural steel framework.

Brief description of the above mentioned Main Plant Buildings is furnished herein:

#### 5.02.01 Mill and Bunker building

#### Salient Features

The mill bunker building shall house coal mills, feeders, Cylindrical Coal Bunker & Conical Hopper, Tripper Conveyor & its drive and monorails. All columns, main beams and secondary beams shall be made of structural steel. The RCC floor slabs (supporting the Feeder and Tripper Conveyors) shall comprise RCC slab supported on profiled metal deck sheet (to be used as permanent shuttering) not to be considered for design of RCC slab as composite slab) and shear anchor studs welded to the top flange plate of secondary & main structural steel beams, (which supports the RCC slab & metal deck sheet).

 ${\bf Bidder\ shall\ integrate\ the\ Mill\ \&\ Bunker\ Building\ with\ boiler\ supporting\ structure.}$ 

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Access platforms shall be provided at minimum one (1) level above bunker supporting level for inspection and testing of bunker and hopper connections. Minimum (1) Nos. of man hole/ access window shall be provided for maintenance of silo.

The bottom level of base plates of columns shall be 1.20 m below the finished paving level in the Boiler Area. The columns of Mill-Bunker building shall consist of built up structural steel I-sections. Rolled sections with additional cover plates on column flange shall not be acceptable for column sections.

The cylindrical coal bunker and conical hopper shall be made of structural steel. The inside surface of hopper shall be lined with stainless steel plates the details of which are mentioned hereafter in this specification.

Structural steel brackets with PTFE bearings shall be provided at the end columns to support the external gallery of the Tripper Conveyor

The Mill-Bunker building roof shall be provided with Pre-fabricated insulated metal sandwich panels. Composition of Insulated Metal Sandwich Panels shall be as described in Clause 9.08.00, Part-B (Civil) of Technical Specification. Adequate slope shall be provided for quick drainage of rain water.

The RCC floor supporting the Tripper Conveyor shall be fully covered up to the Roof level with single skin metal sheet (& structural steel runners).

#### ii. Design Concept

The Mill Bunker Building shall be conceptualized as moment resisting frames in transverse direction and braced in longitudinal direction. In the transverse direction the bracings may be provided, wherever feasible, in order to meet the deflection requirement specified elsewhere in this section. Bracing member shall be connected to column flange plate through gusset plate (minimum 12mm thick).

Minimum thickness of structural steel Bunker plates shall be 12mm inclusive of 4mm corrosion allowance. Minimum wall thickness of Hopper shall be 8mm. Minimum thickness of stainless steel liners on the entire inner surface of hopper wall shall be 4mm conforming to ASTM A240 S304 (Type 304) with Mill finish 2B cold rolled, annealed, descaled (pickled) and skin passed. To ensure smooth flow of coal, the hopper surface shall be provided with minimum angle of 73° with the horizontal plane.

The top of the cylindrical bunker shall bear no load/ reaction from the tripper floor and accordingly neoprene bellow strap shall be provided at the interface between the two structures to allow free deflection of the tripper floor. Neoprene bellow strap shall be provided all-round the bunker to effectively seal the gap between top of bunker and sealing plate below bunker.

For all other design methodology, refer to Design Criteria specified hereafter in this specification.

#### iii. Architectural Features

The Mill & Bunker Building shall be a structural steel framed structure having RCC floors and prefabricated insulated metal sandwiched panel sloped roof. The tripper floor side cladding shall be Single skin Metal cladding with steel louvered windows and fixed windows with poly carbonate sheet glazing. Area of windows shall be minimum 10 % of floor area. Rainwater down comer shall be of galvanized MS pipes and shall be located at every column location.

5.02.02

#### **DELETED**

5.02.03

**Machine Foundations in Main Plant Area** 

A. SG Area

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#### i. Salient Features

The scope of work of the Bidder shall be design and construction of all Civil & Structural Works of Machine Foundations including supply of all materials.

PA/ FD/ID Fan and Mill foundations:

PA/ FD/ ID Fan and Mill foundations shall be RCC block foundation directly resting on virgin soil/ pile below Ground level. The vertical faces of this block foundation shall be isolated from adjacent footings by providing minimum 100mm thick polystyrene board of type-1 conforming to IS: 4671 with density 20 Kg/cum sandwiched between the vertical face of block foundation and 230 thick brick wall all round.

#### ii. Design Concept:

- a) For the foundations of Fans (ID, FD and PA), Mills, etc. detailed static and dynamic analysis shall be done.
- b) Wherever block foundation is adopted by the bidder, suitable provisions to be ensured by the bidder in their General Arrangement and design to prevent transmission of vibration from these machine foundations to other nearby structures / foundations.
- c) The bidder or his consultant should have adequate prior experience in design of machine foundations and the machines should be in successful operation for at least one year prior to the date of submission of bid.

#### B. STG Area

#### i. Salient Features

The scope of work of the Bidder shall be design and construction of all Civil & Structural Works of Machine Foundations including supply of all materials, springs & viscous dampers.

Turbo-Generator (TG) foundation:

#### Alternative-1

The TG foundation shall comprise of RCC top deck supported on steel helical springs & viscous dampers (called herein as the Vibration Isolation System – VIS) and shall be located in the Turbine bay of Main Power House. The springs-cum-viscous dampers shall be placed on a group of RCC/ Structural Steel columns. These TG columns can be interconnected to the Main Power House Building frame either rigidly or connected through PTFE bearings on corbels/ brackets of the TG Columns. The general arrangement & details of springs/ viscous dampers and supporting group of columns and beams shall be based on TG Equipment detail of the Bidder.

#### Alternative-2

The TG foundation shall be conventional machine foundations comprising of RCC top deck directly supported on substructure comprising of columns and beams without any steel helical springs and viscous dampers. The columns shall be rigidly connected to the RCC deck at top and shall rest on open / pile supported foundation at bottom. The entire foundation system (including deck, columns and raft) shall be isolated from the main plant building structural system and no connection between the main plant structure and TG foundation is permitted.

Bidder has the option to choose either Alternative -1 or Alternative-2 based on his design philosophy and practice. However in case Alternative-2 is adopted by bidder, then the bidder has to furnish extended warranty of five years for satisfactory static and dynamic performance of the foundation system.

TDBFP & MDBFP foundations:

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#### Alternative-1

TDBFP&MDBFP foundations shall consist of RCC top deck supported on steel helical springs & viscous dampers inside Main Power House. In case the top deck is located at operating floor/mezzanine floor level, the springs/ viscous dampers shall be supported on a group of structural steel columns-beam grid which shall be rigidly integrated with the Main Power House Structural frame.

#### Alternative-2

TDBFP&MDBFP foundations shall consist of RCC top deck directly supported on RCC/ structural beams and columns without any steel helical springs & viscous dampers inside Main Power House. The structural columns and beams supporting the TDBFP / MDBFP shall be independent of the Main Power House Structural frame and shall also have independent foundation without any connection to other nearby foundations. Further each TDBFP / MDBFP shall have independent supporting structural arrangement without any interconnection among themselves.

Bidder has the option to choose either Alternative-1 or Alternative-2 based on his design philosophy and practice. However in case Alternative-2 is adopted by bidder, then the bidder has to furnish extended warranty of five years for satisfactory static and dynamic performance of the foundation system.

#### BFPs in ground floor

In case the MDBFP/TDBFP foundation is envisaged to be located at ground floor of Main Power House, then these shall be designed as block foundations directly resting on soil / pile. Vertical facing of this block foundation shall be isolated from adjacent footings by providing minimum 100mm thick polystyrene board of type-1 conforming to IS: 4671 with density 20 Kg/Cum sandwiched between the vertical face of block foundation and 230 thick brick wall all round.

#### ii. Design Concept:

- a) For the foundations of Turbo-generator, Boiler feed pumps, etc. detailed static and dynamic analysis shall be done.
- b) The vibration isolation system (where ever applicable) supplied shall be of proven make and shall be in successful operation supporting machines like steam turbogenerators, BFPs, etc..
- c) Wherever alternative-2 is adopted by the bidder for TG or BFPs, suitable provisions to be ensured by the bidder in their General Arrangement and design to prevent transmission of vibration from these machine foundations to other nearby structures / foundations.
- d) The bidder or his consultant should have adequate prior experience in design of machine foundations for the respective alternative to be adopted by the bidder and the machines should be in successful operation for at least one year prior to the date of submission of bid.

For detailed specification of steel helical springs and viscous dampers refer General Specification Chapter.

#### 5.02.04

#### **Boiler Structure**

#### i. Salient Features

The Boiler supporting structure shall be structural steel framed superstructure adequately braced in vertical planes in both the orthogonal directions. The general arrangement & details of structural steel columns, beams, bracings, ceiling girders etc shall be as per the Bidders Boiler Structure design and detailed engineering scheme.

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The bottom base plates of Boiler structure columns shall be 1.20m below the finished paving level in the Boiler area. The RCC pedestals supporting the column base plates shall be extended in order to provide RCC encasement to the structural steel columns up to at least 350mm above the top of the paving RCC slab. Steam Generator roof (pent house)/canopy/side cladding shall have single skin troughed profile permanent colour coated sheet. Cladding for Boiler elevator enclosure except its machine room shall be with single skin troughed profile permanently colour coated sheet.

# Bidder shall integrate the boiler supporting structure with Mill & Bunker Building Structure.

Waterless Bio Urinals with enclosure are to be provided by the contractor on each floor elevation of each boiler. Maintenance of toilet in hygienic condition till COD of the unit shall be the responsibility of the bidder.

## ii. Design Concept

Boiler supporting structure shall be designed by the Bidder based on provisions of IS 800 for structural steel and IS: 456 for RCC works.

#### **Boiler Elevator Machine Room**

Floor of Machine Room shall be provided with profiled metal decking sheet. Trough shall be filled with Insulating Material (glass wool or rock wool) and thereafter finished with Minimum 50 mm thick wooden flooring, consisting of 37 mm thick hardwood planks, finished with 11mm thick laminated wooden flooring (of 'pergo' or equivalent) with plank size 193x1195mm (material class shall be 34 as per EN13329), over 2 mm expanded polystyrene foam and polythene sheet under laying.

Roof and Side enclosure of Machine Room shall be provided with Prefabricated Insulated Metal Sandwich panels. Composition of Insulated Metal Sandwich Panels shall be as described in Clause 9.08.00 of Part-B (Civil) of Technical Specification.

Doors of Machine Room shall be Double Plate Steel flush doors of thickness 45 mm with steel sheets of 18 gauge with necessary stiffeners. Space between two sheets shall be filled with mineral wool insulation. Frame of doors shall be pressed steel sheets of 16 gauge. All necessary fittings for the doors shall be provided by the Bidder. Rubber sealing, for making the Doors airtight shall also be provided.

Windows/ventilators shall be of standard extruded anodised Aluminium Sections of minimum 2 mm thickness with 24 mm hermitically sealed double glazing consisting of two 6 mm thick toughened glass separated by 12 mm. gap.

Technical requirements of prefabricated insulated metal sandwich panels/decking sheets shall be same as given elsewhere in this specification.

#### 5.02.05 Compressor House

#### i. Salient Features:

The compressor house shall be a structural steel framed superstructure with a overhead crane as per requirements specified in Part-A Sub Section IIA-19 and Part-B Sub Section A-25 of Technical Specification. The gantry girder for the crane shall have walkway with chequered plate on both rows and cage ladder access.

The roof shall comprise minimum 40mm thick RCC slab (with additional water proofing) supported on profiled metal deck sheet and purlins. The ground floor slab shall comprise of all RCC block foundations, cable trenches and pipe trenches. The building shall be completely covered with vertical cladding and roof.

#### **Design Concept:**

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The Design of Compressor House steel structure shall be based on provisions of IS 800 & IS 456 for RCC works. The structural frame shall be moment resisting sway frame in the lateral direction and longitudinally braced in the longitudinal direction. Design shall also be based on the Design Criteria specified elsewhere in this specification.

#### ii. Architectural Features

This building shall be steel framed structure with brick wall up to window sill height & Single Skin Metal Panel cladding above it. The roof system shall be as per the detail furnished in the salient features of this building

Cut-outs and opening shall be provided in floors and walls as per requirements.

Metal Panel cladding shall be composed of different colour shades to match with the existing surroundings. External finish shall be of Premium Acrylic Smooth Paint with Silicone additives

The size, height, door/window/rolling shutter details and building size shall be as per the approved equipment layout plan of the bidder.

#### 5.02.06 ESP Structure

#### i. Salient Features

The ESP structure shall be a structural steel superstructure with vertical bracings in the required vertical planes in both longitudinal and transverse directions, the details of which shall be as per the approved ESP equipment GA & details of the bidder.

The bottom of base plate for ESP structure columns shall be 300mm above the finished paving level in ESP area. The RCC pedestals supporting the column base plates shall be extended accordingly above the top of the paving RCC slab. Further, the gusset plate / base plate shall be encased in concrete up to the top of bolts. ESP roof (pent house)/canopy/side cladding shall be single skin troughed profile permanently colour coated sheet.

## ii. Design Concept

Design of ESP structure shall be based on provisions of IS 800 for structural steel and IS 456 for RCC works. It shall be an axially braced structure in both orthogonal directions. The ESP supporting columns shall be suitably strengthened about the minor axis for sliding movement of the base plate of ESP due to thermal movement.

## 5.02.07 ESP Control Building

#### i. Salient Features

ESP Control Building can either be structural steel superstructure or RCC framed structure with RCC floors at ground floor level and upper levels. The RCC floors at upper levels shall support the Switchgears, cable galleries and Control Room. The RCC floors at upper levels shall be cast in situ RCC slabs.

For steel framed building the RCC floors shall be supported on profiled metal deck sheet and structural steel beams and roof of the building shall comprise of minimum 40mm thick RCC slab supported on profiled metal deck sheet and structural steel beams.

The rainwater down comers shall be as per specification and shall be suitably concealed.

The external Transformer Yard of the building shall comprise the transformer foundations and cable slit below ground level.

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The building shall have Lift structure with lift pit below ground level and staircase at each gable end of the building.

#### ii. Design Concept

The Design of ESP Control Building shall be based on provisions of IS 800 for Structural Steel & IS 456 for RCC works.

#### iii. Architectural Features

This building shall be completely covered with Light Weight Autoclaved aerated concrete blocks on all four sides except for the portion in front of the external Transformer Yard and toilet and pantry block. Provision for glazed/ fire proof doors & windows shall be included. Minimum 345mm thick brick wall shall be provided for the external brick wall facing the adjacent transformer yard and the brick wall height shall be 600mm above the highest point of the transformer. Inside the building, AHU rooms, UAF Room& Battery rooms shall have brick masonry of one brick thickness. The internal walls of air-conditioned area shall be finished with 2 hour fire rated Aluminum Composite Panel Cladding.

Entire transformer yard, which shall be adjacent to the building, shall be provided with metal fencing with gates.

The building shall accommodate cable vault, toilet, staircase, switchgear rooms, control rooms and AHU room. An auxiliary transformer yard with fencing and gate shall be provided adjoining to the building. Control room and VFD room shall be airconditioned and shall have false ceiling. Windows& Ventilators all shall be provided with Aluminium sections. All doors, windows in air conditioned area shall be provided with hermetically sealed toughened glass glazing in Aluminium frame work Steel doors and Fire proof doors shall be provided as per requirements. Internal columns in Control Room shall be encased with Aluminium Composite Panel cladding.

Minimum 2 Nos. of stairs and 2 Nos. of Toilets shall be provided as per requirement. Cut-outs and opening shall be provided in floors and walls as per requirements.

External finish shall be of Aluminum Composite Panel Cladding except Transformer area where premium smooth Acrylic Paint shall be provided.

#### 5.02.08

#### Pipe & Cable Galleries

#### i. Salient Features

The Pipe- Cable Gallery shall be Structural Steel Superstructure with Steel Truss (Lattice Girder) having a general span of 15.0m/20.0m. The steel truss shall be supported on 2 legged/ 4 legged trestles the arrangement of which shall be developed by the Bidder. Trestles for pipe and cable galleries shall also be of structural steel.

The width of the Gallery shall vary depending on the functional requirement. A walkway of minimum width 600mm shall be provided along the Cable Trays supporting floor of the gallery. The walkway shall comprise 40mm thick MS grating and 1.0m high handrail made of 32NB MS pipes. For pipe cable galleries carrying ash pipes, galvanized MS grating shall be provided over entire width of the gallery.

Plan bracings shall be provided at all chord levels of the cable gallery truss. Minimum gusset plate thickness shall be 8mm for all connections.

The level of the bottom chord (bottom of steel) of the gallery shall be at least 3.0m above the finished paving level in general. However, at all road/rail crossings, the level of bottom of steel of the gallery shall be at least 8.0m from the top of road surface and 8.5 m from top of rail track. Before and after the road/rail crossings, a barrier of suitable height shall be constructed so as to prevent the approach of cranes (having height more than 8 m) up to the pipe/cable racks/trestles.

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The Caged structural steel ladder shall be provided at an interval of 200m for access to the Pipe-Cable Gallery Walkway.

At the inter-connection of Pipe/Cable gallery with Plant buildings, Pipe/Cable gallery shall be terminated at a maximum distance of 1.50m from the building. The foundation of the Pipe/Cable Trestle shall be constructed at a distance of 4.0M from center line of the plant building. Cantilever of 2.50m shall be taken from pipe-cable gallery/ trestle structure.

The foundation for Pipe-Cable gallery trestles shall be open foundation or pile foundation depending upon bearing capacity requirements. For specification regarding open and pile foundations, clause. 7.00.00 is to be referred. The grade of concrete for RCC footing/pilecaps & pedestals shall be M25. The structural trestles shall not be supported on paving RCC slab.

## ii. Design Concept

The pipe-cable structure shall be designed as a 3-dimensional space frame for all the relevant load cases mentioned in the design criteria chapter.

The gallery being an unclad building, wind load shall be evaluated based on the projected frontal area of the structural members and cable tray depth.

The end portals shall be designed as rigid frames hinged (pinned support) at the base plate level (on top of the trestle column). Deflection of end portal due to wind shall be evaluated at the portal column-rafter joint. The gallery vertical truss shall be designed as simply supported girders on trestles and detailing of end portals shall be done accordingly.

Suitable expansion gap shall be provided in the gallery structure by providing twin two-legged trestles at the expansion gap. The expansion gap shall be provided at an interval of 100 to 120m. Expansion gap shall also be provided at location where changes in plan dimensions (gallery width) take place abruptly.

#### 5.02.09 | **Main**

#### **Main Power House**

#### (i) Salient Features:

Main Power House shall consist of the Turbine bay, adjacent Deaerator Bay, electrical bay & common control room building (CCR Building) (as stipulated elsewhere in this specification). The turbo – generator (TG) foundation, boiler feed pumps foundations and shall be located inside the power house and their foundation system shall be as per design concept of machine foundation. All other equipment foundations (including Heaters & Deaerators) shall be supported on RCC floors with structural steel beams. The RCC floors shall comprise RCC slab over profiled metal deck sheets (to be used as permanent shuttering but not to be considered for design of RCC slab as composite slab). Shear anchor studs shall be provided through metal deck at regular interval on all top flange / flange plate of structural beams. However, steel gratings, chequered plate flooring as well as precast RCC covers shall be provided as per the functional requirements. All RCC pits & trenches below ground floor slab (including Condensate Extraction Pump (CEP) pit) shall be covered with minimum 40 mm thick MS grating supported on structural steel beams. The RCC pits shall also be provided with a sump at the corner for dewatering with submersible pumps. Staircases & ladders shall be provided for access to these pits. Electrically Operated Travelling (EOT) cranes shall be placed in the turbine bay with the gantry girders (supporting crane wheel loads) supported on structural steel brackets on A & B row columns). Walkway with chequered plate shall be provided at crane girder level at both 'A' row & 'B' row side with caged ladder access from the operating floor.

All main columns & beams of Main Power House shall be of structural steel girder (open web or solid web) with base plate level of columns 1.20m below ground floor slab level in

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general except for other pit areas where structural steel column shall be extended below upto a depth lower than the pit top surface such that the column base plate & stiffeners are concealed below the pit raft level are concealed below the pit raft level. Auxiliary columns in main power house shall be either of structural steel construction.

The roof system in turbine bay shall comprise a structural steel girder (open web or solid web) for the entire bay width. The roof slab shall consist of 40mm thick (min. above the crest of metal deck sheet) RCC slab supported on profiled metal deck sheet. The metal deck sheet shall be supported on structural steel purlins. The purlins shall be in turn be supported on turbine bay roof girder top chord at regular interval. Additional waterproofing shall be provided above the roof RCC slab as per details mentioned elsewhere in this specification. 1 in 100 slope shall be provided for the turbine bay roof sloping downwards towards the A-row (towards transformer yard). Minimum 150mm dia. galvanized mild steel pipes shall be used at A-row & C-row as Rainwater Down comers. Staircases in main power house shall be of structural steel. Treads of each staircase shall be 40mmthick MS grating and handrail/ hand post shall be 32mmNB circular hollow sections unless specified otherwise in architectural section of the specification. All staircases in turbine Bay and Deaerator Bay shall be enclosed with minimum 230 thick brick masonry wall with fireproof doors at all floor landing levels. The parapet wall shall be of minimum 1m height and shall be provided all the around roof of main plant building.

All edges of openings shall have edge protection angles (minimum ISA 75x75x6) and handrails with hand posts (Hand post spacing 1m maximum).

#### ii. Design Concept:

Main Power House shall be designed as moment resisting sway frame in the transverse direction and braced in the longitudinal direction. However, due to functional requirement, vertical bracings to the column in CCR Building not to be provided at (& above) the operating floor level and CCR Building frames shall be designed as moment resisting frames in both transverse and longitudinal directions.

All beam column moment connections shall be designed for adequate ductility. The building shall have connectivity with walkways from Boiler through sliding bearing only. The connectivity with cable gallery shall be as specified in Pipe &cable gallery section of this chapter. Floor level acceleration spectra shall be generated during seismic analysis for design of pipe supports / equipment located at the elevated floors. Adequate number of thermal expansion gap (minimum 2.00m) between adjacent structural frames at expansion joint and minimum 50mm between RCC slabs at expansion joint) shall be provided between the units and Common Control Building.

In the RCC floor/ roof slabs, the spacing of shear anchor studs on structural beams shall be minimum of the spacing required for

- i) Restraining the compression flanges of beams and
- ii) Transfer of the horizontal shear at floor/roof to the supporting beams.

The roof girder in Turbine Bay shall be provided with a camber to take care of deflection due to dead weight.

The Main columns in A, B &C rows of Main Power House Building shall be built-up I sections. Rolled sections/ I sections with additional flange plates shall not be acceptable for main columns & auxiliary columns. The roof girder (open web or solid web) to column connection shall be bolted connection using high strength bolts (grade 8.8/ IS 1367). The roof girder of Turbine Hall shall be adequately braced in plan using Tie level and rafter level bracings. The longitudinal bracing shall comprise a pair of members connected to the column flanges and detailing shall be adequate to restrain the entire column cross-section. Minimum gusset plate thickness for bracings shall be 12mm.

Common Control Room at operating floor shall have minimum 60% free space for

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movement, control room to be free of any auxiliary/stub columns other than the C-row central column with minimum depth as possible

For all other design methodology, refer to Design Criteria specified elsewhere in this specification.

#### iii. Architectural Features

This building shall be of Structural Steel Framed structure and shall be completely covered with external cladding and RCC roof. The external vertical face (herein stated as 'A' row) of main power house facing (& adjacent to) the transformer yard and also the two gable ends shall be completely covered with vertical cladding comprising 3.0m high brick wall (on ground floor slab) and single skin profiled vertical metal sheet for the remaining height except for the vertical segment between operating floor &gantry girder bracket level where double skin vertical metal sheet shall be provided.

In case of routing of bus-duct is done outside the A-row (part/full), there shall be a continuous cladding of metal sheeting covering steel structure supporting the bus duct to match the entire A-row elevation. The metal cladding shall be designed to suit the aesthetics of the entire main plant building.

In front of the power transformers, RCC fire barrier wall shall be provided as per functional requirement in lieu of brick wall at A-row. The above mentioned RCC wall shall be attached with single skin metal sheet on external face.

The 'A' row & Gable End columns projecting inside the turbine hall shall be concealed with single skin profiled metal sheet from operating floor level to crane girder bracket top level.

The external vertical face (herein stated as 'C' row) facing (& adjacent to) the Boiler area shall be completely covered upto the Deaerator floor level with vertical cladding comprising 3.0m high brick wall on ground floor followed by either single skin metal sheeting with runners or brick wall sandwiched with single skin metal sheeting on external face (for all floors requiring 2 hours of fire rating e.g. cable spreader room, ventilation/ air washer room, AHU Rooms and air conditioned areas)

The internal vertical interface plane between Turbine bay & Deaerator bay (herein stated as 'B' row shall have brick masonry Wall from RCC roof slab level of turbine bay (AB bay) upto specified floor level below such that Turbine bay & Part of Deaerator bay below the Deaerator supporting floor level is completely covered on all sides.

Glazing for A Row & gable end shall be reflective 6mm thick clear toughened glass with Aluminium frame. Hermetically sealed double glazing shall be provided between air conditioned & non air conditioned areas. Internal glazed partition inside CCR/CER/Offsite Control Room and B-Row at operating floor level shall be of fire resistant glass having 2 (Two) hour fire rating and with suitable frame, Light weight aerated concrete panels with Single Skin Metal Panel cladding shall be provided in exterior of UPS Battery room area and Control Equipment Room area. All internal side of Aerated concrete panel and columns in air-conditioned areas other than CCR in MPH shall be encased with Aluminium Composite panel cladding from inside.

Inside the main power house building, brick masonry wall (and fire proof doors) shall be provided for switchgear rooms, cable spreader rooms, MCC rooms, AHU rooms, Air Washer room & Oil rooms and all other rooms where fire protection is envisaged.

Cut-outs and opening shall be provided in floors and walls as per functional requirement.

All door, windows in air conditioned area and all windows glazing shall be provided with Aluminium frame work Steel door and Fire Proof doors shall be provided as per requirements.

Stairs in BC Bay and on A-Row shall be provided as per functional requirement and as

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per National Building Code and Factories Act.

All stairs in BC Bay lift lobby Area shall be in RCC. Stainless steel railing shall be provided at TG floor level for all cut-outs/openings, walkways, cut-outs at lower level that are visible from TG floor level and stairs near lift lobby. M.S. railing shall be provided for all other locations. All peripheral edges of floor cut-outs / openings at T.G floor level and covered with gratings/ chequered plates, expansion joints along T.G deck, structural expansion joints shall be covered with minimum 2mm thick stainless steel plate of grade SS 316.

For each unit minimum one no. gent's toilet with adequate facilities including drinking water space and janitor's space shall be provided at each level of power house building, in addition one no ladies toilet shall be provided in each unit at 0.00M and mezzanine floor level and CCR level. A separate ladies and gent's toilet and pantry shall be provided for CCR approachable from CCR / CER / Offsite Control Rooms.

B Row portion in TG Hall fronting Control Room & CER and glazed partitions in CER/CCR/Offsite Control room shall be of **30 mm thick** Hermetically sealed double glass of Fire resistant of min 14mm thick clear, toughened, interlayered 120 minute fire rated for both integrity & radiation control and 6 mm thick toughened tinted glass with **10 mm** gap and with suitable fire resistant frame of 1.6 mm thick powder coated steel sheet. The partitions shall be up to false ceiling level and wall above up to the soffit of floor slab above control room and shall be finished with Aluminum Composite panels cladding and shall also have FRP mural of theme matching to local art and Culture.

Glass partition between AC areas in CCR/CER and other areas in associated with CCR/CER shall be single Fire Resistant glass in line with technical specs as per fire zoning requirement. It shall be single toughned glass minimum 10 mm thick if not within fire zone.

In CCR, EIC Room, Conference Room, Programmer's Room and Visitors Gallery etc. a theme based coordinated false ceiling shall be provided with latest state of art design.

In CCR, EIC Room, Conference Room, Programmer's Room and Visitor's Gallery etc., vitrified flooring shall be designed with theme and color coordination in line with the designed false ceiling.

Mullion-less glass wall with motorized curtain shall be provided in between the control room and the Visitor's gallery.

The fire resistant glass partition in between CER/PADO room & control room (control room left hand side wall) and shift in-charge room/Conference room & control room (control room right hand side wall) shall have motorized blinds (with provision of remote control from Unit in-charge desk) with central metallic panel column having NTPC signature icon.

The rest of the walls including LVS wall shall have coordinated design keeping in mind the overall theme of the control room using metallic panels with calcium silicate boards.

The control room gates shall have biometric physical security feature with double layer of sliding doors with air lock lobby.

Control room interiors shall be designed and executed by M/s EVANS / M/s Pyrotech or equivalent vendor who are specialized in control room interior design.

Control room/ Control Equipment Room / Offsite Control Rooms, entire area, False Ceiling shall have Cat Walk Way above for service/ maintenance.

Main power house building shall be provided with passenger lift in BC way as specified elsewhere in technical specification.

Adequate partitioning as per functional requirement above false ceiling in control Room & CER shall be provided for Inert Gas zoning.

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## **TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS** Internal steel columns in Air Conditioned Area of Main Power House Building (CER, UPS charger room, SWAS room, etc.) shall be encased with Aluminium Composite Paneling up to false ceiling. Functionally the very heart of Power House Building is its Control Rooms. Special attention shall be given for conceptualization of interior design of the Control Rooms. Control rooms design shall be both functional and ergonomic for ensuring reliable and error free operation of the plant. Control room shall have metallic panels with calcium silicate boards cladded video wall housing large video screens and a separate visitor viewing gallery. A walk through view of the control rooms shall be submitted along with bill of quantity to illustrate the design scheme. Metal Panel Cladding shall be composed of Different Colour shades to match with the surroundings. External finish of Masonry wall shall be premium acrylic smooth exterior paint with silicon additives finish. Air Conditioned Office for 25 persons (Including 5 cabins for Senior persons) with Pantry, Toilet block(Ladies and gents toilet separately), conference room for 25 persons, shall be provided in MPH building in addition to other facilities specified . This area shall have access to natural light on three sides minimum. It shall have air lock lobby at entrance with auto sliding doors. Minimum area of office area shall be 350 sq.m. This area shall be positioned over the CR with good aesthetic view and noise reduction and dust isolation. 5.02.10 Not Used 5.02.11 **CPU CIVIL WORKS** 5.02.11.01 Design Concepts for Buildings/ Shed All Buildings shall have RCC framed structure with cast-in-situ RCC roof slabs with brick cladding. ii. Equipment/facilities with shed shall have structural steel superstructure with permanently colour coated metal sheeting at roof and side open. However, kerb wall shall be provided all around the plinth/floor area above the Finished Floor Level (FFL). For other buildings brick wall cladding on exterior face shall be provided. iii. Unless specified, the wall cladding for buildings shall be with minimum one brick thick on exterior face. However, brick wall for buildings adjacent to transformers shall be minimum 345mm thick. 5.02.11.01.01 Individual members of the frame shall be designed for the worst combination of forces such as bending moment, axial force, shear force, torsion, etc. 5.02.11.01.02 The load and load combinations and design criteria shall be as specified elsewhere in the specification.

5.02.11.01.03 All liquid retaining structures shall be designed for following load conditions.

Underground structures:

- a. Water filled inside up to design level and no earth outside.
- b. Earth pressure with surcharge of 2.0 T/m2 and ground water table up to FGL outside and no water inside.
- c. Stability against uplift shall be checked for completed structure and under construction stage with no water inside and ground water table up to FGL, with a minimum factor of safety of 1.20 against uplift. Installation of pressure relief valves shall not be permitted in the base slab of any liquid retaining / conveying structure.

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d. The structure shall also be checked for normal working condition with water filled inside up to design level and earth pressure outside with no effect of surcharge and ground water table.

For design of over - ground liquid retaining structures appropriate load cases shall be considered.

5.02.11.01.04

All liquid retaining and conveying structures shall be designed by working stress method as given in clause 4.5 of IS 3370(Part2).

In the wall of liquid retaining structures with cylindrical shape such as clarifiers, vertical reinforcement shall be checked assuming the walls were fully fixed at the base, and the horizontal reinforcement shall be provided to resist horizontal (hoop) tension assuming hinged condition at the junction of the base slab & wall.

Wherever sandwich slabs are provided in liquid retaining structures to take care of stability against uplift, only well graded sand shall be used as fill material. The sand compaction shall be done with plate / disc compactors in such a manner that the bottom slab is not structurally damaged.

Clear free board of at least 300 mm above design (total) water level shall be provided in all liquid retaining / conveying structures.

Coefficient of active earth pressure shall be considered for design of free standing retaining walls and coefficient of earth pressure at rest shall be considered for design of top propped retaining walls.

The minimum grade of concrete for all RCC structures shall be M30. The minimum concrete clear cover to reinforcement bars in all RCC structures shall be as per IS:456(2000) and IS:3370(Part II) for water retaining structures. Durability of concrete shall conform to severe exposure conditions as per Table-3 of IS 456 except noted specifically otherwise.

5.02.11.01.05

Factor of safety against overturning and sliding

The structure shall be checked for minimum factor of safety of 1.5 against overturning conditions (ratio of stabilizing moment to overturning moment) and 1.4 against sliding conditions as per IS: 456.

5.02.11.01.06

For detailing of Reinforcement IS 5525, IS 13920, IS 4326 and SP 34 shall be followed.

Two layers of reinforcement (on both faces) shall be provided for RCC sections having thickness of 150 mm and above.

Minimum diameter of main and distribution Reinforcement bars in different structural elements shall be as follows:

SI. No.	Structural Element	Main Reinforcement	Distribution Reinforcement / Stirrups/ ties/ Anchor Bars
a)	Foundation	12 mm	12 mm
b)	Beams	12 mm	8 mm
c)	Columns	12 mm	8mm

Spacing of reinforcement bars in walls and slabs of liquid retaining / conveying structures shall not be more than 200 mm.

Suitable shrinkage reinforcement shall be provided at top face of foundations. Minimum shrinkage reinforcement shall be 10 mm dia. @ 200mm c / c.

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#### **TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS** Minimum Reinforcement in all elements of liquid retaining / conveying structures shall be 0.24 % of cross sectional area. Minimum tensile Reinforcement in each direction for all foundation slabs / rafts shall be 0.2% of cross sectional area. 5.02.11.01.07 Minimum thickness of foundation slab / raft and base slab of all liquid retaining tanks / pits shall not be less than 250 mm. Minimum thickness of all other elements of RCC liquid retaining / conveying structures (except effluent drains, launders and aerator waste slab) shall be 200mm, Effluent drains (depth more than 500mm), aerator waste slab and launders shall have minimum element thickness of 150mm. 5.02.11.01.08 All Insert plates (except edge protection angles) provided in liquid retaining structures shall be 12 mm thick GI with lugs not less than 12 mm diameter rods or 6 mm flats. Edge protection angles shall be provided as specified elsewhere. 5.02.11.01.09 All water retaining structures shall be tested for water tightness as per provisions of IS: 3370 and IS: 6494. 5.02.11.01.10 2.0m wide walkway with M25 grade concrete paving over an under bed specified elsewhere shall be provided connecting all structures, buildings and facilities. The top of walkway shall be minimum 200mm above FGL Reinforcement of the RCC paving shall consist of minimum 8mm diameter bars @ 200 mm c / c in both directions at the centre of the slab. 5.02.11.02 Coating on RCC water retaining structures (other than drinking water) Epoxy phenolic coating shall be applied on (i) internal surfaces of the RCC water retaining structures and (ii) external surfaces of RCC Neutralisation-pit which is in contact with earth, as per details specified below: a) All concrete surfaces shall be provided with two component transparent polyamide cured epoxy sealer coating (having solid by volume minimum 40% ±2%) of minimum 50 micron DFT. Surface to be coated shall be absolutely dry, clean and dust free. Sealer coat shall be followed with the application of epoxy phenolic coating (solid by volume minimum 63%) of minimum 400 micron DFT. This coat shall be applied after an interval of minimum 24 hours (from the application of primer coat) by airless spray technique. 5.02.11.03 Coating on RCC water retaining structures (drinking water) Internal surfaces of RCC water retaining structures shall be provided with minimum 400 micron Food grade epoxy coating complying to FDA Title 21, Part 175,300. Surface to be coated shall be absolutely dry, clean and dust free. 5.02.11.04 Architectural Concepts and Finishing Schedule Architectural concepts and finishing schedule shall be as specified elsewhere in architectural specification. 5.02.11.05 Acid / Alkali Resistant Treatment: Acid / alkali resistant lining treatment shall be provided in different areas as follows: Neutralization Pit: The walls shall be provided with one coat of bitumen primer, followed by 18 mm thick bitumastic layer, 115 mm thick Acid Resistant (A.R.) bricks, 6 mm thick under bed of potassium silicate mortar, pointing the joints of bricks with acid / alkali resistant epoxy / furane mortar upto a depth of 20 mm and bitumastic end sealing. Suitable pilasters shall be provided with A.R. bricks at regular intervals depending upon the height of lining, as per the specification. LARA SUPER THERMAL POWER PROJECT TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SUB-SECTION-D-1-5 PAGE **CIVIL WORKS** 15 OF 86 STAGE-II (2X800 MW) SECTION-VI, PART-B SALIENT FEATURES AND **EPC PACKAGE DESIGN CONCEPT**



The floor of neutralization pit shall be provided with acid / alkali resistant lining treatment as given in the above para, except that the 115 mm thick A.R. bricks layer shall be replaced by 75 mm thick A.R. tile layer and pilasters shall be omitted.

The ceiling of neutralization pit shall be provided with one coat of epoxy primer followed by 2 coats of epoxy paint (150 micron).

Acid / Alkali storage area / projections above the floor, pedestals projecting from the floor / saddles. The floor shall be provided with one coat of bitumen primer followed by 12 mm thick bitumastic layer, 20 mm thick A.R. tiles, 6 mm thick under - bed by potassium silicate mortar, 6mm thick pointing of joints of tiles with acid / alkali resistant epoxy / furane mortar up to a depth of 20 mm and bitumastic end sealing. Dado of 1.0M high with above treatment shall also be provided if applicable in case of walls nearby.

The floor shall be provided with acid / alkali resistant lining treatment as given in the above para except that the 75 mm thick A.R. tile layer shall be replaced by 12 mm thick A.R. tile layer.

Basket of Alum Solution Preparation tank: 5mm thick epoxy lining over a coat of epoxy primer.

Curved surfaces of saddles shall have minimum 12 MM thick bitumastic layer to support the vessel / tanks.

Effluent Drains: Acid Resistant lining treatment indicated for the storage area shall be provided on the bed as well as walls of the drains with 38 MM AR tiles. The underside of the pre-cast slab cover shall be applied with one coat of epoxy primer and two coats of epoxy coating, total DFT 150 microns.

Lime tank: Two coats of bitumen paint conforming to IS: 9862, with total DFT 150 microns.

#### Guarantee

The Contractor shall give a guarantee for satisfactory functioning of the lining for a period of 36 months from the date of completion of the work or date of handing over the site to the Engineer, whichever is later.

The Contractor shall replace / rectify defects is any, observed in the lining to the satisfaction of the Engineer without any extra cost during this period.

#### 5.02.11.06

#### Foundation of Over Ground Steel Circular Water Storage Tanks

#### General Requirements

The tank foundation shall be as per IS 803 and as specified in relevant clause of foundation chapter.

#### **Sub Grade Preparation**

The surface of natural soil shall be thoroughly compacted by rolling or other means, as directed by Engineer, to obtain 95% of max. laboratory dry density for the soil, as per IS:2720 (Part-VII).

#### **Anti Corrosive Layer**

Anti-corrosive layer shall consist of screened coarse sand, mixed with 80/100 bitumen or equivalent 8% to 10% by volume.

Bitumen shall be heated to a temperature 175°C to 190°C, with 3% kerosene, if required. Sand shall be thoroughly mixed with it in a mixing drum to obtain uniform mixture and shall be laid over the compacted surface, laid in line, grade and levels and as directed by the Engineer. Bitumen shall not be heated beyond the temperature limits given above.

The premix carpet shall be laid in two layers of 3 cm and 2 cm respectively. After compacting and laying the first layer of 3cm, a tack coat of hot bitumen at the rate of 1 Kg. per Sq.m. shall

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The flue duct outside the chimney shall be suitably connected to the vertical flue liner inside the chimney as per EPRI Wet Stack Design Guidelines.–Expansion Joint shall be provided at the interface between the flue liner and the absorber outlet duct as per design.

The expansion joint in the flue liner shall comprise of non-metallic material suitable for wet stack operations, shall be acid resistant to withstand acidic flue gas condensates arising out of flue gas parameters & operating conditions as specified elsewhere in the specification and shall also prevent dust accumulation. If required as per design or as per the recommendation of expansion joint manufacturer, the space between the expansion joint material and the liner shall be packed and sealed by providing a bolster made up of light weight compressible material suitable for wet stack operations and acid resistant to withstand acidic flue gas condensates arising out of flue gas parameters & operating conditions as specified elsewhere in the specification. The bolster shall be confined in texturized glass fabric having a final covering of stainless steel wire mesh. Design of expansion joint shall comply EPRI guidelines to avoid contact of condensate with expansion joint material and to ensure drainage of condensate.

Chimney roof shall be of RCC slab over a grid of structural steel beams and provided with rainwater drainage system. An internal structural steel staircase supported from chimney shell with chequered plate floor panels and pipe handrails, shall be upto the platform just below roof platform and an internal cage ladder for a small height, over last staircase landing to access the chimney roof through a roof access hatch.

The other components of the chimney include liner test ports (for continuous pollution monitoring), liner hatches, grade level slab of RCC with metallic hardener floor finish, acid resistant treatment on roof slab, a large electrically operated grill type roll-up door and personnel access metallic door at grade level, roof drain basin, rain water down comer pipe (150 mm diameter galvanized pipe), connection to plant drains, louvers with bird screens for ventilation and all other openings in the wind shield, all finishing works, electrical power distribution boards, lighting panels, power & control cabling and wiring systems, stair and platforms lighting, socket outlet, lightning protection and grounding system, aviation obstruction lighting with photoelectric controller etc, communication system, a rack and pinion elevator and other items, though not specifically mentioned but reasonably implied and necessary to complete the job in all respects.

Aviation Warning Lights (AWL) shall be mounted on door panel of required size (open able from interior of chimney shell) fixed to openings in the chimney shell at locations and levels specified elsewhere. Suitable provision for approach to the AWL shall be provided at the platform level. AWL shall be located at about 1-1.5 metre above the top of platform to enable easy handling for maintenance.

The size of roll-up door shall be determined based on minimum requirement for ventilation and transportation & erection of flue segments.

# 5.03.02 Design Concept

Design and construction of various components and systems of the chimney shall be in accordance with relevant Indian Standard and where provisions are not covered in Indian Standard, reference shall be made to ACI, BS, CICIND and other international standards.

In case of any conflict between this document and the Indian and International Standards, the stipulations of this document shall prevail.

Imposed loading for design of all chimney components shall not be less than 5 kN/ Sq.m. An additional 25% of liner load shall be taken as impact loading for liner erection in addition to the liner load.

The min. thickness of web for plate girders shall be kept as 12 mm.

Seismic forces on the chimney system shall be determined based on site specific seismic information provided elsewhere in this document.

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