



TITLE:
SECTION-B: PROJECT INFORMATION
TELANGANA SUPER THERMAL POWER
PROJECT STAGE-II (3X800MW) BTG
PACKAGE

SPECIFICATION NO. PE-TS-546-600-C102
VOLUME -
REV.NO. 0 DATE 05/06/2026



**OWNER &
CONSULTANT:**

NTPC LIMITED



EPC CONTRACTOR:

**BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS LIMITED,
POWER SECTOR.**

**TELANGANA SUPER THERMAL POWER PROJECT
STAGE-II (3X800MW) BTG PACKAGE**

(TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION FOR CIVIL WORKS)

**SECTION - B
PROJECT INFORMATION**

BHEL DOCUMENT NUMBER: PE-TS-546-600-C102-R0

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1.00.00

BACKGROUND

Ramagundam Super Thermal Power Project (RSTPP) in District Karimnagar of Telangana was conceived as a coal based super thermal power plant for implementation by NTPC. RSTPP is presently operating with 2600 MW (3x200 MW + 4x500 MW) installed capacity and are under commercial operation.

As per A.P. Re-organisation Act 2014, NTPC has been mandated to set up 4000 MW Coal fired thermal power plant for Telangana State.

Based on this, NTPC has already installed Telangana Stage I of capacity 1600 MW (2 X 800 MW) within the MGR unloading bulb of NTPC's Ramagundam Super Thermal Power Station and situated at 18° 44' 47" (N) to 18° 45' 30" (N) and longitude 79° 28' 06" (E) East to 79° 28' 36" (E). Telangana Stage I units of 800 MW are based on Ultra Super Critical Technology. Both units (2 X 800 MW) of Telangana Stage I are under commercial operation.

The Present proposal is for Telangana STPP, Stage-II of capacity 2400 MW, comprising (3x800 MW) as extension of existing Stage-I, and based on Ultra Super Critical Technology

2.00.00

LOCATION AND APPROACH

Telangana Super Thermal Power Project (TnSTPP), Stage II has also been identified to be located within the MGR unloading bulb are of NTPC's Ramagundam Super Thermal Power Station, adjacent to the existing Telangana Stage I and situated at 18° 44' 47" (N) to 18° 45' 30" (N) and longitude 79° 28' 06" (E) East to 79° 28' 36" (E).

TnSTPP is located at about 51 km from district headquarter Karimnagar and at about 1 km near Ramagundam village. The site is well connected through NH-07 and NH-16 through (Hyderabad-Mancherial Road popularly known as Rajiv Rahadari). Nearest railway station Ramagundam is about 5 km from the plant which lies on the main Kazipet-Balarshah Broad Gauge line of South-Central Railway. The nearest commercial airport Hyderabad is at a distance of about 210 km.

Vicinity Plan of the proposed project is placed at Annexure -I.

For further information apart from given in this sub-section, Bidders are also advised to visit the project site and collect data regarding local site conditions.

3.00.00

CAPACITY

Ultimate Capacity: 4000 MW

STAGE-I	:	1600 MW (2 x800 MW) - Under Commercial Operation
STAGE-II	:	2400 MW (3 X800 MW) - Present Proposal



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10.00.00	<p>ENVIRONMENTAL EMISSION CONTROL DEVICES</p> <p>The project is envisaged with environmental emission control devices and steam generator design towards compliance with the applicable emission norms. The secondary NO_x control system (SCR/SNCR or a hybrid of both) and Flue Gas Desulfurization (FGD) system are not included in the scope of this contract. Necessary provisioning for NO_x control as detailed out in specifications shall however be in the scope of the Contractor.</p>		
11.00.00	<p>CONSTRUCTION POWER</p> <p>The requirements of the construction power supply for the project would be met from the existing 33 kV/11 kV construction switchgear located near Raw water p/H inside Ramagundam STPP.</p>		
12.00.00	<p>NOT USED</p>		
13.00.00	<p>PLANT WATER SCHEME</p> <p>Brief Description of the Plant Water scheme is described further in below clauses. Scope of supply for the same is detailed further in Sub Sections. Plant water scheme is included in Part-E of the technical specification.</p>		
13.01.00	<p>Equipment Cooling Water (ECW) (Unit Auxiliaries)</p> <p>All plant auxiliaries shall be cooled by De-mineralized water (DM) in a closed circuit. DM water would be used in primary cooling water circuit for cooling of various auxiliaries, which in turn shall be cooled in a secondary circuit by circulating water through a set of plate type heat exchangers. The primary circuit DM water shall be cooled through plate type heat exchangers by Auxiliary Circulating Water (ACW) from ACW system in a closed secondary circuit. The hot secondary circuit ACW shall be cooled in the Aux. cooling towers and shall be returned back to the system.</p> <p>It is proposed to provide independent primary cooling water circuit for Turbine Generator & its auxiliaries and Steam Generator & its auxiliaries on Unit basis.</p>		
13.02.00	<p>Aux. cooling water System Description</p> <p>In a closed secondary circuit, ACW system has been envisaged to cool DM water, used in the primary circuit. ACW pumps (Unit dedicated) have been envisaged in ACW system to supply the cool ACW water from a common aux. cooling tower (Aux. IDCT) basin to PHEs and hot ACW water (Outlet from Plate heat exchangers) shall be returned to Aux. cooling tower of all units through pipes. Cooled water from Aux. cooling tower will be led to ACW pumps through pipes/ducts by gravity. ACW Water shall be provided at terminal points for the Bidder for the purpose of secondary cooling.</p>		
13.03.00	<p>Other Miscellaneous Water Systems</p> <p>ACW system blow down water shall be sent to Ash Water Tank for meeting water requirement of Ash Handling plant and CMB for reuse. The plant service water</p>		
<p>TELANGANA SUPER THERMAL POWER PROJECT, STAGE-II - (3X800 MW), BTG PACKAGE</p>	<p>TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION SECTION-VI, PART-A BID DOC. NO.: CS-8014/9592/0371-001A-2</p>	<p>SUB SECTION-I-B PROJECT INFORMATION</p>	<p>PAGE 3 OF 19</p>



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As per Government's directive, it is mandatory for the bidders to refer VAI for multi-hazard risk assessment and include the relevant hazard proneness specific to project location while planning, designing and execution of the project in terms of following details:

- i. Seismic zone (II to V) for earthquakes
- ii. Wind velocity
- iii. Area liable to floods and Probable max. surge height
- iv. Thunderstorms history
- v. Number of cyclone storms/sever cyclone storms and max sustained wind specific to coastal region
- vi. Landslides incidences with Annual rainfall normal
- vii. District wise Probable Max. Precipitation

Accordingly, bidder should refer VAI while planning, designing and execution of the project.

However, for design of structures/facilities and equipment, the criteria for earthquake resistant design of structures and equipment, the criteria for Wind Resistant Design of Structures and Equipment and design parameters for drainage facilities, stipulated in the Technical Specification shall be followed.

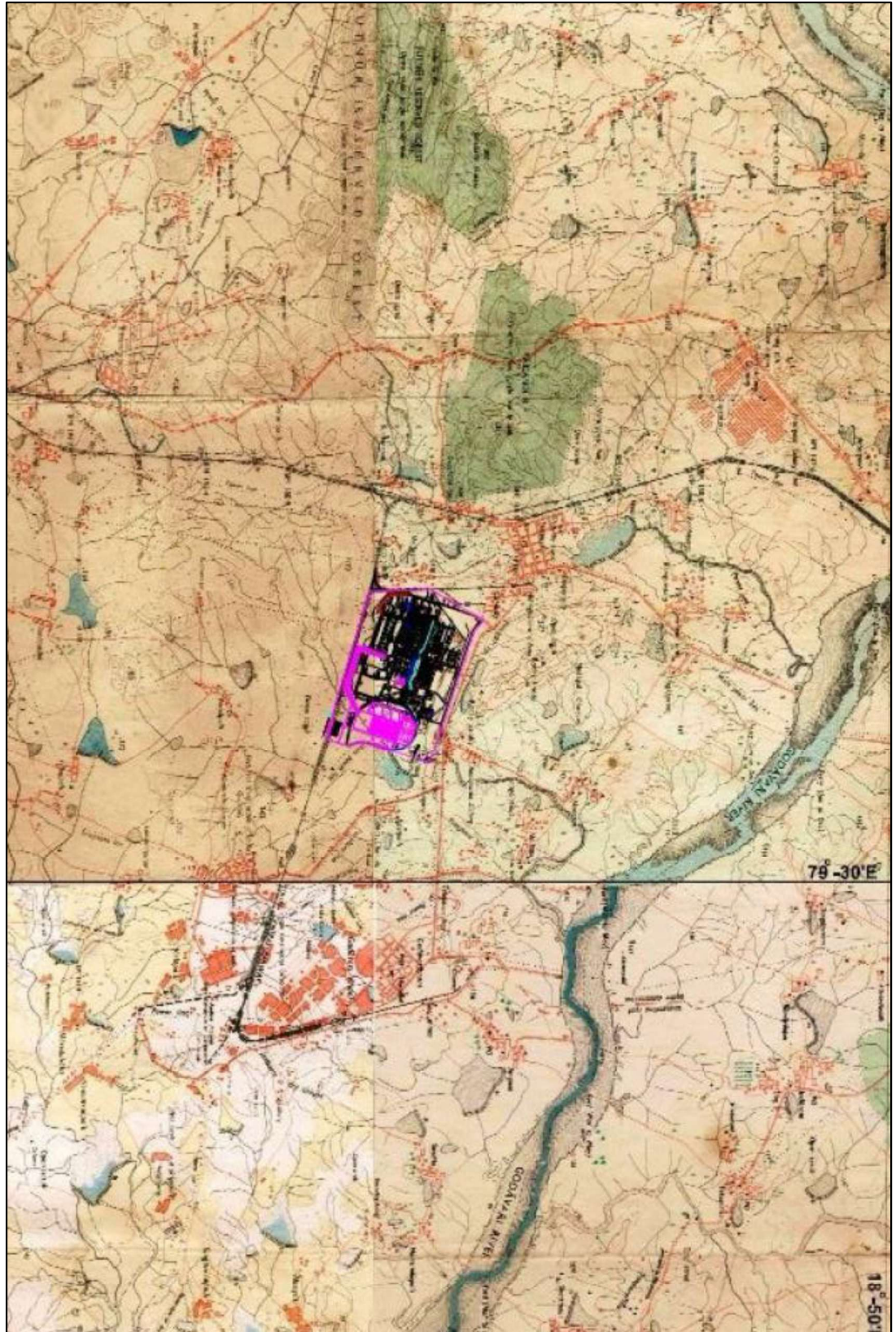
For other information like area liable to floods, probable max. surge height, landslide, thunderstorm, cyclone etc. agencies are required to refer the VAI.

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Annexure-I



TELANGANA SUPER THERMAL POWER
PROJECT, STAGE-II - (3X800 MW),
BTG PACKAGE

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
SECTION-VI, PART-A
BID DOC. NO.:
CS-8014/9592/0371-001A-2

SUB SECTION-I-B
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जलवायवी सारणी
CLIMATOLOGICAL TABLE

स्टेशन : रांगुण्डम
STATION : Rangundam

MONTH	पतन										प्रेष										दृश्यता															
	वर्षा की गती के साथ दिनों की संख्या (दि. सं. प्र. सं.)					वर्षा की दिशा के दिनों की संख्या का प्रतिशत					शुष्क मास (सभी शुष्क दिनों की संख्या - अलग)					शुष्क मास (सभी शुष्क दिनों की संख्या - अलग)					दृश्यता सहित दिनों की संख्या															
	6.2 से अधिक	1-2	0	2	3	SE	S	SW	W	NW	N	0	1-2	3-5	6-7	8	0	1-2	3-5	6-7	8	0	1	4-10	10-20	20										
JAN	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	3	5	3	6	11	4	0	1	67	18	5	4	3	1	22	5	3	1	0	0	0.1	1.5	8.1	17.6	3.6						
FEB	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	4	8	2	11	15	6	1	2	51	15	4	4	1	18	9	2	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	2.6	23.0	5.4							
MAR	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	2	4	3	14	22	7	1	2	45	19	6	4	2	0	23	6	2	0	0	0.0	0.4	6.0	19.1	5.5							
APR	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0	2	3	14	26	15	3	3	32	13	8	6	2	1	22	6	2	0	0	0.0	0.0	4.4	19.2	6.4							
MAY	0.0	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0	2	2	6	14	13	7	6	43	6	10	9	4	1	10	15	5	0	0	0.0	0.1	1.6	21.1	7.2							
JUN	0.0	7.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	2	1	1	2	3	16	27	24	24	2	4	7	8	9	10	10	8	1	1	0.0	0.0	4.8	19.0	6.2							
JUL	0.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	1	2	15	25	16	39	1	6	9	14	6	10	13	1	1	0	0.0	0.5	6.6	20.0	3.9							
AUG	0.0	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0	3	12	19	14	48	0	1	6	12	12	2	12	15	1	1	0.0	0.0	5.4	20.4	4.7							
SEP	0.0	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	1	1	0	1	7	26	16	47	0	1	5	9	14	4	11	14	1	0.0	0.2	7.6	19.7	3.4							
OCT	0.0	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	1	1	2	6	16	19	52	2	5	8	9	6	8	11	10	1	0	0.0	0.0	5.8	20.5	3.7							
NOV	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	13	18	4	15	8	3	60	5	7	9	7	3	18	8	5	0	0	0.0	0.6	6.7	17.6	6.1							
DEC	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0	0	11	19	6	14	2	1	57	14	6	5	3	2	23	5	2	0	0	0.0	0.5	7.9	16.6	5.1							
ANNUAL TOTAL OR MEAN	82.6	0.0	42.1	0.7	0.1	0.1	0	1	195	169	3	4	2	6	9	8	9	10	49	123	61	67	63	51	198	90	67	6	4	0	0.1	5.8	76.2	223.2	59.8	
NUMBER OF YEARS																																				

RAW WATER ANALYSIS for Telangana St#2

S.No.	Constituent	As	mg/l (except pH & turbidity)
1.	Calcium	CaCO ₃	92
2.	Magnesium	CaCO ₃	98
3.	Sodium	CaCO ₃	115
4.	Potassium	CaCO ₃	20
5.	Total Cation	CaCO ₃	325
6.	Total Hardness	CaCO ₃	190
7.	p Alkalinity	CaCO ₃	25
8.	m Alkalinity	CaCO ₃	200
9.	Chloride	Cl ⁻	80
10.	Sulphate	CaCO ₃	45
11.	Total Anion	CaCO ₃	325
12.	Reactive Silica	SiO ₂	30
13.	Colloidal Silica	SiO ₂	10
14.	Total Silica	SiO ₂	40
15.	Iron (as Fe)	ppm	1
16.	pH value	-	7.5-8.7
17.	Turbidity	NTU	500 (Max)
18.	*TDS	ppm	500
19.	TSS	mg/L	400 (Max)
20.	Temp (Range)	deg C	26-36
21.	KMnO ₄ (non-organic matter)	ppm	2
22.	TOC	ppm	11
23.	Chemical oxygen Demand (COD)	-	20
24.	Biochemical oxygen Demand (BOD)	-	12
25.	Equivalent Mineral Acidity (EMA)	-	125
26.	Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	-	10
27.	Oil & Grease	ppm	20

*TDS value is calculated based on total ionic load.

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Annexure-III-B.

CLARIFIED WATER ANALYSIS for make-up to CW system: Telangana St#2

SN	Constituent	A _s	mg/l (except pH & turbidity)
1.	Calcium	CaCO ₃	100
2.	Magnesium	CaCO ₃	105
3.	Sodium	CaCO ₃	115
4.	Potassium	CaCO ₃	20
5.	Total Cation	CaCO ₃	340
6.	Total Hardness	CaCO ₃	205
7.	p Alkalinity	CaCO ₃	25
8.	m Alkalinity	CaCO ₃	205
9.	Chloride	Cl ⁻	85
10.	Sulphate	CaCO ₃	50
11.	Total Anion	CaCO ₃	340
12.	Reactive Silica	SiO ₂	30
13.	Colloidal Silica	SiO ₂	10
14.	Total Silica	SiO ₂	40
15.	Iron (as Fe)	ppm	2
16.	pH value	-	7.5-8.7
17.	Turbidity	NTU	20 (Max)
18.	*TDS	ppm	520
19.	TSS	mg/L	30 (Max)
20.	Temp (Range)	deg C	26-36
21.	KMnO ₄ (non-organic matter)	ppm	2
22.	TOC	ppm	11

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23.	Chemical oxygen Demand (COD)	-	22
24.	Biochemical oxygen Demand (BOD)	-	12
25.	Equivalent Mineral Acidity (EMA)	-	135
26.	Dissolved Oxygen (DO)	-	10
27.	Oil & Grease	ppm	20

*TDS value is calculated based on total ionic load.

Annexure-III C

DM WATER ANALYSIS

SN	Parameter	Value
1	Silica (Max.)	0.02 ppm as SiO ₂
2	Iron as Fe	Not detectable
3	Total Hardness	Not detectable
4	pH	6.8-7.3
5	Conductivity	Not more than 0.1 micromhos/cm at 25 deg C

LIGHT DIESEL OIL CHARACTERISTICS

AS PER IS 15770-2008

Characteristics	LDO
1. Pour Point (max)	21 °C & 12°C for Summer and Winter respectively
2. Kinematic viscosity in centistokes at 40 deg.C	2.5 to 15.0
3. Sediment percent by mass (max)	0.10
4. Total sulphur percent by mass (max)	1.5
5. Ash percentage by mass (max)	0.02
6. Carbon residue (Rams bottom) percent by pass (max.)	1.50
7. Acidity inorganic	Nil
8. Flash point (Min.) - Pensky Martens	66 deg.C
9. Copper strip corrosion for 3 hours at 100°C	Not worse than No. 2
10. Water content, % by volume (max)	0.25
11. GCV(kcal/kg)	10,000



PROPOSED COAL AND ASH CHARACTERISTICS FOR TELANGANA - II (3 X 800 MW)						
S.No	Characteristics (as received basis)	Range of 95 % coal supplies			Range of 5 % coal supplies	
		Column - 1	Column -2	Column - 3		
1.0	PROXIMATE ANALYSIS	Design	Worst	Best	Worst	Best
1.1	Total Moisture() %	10	14	9	15	8
1.2	Ash (%)	39	45	34	47	32
1.3	Volatile Matter (%)	23	19	26	18	27
1.4	Fixed Carbon (%)	28	22	31	20	33
1.5	Total	100	100	100	100	100
2.0	ULTIMATE ANALYSIS					
2.1	Carbon (%)	40	31.4	45	30.22	46.9
2.2	Hydrogen (%)	2.55	2.9	2.86	2.64	3.01
2.3	Sulphur (%)	0.38	0.35	0.48	0.28	0.55
2.4	Nitrogen (%)	0.76	0.56	0.85	0.53	0.94
2.5	Oxygen (%) (By difference)	6.75	5.41	6.99	4.09	7.7
2.8	Total Moisture (%)	10	14	9	15	8
2.9	Ash (%)	39	45	34	47	32
2.10	Carbonates (%)	0.53	0.32	0.78	0.17	0.86
2.11	Phosphorus (%)	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.03
2.12	Chloride (%)	0.02	0.04	0.01	0.05	0.01
	Total	100	100	100	100	100
2.11	GCV (Kcal/Kg)	3800	3300	4300	3200	4500
2.12	Hard Grove Index	60	55	65	50	68
2.13	YGP (mg/Kg)	70	75	65	77	60
3.0	ASH ANALYSIS					
3.1	Silica (%)	63.8	64.1	62.1	65.2	62
3.2	Alumina (%)	24.2	25.1	23.35	24	23.19
3.3	Iron Oxide (%)	4.4	4.7	4.8	4.2	4.4
3.4	Titania (%)	1.7	1.46	1.9	1.2	1.1
3.5	Phosphoric Anhydride (%)	0.8	0.5	0.85	0.35	0.8
3.6	Lime (%)	2.85	2.25	3.15	3.2	3.96
3.7	Magnesia (%)	1.1	0.99	1.75	0.75	1.95
3.8	Sulphuric Anhydride (%)	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.15	0.4
3.9	Sodium Oxide (Na ₂ O)	0.4	0.35	0.75	0.29	0.89
3.10	K ₂ O (by difference)	0.55	0.45	1.05	0.66	1.31
	Total	100	100	100	100	100
4.0	ASH FUSION RANGE					
	REDUCING ATMOSPHERE					
4.1	Initial Deformation Temp(°C)	1150	1100	1200	1100	1200
4.2	Hemispherical Temp(°C)	1300	1250	1350	1250	1350
4.3	Fusion Temperature (°C)	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400

HIGH SPEED DIESEL OIL CHARACTERISTICS
[AS PER IS 1460-2005 (BS-II)]

S.No.	Particulars	Unit	Value
1.	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES		
	a. Distillation volume recovery @ 350 ⁰ C	% vol. (min)	85
	b. Distillation volume recovery @ 370 ⁰ C	% vol. (min)	95
	c. Kinematic Viscosity @ 40 Degree C	cSt	2.0 – 5.0
	d. Density @ 15 Degree C	kg/m ³	820 – 860
	e. Pour Point		
	- Summer	Degree C (max)	15
	- Winter	Degree C (max)	03
	f. Cold Filter Plugging Point		
	- Summer	Degree C (max)	18
	- Winter	Degree C (max)	06
	g. Flash Point (Abal)	Degree C (max)	35
	h. Lubricity WSD 1.4 @ 60 Degree C	Microns (max)	460
2.	HEATING VALUE		
	a. Higher Heating Value (HHV)	Kcal/Kg	11,000
	b. Lower Heating Value (LHV)	Kcal/Kg	10,300
3.	ACIDITY		
	a. Inorganic	mg KOH/g	Nii
	b. Total	mg KOH/g	0.2 (max.)
4.	Copper Strip Corrosion 3 hours @100 ⁰ C	No.	1 (max)
5.	RCR on 10% residue	% wt.	0.3 (max)
6.	CONTAMINANTS		
	a. Ash	ppm (wt.)	100 (max)
	b. Sediments	% wt	0.05 (max)
	c. Total Sulphur	% wt	0.05 (max)
	d. Water Content	% volume	0.05 (max)
	e. Trace Metals		
	- Na + K	ppm (wt)	0.30 (max)
	- Vanadium	ppm (wt)	0.50 (max)
	- Lead	ppm (wt)	0.50 (max)
	- Calcium	ppm (wt)	2.0
	- Ni + Zn	ppm (wt)	Nii
7.	Nitrogen content (FBN)	% wt.	0.015

TYPICAL IMPORTED COAL AND ASH CHARACTERISTICS			
Sl.No.	Characteristics (as received basis)	Imported Coal	
		Worst	Best
1.0	Proximate Analysis		
1.1	Total Moisture (%)	20	16
1.2	Ash (%)	10	10
1.3	Volatile Matter (%)	30	45
1.4	Fixed Carbon (%)	40	29
1.5	Total (%)	100	100
2.0	Ultimate Analysis		
2.1	Carbon (%)	56.4	62.4
2.2	Hydrogen (%)	4.5	4.9
2.3	Sulphur (%)	0.9	0.8
2.4	Nitrogen (%)	0.9	0.5
2.5	Oxygen (%) (By difference)	7.3	5.4
2.6	Carbonates (%)	0	0
2.7	Phosphorous (%)	0	0
2.8	Total Moisture (%)	20	16
2.9	Ash (%)	10	10
	Total	100	100
2.10	GCV (Kcal/Kg)	5800	6500
2.11	Hard Grove Index	45	60
2.12	YGP (mg/kg)	100	70
3.0	Ash Analysis		
3.1	Silica (SiO ₂) (%)	32.74	34.94
3.2	Alumina(Al ₂ O ₃) (%)	30.5	28.43
3.3	Iron Oxides(Fe ₂ O ₃) (%)	18.2	15.2
3.4	Titania (TiO ₂)	1.56	1.76
3.5	Phosphoric Anhydride(P ₂ O ₅) (%)	0.44	0.54
3.6	Lime (CaO) (%)	6.12	7.62
3.7	Magnesia (MgO) (%)	1.83	1.93
3.8	Sulphuric Anhydride (%)	6.95	7.65
3.9	Sodium Oxide (Na ₂ O) (%)	0.3	0.4
3.10	Balance alkalies (by difference)	1.36	1.56
	Total	100	100
4.0	Ash Fusion Temperature		
	reducing temperature		
4.1	Initial deformation Temp (°C)	1100	1250
4.2	Hemispherical Temp. (°C)	1300	1350
4.3	Flow Temp. (°C)	1400	1400

METHANOL CHARACTERISTICS

SN	Fuel Property	Unit	Methanol
1	Chemical Formula		CH ₃ -OH
2	Fuel Carbon	Wt%	38
3	Fuel Oxygen	Wt%	12
4	Density at 20 deg C	kg/m ³	792
5	LHV	Kcal/kg	4800
6	Boiling Temp	°C at 1 bar	65
7	Vapour Pressure	bar at 20°C	0.13
8	Kinematic viscosity	cSt at 20°C	0.74
11	Auto Ignition	°C	470
12	Heat of Vapourization	kcal/kg	260
15	Flammability limit	vol %	6-36
16	Flash Point	°C	12

S.N.	Technical Data	Unit	Specifications for Torrefied Pellet
1	Base Material		<p>Agro residue: Which means the leftover portion of the agriculture produce such as stubble/straw/stalk/husk of those agro residue which are surplus and not being used as animal fodder such as paddy, soya, arhar, gwar, cotton, gram, jawar, bajara, moong, mustard, seasam, til, maize, sunflower, jute, coffee etc., groundnut shell, coconut shell, castor seed shell etc., pine needle, elephant grass, sarkanda and horticulture waste such as dry leaves and trimmings generated during the maintenance and pruning of trees and plants.</p> <p>Wood obtained from tree cutting shall not be treated as agro residue and shall be not to be used as base material or mixing purpose whatsoever.</p>
2	Diameter	mm	<p>In case of cylindrical shape: Diameter: Not more than 35 mm Length: Random For other shapes: No dimension should exceed 35 mm.</p>
3	Fines % (<3 mm) (ARB*)	W _t %	fines ≤ 5%
4	Gross Calorific Value (GCVARB*)	Kcal/Kg	Refer below
5	Moisture (ARB*)	W _t %	≤ 15% (not more than 15%)
6	Bulk density	Kg ³	600

*ARB – As Received Basis

Annexure-IV-7(B)

The sample was prepared by torrefying rice straw at 300 deg C with a holding time of one hour. Following analysis are carried out at NETRA using the powdered torrefied rice straw samples and the results of various testing for the specific sample is tabulated below:

a. Proximate Analysis (wt %, Air Dried Basis)

M	Ash	VM	FC
6.68	21.66	47.68	23.98

b. Ultimate Analysis (wt %, Air Dried Basis)

C	H	N	S	O
46.65	3.93	1.13	0.14	19.81

c. GCV : 4201 kcal/kg

d. Ash Fusion Temperature under reducing conditions: °C

IDT	ST	HT	FT
1134	1357	1374	1422

e. Ash Elemental Analysis (Elements expressed as Oxides in %w/w)

Na ₂ O	MgO	Al ₂ O ₃	SiO ₂	P ₂ O ₅	SO ₃	K ₂ O	CaO	TiO ₂	MnO	Fe ₂ O ₃
2.423	7.783	4.623	67.48	1.9	1.9	6.15	4.21	0.39	0.03	2.83

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Annexure-IV-7(C)

For the Torrefied Rice Straw Pellets (Prepared by torrefaction of rice straw at 300 deg C with holding time of 1 hr) tested at NETRA, the test results are as follows:

A. For Anion (ISO 16994:2016 E-Solid Biofuels- Determination of total content of sulphur and chlorine)-reported as wt % dry basis

a. Chlorine (Cl): 0.32%

b. Fluorine (F) : 0.09%

B. For Cation (ISO 16967:2015 E-Solid Biofuels- Determination of major elements ...)- Reported as wt % dry basis

a. Sodium (Na): 0.31%

b. Potassium (K): 2.04%

Note: The above details as at Annexure-IV-7(A), IV-7(B & IV-7(C) are indicative only and shall vary based on the exact raw material and its subsequent processing.