

**LEM Current Transducer, Model: LF 505-S
SP3000300046**

LEM Current Transducer, Model: LF 505-S/SP27

Primary Nominal RMS Current = 500A

Primary Current measuring range = $\pm 1480\text{A}$

Secondary Nominal RMS Current = 100mA

Supply Voltage = $\pm 24\text{V}$

Ambient operating temperature = -40 to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$

Note to Bidder:

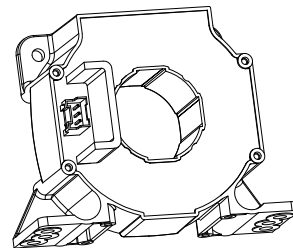
1. Reference data sheet is attached; any deviations shall be mentioned without fail.
2. Equivalent material is not acceptable as it meant for one to one replacement for existing installation.

Current Transducer LF 505-S/SP27

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



$$I_{PN} = 500 \text{ A}$$



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Special features

- $I_{PM} = 0 \dots \pm 1480 \text{ A}$
- $U_C = \pm 24 \text{ V}$ ($\pm 5 \%$)
- Connection to secondary circuit on JST BH03B-XASK-BN connector
- 2D Datamatrix Barcode-label
- Improved dynamic performance
- Extended temperature range.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

- Industrial.

Electrical data

I_{PN}	Primary nominal rms current	500	A
I_{PM}	Primary current, measuring range	0 ... ± 1480	A
R_M	Measuring resistance	$R_{M \min}$ $R_{M \max}$	
	with $\pm 24 \text{ V}$	@ $\pm 500 \text{ A}_{\max}$	0 148.5 Ω
		@ $\pm 1480 \text{ A}_{\max}$	0 2.5 Ω
I_{SN}	Secondary nominal rms current	100	mA
K_N	Conversion ratio	1 : 5000	
U_C	Supply voltage ($\pm 5 \%$)	± 24	V
I_C	Current consumption	$33 + I_S$	mA

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X	Accuracy	@ I_{PN} , $T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	± 0.6	%
		@ I_{PN} , $T_A = -10 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \dots +70 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	± 0.9	%
ϵ_L	Linearity error		< 0.1	%
		Typ	Max	
I_O	Offset current @ $I_P = 0$, $T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.4	mA
I_{OM}	Magnetic offset current @ $I_P = 0$, and specified R_M , after an overload of $3 \times I_{PN}$		± 0.2	mA
I_{OT}	Temperature variation of I_O	$-10 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \dots +70 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	± 0.1	± 0.3 mA
		$-40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \dots -10 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	± 0.3	± 0.8 mA
t_r	Step response time ¹⁾ to 90 % of I_{PN}		< 1	μs
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed		> 200	A/ μs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (-1 dB)		DC ... 100	kHz

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature	$-40 \dots +70$	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_S	Ambient storage temperature	$-40 \dots +85$	$^\circ\text{C}$
R_S	Resistance of secondary winding @ $T_A = 70 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	68	Ω
m	Mass	230	g
	Standards	EN 50178: 1997	
		IEC 61800-5-1	
		UL 508: 200	

Note: ¹⁾ With a di/dt of 100 A/ μs .

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Insulation coordination

U_d	Rms voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	3.8	kV
\hat{U}_w	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 μ s	17.3	kV
		Min	
d_{cp}	Creepage distance ¹⁾	39	mm
d_{cl}	Clearance ¹⁾	23	mm
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group IIIa)	175	

Note: ¹⁾ Without cable length.

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
$d_{cp}, d_{cl}, \hat{U}_w$	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	3000 V	3200 V
Reinforced insulation	1500 V	1600 V

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

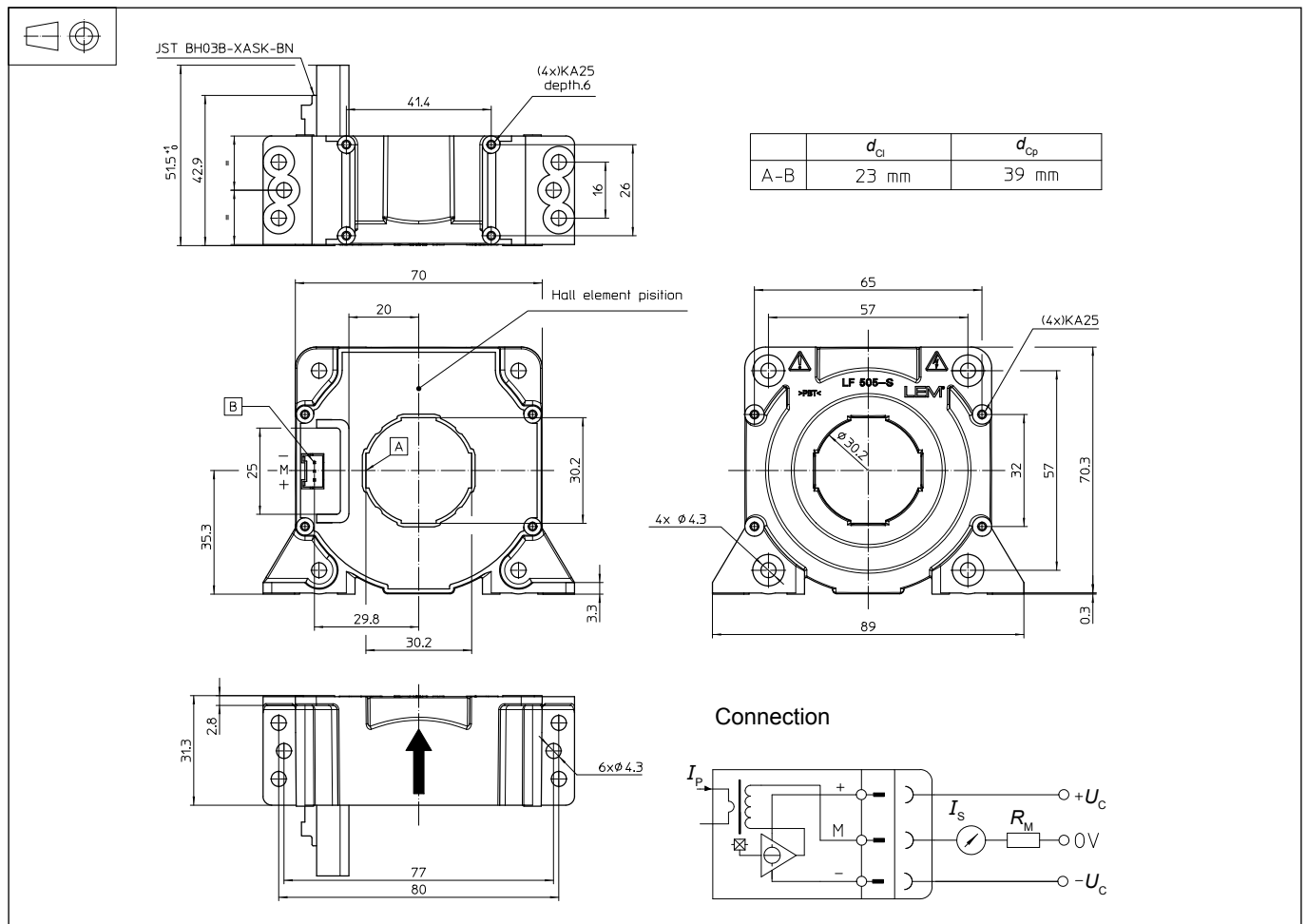
Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Dimensions LF 505-S/SP27 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance ± 0.5 mm
- Transducer fastening
 - Vertical or horizontal position 4 or 6 holes $\varnothing 4.3$ mm
 - 4 or 6 M4 steel screws
- Recommended fastening torque 3.2 N·m
- or vertical position 4 holes $\varnothing 1.9$ mm
- depth: 6 mm
- 4 screws PTKA 25
- length: 6 mm
- Recommended fastening torque 0.7 N·m
- or horizontal position 4 holes $\varnothing 1.9$ mm, crossing
- 4 screws PTKA 25
- length: 10 mm
- Recommended fastening torque 0.75 N·m
- Primary through-hole 30 × 10 mm
- or $\varnothing 30.2$ mm max
- Connection of secondary JST BH03B-XASK-BN

Remarks

- I_s is positive when I_p flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: [Products/Product Documentation](#).
- Dynamic performances (di/dt and response time) are best with a single bar completely filling the primary hole.